



Sahi Prep Hai Toh Life Set Hai

TIME, SPEED & DISTANCE

[Part – 1]

Time, speed & Distance

$$D = S \cdot T$$

2 classes

Average speed
& Relative

1 class

Trains

1 class

Boat & Stream

1 class

Races & Circular

1 class

Doubt Session

1 class

100 + 0

Class

125 +

Homework

STRUCTURE OF TIME, SPEED & DISTANCE

Today's Session

→ Basics of Time, Speed &
Distance

Units, Relationship

Question Based

$$D = S \cdot T$$

Time Speed & Distance

2 Approaches

I Solving Question by using
only $D = ST$ & Equation

II Logic \rightarrow Use Ratio &
Proportion

$$* \quad 1 \text{ km/h} = \frac{5 \cancel{1000} \text{ m}}{3 \cancel{60} \times 60 \text{ sec}}$$

$$\boxed{1 \text{ km/h} = \frac{5}{18} \text{ m/sec}}$$

$$1 \text{ m/sec} = \frac{18}{5} \text{ km/h}$$

$$D = S \cdot T$$

$D \rightarrow$ Distance, $S \rightarrow$ speed, $T \rightarrow$ Time

If $D \rightarrow$ km Time hrs speed km/h
 m sec speed m/sec

$$1 \text{ km/h} = \frac{5}{18} \text{ m/sec}$$

$$1 \text{ m/sec} = \frac{18}{5} \text{ km/h}$$

$$D = S \cdot T$$

$$D_1 : D_2 = T_1 : T_2$$

(If Speed is constant)

$$D_1 : D_2 = S_1 : S_2$$

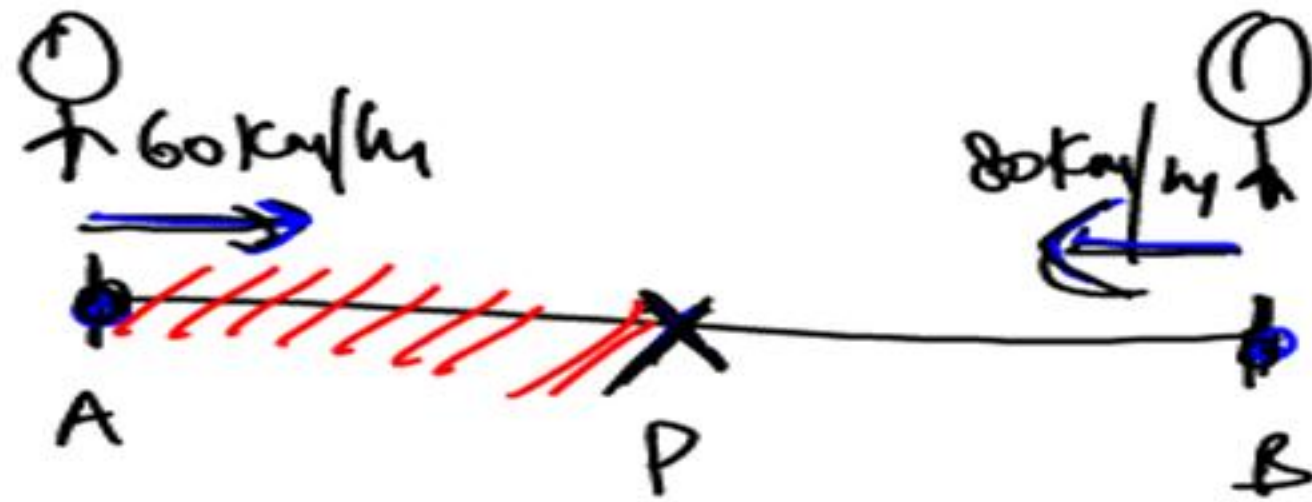
(If Time is constant)

$$S_1 : S_2 = \frac{1}{T_1} : \frac{1}{T_2}$$

(If Distance is constant)

$$S_1 : S_2 = T_2 : T_1$$

eg 1



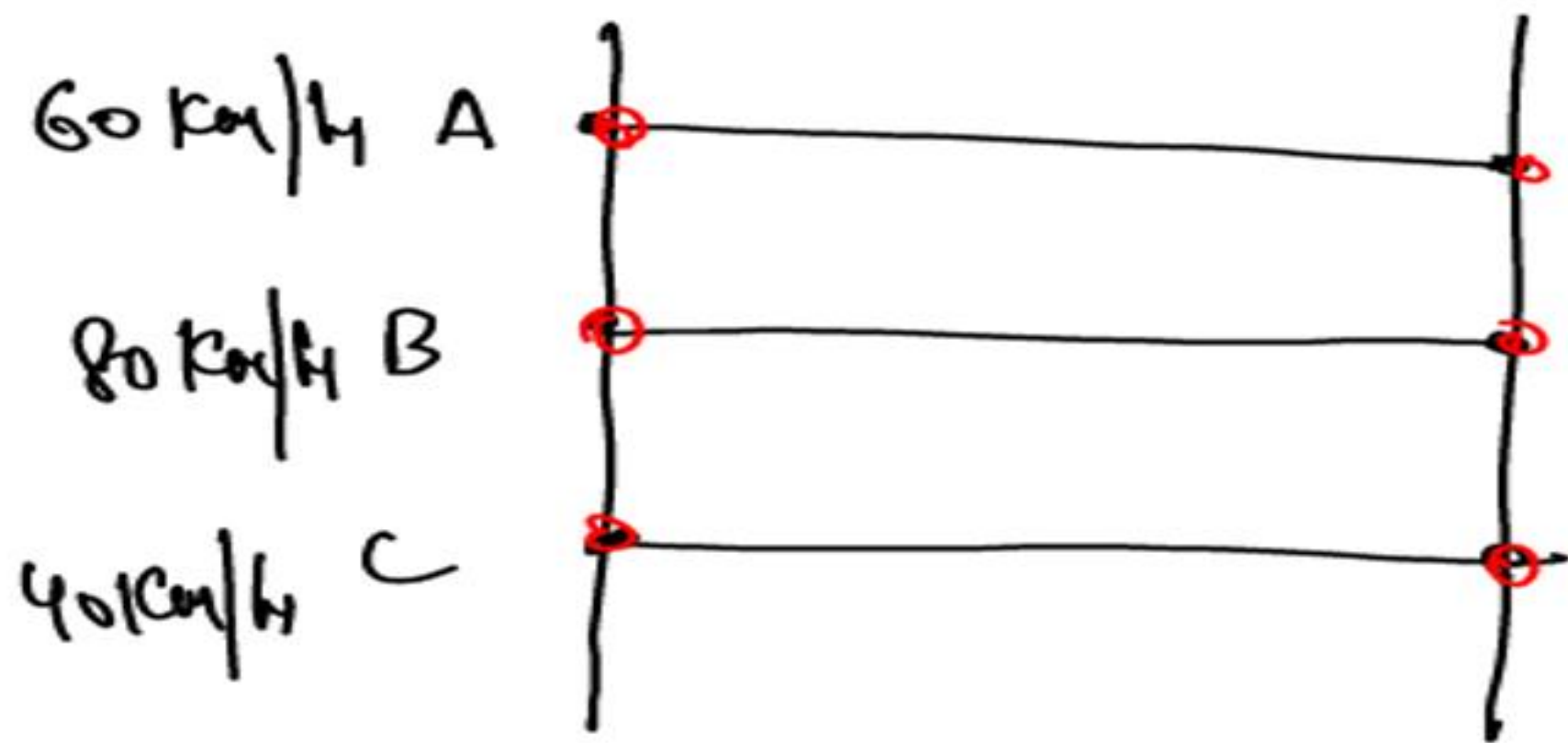
→ What is constant ??

Time is constant

$$\underline{D} = \underline{S \cdot T}$$

$$\frac{60}{3} = \frac{80}{4}$$

$$\frac{AP}{BP} = \frac{3}{4}$$



$$\cancel{D} = S - T$$

$$T = \frac{1}{S_A} : \frac{1}{S_B} : \frac{1}{S_C}$$

What is constant \rightarrow Distance

What is the ratio of time taken by A, B, C

$$\frac{1}{60} : \frac{1}{80} : \frac{1}{40}$$

$$4 : 3 : 6$$



Equation

$$D = S \cdot T$$

$$D = \frac{6S}{7} (T+12)$$

$$\cancel{S} \cdot T = \frac{6\cancel{S}}{7} (T+12)$$

$$7T = 6T + 72$$

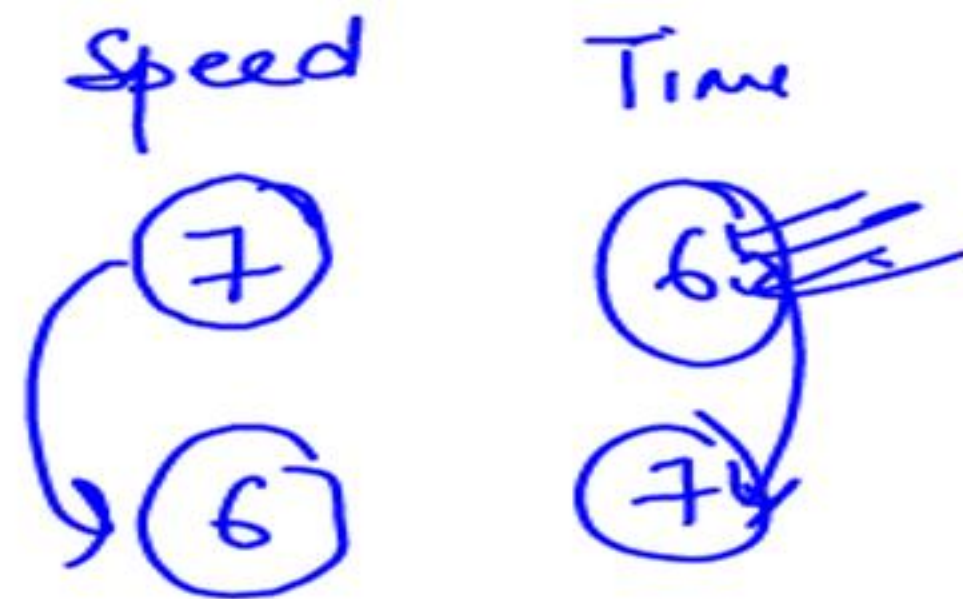
$$T = 72 \text{ min}$$

$$\underline{\text{Time} = 72 \text{ min} + 12 \text{ min}}$$

Eg1. Walking at $\frac{6}{7}$ of his usual speed a man is 12 minute late. The usual time taken by him to cover that distance is

- (a) 1 hour
- (b) 1 hour 12 min
- (c) 1 hour 15 min.
- (d) 1 hour 20 min.

Ind
Ratio



Ans. (b)

Ist

Equation

$$30 = S \cdot T \quad (\text{Sameer})$$

$$30 = S_A (T+2) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$30 = 2S_A (T-1) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\cancel{S_A} (T+2) = 2\cancel{S_A} (T-1)$$

$$T = 4$$

$$S_A = 5 \text{ km/hr}$$

Eg2. In covering a certain distance of 30km, Abhay takes 2 hrs. more than Sameer. If Abhay doubles his speed then he would take 1 hour less than Sameer. Find Abhay's speed? (in km/hr)

(a) 5

(b) 6

(c) 6.25

(d) 7.5

IInd

$$T = \frac{D}{S}$$

$$\frac{30}{S_A} - \frac{30^{\cancel{15}}}{2S_A} = 3$$

$$\frac{15}{S_A} = 3 \quad \boxed{S_A = 5 \text{ km/hr}}$$

Speed

Time

①

Zeit

30 km

②

1 unit

5.6 hr

$$\text{Speed} = 5 \text{ km/h}$$

Ans. (a)

$\underline{5 \text{ km/hr}} \rightarrow \underline{15 \text{ min early}}$
 $\underline{3 \text{ km/hr}} \rightarrow \underline{9 \text{ min late}}$

$8:45 \text{ a.m.}$
 $9:09$

Eg3. Walking at 5 km/hr a student reaches his school from his house 15 minute early and walking at 3 km/hr he is late by 9 minute. What is the distance between his school and his house?

- (a) 5 km
- (b) 8 km
- ☒ (c) 3 km
- (d) 2 km

$\text{Time} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Speed}}$

$$\frac{D}{3} - \frac{D}{5} = \frac{24}{60}$$

$$\frac{2D}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$$

✓ $D = 3 \text{ km}$

IInd

$D = ???$

5 km/h



15 min earlier

3 km/h



9 min later

Let

$D =$

15 km

3 hr

5 hr

Gap

2 hrs (120 min)

24 min

Ans $D = 3 \text{ km}$

Ans. (c)

$$D = S \cdot T$$

S

Time

$\uparrow 6 \text{ km/hr}$

$\downarrow 6 \text{ hr}$

$\downarrow 6 \text{ km/hr}$

$\uparrow 10 \text{ hr}$

$$D = \dots$$

I^*

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{D} \quad \boxed{S \cdot T} \\ \textcircled{D} \quad (S+6)(T-6) \\ \rightarrow D = (S-6)(T+10) \end{array}$$

Eg4. A train covers a certain distance at a certain speed, if the speed of the train is 6km/hr more, then to cover the same distance it takes 6 hours less. But, if the speed of the train is 6 km/hr less then it would take 10 hrs more to cover the same distance. Find the distance covered by the train.

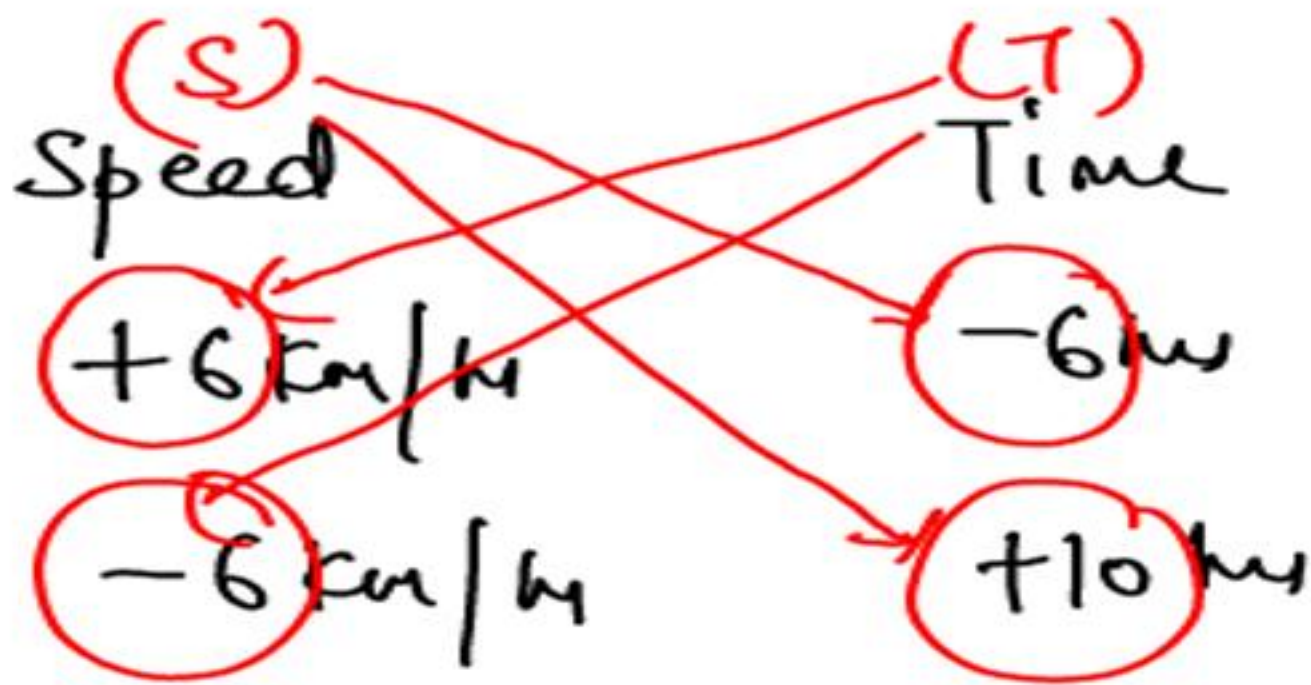
$$\cancel{ST} = \cancel{ST} - 6S + 6T - 36$$

$$-6S + 6T = 36$$

$$\cancel{ST} = \cancel{ST} + 10S - 6T - 60$$

$$10S - 6T = 60$$

+



$$D = ??$$

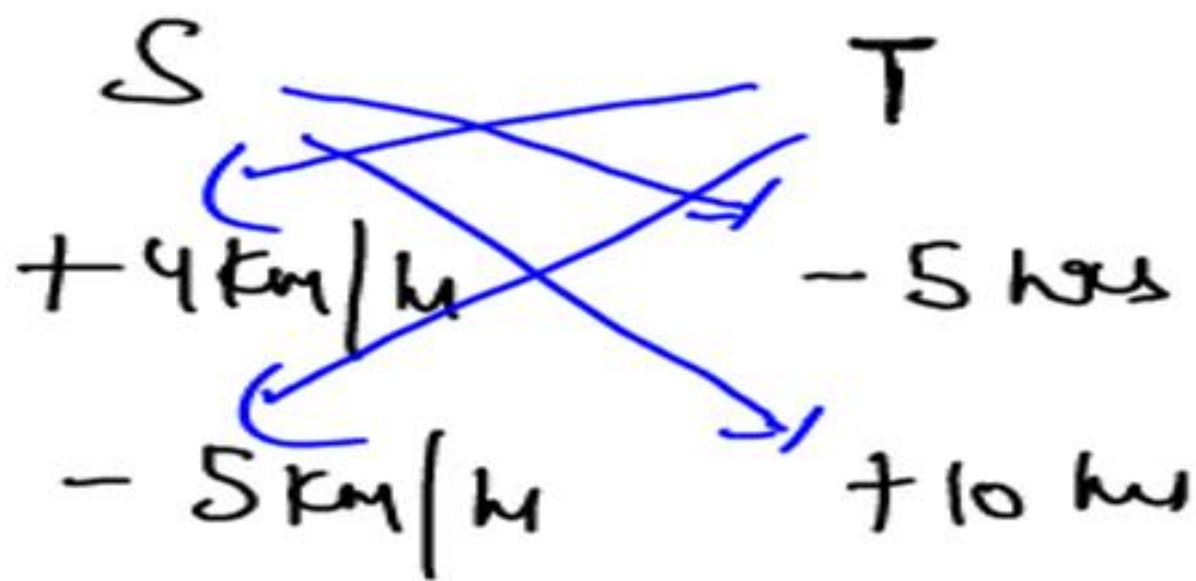
$$\begin{aligned}
 -6S + 6T &= 36 \\
 10S - 6T &= 60 \\
 \hline
 4S &= 96 \\
 S &= 24 \\
 \hline
 T &= 30 \\
 \hline
 \end{aligned}$$

$$D = 24 \times 30$$

$$\underline{\underline{720 \text{ km}}}$$

eg

$$D = \dots$$



$$\begin{aligned} -5S + 4T &= 20 \\ 10S - 5T &= 50 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -10S + 8T &= 40 \\ 10S - 5T &= 50 \end{aligned}$$

$$3T = 90$$

$$T = 30$$

$$S = 20$$

$$D = 600 \text{ km}$$

Without
stoppage



54 km/hr

With stopp



45 km/hr

$$\frac{45}{54} \times 60$$

Eg5. Without any stoppage, speed of the bus is 54 km/hr and with stoppage its speed is 45 km/hr. The bus stops for how many minutes per hour?

(a) 9

☒ (b) 10

(c) 12

(d) 20

$$\frac{1}{6} \times 60 \text{ min}$$

Ans. (b)

Neeraj

Real Life

Without using
Phone

900

1h

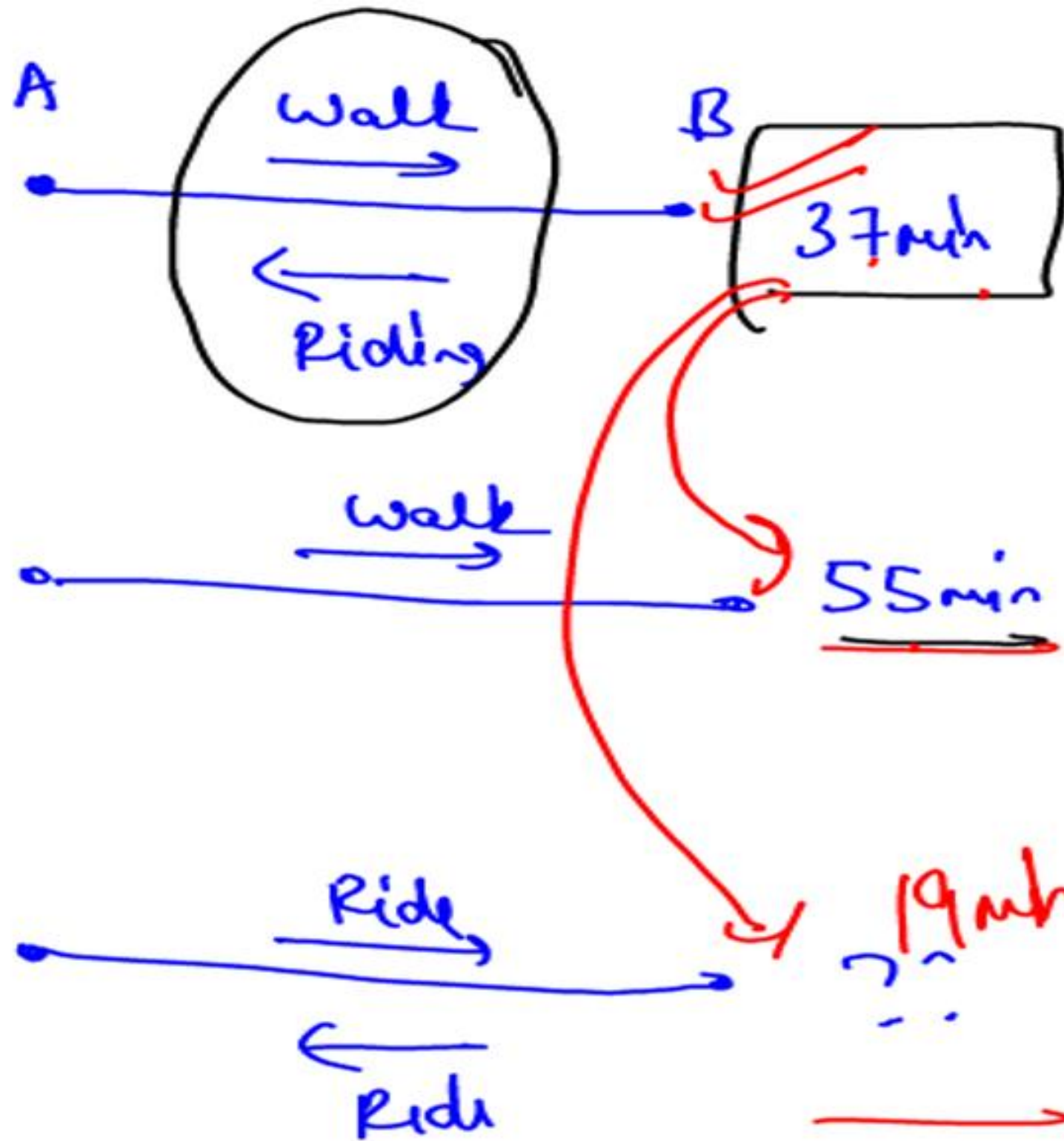
While using Phone

600

1h

~~600~~ 2
~~900~~ 3

$$\frac{1}{3} \times 60 = \underline{\underline{20\text{min}}}$$

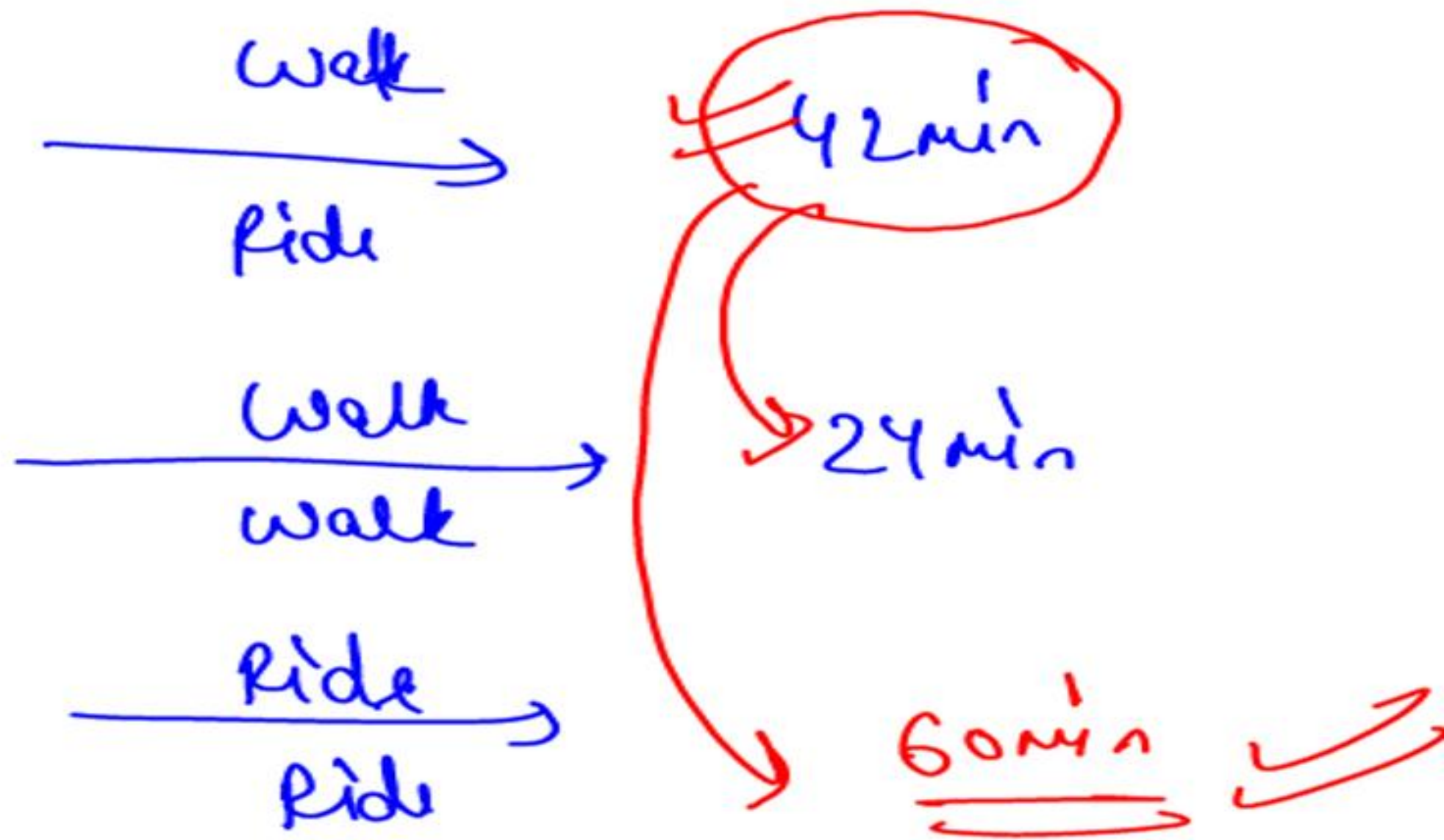


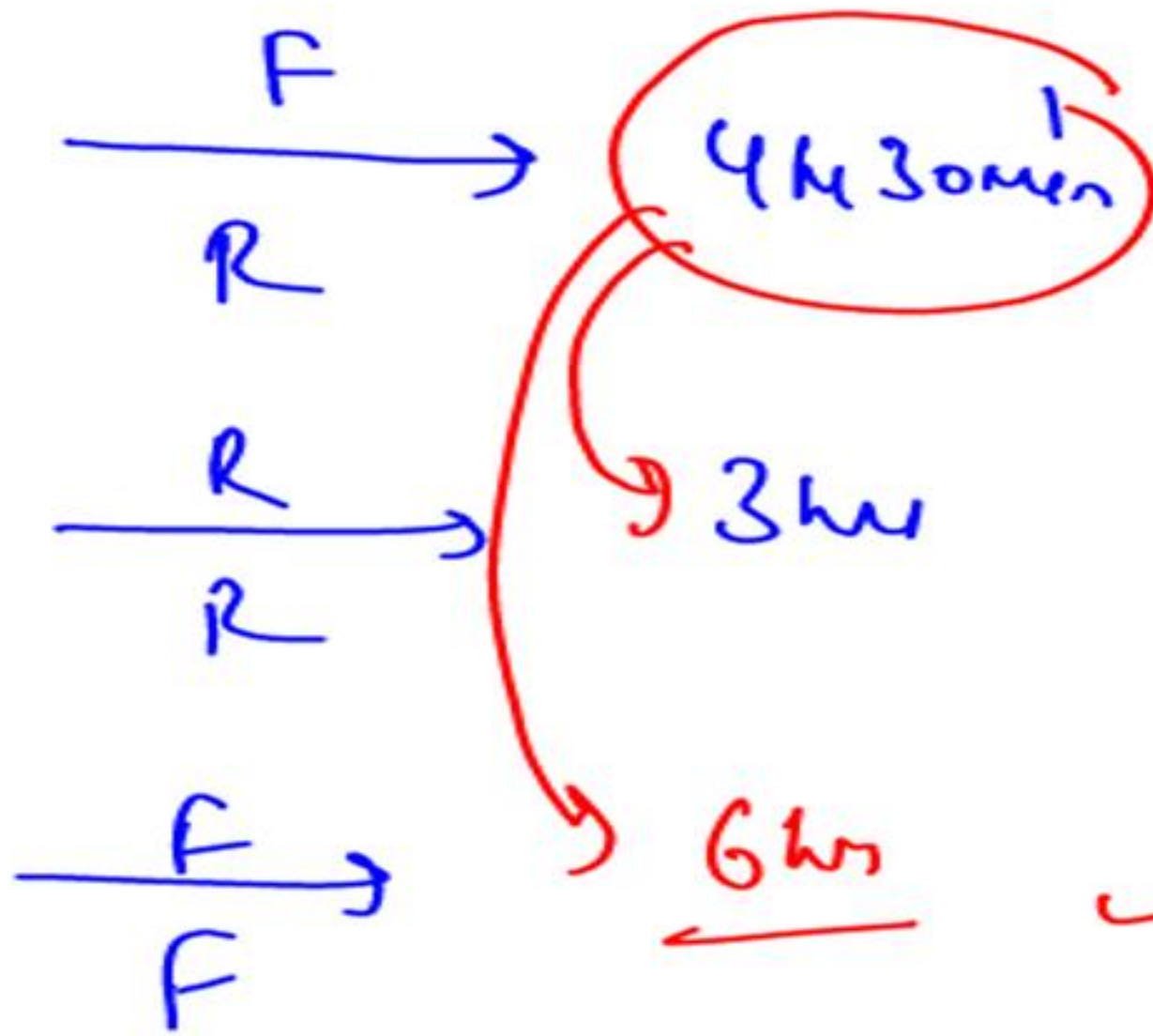
Eg6. I walk a certain distance and ride back taking a total time of 37 minutes. I could walk both ways in 55 minutes. How long would it take me to ride both ways?

- (a) 9.5 min.
(c) 18 min.

- ☒ (b) 19 min.
(d) 20 min.

eg





Eg7. A man walks a certain distance by foot and rides back on horse in 4 hr. 30 min. He could ride on horse both ways in 3hrs. The time required by the man to walk by foot both ways is :

- (a) 4 hours 30 min.
- (b) 4 hours 45 min.
- (c) 5 hours
- (d) 6 hours

Ans. (b)



Eg8. Ravi and Ajay start simultaneously from a place A towards B, 60 km apart. Ravi's speed is 4 km/hr less than that of Ajay. Ajay, after reaching B turns back and meets Ravi at a place 12km away from B. Ravi's speed is :

- (a) 12 km/hour
- (b) 10 km/hour
- ~~(c) 8 km/hour~~
- (d) 6 km/hour

Time 90sec

Ravi - 4 km/hr
Ajay

→

→

~~48 km~~ 2
~~72 km~~ 3

$$\underline{D} = \underline{S \cdot T}$$

Ans. (c)

DWalk \rightarrow 4 km/hrCycle \rightarrow 9 km/hrTime \rightarrow 9 hr

It

Equation

$$\frac{D}{4} + \frac{61-D}{9} = 9$$

$$\frac{9D + 244 - 4D}{36} = 9$$

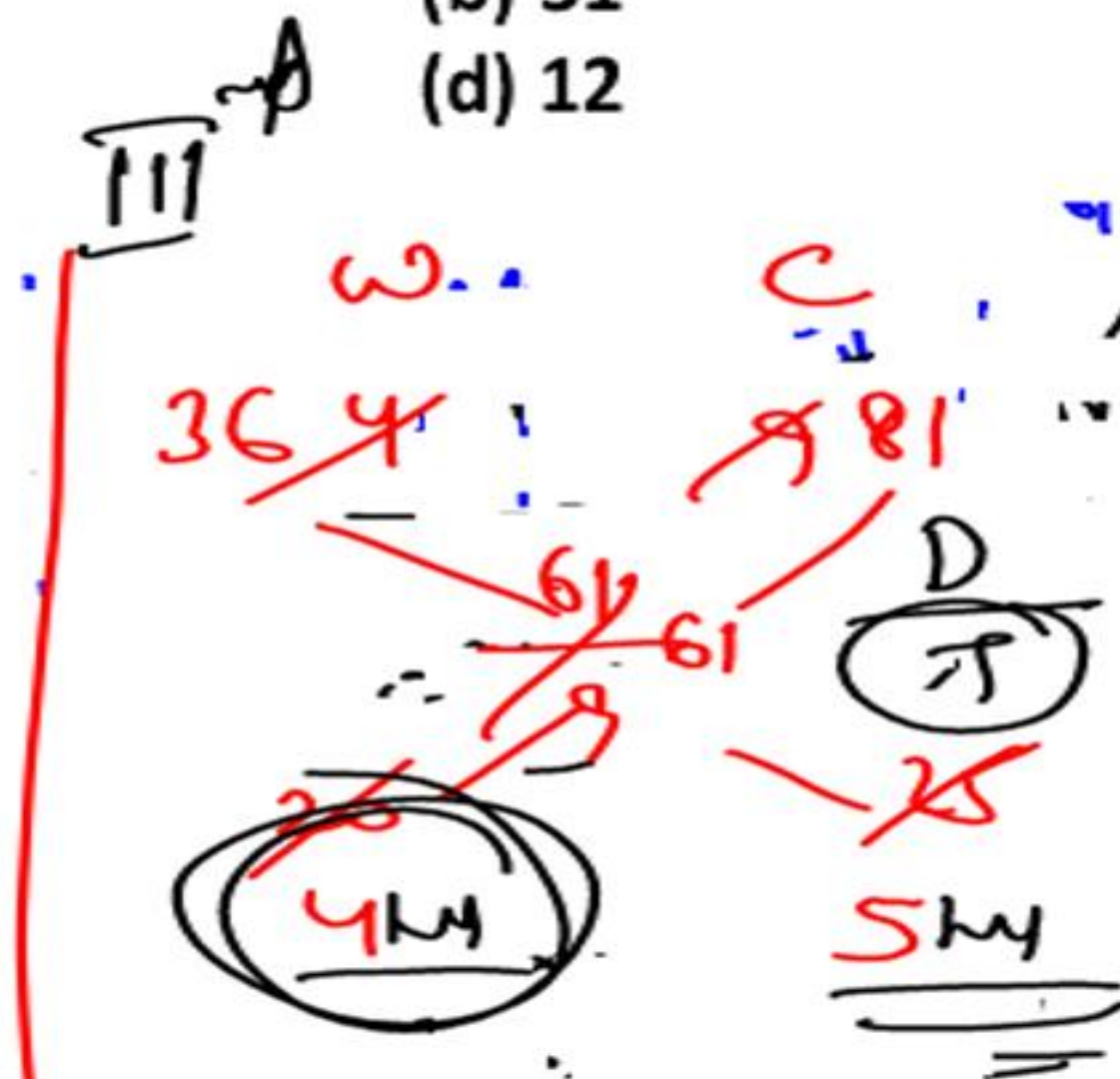
$$244 + 5D = 324$$

$$D = 16 \text{ km}$$

Eg9. A man completes a journey of 61 km partially by walking at 4 km/hr and partially on bicycle at 9 km/hr. He takes 9 hr in total. How much distance did he cover by walking (in kms)?

~~(a) 16~~
(c) 45

(b) 31
(d) 12



Ans. (a)

9 hrs

61 Km

Walk

4 Km/hr

Cycling

9 Km/hr

~~45 Km~~

36 Km

extra

5 hrs
~~25 Km~~
~~8~~

Walk → 16 Km

Speed
of Train $\rightarrow T$
Speed of Car $\rightarrow C$

| Train | Car | Time |
|--------|--------|-------------|
| 60 km | 240 km | 4 hr |
| 100 km | 200 km | 4 hr 10 min |

Eg10. Ravi travels 300 km partly by train and partly by car. He takes 4 hours to reach. If he travels 60 km by train and rest by car. He will take 10 minute more if he were to travel 100 km by train and rest by car. The speed of the train is

- (a) 50 km/hour
(c) 100 km/hour

- (b) 60 km/hour
(d) 120 km/hour

T

$$\frac{60}{T} + \frac{240}{C} = 4 \quad \text{--- (1) } \times 5$$

$$\frac{100}{T} + \frac{200}{C} = \frac{25}{6} \quad \text{--- (2) } \times 6$$

$$\frac{300}{T} + \frac{1200}{C} = 20 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{600}{T} + \frac{1200}{C} = 25 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\frac{300}{T} = 5$$

$$T = 60 \text{ km/h}$$

| Train | Car | Time |
|--------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 60 km | 240 km | 4 hr |
| 100 km | <u>200 km</u> <u>40</u> | 4 hr 10 min <u>10</u> |

300 km 0 km 240 km 5 hr 760

60 km/hr

HOMEWORK

Eg11. A distance of 600 Km is to be covered in 2 parts. In 1st phase 120 Km is travelled by train and rest by car and it took total of 8 Hr, but if 200 Km is covered by train and rest by car it takes 20 min more. find the avg speed of car and train ?

- (a) 80 & 60 km/hour
- (b) 90 & 60 km/hour
- (c) 120 & 90 km/hour
- (d) 120 & 100 km/hour