

Which of the following compound can't exist

1)
$$SiF_6^{-2}$$

2)
$$SiCl_6^{-2}$$

1)
$$SiF_6^{-2}$$
 2) $SiCl_6^{-2}$ 3) $GeCl_6^{-2}$ 4) PbI_2

4)
$$PbI_2$$



In correct order

1) Atomic size : B < Ga < Al < In < Tl 2) Electronegetivity order : B > Tl > In > Ga > Al

3) Melting point order : C>Si>Ge>Sn>Pb 4) Stability order : $Pb^{+2}>Sn^{+2}>Ge^{+2}$



Boric acid acts as strong acid in presence of 1) HCl 2) HNO_3 3) CH_3COOH 4) Glycol



Correct statement about $AlCl_3$

- **1)** Anhydrous $AlCl_3$ covalent
- 2) It's aqueous solution contain octahedral cation 3) It attain stability by forming chlorobridge dimer
- 4) All are correct



Above boyle temperature gases show

1) Ideal behaviour 2) positive deviation 3) both positive and negative deviation 4) all



Under critical conditions compressibility factor

1) 1

2) 2

3) $\frac{3}{8}$

4) $\frac{8}{3}$



Correct statement about borax

- 1) It's Aqueous solution basic in nature 2) On hydrolysis it gives two tetrahedral units & two trigonal planar units
- 3) It contain 5 B-O-B bonds 4) It contain 8 molecules of water as crystal of hydration



Correct statement about Diborane

- 1) It is electron deficient compound 2) It contain six planar Hydrogen atoms 3) It undergo cleavage reaction with carbon monoxide
- 4) On hydrolysis it gives Hydrogen gas and tribasic acid



Correct statement

- 1) Energy order: Fullerence > Diamond > Graphite 2) C_{60} aromatic in nature 3) In C_{60} all carbon atoms under go sp² Hybridisation
- **4)** SiO_2 & Diamond both are soluble in HF



Correct reaction

1)
$$Pb_3O_4+4HNO_3
ightarrow 2Pb(NO_3)_2+PbO_2+2H_2O_3$$

2)
$$Pb_3O_4+8HCl
ightarrow3PbCl_2+Cl_2+4H_2O$$

3)
$$2Pb_3O_4+6H_2SO_4
ightarrow 6PbSO_4+6H_2O+O_2\uparrow$$

4)
$$PbO + 2NaOH + H_2O
ightarrow Na_2[Pb(OH)_4]$$



Bond present in silicones

1)
$$Si-C$$
 2) $Si-O-Si$ 3) $Si-Si$ 4) $C-H$

3)
$$Si-Si$$

4)
$$C-H$$



 SiO_2 react with 1) HF 2) NaOH 3) HCl 4) $CaCO_3$



308092

An evacuated glass vessel weighs 50g when empty, 148g when filled with a liquid of density 0.98 g/mL and 50.5g when filled with an ideal gas at 760 mm Hg at 300k. Determine the molecular weight of the gas _____ (R= 0.082 lit-atm-K⁻¹-mole⁻¹)



30809

Calculate the pressure exerted by 16g of methane in 250 mL container at 300k using Vander Waal equation _____ atm \$a = 2.253\$ atm \$b = 0.0428\$ L - $$mole^{-1}$$



The u_{rms} of O_2 if its density at 1 atm pressure and 0°C is 1.4290g litre⁻¹ is _____



Sum of the intercept on y-axis and slope of curve plotted between P/T v/s T is _____. for an ideal gas having 10 moles in a closed rigid container of volume 8.21 L. (P = Pressure in atm and T = Temp. in K.)



A balloon is filled upto 3/4th of its maximum stretching capacity at 30⁰C. The temperature upto which the balloon can be safely heated at constant pressure is _____K.



What will be the temperature difference needed in a hot air balloon to lift 1.00 kg of mass? Assume that the volume of the balloon is 100 m³, the temperature of the ambient air is 298 K, the pressure is 1.00 bar, and the air is an ideal gas with average molar mass of 29g mol⁻¹