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Trait :

** Verth Antelecture: 2. Engar feed General New Neberal.

** Anticlean Forcion: "Uglar feels" Engal (Non) Special Andahn and extent Soyer review

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           Codput General (Required)

**Explicit formeulas for unight upliete relea.

**Tormeulas munit be in a reclaim metaliem
             * All Symbols and their dimensions must be defined 
* All godients used in the aptite study must be desired
  Solution:

Supplied definations and dumensions

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            it WPER ****** ; Wheyfit modulic for the fluidon layer
           * BERTHALL Bisas vector firstly hidden byon ** 2 c.20.01 Not input to the hidden layer, 2'= w'2 + b'
           * a' E R^nx1 : Activation of the hidden layor, a' = tonh(z')
           * W2ERnorm: Wought motions of the Cultical layer
           * 62 @ ROOK! Bias vector for the Output layor
           * z2ERnori Not input to the Output layor, z2= wa + b2
          * a2 EROX1 : Actuation of the Output layer, a2 tanh(z*)
          * 4 & ROOM Tanger output vector
          * J= 1/18-2112: Man squored over low funtion
     Denoting of Agraphic tangent (tanh) function: \frac{d}{dx}\tanh(x) = 1 - \tanh^2(x)
2) Gradient derivation:
                 Back propagation uses chain tude to compute the gradient
  of the lan function with each weight
     a) Output layor Gradients:-
       Gradum of the law with respect to the Eutpad layor weight, \mathbf{n}^2 and brosss , \mathbf{b}^2
                  Gradian with magest to the Comput layou not input, 22 is:
                                \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial a^2} \cdot \frac{\partial q^2}{\partial z^2}
                            vihure danatus element wise multiplication
                                  \frac{\partial J}{\partial \alpha^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha^2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \| y - \alpha^2 \|^2 \right) = - \left( y - \alpha^2 \right) = \alpha^2 - y
                                  \frac{\partial a^2}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z^2} \tanh(z^2) = 1 - \tanh^2(z^2) = 1 - (a^3)^2
                                  Combining those , we get the Output layer error older, \mathbb{S}^2.
                                              S^2 = \frac{\partial I}{\partial z^2} = (q^2 - y) \odot (1 - (q^2)^2)
                                   Computing gradiants for the Neights and bissues of the control layer \frac{\partial I}{\partial w^2} = \frac{\partial I}{\partial z^2} \frac{\partial z^2}{\partial w^2} = 8^2 \text{ca})^T
\frac{\partial I}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial I}{\partial z^2} \frac{\partial z^2}{\partial z^2} = 8^2
Until the layer control of the second layer and the second layer are second layer.
                               b) Hidden layor Graduints
                                             Backpropagate cruss to the hidden layer
                                            The apodient with respect to the hidden buyo's not input Z is
                                           \frac{\partial T}{\partial z'} = \left( W^2 \right)^T S^2 O \left( 1 - (\alpha')^2 \right)
                                             Hidden layer enor data, 8':

8' = (N^2)TS^2 \circ (1-(a')^2)
                                        Using this data, we can find the quedients for the neights and busines of the hidden layer
                                                              \frac{\partial J}{\partial w'} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z'} \frac{\partial z'}{\partial w'} = S' x^T
                                                               81 = 81 32 = 8'
                            3) Weight update Hulei:
                                           riaght uplate sule for a parameter Ois Orew = Odd - a Do
                                           x-leavining rote
                                   Very the gradients desired above, the explicit neight update butter
                                    In <sup>U</sup>mitria notation cou;
                              * Update for Ediput Layer Weights (W^2):
W^2_{now} = W^2 - \alpha S^2(\alpha)^{\frac{1}{2}}
                              * Update for Output layor Biases(62)
                                                                b^2 new = b^2 - \propto \delta^2
                            * Update for Hidden layer Weights (W)
                                                                Wnew = W-asa
                                   update for Hidden layor Biasus (b')
                                                                b'new = b'-a8'
                          These rules will allow the networks neights and biases
               to be absolutely adjusted to minimize the loss function
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