

Coding Challenge

Creating Database:

```
mysql> create database crs1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> use crs1
Database changed
```

Creating tables:

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Vehicle (
->     vehicleID INT PRIMARY KEY,
->     make VARCHAR(255),
->     model VARCHAR(255),
->     year INT,
->     dailyRate DECIMAL(10, 2),
->     status BIT,
->     passengerCapacity INT,
->     engineCapacity INT
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)

mysql>
mysql> -- Customer Table
mysql> CREATE TABLE Customer (
->     customerID INT PRIMARY KEY,
->     firstName VARCHAR(255),
->     lastName VARCHAR(255),
->     email VARCHAR(255),
->     phoneNumber VARCHAR(20)
-> );
ERROR 1050 (42S01): Table 'customer' already exists
mysql>
mysql> -- Lease Table
mysql> CREATE TABLE Lease (
->     leaseID INT PRIMARY KEY,
->     vehicleID INT,
->     customerID INT,
->     startDate DATE,
->     endDate DATE,
->     type VARCHAR(20) CHECK (type IN ('DailyLease', 'MonthlyLease')),
->     FOREIGN KEY (vehicleID) REFERENCES Vehicle(vehicleID),
->     FOREIGN KEY (customerID) REFERENCES Customer(customerID)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)
```

```
mysql> -- Payment Table
mysql> CREATE TABLE Payment (
->     paymentID INT PRIMARY KEY,
->     leaseID INT,
->     paymentDate DATE,
->     amount DECIMAL(10, 2),
->     FOREIGN KEY (leaseID) REFERENCES Lease(leaseID)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Inserting values:

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Vehicle (vehicleID, make, model, year, dailyRate, status, passengerCapacity, engineCapacity)
-> VALUES
-> (1, 'Toyota', 'Camry', 2022, 50, 1, 4, 1450),
-> (2, 'Honda', 'Civic', 2023, 45, 1, 7, 1500),
-> (3, 'Ford', 'Focus', 2022, 48, 0, 4, 1400),
-> (4, 'Nissan', 'Altima', 2023, 52, 1, 7, 1200),
-> (5, 'Chevrolet', 'Malibu', 2022, 47, 1, 4, 1800),
-> (6, 'Hyundai', 'Sonata', 2023, 49, 0, 7, 1400),
-> (7, 'BMW', '3 Series', 2023, 60, 1, 7, 2499),
-> (8, 'Mercedes', 'C - Class', 2022, 58, 1, 8, 2599),
-> (9, 'Audi', 'A4', 2022, 55, 0, 4, 2500),
-> (10, 'Lexus', 'ES', 2023, 54, 1, 4, 2500);
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> INSERT INTO Customer (customerID, firstName, lastName, email, phoneNumber)
-> VALUES
-> (1, 'John', 'Doe', 'johndoe@example.com', '555-555-5555'),
-> (2, 'Jane', 'Smith', 'janesmith@example.com', '555-123-4567'),
-> (3, 'Robert', 'Johnson', 'robert@example.com', '555-789-1234'),
-> (4, 'Sarah', 'Brown', 'sarah@example.com', '555-456-7890'),
-> (5, 'David', 'Lee', 'david@example.com', '555-987-6543'),
-> (6, 'Laura', 'Hall', 'laura@example.com', '555-234-5678'),
-> (7, 'Michael', 'Davis', 'michael@example.com', '555-876-5432'),
-> (8, 'Emma', 'Wilson', 'emma@example.com', '555-432-1098'),
-> (9, 'William', 'Taylor', 'william@example.com', '555-321-6547'),
-> (10, 'Olivia', 'Adams', 'olivia@example.com', '555-765-4321');
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> INSERT INTO Lease (leaseID, vehicleID, customerID, startDate, endDate, type)
-> VALUES
-> (1, 1, 1, '2023-01-01', '2023-05-01', 'Daily'),
-> (2, 2, 2, '2023-02-15', '2023-02-28', 'Monthly'),
-> (3, 3, 3, '2023-03-10', '2023-03-15', 'Daily'),
-> (4, 4, 4, '2023-04-20', '2023-04-30', 'Monthly'),
-> (5, 5, 5, '2023-05-05', '2023-05-10', 'Daily'),
-> (6, 4, 3, '2023-06-15', '2023-06-30', 'Monthly'),
-> (7, 7, 7, '2023-07-01', '2023-07-10', 'Daily'),
-> (8, 8, 8, '2023-08-12', '2023-08-15', 'Monthly'),
-> (9, 3, 3, '2023-09-07', '2023-09-10', 'Daily'),
-> (10, 10, 10, '2023-10-10', '2023-10-31', 'Monthly');
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Payment (paymentID, leaseID, paymentDate, amount)
-> VALUES
-> (1, 1, '2023-01-03', 200.00),
-> (2, 2, '2023-02-20', 1000.00),
-> (3, 3, '2023-03-12', 75.00),
-> (4, 4, '2023-04-25', 900.00),
-> (5, 5, '2023-05-07', 60.00),
-> (6, 6, '2023-06-18', 1200.00),
-> (7, 7, '2023-07-03', 40.00),
-> (8, 8, '2023-08-14', 1100.00),
-> (9, 9, '2023-09-09', 80.00),
-> (10, 10, '2023-10-25', 1500.00);
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Tasks :

1. Update the daily rate for a Mercedes car to 68.

```
mysql> UPDATE Vehicle
-> SET dailyRate = 68.00
-> WHERE make = 'Mercedes';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

2. Delete a specific customer and all associated leases and payments.

```
mysql> DELETE FROM Payment
-> WHERE leaseID IN (SELECT leaseID FROM Lease WHERE customerID = 3);
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql>
mysql> DELETE FROM Lease
-> WHERE customerID = 3;
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql>
mysql> DELETE FROM Customer
-> WHERE customerID = 3;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

3. Rename the "paymentDate" column in the Payment table to "transactionDate".

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE Payment
  -> RENAME COLUMN paymentDate TO transactionDate;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 0  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

4. Find a specific customer by email.

```
mysql> SELECT *
  -> FROM Customer
  -> WHERE email = 'janesmith@example.com';
```

customerID	firstName	lastName	email	phoneNumber
2	Jane	Smith	janesmith@example.com	555-123-4567

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Get active leases for a specific customer.

```
mysql> SELECT *
  -> FROM Lease
  -> WHERE customerID = 1
  -> AND endDate <= CURDATE();
```

leaseID	vehicleID	customerID	startDate	endDate	type
1	1	1	2023-01-01	2023-05-01	DailyLease

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Find all payments made by a customer with a specific phone number:

```
mysql> SELECT Payment.*, Customer.firstName, Customer.lastName
  -> FROM Payment
  -> JOIN Lease ON Payment.leaseID = Lease.leaseID
  -> JOIN Customer ON Lease.customerID = Customer.customerID
  -> WHERE Customer.phoneNumber = '555-555-5555';
```

paymentID	leaseID	transactionDate	amount	firstName	lastName
1	1	2023-01-03	200.00	John	Doe

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Calculate the average daily rate of all available cars:

```
mysql> SELECT AVG(dailyRate) AS avgDailyRate
  -> FROM Vehicle
  -> WHERE status = 'available';
```

avgDailyRate
50.666667

8. Find the car with the highest daily rate.

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM Vehicle
-> ORDER BY dailyRate DESC
-> LIMIT 1;
```

vehicleID	make	model	year	dailyRate	status	passengerCapacity	engineCapacity
7	BMW	3 Series	2023	60.00	0x01	7	2499

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

9. Retrieve all cars leased by a specific customer:

```
mysql> SELECT Vehicle.*
-> FROM Vehicle
-> JOIN Lease ON Vehicle.vehicleID = Lease.vehicleID
-> WHERE Lease.customerID = 2;
```

vehicleID	make	model	year	dailyRate	status	passengerCapacity	engineCapacity
2	Honda	Civic	2023	45.00	0x01	7	1500

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

10. Find the details of the most recent lease:

```
mysql> SELECT Lease.*, Vehicle.make, Vehicle.model
-> FROM Lease
-> JOIN Vehicle ON Lease.vehicleID = Vehicle.vehicleID
-> ORDER BY startDate DESC
-> LIMIT 1;
```

leaseID	vehicleID	customerID	startDate	endDate	type	make	model
10	10	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	MonthlyLease	Lexus	ES

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

11. List all payments made in the year 2023:

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM Payment
-> WHERE YEAR(transactionDate) = 2023;
```

paymentID	leaseID	transactionDate	amount
1	1	2023-01-03	200.00
2	2	2023-02-20	1000.00
4	4	2023-04-25	900.00
5	5	2023-05-07	60.00
7	7	2023-07-03	40.00
8	8	2023-08-14	1100.00
9	9	2023-09-09	80.00
10	10	2023-10-25	1500.00

```
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Retrieve customers who have not made any payments:

```
mysql> SELECT *
-> FROM Customer
-> WHERE customerID NOT IN (SELECT DISTINCT customerID FROM Payment);
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

13. Retrieve Car Details and Their Total Payments:

```
mysql> SELECT Vehicle.*, COALESCE(SUM(Payment.amount), 0) AS totalPayments
-> FROM Vehicle
-> LEFT JOIN Lease ON Vehicle.vehicleID = Lease.vehicleID
-> LEFT JOIN Payment ON Lease.leaseID = Payment.leaseID
-> GROUP BY Vehicle.vehicleID;
```

vehicleID	make	model	year	dailyRate	status	passengerCapacity	engineCapacity	totalPayments
4	1	Toyota	Camry	2022	50.00	0x01	1450	200.00
7	2	Honda	Civic	2023	45.00	0x01	1500	1000.00
4	3	Ford	Focus	2022	48.00	0x00	1400	0.00
7	4	Nissan	Altima	2023	52.00	0x01	1200	900.00
4	5	Chevrolet	Malibu	2022	47.00	0x01	1800	60.00
7	6	Hyundai	Sonata	2023	49.00	0x00	1400	0.00
7	7	BMW	3 Series	2023	60.00	0x01	2499	40.00
8	8	Mercedes	C - Class	2022	58.00	0x01	2599	1100.00
4	9	Audi	A4	2022	55.00	0x00	2500	80.00
4	10	Lexus	ES	2023	54.00	0x01	2500	1500.00

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

14. Calculate Total Payments for Each Customer:

```
mysql> SELECT Customer.*, COALESCE(SUM(Payment.amount), 0) AS totalPayments
-> FROM Customer
-> LEFT JOIN Lease ON Customer.customerID = Lease.customerID
-> LEFT JOIN Payment ON Lease.leaseID = Payment.leaseID
-> GROUP BY Customer.customerID;
```

customerID	firstName	lastName	email	phoneNumber	totalPayments
1	John	Doe	johndoe@example.com	555-555-5555	200.00
2	Jane	Smith	janesmith@example.com	555-123-4567	1000.00
4	Sarah	Brown	sarah@example.com	555-456-7890	900.00
5	David	Lee	david@example.com	555-987-6543	60.00
6	Laura	Hall	laura@example.com	555-234-5678	0.00
7	Michael	Davis	michael@example.com	555-876-5432	40.00
8	Emma	Wilson	emma@example.com	555-432-1098	1100.00
9	William	Taylor	william@example.com	555-321-6547	80.00
10	Olivia	Adams	olivia@example.com	555-765-4321	1500.00

15. List Car Details for Each Lease

```
mysql> SELECT Lease.*, Vehicle.make, Vehicle.model
-> FROM Lease
-> JOIN Vehicle ON Lease.vehicleID = Vehicle.vehicleID;
```

leaseID	vehicleID	customerID	startDate	endDate	type	make	model
1	1	1	2023-01-01	2023-05-01	DailyLease	Toyota	Camry
2	2	2	2023-02-15	2023-02-28	MonthlyLease	Honda	Civic
4	4	4	2023-04-20	2023-04-30	MonthlyLease	Nissan	Altima
5	5	5	2023-05-05	2023-05-10	DailyLease	Chevrolet	Malibu
7	7	7	2023-07-01	2023-07-10	DailyLease	BMW	3 Series
8	8	8	2023-08-12	2023-08-15	MonthlyLease	Mercedes	C - Class
9	9	9	2023-09-07	2023-09-10	DailyLease	Audi	A4
10	10	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	MonthlyLease	Lexus	ES

8 rows in set (0.00 sec)

16. Retrieve Details of Active Leases with Customer and Car Information:


```
mysql> SELECT Lease.*, Customer.firstName, Customer.lastName, Vehicle.make, Vehicle.model
-> FROM Lease
-> JOIN Customer ON Lease.customerID = Customer.customerID
-> JOIN Vehicle ON Lease.vehicleID = Vehicle.vehicleID
-> WHERE endDate >= CURDATE();
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

17. Find the Customer Who Has Spent the Most on Leases:

```
mysql> SELECT Customer.*, COALESCE(SUM(Payment.amount), 0) AS totalPayments
-> FROM Customer
-> LEFT JOIN Lease ON Customer.customerID = Lease.customerID
-> LEFT JOIN Payment ON Lease.leaseID = Payment.leaseID
-> GROUP BY Customer.customerID
-> ORDER BY totalPayments DESC
-> LIMIT 1;
```

customerID	firstName	lastName	email	phoneNumber	totalPayments
10	Olivia	Adams	olivia@example.com	555-765-4321	1500.00

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

18. List All Cars with Their Current Lease Information:

```
mysql> SELECT Vehicle.*, Lease.startDate, Lease.endDate, Customer.firstName, Customer.lastName
-> FROM Vehicle
-> LEFT JOIN Lease ON Vehicle.vehicleID = Lease.vehicleID
-> LEFT JOIN Customer ON Lease.customerID = Customer.customerID;
```

vehicleID	make	model	year	dailyRate	status	passengerCapacity	engineCapacity	startDate	endDate	firstName	lastName
1	Toyota	Camry	2022	50.00	0x01	4	1450	2023-01-01	2023-05-01	John	Doe
2	Honda	Civic	2023	45.00	0x01	7	1500	2023-02-15	2023-02-28	Jane	Smith
3	Ford	Focus	2022	48.00	0x00	4	1400	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
4	Nissan	Altima	2023	52.00	0x01	7	1200	2023-04-20	2023-04-30	Sarah	Brown
5	Chevrolet	Malibu	2022	47.00	0x01	4	1800	2023-05-05	2023-05-10	David	Lee
6	Hyundai	Sonata	2023	49.00	0x00	7	1400	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
7	BMW	3 Series	2023	60.00	0x01	7	2499	2023-07-01	2023-07-10	Michael	Davis
8	Mercedes	C - Class	2022	68.00	0x01	8	2599	2023-08-12	2023-08-15	Emma	Wilson
9	Audi	A4	2022	55.00	0x00	4	2500	2023-09-07	2023-09-10	William	Taylor
10	Lexus	ES	2023	54.00	0x01	4	2500	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	Olivia	Adams

```
10 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> UPDATE Vehicle
-> SET dailyRate = 68.00
-> WHERE make = 'Mercedes';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```