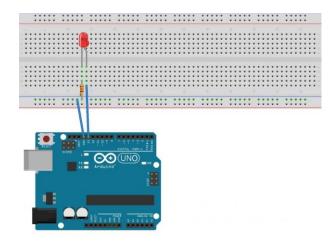
S.no	Title	Page
1	Simple led blink project	
2	Multiple led blink project	
3	Push button used LED on and off	
4	Humidity sensor used value get	
5	Water level sensor:	
6	Ultra sonic sensor:	
7	IR receiver and remote	
8	IR receiver and sender	
9	MQ2 Sensor	
10	PIR Sensor	

CHAPTER 1: Simple led blink project

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 x Arduino Uno
- 1 × LED
- 1 x 10k Resistor
- 2 x Jumper

Procedure



```
/*
 * TamilZorous info tech
 */
int led =9;
void setup() {
  pinMode(led, OUTPUT);//pinout
}
void loop() {
  digitalWrite(led, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
```

```
delay(1000);  // wait for a second

digitalWrite(led, LOW);  // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW

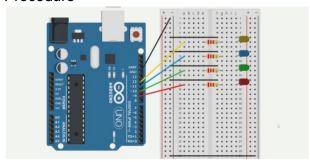
delay(1000);  // wait for a second
}
```

CHAPTER 2: Multiple led blink project:

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 x Arduino Uno
- 4 × LED
- 4 x 10k Resistor
- 8 × Jumper

Procedure



```
* TamilZorous info tech

*/

int led1 =9;

int led2 =10;

int led3 =11;

int led4 =12;

void setup() {

Serial.begin(9600);
```

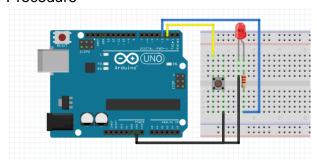
```
pinMode(led1, OUTPUT);//pinout 9
 pinMode(led2, OUTPUT);//pinout 10
 pinMode(led3, OUTPUT);//pinout 11
 pinMode(led4, OUTPUT);//pinout 12
}
void loop() {
 //led1
 digitalWrite(led1, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
 delay(1000);
                         // wait for a second
 digitalWrite(led1, LOW); // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW
 delay(1000);
                         // wait for a second
//led2
digitalWrite(led2, HIGH);
 delay(500);
 digitalWrite(led2, LOW);
 delay(500);
//led3
digitalWrite(led3, HIGH);
 delay(1000);
 digitalWrite(led3, LOW);
 delay(1000);
//led4
digitalWrite(led4, HIGH);
 delay(200);
 digitalWrite(led4, LOW);
 delay(200);
}
```

CHAPTER 3: Push button used LED on and off

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 x Arduino Uno
- 1 × LED
- 1 x 10k Resistor
- 1 x Push button
- 2 x Jumper

Procedure



```
/*
 * TamilZorous info tech
 */
#define led 3
#define pushButton 2
void setup() {
   Serial.begin(9600);
   pinMode(led, OUTPUT);
   pinMode(pushButton, INPUT);
}
void loop() {
   if (digitalRead(pushButton) == HIGH) {
      digitalWrite(led, HIGH);
}
```

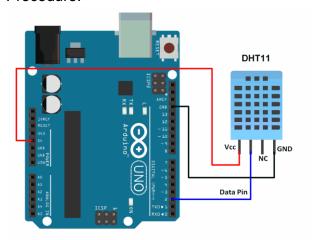
```
}
else {
  digitalWrite(led, LOW);
}
```

CHAPTER 4: Humidity sensor used value get

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 x Arduino Uno R3
- 1 × DHT11
- 1 x 10K ohm resistor

Procedure:



```
* TamilZorous info tech

*/

#include "DHT.h"

#define DHT11PIN 5 //D1 input

#define DHT11TYPE DHT11
```

```
DHT dht11(DHT11PIN, DHT11TYPE);
void setupAP(void);
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(115200);
                                         //Serial connection
 dht11.begin();
}
void loop() {
 float h11 = dht11.readHumidity();
 float t11 = dht11.readTemperature();
if (isnan(t11) | | isnan(h11)) {
  Serial.println("Failed to read from DHT #1");
 } else {
  Serial.print("Humidity 11: ");
  Serial.println(h11);
  //Serial.print(" %\t");
  Serial.print("Temperature 11: ");
  Serial.println(t11);
  Serial.println(" *C");
 }
 delay(1000);
}
```

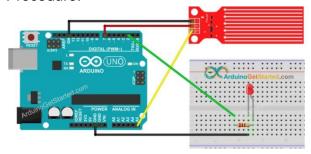
CHAPTER 5: Water level sensor:

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 x Arduino Uno
- 1 × LED
- 1 x 10k Resistor

- 1 x Water level sensor
- 5 × Jumper

Procedure:



Code:

```
/*

* TamilZorous info tech

*/
```

#define led 2

#define POWER_PIN 7

#define SIGNAL_PIN A5

#define THRESHOLD 300

int value = 0; // variable to store the sensor value

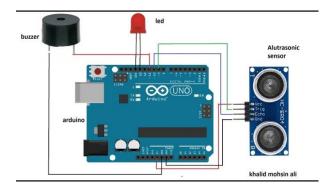
```
void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    pinMode(led, OUTPUT); // configure D2 pin as an OUTPUT
    pinMode(POWER_PIN, OUTPUT); // configure D7 pin as an OUTPUT
    digitalWrite(POWER_PIN, LOW); // turn the sensor OFF
    digitalWrite(led, LOW); // turn LED OFF
}
```

CHAPTER 6: Ultra sonic sensor:

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 × Arduino Uno
- 1 x Buzzer
- 1× led
- 1 x Ultra sonic sensor
- 8 x Jumper

Procedure:



```
Code:
* TamilZorous info tech
*/
#define echoPin 10 // attach pin D3 Arduino to pin Echo of HC-SR04
#define trigPin 9 //attach pin D10 Arduino to pin Trig of HC-SR04
int buzzer =11;//attach relays in to D5 of Arduino(DC Pump is connected to Arduino)
int redLED =13;
int duration, distance;
int i=0;
int maxnum=10;
int count=0;
void setup() {
Serial.begin(9600);
pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT); // Sets the trigPin as an OUTPUT
pinMode(echoPin, INPUT); // Sets the echoPin as an INPUT
pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);// sets the relaypin as OUTPUT
pinMode(redLED,OUTPUT);
```

```
}
void loop() {
// Clears the trigPin condition
digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
delayMicroseconds(2);
// Sets the trigPin HIGH (ACTIVE) for 10 microseconds
digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
delayMicroseconds(10);
digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
// Reads the echoPin, returns the sound wave travel time in microseconds
duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);
// Calculating the distance
distance = duration * 0.034 / 2; // Speed of sound wave divided by 2 (go and back)
if((distance<10)&&(count<maxnum))
{
digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);//LOW for the relay to be on
delay(1000);//For how many milliseconds your Pump works for pumping the liquid
digitalWrite(buzzer, LOW);//HIGH for the relay to be off
delay(2500);//For how many milliseconds your Pump NOT works for pumping the liquid
count++;
Serial.print("distance:");
Serial.println( distance);
Serial.print("count:");
Serial.println(count);
}
else if(count == 10){
```

```
digitalWrite(redLED, HIGH);//LOW for the relay to be on
delay(1000);//redLED blink and alart

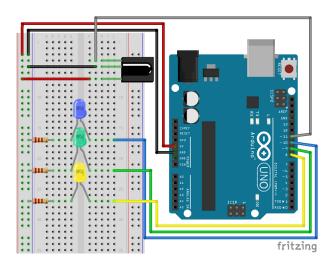
Serial.println( "Alert");
digitalWrite(redLED, LOW);//HIGH for the relay to be off
delay(500);
count=0;
//exit(0);
}
```

CHAPTER 7: IR receiver and remote:

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 x Arduino Uno
- 1 × Remote
- 1 x IR receiver
- 3 x 10 k resistor
- 3× led
- 11 x Jumper

Procedure:



```
/*
* TamilZorous info tech
*/
#include <IRremote.h>
int RECV_PIN = 11;
IRrecv irrecv(RECV_PIN);
decode_results results;
void setup()
{
 Serial.begin(9600);
irrecv.enableIRIn(); // Start the receiver
}
void loop() {
 if (irrecv.decode(&results)) {
  Serial.println(results.value, HEX);
  irrecv.resume(); // Receive the next value
 }
```

```
delay(100);
}
Code:
* TamilZorous info tech
*/
#include <IRremote.h>
int IR_Recv = 11; //IR Receiver Pin 3
int bluePin = 10;
int greenPin = 9;
int yellowPin = 8;
IRrecv irrecv(IR_Recv);
decode_results results;
void setup(){
 Serial.begin(9600); //starts serial communication
 irrecv.enableIRIn(); // Starts the receiver
 pinMode(bluePin, OUTPUT); // sets the digital pin as output
 pinMode(greenPin, OUTPUT); // sets the digital pin as output
 pinMode(yellowPin, OUTPUT); // sets the digital pin as output
}
void loop(){
 //decodes the infrared input
 if (irrecv.decode(&results)){
  long int decCode = results.value;
  Serial.println(results.value);
```

//switch case to use the selected remote control button

```
switch (results.value){
  case 551520375: //when you press the 1 button
   digitalWrite(bluePin, HIGH);
   break;
  case 551495895: //when you press the 4 button
   digitalWrite(bluePin, LOW);
   break;
  case 551504055: //when you press the 2 button
   digitalWrite(greenPin, HIGH);
   break;
  case 551528535: //when you press the 5 button
   digitalWrite(greenPin, LOW);
   break;
  case 551536695: //when you press the 3 button
   digitalWrite(yellowPin, HIGH);
   break;
  case 551512215: //when you press the 6 button
   digitalWrite(yellowPin, LOW);
   break;
 }
 irrecv.resume(); // Receives the next value from the button you press
}
delay(10);
```

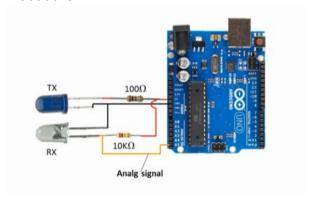
}

CHAPTER 8: IR receiver and sender:

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 x Arduino Uno
- 1 x Sender
- 1 x IR receiver
- 1 x 10 k resistor
- 1× led
- 8 × Jumper

Procedure:



```
* TamilZorous info tech

*/

int analogPin = A5;

int out = 13;

int sensorValue = 0;

void setup() {

Serial.begin(9600);

pinMode(out, OUTPUT);

pinMode(analogPin, INPUT);
```

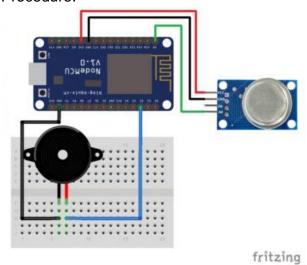
```
}
void loop() {
sensorValue = analogRead(analogPin);
Serial.print("sensor =");
Serial.println(sensorValue);
delay(200);
if( sensorValue>700)
{
 digitalWrite(out,1);
}
else
{
 digitalWrite(out,0);
}
}
```

CHAPTER 9: MQ2 Sensor:

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 x NodeMCU
- 1 × MQ2
- 1 x Buzzer
- 5 × Jumper

Procedure:



```
Code:
* TamilZorous info tech
*/
int buzzer = D2;
int smokeA0 = A0;
// Your threshold value. You might need to change it.
int sensorThres = 600;
void setup() {
pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
pinMode(smokeA0, INPUT);
Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop() {
```

```
int analogSensor = analogRead(smokeA0);

Serial.print("Pin A0: ");

Serial.println(analogSensor);

// Checks if it has reached the threshold value
if (analogSensor > sensorThres)

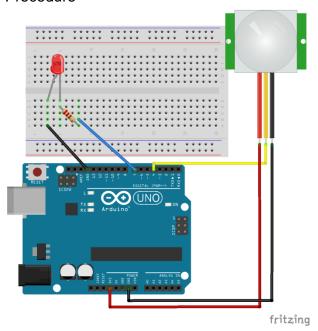
{
    tone(buzzer, 1000, 200);
}
else
{
    noTone(buzzer);
}
delay(100);
}
```

CHAPTER 10: PIR Sensor

Components Required

- 1 x Breadboard
- 1 × Arduino Uno
- 1 x PIR Sensor
- 1 × LED
- 1 x 10k Resistor
- 5 × Jumper

Procedure



```
* TamilZorous info tech
*/
                    // the pin that the LED is atteched to
int led = 13;
int sensor = 2;
                     // the pin that the sensor is atteched to
int state = LOW;
                       // by default, no motion detected
int val = 0;
                   // variable to store the sensor status (value)
void setup() {
 pinMode(led, OUTPUT); // initalize LED as an output
 pinMode(sensor, INPUT); // initialize sensor as an input
 Serial.begin(9600);
                        // initialize serial
}
```

```
void loop(){
 val = digitalRead(sensor); // read sensor value
 if (val == HIGH) {
                      // check if the sensor is HIGH
  digitalWrite(led, HIGH); // turn LED ON
  delay(500);
  if (state == LOW) {
   Serial.println("Motion detected!");
   state = HIGH; // update variable state to HIGH
  }
 }
 else {
   digitalWrite(led, LOW); // turn LED OFF
   delay(500);
                     // delay 200 milliseconds
   if (state == HIGH){
    Serial.println("Motion stopped!");
    state = LOW;
                   // update variable state to LOW
 }
 }
}
```