

# Vulnerability Report

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## Vulnerability Overview

CVE ID	Severity	CVSS	Service	Summary
CVE-2007-4723	High	7.5	Apache httpd	Directory traversal vulnerability in Ragnarok Online Control Panel 4.3.4a, when the Apache...
CVE-2011-2688	High	7.5	Apache httpd	SQL injection vulnerability in mysql/mysql-auth.pl in the mod_authnz_external module 3.2.5...
CVE-2009-2299	Medium	5.0	Apache httpd	The Artofdefence Hyperguard Web Application Firewall (WAF) module before 2.5.5-11635, 3.0 ...
CVE-2011-1176	Medium	4.3	Apache httpd	The configuration merger in itk.c in the Steinar H. Gunderson mpm-itk Multi-Processing Mod...
CVE-2009-0796	Low	2.6	Apache httpd	Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in Status.pm in Apache::Status and Apache2::Statu...

## Detailed Vulnerability Breakdown

**IP: 45.33.32.156 | Service: Apache httpd | Version: 2.4.7**

CPE: cpe:2.3:a:apache:http\_server:2.4.7:\*:\*:\*:\*:\*

### **CVE ID: CVE-2007-4723**

Severity: HIGH | CVSS: 7.5

Description: Directory traversal vulnerability in Ragnarok Online Control Panel 4.3.4a, when the Apache HTTP Server is used, allows remote attackers to bypass authentication via directory traversal sequences in a URI that ends with the name of a publicly available page, as demonstrated by a "/...../" sequence and an account\_manage.php/login.php final component for reaching the protected account\_manage.php page.

More Info: <http://osvdb.org/45879>

### **CVE ID: CVE-2009-0796**

Severity: LOW | CVSS: 2.6

Description: Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in Status.pm in Apache::Status and Apache2::Status in mod\_perl1 and mod\_perl2 for the Apache HTTP Server, when /perl-status is accessible, allows remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via the URI.

More Info: <http://lists.apple.com/archives/security-announce/2010//Nov/msg00000.html>

### **CVE ID: CVE-2009-2299**

Severity: MEDIUM | CVSS: 5.0

Description: The Artofdefence Hyperguard Web Application Firewall (WAF) module before 2.5.5-11635, 3.0 before 3.0.3-11636, and 3.1 before 3.1.1-11637, a module for the Apache HTTP Server, allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via an HTTP request with a large Content-Length value but no POST data.

More Info: <http://secunia.com/advisories/35645>

### **CVE ID: CVE-2011-1176**

Severity: MEDIUM | CVSS: 4.3

Description: The configuration merger in itk.c in the Steinar H. Gunderson mpm-itk Multi-Processing Module 2.2.11-01 and 2.2.11-02 for the Apache HTTP Server does not properly handle certain configuration sections that specify NiceValue but not AssignUserID, which might allow remote attackers to gain privileges by leveraging the root uid and root gid of an mpm-itk process.

More Info: <http://bugs.debian.org/cgi-bin/bugreport.cgi?bug=618857>

#### **CVE ID: CVE-2011-2688**

Severity: HIGH | CVSS: 7.5

Description: SQL injection vulnerability in mysql/mysql-auth.pl in the mod\_authnz\_external module 3.2.5 and earlier for the Apache HTTP Server allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary SQL commands via the user field.

More Info: <http://anders.fix.no/software/#unix>

# Executive Summary & Recommendations

## High-Level Overview:

The network security posture is currently at risk due to several vulnerabilities found in the Apache HTTP Server running on port 80 of the IP address 45.33.32.156. No vulnerabilities were found on other ports or services.

## Key Risks by Severity:

- High Severity: Two high-risk vulnerabilities were identified. CVE-2007-4723 is a directory traversal vulnerability that allows remote attackers to bypass authentication. CVE-2011-2688 is a SQL injection vulnerability that allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary SQL commands.
- Medium Severity: Two medium-risk vulnerabilities were identified. CVE-2009-2299 can cause a denial of service via an HTTP request with a large Content-Length value but no POST data. CVE-2011-1176 might allow remote attackers to gain privileges by leveraging the root uid and root gid of an mpm-itk process.
- Low Severity: One low-risk vulnerability was identified. CVE-2009-0796 is a Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability that allows remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via the URI.

## Recommendations:

- Patching: Apply patches for the identified vulnerabilities in the Apache HTTP Server. Regularly update and patch all software to prevent future vulnerabilities.
- Isolation: If possible, isolate the affected server until the vulnerabilities are patched to prevent potential exploitation.
- Updates: Update the Apache HTTP Server to a version that is not affected by these vulnerabilities.
- Regular Scanning: Regularly scan the network for vulnerabilities to stay ahead of potential threats.

## Suspicious or Critical:

- The presence of high severity vulnerabilities is critical and requires immediate attention.
- The open port 31337 is often associated with the Back Orifice backdoor program and should be investigated

further.

- The product and version for the services running on ports 22, 9929, and 31337 are unknown, which could indicate unauthorized or malicious services. Further investigation is needed.