



gradeup

Sahi Prep Hai Toh Life Set Hai

Doubt Session

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTACHING DOUBTS FOR FURTHER DOUBT SESSION

- If a doubt is not attached properly, it will not taken in the class.
- None of the question which is discussed in class will be taken in doubt session, if you haven't revised the class.
- Without options and without mentioning which option is correct, no doubts will be entertained.
- Maximum numbers of doubts, a student can ask in doubt session is 5.
- Please send all your doubts atleast 24 hours before Doubt Class.

Find the number of zeroes.

Misprint Q. $1 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 \times 6 \times \dots \times 999 \times 128$

Please check the

$$1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot \dots \cdot 999 \times 128$$

7 zeros

$$\textcircled{2^7}$$

Ritik Gupta

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{any natural no} \\ 10 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Rem} = 4}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ \hline 6 \end{array} \quad \underline{R = 4}$$

Q.5

Find the remainder of:

$$\frac{10^{5^7} + 10^{17^{18}} + 10^{35!} + 10^{29}}{6}$$

A 1

☒ B 4

C 0

D 5

SKIPPED

Rohit

If you have more Doubts

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Quest solution

Find HCF of $3^3 + 1$ & $3^3 + 1$

Dim

Ebin Siby

The number of proper divisors of $50 \times 60 \times 70$ is:

☒ 98

☐ 89

☐ 90

☐ 100

The number of proper divisors of $50 \times 60 \times 70$ is:

☒ 98

☐ 89

☐ 90

☒ 100

$$20x + 4$$

$$18x + 4$$

$$\text{multip of } \underline{4}$$

The least number which when divided by 16, 18, 20 and 25 leaves 4 as remainder in each case but when divided by 7 leaves no remainder is

☐ ~~17004~~

☐ ~~18000~~

☐ ~~18002~~

☒ 18004

Kajal

$26.5\overline{65} \times 121 = x$, find the value of x .

☐ $3224.\overline{4}$

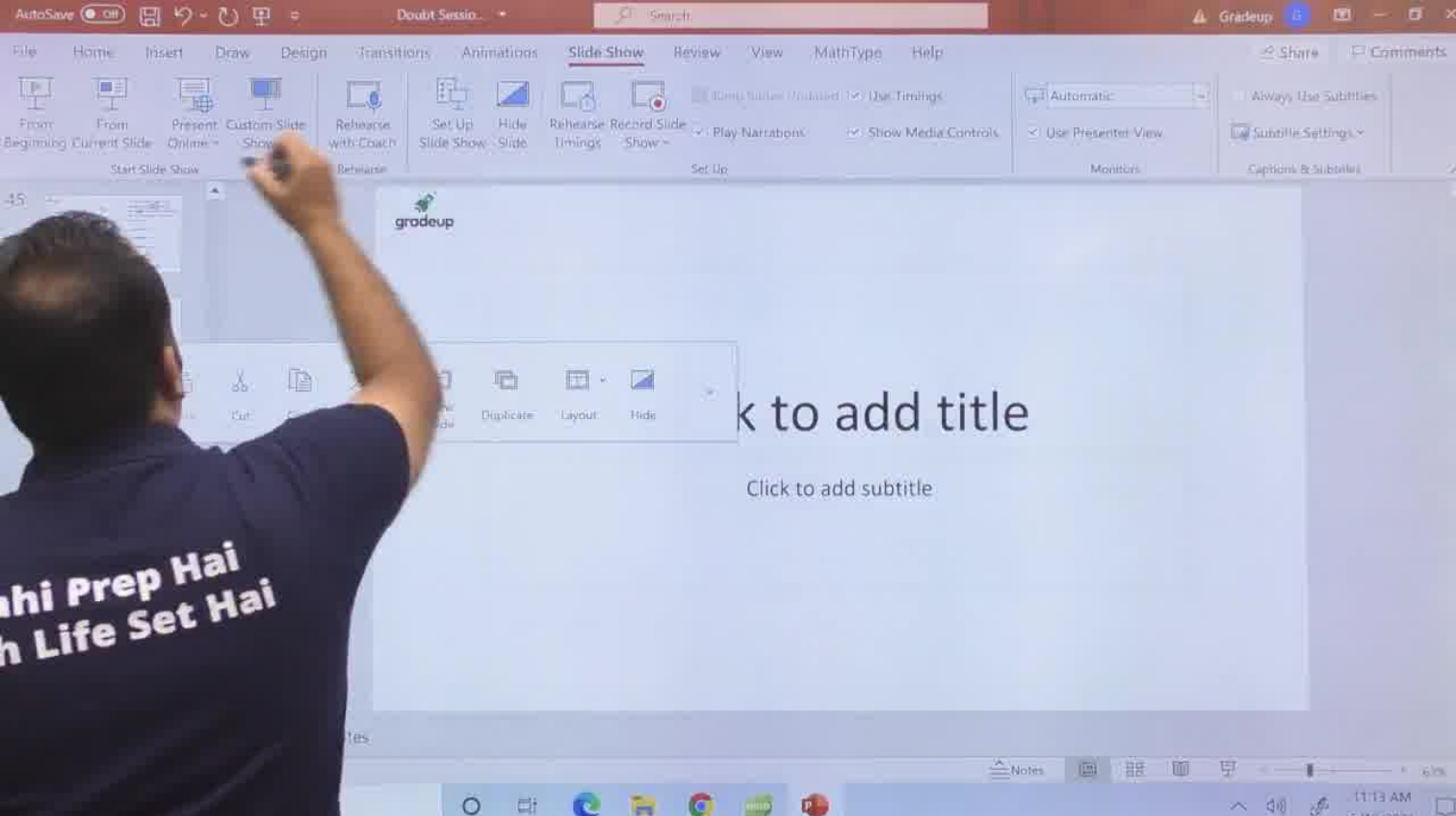
☒ $3214.\overline{4}$

☐ $3266.\overline{6}$

☐ None of these.



ep Hai
Set Hai



Rational numbers are either

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Rational numbers are either Terminating

or Non-Terminating but Repeating Decimals

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Rational numbers are either Terminating

or Non-Terminating but Repeating Decimals

Rational \subseteq integers
 \subseteq integers \neq

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$$X = 0.234343434$$

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$$X = 0.234343434 \dots - \textcircled{1}$$

$$10X = 2.343434 \dots - \textcircled{2}$$

$$23.434343$$

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Shortcut

$$X = 0.\overline{234}$$

$$X = \frac{234 - 2}{9} = \frac{232}{990}$$

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Shortcut

$$X = 0.2\overline{34}$$

$$X = \frac{234 - 2}{990} = \frac{232}{990}$$

$$X = 0.5\overline{68} = \frac{568 - 5}{990} = \frac{563}{990}$$

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Shortcut

$$X = 0.2\overline{34}$$

$$X = \frac{234 - 2}{990} = \frac{232}{990}$$

$$X = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{568 - 5}{990} = \frac{563}{990}$$

$$123 - 12$$

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Shortcut

$$X = 0.\overline{234}$$

$$X = \frac{234 - 2}{990} = \frac{232}{990}$$

$$0.\overline{568} \Rightarrow \frac{568 - 5}{990} = \frac{563}{990}$$

$$0.\overline{123} = \frac{123 - 12}{9}$$

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Shortcut

$$X = 0.\overline{234}$$

$$X = \frac{234 - 2}{990} = \frac{232}{990}$$

$$X = 0.\overline{568}$$

$$\frac{568 - 5}{990} = \frac{563}{990}$$

$$Y =$$

$$\frac{112}{990} = \frac{111}{990}$$

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$$X = 0.58\overline{73}$$

$$= \frac{3-5}{90} = \frac{5868}{999}$$

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$$X = \frac{\underline{\underline{1000a}} - 10a + \underline{\underline{bcd}} - b}{990}$$

$$= \frac{abcd - (10a + b)}{990}$$

$$\frac{bcd - a}{990}$$

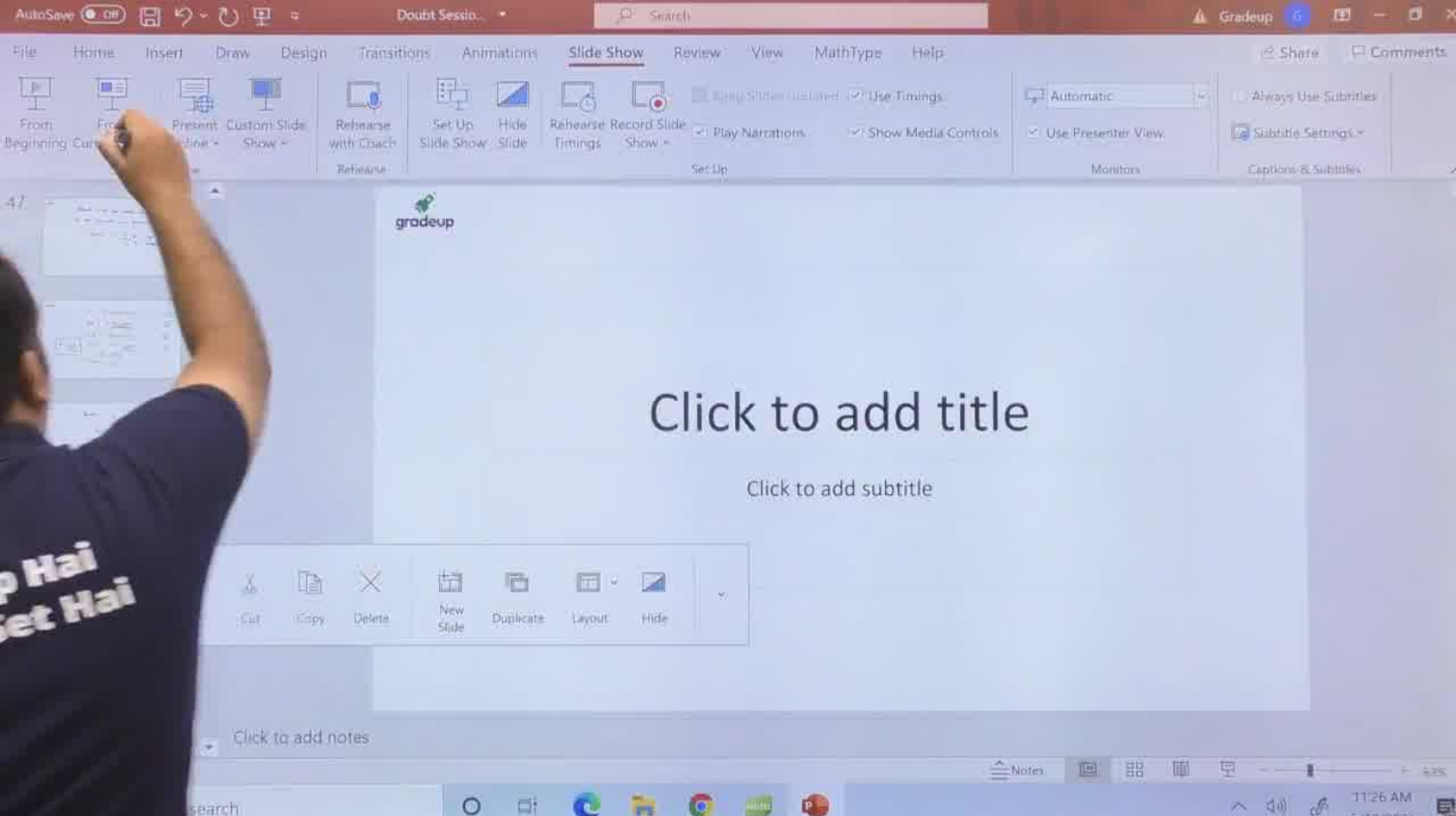
$$X = 0.\overline{5873}$$

$$= \frac{5873 - 5}{9990} = \frac{5868}{9990}$$

$$X = a.b\overline{cd}$$

$$= a + \frac{(bcd - b)}{990}$$

$$= \frac{990a + bcd - b}{990}$$



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$$\frac{26565 - 265}{990} \times 121$$

$$\frac{26300}{990} \times 121$$

$$\frac{28930}{9} = 3214 \frac{4}{9}$$

$26.\overline{565} \times 121 = x$, find the value of x .

☐ 3224. $\bar{4}$

☒ 3214. $\bar{4}$

☐ 3266. $\bar{6}$

☐ None of these.

eg

$$4.3\overline{28}$$

=

$$\begin{array}{r} 4328 - 43 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

=

$$\begin{array}{r} 990 \\ 4285 \\ \hline 990 \end{array} \checkmark$$

LCM
Can't

$$\begin{array}{l} \overline{N} \\ \textcircled{15} \quad R = 11 \\ \overline{N} \\ \textcircled{24} \quad R = 20 \\ \overline{N} \\ \textcircled{30} \quad R = 26 \\ \overline{N} \\ \textcircled{48} \quad R = 44 \end{array}$$

Find the largest number of 3-digits which when divided by 15, 24, 30 and 48; leaves remainders of 11, 20, 26 and 44 respectively.

☐ 964☐ 960☒ 956☐ 926

$$X = 0.234343434 \dots - (1)$$

$$10X = 2 \underline{\underline{3434}} \dots - (2)$$

$$100X = 23.434343 \dots \quad (3)$$

$$1000 \times = 234 \cdot \cancel{3434} \dots \dots \dots (4)$$

$$\textcircled{4} - \textcircled{2}$$

$$= 232$$

$$X = \frac{232}{990}$$

The value of $-1^2 + 2^2 - 3^2 + 4^2 - 5^2 + \dots - 199^2 + 200^2$ is:



2000



10010

24010



None of these

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$$N = 0.\overline{756} = \frac{756}{999} = \frac{84 \cdot 28}{81 \cdot 11 \cdot 37}$$

$$M = 0.\overline{531} = \frac{531}{999} = \frac{59}{111}$$

$$\frac{37}{28} + \frac{111}{59}$$

$$= \frac{59 \cdot 37 + 111 \cdot 28}{59 \cdot 28}$$

$$= \frac{2183 + 3108}{1652}$$

If

$$N = 0.756756756756 \dots$$

and

$$M = 0.531531531531 \dots$$

Find the value of $\frac{1}{N} + \frac{1}{M}$.

☐ ~~$\frac{4580}{1519}$~~

☐ $\frac{2340}{1652}$

☒ $\frac{5291}{1652}$

☐ N.O.T.

$$2^{\cancel{64}}, 4^{\cancel{48}}, 5^{\cancel{24}}, 6^{\cancel{12}}$$

$$2^{\cancel{1}}, \underline{4^{\cancel{1}}}, 5^{\cancel{1}}, 6^{\cancel{1}}$$

$$64, (256), 25, 6$$

The greatest number among 2^{60} , 4^{40} , 5^{20} , 6^{10} is

☐ 2^{60}

☒ 4^{40}

☐ 5^{20}

☐ 6^{10}

1 — 969

1 — 9

$$9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ digits}$$

10 — 99

$$90 \times 2 = 180 \text{ digits}$$

100 — 969

$$870 \times 3 = 2610 \text{ digits}$$

2799

Find the total no. of digits required to write the counting from 1 to 969.

☐ 2365

☐ 2493

☒ 2799

☐ 1345

19 Toffees

1. Sir I know that we add divisor to negative remainder that make it positive and less than divisor, however what is the actual maths concept behind it?

○○○○○

○○○○○

○○○○○

○○○
— — —

$$\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 5 \end{array}$$

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Shubhendu

19 Toffees

○ ○ ○ ○ ○

○ ○ ○ ○ ○

○ ○ ○ ○ ○

○ ○ ○ ○
— — — —

1. Sir I know that we add divisor to negative remainder that make it positive and less than divisor, however what is the actual maths concept behind it?

Rem

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Shubhendu

19 Toffees

○○○○○

○○○○○

○○○○○

○○○

1. Sir I know that we add divisor to negative remainder that make it positive and less than divisor, however what is the actual maths concept behind it?

$$\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 5 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\text{Rem} = 4}$$

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Shubhendu

19 Toffees

1. Sir I know that we add divisor to negative remainder that make it positive and less than divisor, however what is the actual maths concept behind it?

○○○○○

○○○○○

○○○○○

○○○○○

19

Rem = 4

Rem = -1

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5%

5% = 9.5

rubhendu

19 Toffees

○○○○

○○○○

○○○○

○○○○

1. Sir I know that we add divisor to negative remainder that make it positive and less than divisor, however what is the actual maths concept behind it?

$$\frac{19}{5}$$

$$\underline{\text{Rem} = 4}$$

$$\text{Rem} = -1$$

$$-5\%$$

$$100\% - 5\% = \underline{95\%}$$

Shubhendu

19 Toffees

○ ○ ○ ○ ○

○ ○ ○ ○ ○

○ ○ ○ ○ ○

○ ○ ○ ○ ○
— — — — —

1. Sir I know that we add divisor to negative remainder that make it positive and less than divisor, however what is the actual maths concept behind it?

$$\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 5 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\text{Rem} = 4}$$

$$\text{Rem} = -1$$



$$= \underline{95\%}$$

ndu

2. Why is it that between negative and positive remainder there is always a difference of divisor?

Largest 4 digit

$$7891 + (N) \rightarrow 7, 11, 12, 27, 28$$

$$\text{LCM} = 2^2 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 7^1 \cdot 11^1$$

$$= 756 \cdot 11$$

$$+ N = \underline{\underline{8316}}$$

$$7891 + N = 16632$$

$$N = 8741$$

Which of the following is the largest 4-digit number which can be added to 7891 in order to make the derived number divisible by each of 7, 11, 12, 27, and 28.

A 9123

B 9383

C 8753

D None of these

CORRECT

15. Find the HCF of :

$$(3^{333} + 1) \text{ and } (3^{334} + 1)$$

(A) 2

(B) 1

(C) $3^{333} + 1$

(D) 3

Don't

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Sudheer

$$\frac{N}{5} \quad R = 3$$

$$R = 3$$

$$= 3$$

$$= 3$$

14. Let x be the least number, which when divided by 5, 6, 7 and 8 leaves a remainder 3 in each case but when divided by 9 leaves remainder 0. The sum of digits of x is

(A) 24

(B) 21

(C) 22

(D) 18

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$$\frac{x^n + y^n}{x + y}$$

$n \rightarrow \text{odd}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 432^{35} + 23^{35} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$455$$

$$\underline{35 \times 13}$$

What is the remainder when we divide $(432^{35} + 23^{35})$ by 35?

A 4

B 7

☒ C 0
SKIPPED

D 9

Prince sahani

No. of Prime Factor

$$(2^1 \cdot 3^1 \cdot 5^1)^{26} \times (5^2)^{51} \times (2^2 \cdot 3^1)^{23}$$

$$2^{\underline{72}} \cdot 3^{\underline{49}} \cdot 5^{\underline{128}}$$

$$72 + 49 + 128$$

Find the No. of prime factor. $(30)^{26} \times (25)^{51} \times (12)^{23}$



A 249

SKIPPED

B 250

C 255

D 260

Done

Find the remainder of:

$$\frac{10^{5^7} + 10^{17^{18}} + 10^{35!} + 10^{29}}{6}$$

A 1

B 4

SKIPPED

C 0

D 5

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eg

$$HCF = 20$$

$$LCM = 1680$$

How many pairs of no are possible?

$$N_1 = 20x$$

$$N_2 = 20y$$

$$LCM = 20xy \Rightarrow 1680$$

$$xy = 84$$

1, 84
3, 28
4, 21
7, 12

4 pairs



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Q. HCF = 20 LCM = 1680
How many pairs of no. are possible?

$N_1 = 20x$
 $N_2 = 20y$
 $LCM = 20xy = 1680$
 $xy = 84$

4 pairs

1, 84
3, 28
4, 21
7, 12

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Find the remainder of:

$$\frac{10^{17} + 10^{17^{18}} + 10^{17^{17}} + 10^{29}}{6}$$

A 1
B 4
 C 0
 D 5

Click to add notes

$$HCF = 20 \quad LCM = 1680$$

How many pairs?

$$N_1 = 20x$$

$$N_2 =$$

$$20x \times 80$$

$$\boxed{84}$$

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$$HCF = 20 \quad LCM = 1680$$

How many pairs?

$$N_1 = 20x$$

$$N_2 = 20y$$

$$20x \cdot y = 1680$$

$$xy = 84$$

No. of

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$$HCF = 20 \quad LCM = 1680$$

How many pairs?

$$N_1 = 20x$$

$$N_2 = 20y$$

$$20x \times 20y = 1680$$

$$xy = 42$$

$$x \times y = 42$$

No. of Pairs

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$$HCF = 20 \quad LCM = 1680$$

How many pairs?

$$N_1 = 20x$$

$$N_2 = 20y$$

$$20x \cdot y = 1680$$

$$xy = 84$$

$$x \cdot y$$

No. of Pairs

no. of distinct primes - 1!

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$$HCF = 20 \quad LCM = 1680$$

How many pairs?

$$N_1 = 20x$$

$$N_2 = 20y$$

$$20x \times 20y =$$

No. of Pairs

$$2^2 = 4 \text{ pairs}$$

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No. of Pairs

(no. of distinct primes - 1)
2

$$HCF = 20 \quad LCM = 1680$$

How many pairs?

$$N_1 = 20x$$

$$20y$$

$$xy = 1680$$

No. of Pairs

$$xy = 84$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7 \\ \hline 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7 \end{array}$$

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No. of Pairs

(no. of distinct primes - 1)

2

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 4, \\ 3, \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 84 \\ 21 \end{array}$$

$$HCF = 20 \quad LCM = 1680$$

How many pairs?

$$N_1 = 20x$$

$$N_2 = 20y$$

$$20x \times 20y = 1680$$

No. of Pairs

$$2^2 = \underline{\underline{4 \text{ pairs}}}$$

$$xy = 21$$

No. of Pairs

(no. of distinct primes - 1)

$$2$$

1	84
4	21
3	28
7	1

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eg

$$HCF = 15$$

**Sahi Prep Hai
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eg

$$HCF = 15$$

LCM -

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eg

$$HCF = 15$$

$$LCM = 9$$

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eg

$$HCF = 15$$

How many Pairs
LCM = 9240

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eg

$$HCF = 15$$

How many pairs ??
 $LCM = 9240$

$$15xy = 9240$$

$$xy = 616$$

$$xy = 2^3 \cdot 7^1 \cdot 11^1$$

eg

$$HCF = 15$$

How many pairs ??
LCM = 9240

$$15 \times 2240$$

No. of Pairs

$$\underline{2 = 4 \text{ pairs}}$$

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eg

$$HCF = 15$$

How many pairs??
LCM = 9240

$$15 \times 9240$$

No. of Pairs

$$2^2 = 4 \text{ pairs}$$

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Toh Life Set Mai

$$15 \times 616$$

$$2^3 \cdot 7 \cdot 11$$

$$1, 616$$

$$8, 77$$

$$7$$

eg

$$HCF = 15$$

How many pairs??

$$LCM = 9240$$

$$15 \times y = 9240$$

$$xy = 61$$

$$xy = 2$$

No. of Pairs

$$\underline{2 = 4 \text{ pairs}}$$

$$1, 61$$

$$8, 77$$

$$7, 88$$

$$11, 56$$

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How many
Pairs

$$HCF = 4$$

$$LCM = 9240$$

$$4 \times y = 40$$

$$x = 10$$

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16 pairs

How many
Pairs

$$HCF = 4$$

$$LCM = 9240$$

$$4 \times y = 9240$$

$$xy = 2310$$

{	2	2310
	3	1155
	5	385
	7	77
	11	11

$$2^4 = 16 \text{ pairs}$$

Concept

$$\frac{(6n+3)^2}{9}$$
$$\frac{\cancel{36}n^2 + \cancel{36}n + 9}{9}$$

$$\underline{\underline{R=0}}$$

Given n is an integer, what is the remainder when $(6n + 3)^2$ is divided by 9?

A 3

B 2

C 1

☒ D 0

CORRECT

Q. When an integer P is divided by 9, the remainder is 4. What will be the remainder if $5P$ is divided by 9?

Ans. 2

$$P = 9x + 4$$

$$\frac{5(9x + 4)}{9}$$

$$\checkmark \underline{R = 2}$$

Srinivas

Q) $N = 2^{48} - 1$ & N is exactly divisible by two numbers b/w 60 & 70. what is the sum of those two numbers?

Ans): 128

What least number must be subtracted from 1936 so that the resulting number when divided by 9, 10 and 15 will leave in each case the same remainder 7?

$$1936 = \textcircled{X}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} X \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} X \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} X \\ \hline 15 \end{array}$$

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Prajwal Rai

1 What is the highest power of 4 in $100!$

2

5

3

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1 What is the highest power of 4 in 100!

$$4 = 2^2$$

5

3

(Prime)

 $\boxed{2}$

50

25

12

6

3

1

97

4 The largest ^{number} of five digit number which when increased by 45 is divisible by 60, 65, 75, 80 exactly?

$N + 45 \rightarrow \text{div by } 60, 65, 75, 80$

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4 The largest ^{number} of five digit number which when increased by 45 is divisible by 60, 65, 75, 80 exactly?

$$N + 45$$

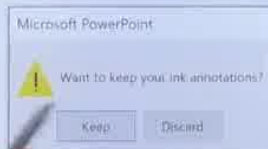
div by 60, 65, 75, 80

$$2^4 \cdot 3^1 \cdot 5^2$$

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4 The largest ^{number} of five digit number which when increased by 45 is divisible by 60, 65, 75, 80 exactly?

$$N + 45 \rightarrow \text{div by } 60, 65, 75, 80$$

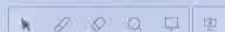


$$\begin{array}{r} 2^4 \cdot 3^1 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 13^1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$N + 45 = m(15600)$$

$$N + 45 = 93600$$

$$N = \underline{\underline{93555}}$$



4 The largest number of five digit number which when increased by 45 is divisible by 60, 65, 75, 80 exactly?

$$N + 45 \rightarrow \text{div by } 60, 65, 75, 80$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2^4 \quad 3^1 \quad 5^2 \quad 13^1 \\
 + 45 = m(15600)
 \end{array}$$

$$N + 45 = 93600$$

$$N = \underline{\underline{93555}}$$

Hai
et Hai

Click to add notes.

Q11, L.C.M and ratio of four number are 630 and $2:3:5:7$ respectively. The difference between the greatest and least number is

(A) 6

(B) 14

(C) 15

(D) 21

o Hai
et Hai

Bruce jangkhomang Haokip

Q2// A Gardener has to plant trees in rows containing equal no. of trees. if he plants in row of 6, 8, 10 or 12, then 5 trees are left unplanted. But if he plants in row of 13 trees each, Then no tree is left.

What is the no. of trees that the gardener plants.

(a) $\frac{485}{13}$

(b) $\frac{725}{13}$

(c) $\frac{845}{13}$

(d) None.

$$\frac{N}{6, 8, 10, 12} \quad R = 5$$

$$\checkmark \frac{N}{13} \quad R = 0$$

If r is the remainder when each of
7654, 8506, 9997 is divided by
the greatest no. d ($d > 1$). Then $(d-r)$ is equal to ?
Ⓐ 14 Ⓑ 20 Ⓒ 24 Ⓓ 28

Please Write Hope

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If r is the remainder when each of 7654, 8506, 9997 is divided by the greatest no. d ($d > 1$). Then $(d-r)$ is equal to ?

(A) 14 (B) 18 (C) 24 (D) 28

Please Write Properly

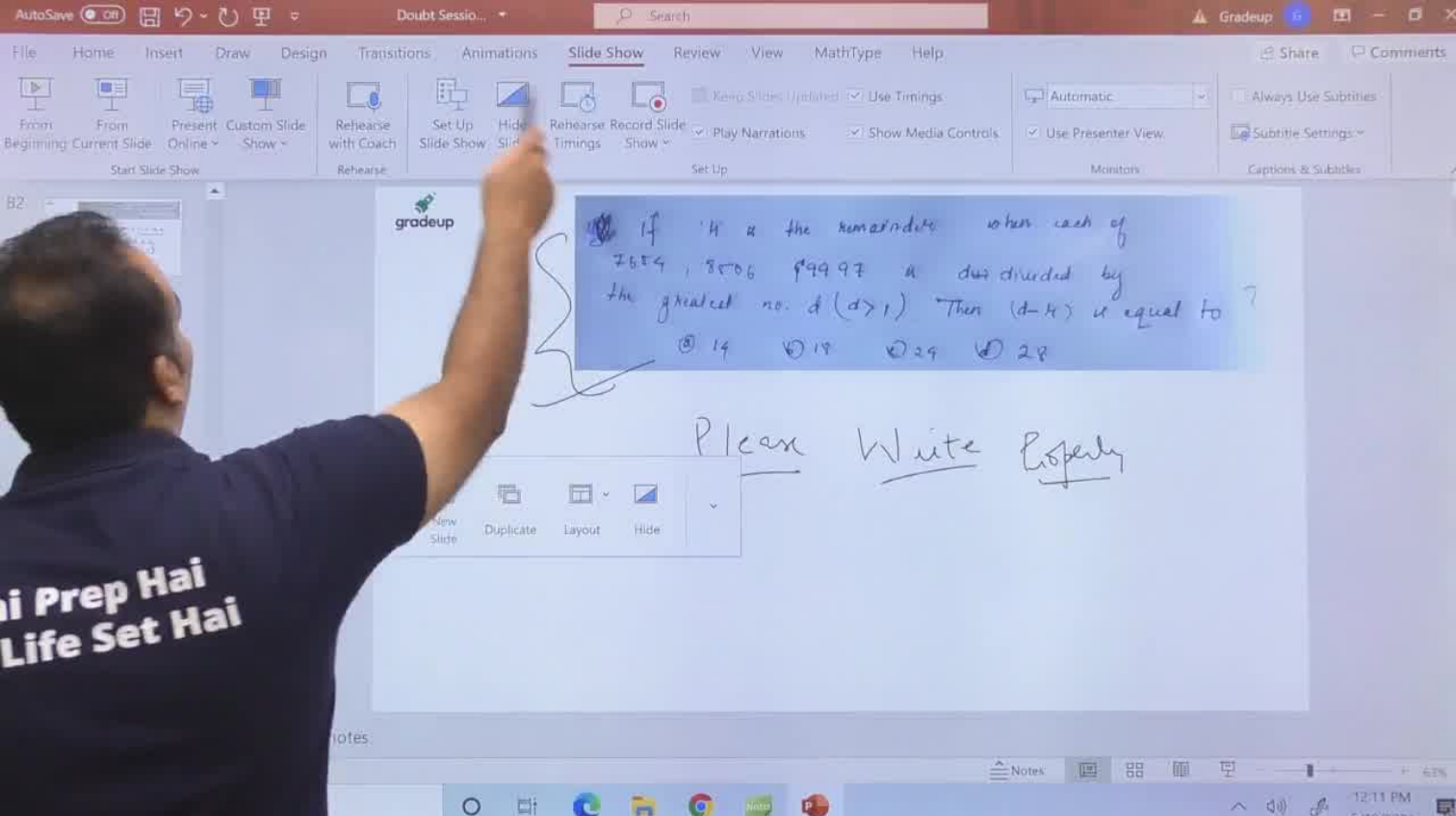
Q2// Find The greatest number of 4 digits which when divided by 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8 leaves 1, 2, 3, 4, & 5 as remainders.

a) 9237

b) 9240

c) 9840

d) 9999.



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Q If 4 is the remainder when each of
7654, 8506, 9999 is divided by
the greatest no. $d (d > 1)$ Then $(d-4)$ is equal to ?
Ⓐ 14 Ⓑ 18 Ⓒ 29 Ⓓ 28

Please Write Properly

Notes

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This will be
After
Algebra

The H.C.F of two polynomials $f(x)=(x-1)(x^2-x-6)$ and $g(x)=(x-2)(k^2x^2-1)$ is $(x-1)$. Which of the following can be the value of k ?

☐ 0

☐ 2

☒ -1

☐ -2

$$2^{736}$$

$$= \frac{(2^3)^{245} \cdot 2^1}{9}$$

$$= (7)$$

$$2^{736} / \underline{\underline{117}} \text{ remainder} = m$$

Ans. 16

$$\begin{array}{r} 736 \\ 2 \\ \hline 3^2 \cdot 13^1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 736 \\ 2 \\ \hline 9 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 245 \\ (2^3) \cdot 2^1 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$

$$= \text{---}$$

$$2^{736} / \underline{\underline{117}} \text{ remainder} = m$$

$$- 16$$

$$9 \times 1$$

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Dev chouhan


$$\frac{2736}{13} = \frac{2124}{13} = 7$$

$$13y + 3 = 9x + 7$$

12:48 PM

Q.1: Find the number of factors of

(i) $A = 280$

(ii) $B = 2^3 \cdot 3^8 \cdot 5^4$

(iii) $C = 8^9 \cdot 9^8$

Student 1

Conversion of a Recurring decimal in p/q form.

$$\begin{array}{rcll} \text{E.g. } X & = & 0.2353535\ldots & \\ 10X & = & 2.353535\ldots & (1) \\ 100X & = & 23.53535\ldots & \\ 1000X & = & 235.3535\ldots & (2) \end{array}$$

Subtract (1) from (2)

$$990X = 233$$

$$X = \frac{233}{990}$$

Sir I find these two topics were left from "Classification of Numbers"

Pritam Chakraborty

There are two gears in a mechanical system, which are in contact. There are 32 teeth in small gear and 36 teeth in bigger gear. If bigger gear completes 64 cycles in 1 second. Then in many times two particular teeth touch each other in 10 hours?

- A 28800
- B 278000
- C 288800
- D 288000**

4) If A and B are H.C.F and L.C.M respectively of two algebraic expressions x and y . and $A+B = x+y$, then value of $A^3 + B^3$ is,

- a) $x^3 - y^3$ b) x^3 c) y^3 d) $x^3 + y^3$.

2) A number x is divided by a divisor it is seen that the divisor = 4 times the quotient = double the remainder. If the remainder is 80 then the value of x is

a) 6480 b) 9680 c) 8460 d) 4680

Dividend = divisor \times quotient + remainder

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2) A number x is divided by a divisor it is seen that the divisor = 4 times the quotient = double the remainder. If the remainder is 80 then the value of x is

a) 6480 b) 9680 c) 8460 d) 4680

Dividend = Quotient + Remainder

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$$\text{Dividend} = \overset{\times 4}{\text{divisor} \times \text{quotient}} + \text{Remainder}$$

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a) 6480 b) 9680 c) 8460 d) 4680

Div

$$\text{divisor} \times \text{quotient} + \text{Remainder}$$

$$60 \times 4 \quad 80$$

Diagram illustrating the relationship between divisor, quotient, and remainder:

- A horizontal line represents the divisor.
- A curved line above it is labeled $\times 4$, representing the quotient.
- A longer curved line above that is labeled $\times 2$, representing the remainder.

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5) If a certain number of two digits is divided by the sum of its digits, the quotient is 6 and the remainder is 3. If the digits are reversed and the resulting number is divided by the sum of the digits, the quotient is 4 and the ~~remainder~~ remainder is 9. The sum of the digits of the number is

(Ans. 12)



1) The maximum value of F in the following equation,
 $5E9 + 2F8 + 3G7 = 1114$, where E, F, G each
stands for any digit.



Subhajit Hazari

Find the remainder of:

$$\frac{10^{5^7} + 10^{17^{18}} + 10^{35!} + 10^{29}}{6}$$

A 1

B 4

SKIPPED

C 0

D 5

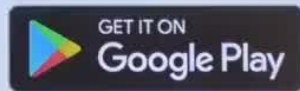
Garvit Karesiya



Sahi Prep Hai Toh Life Set Hai

Practise
topic-wise quizzes

Keep attending
live classes



10. The sum of two numbers is 36 and their HCF and LCM are 3 and 105 respectively. The sum of the reciprocals of two numbers.

(A) $\frac{2}{35}$

(B) $\frac{3}{25}$

(C) $\frac{4}{35}$

(D) $\frac{2}{25}$