## **AWS DevOps Interview Questions (4 Years Experience)**

## Real-Time Scenario-Based AWS DevOps Questions with Detailed Answers

Q: You deployed a web app to EC2 behind an ALB. Users report intermittent 5xx errors. How do you troubleshoot?

### A: Steps:

- 1. Check ALB target group health status
- 2. Review CloudWatch Logs and Metrics (ALB, EC2)
- 3. Inspect application logs on EC2 instance
- 4. Check Auto Scaling activity (if applicable)
- 5. Verify security groups and NACLs

Real-time example: 5xx errors were due to app crashes caused by memory leaks. Fixed by increasing EC2 memory and monitoring heap usage via CloudWatch.

Q: A new Lambda function is timing out. How do you debug and fix it?

#### A: Steps:

- 1. Check CloudWatch Logs for error messages
- 2. Enable AWS X-Ray tracing
- 3. Increase timeout temporarily
- 4. Validate downstream services (e.g., RDS/SQS/S3) are responsive

Real-time example: Lambda was trying to insert records into RDS, but DB connection pooling wasn't optimized. Resolved by using RDS Proxy and optimizing queries.

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Q: Youre deploying a new feature. How do you minimize risk in production?
A: Approaches:
- Use Blue/Green Deployment or Canary strategy
- Enable feature flags for selective rollout
- Monitor using CloudWatch alarms and dashboards
Real-time example: Used CodeDeploy blue/green deployment for a Node.js service. Validated health of new
version before switching traffic using ALB.
Q: Your ECS service is not scaling as expected during high load. What could be the issues?
A: Troubleshooting:
- Check scaling policies in ECS Service/Target Tracking
- Verify CloudWatch metrics (CPU, memory)
- Inspect Service Quotas and Task Definition constraints
- Ensure ALB target health is OK
Real-time example: Tasks weren't scaling due to a misconfigured target tracking policy (wrong metric). Fixed
by switching to CPU utilization with step scaling.
Q: Developers are deploying directly to production. How do you secure the release process?
A: Secure pipeline:
- Use CodePipeline with role-based access

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- Require PR approvals and review before deploy
- Integrate testing stages (unit, integration, security)
- Use manual approval step in production stage

Real-time example: Production stage of our pipeline required manager approval via CodePipeline before artifact moved to ECS. IAM restricted CLI deploys.

Q: You find an S3 bucket publicly accessible by mistake. What actions do you take?

A: Immediate actions:

- 1. Use Block Public Access settings to revoke access
- 2. Review S3 bucket policy and ACLs
- 3. Use AWS Config to find non-compliant buckets
- 4. Enable logging and alerts for public access

Real-time example: A backup bucket had public-read. We revoked access, reviewed CloudTrail for data downloads, and implemented SCPs to block future public S3 settings.