

St
① All dogs are cats

② All dogs have a tail

→ Logical



gradeup

Sahi Prep Hai Toh Life Set Hai

✓ Statement
Assumption,
Statement and
Conclusion &
Statement
Courses of Action

No Pen
No concept

Assumption \rightarrow Assumption is a sentence which is hidden or taken for granted in the statement.

St \rightarrow If you want to publish any product, give it in Newspaper A - X tells Y.

Ass ① Y wants to publish his product
 ② Newspaper A has a wide circulation.

Assumption (Ad) \rightarrow Its always true

x Inference (+, -)

✓ Conclusion (+, -)

Argument \rightarrow Govt decision \rightarrow strong

Comparative Argument \rightarrow weak

Strong (True) weak. (False).

Ambiguous Argument \rightarrow

Weak

100% = All
Same (1-99)

Q. Read the given statement and conclusions carefully and decide which of the conclusions logically follow(s) from the statement.

Statement:

The importance of a person is not dependent only on one's status and money.

Conclusions:

- ☒ I. The goal of most people is just to acquire more money.
 - ☒ II. There are some factors other than status and money which contribute to the importance of a person.
- A. Only conclusion I follows.
B. Both conclusions I and II follow.
☒ C. Only conclusion II follows.
D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.

Q. Read the given statement and conclusions carefully and decide which of the conclusions logically follow(s) from the statement.

Statement:

“On October 2, let us pledge to make the country free of single-use plastic.”. Prime Minister of India

Conclusions:

- ☒ I. All Indians should reduce and then completely eliminate the consumption of single use plastic like packaged drinking water
- II. India is going to be completely plastic free of October 2
- A. Only conclusion II follows
- ☒ B. Only conclusion I follows
- C. Neither conclusion I nor II follows
- D. Both conclusion I and II follow

Direction: In the following question two statements are given followed by two conclusions I and II. You have to consider the statement to be true, even if it seems to be at variance from commonly known facts. You are to decide which of the given conclusions can definitely be drawn from the given statement.

Q. Statement:

1. Quality has a price tag.
2. India is allocating lots of funds to education.

Conclusions:

- I. Quality of education in India would improve.
 - II. Funding alone can enhance quality of education.
- A. Only Conclusion I follows
B. Only Conclusion II follows
C. Both the Conclusions I and II follow
D. Neither Conclusion I nor II follows

Q. Read the given statement and conclusions carefully. Assuming that the information given in the statement is true, even if it appears to be variance with commonly known facts, decide which of the given conclusions logically follow(s) from the statement.

Statement:

Most of the students usually fail to apply in practice what they studied in their courses in school and colleges because they studied the course just so they could pass the examination.

Conclusions:

- I. Most of the students are just trying to pass the examination.
 - ~~II. There is less emphasis on learning by teachers.~~
- A. Only conclusion II follows.
 - B. Both conclusions I and II follow.
 - C. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
 - ☒ D. Only conclusion I follow.

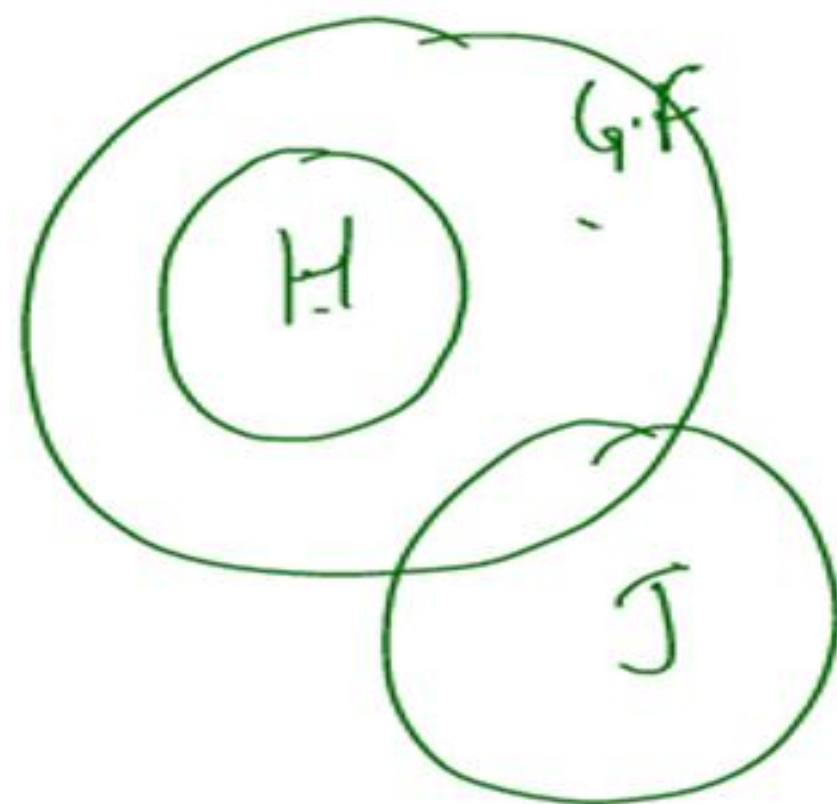
Q. In the following question, two statements are given each followed by two conclusions I and II. You have to consider the statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. You have to decide which of the given conclusions, if any, follows from the given statements.

Statement:

1. The sowing of winter crops has been completed in 87% of the seasonal area its above normal this time.
2. Plantation of rice is lagging by 30% due to lower area covered in the southern states of Tamil Nadu.

Conclusions:

- I. It is considered as delay because the potential of sowing is not completely utilized.
- II. Cultivation is based upon timings.
- A. Only conclusion II follows
- B. Conclusion I and II both follow
- C. Only conclusion I follows
- D. Neither I nor II follow



J

Q. One statement is given followed by two conclusions/assumptions, I and II. You have to consider the statement to be true, even if it seems to be at variance from commonly known facts. You are to decide which of the given conclusions/assumptions can definitely be drawn from the given statement. Indicate your answer.

Statements: All Hindus are God fearing. No Japanese is a Hindu.

Conclusions:

I. The Japanese are not God fearing. ✓

✓ II. All God fearing are Hindus.

A. Only conclusion I follows

B. Only conclusion II follows

C. Both conclusion I and conclusion II follow

✓ D. Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

Q. The statements are given followed by two conclusions I and II. Consider the given statements as true and decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements.

Statements:

United Nation has adopted 21st June as world Yoga day. This has promoted India's glorious tradition all over the world.

Conclusions:

I. Yoga is practiced only on 21st June.

II. More people are coming to India now to practice Yoga.

A. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.

B. Only conclusion II follows.

C. Only conclusion I follows.

D. Both conclusions I and II follow.

Not a
fact

X

X

Direction: In the following question, some statements followed by some conclusions are given. Taking the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts, read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows the given statements.

Q. Statement:

✓ Is cashless economy the right way for India to become digitalized?

Arguments:

I) Yes, we live in a digital age and so it's luxury.

✓ II) No, India has wide population that is illiterate and hence, there has to be education for the same instead of plunging the country into a new system.

✓ A. Only conclusion II follows.

B. Conclusion I and II both follows.

C. Neither I nor II follows.

D. Only conclusion I follows.

Q. In the question a statement is given, followed by two arguments, I and II. You have to consider the statement to be true even if it seems to be at variance from commonly known facts. You have to decide which of the given arguments, if any, is a strong argument.

Statement: Should one year of army training be compulsory for all Indian citizens?

Argument I: No, the costs of training will be prohibitive and one year of labor will be lost.

Argument II: Yes, army training helps make better citizens.

- ☒ A. if only argument I is strong.
- B. if only argument II is strong.
- C. if both I and II are strong.
- D. if neither I nor II is strong.

Q. Direction : In the following question a statement is given, followed by two arguments I and II. You have to consider the statement to be true even if it seems to be at variance from commonly known facts. You have to decide which of the given arguments, if any is a strong argument.

Statement: Should the sale of alcohol near highways be banned?

Arguments:

I. No, people should have the freedom to decide as it is their fundamental right.

II: Yes, 90% of road accidents involve drivers who are under the influence of alcohol.

A. if only argument I is strong.

B. if only argument II is strong.

☒ C. if both I and II are strong.

D. if neither I nor II is strong.

Sample
 $X(D)$

possibility



NO
Relation

NO
possibility

Q. Direction: In the following question, one statement is followed by two Assumptions 1 and 2. You have to consider the statement to be true, even if they seems to be at variance from commonly known facts. You have to decide which of the given assumption(s), if any, follow(s) from the given statement.

Statement:

Today is Sunday

Assumptions:

1. Tomorrow is Monday.

A. Only assumption 1 follows

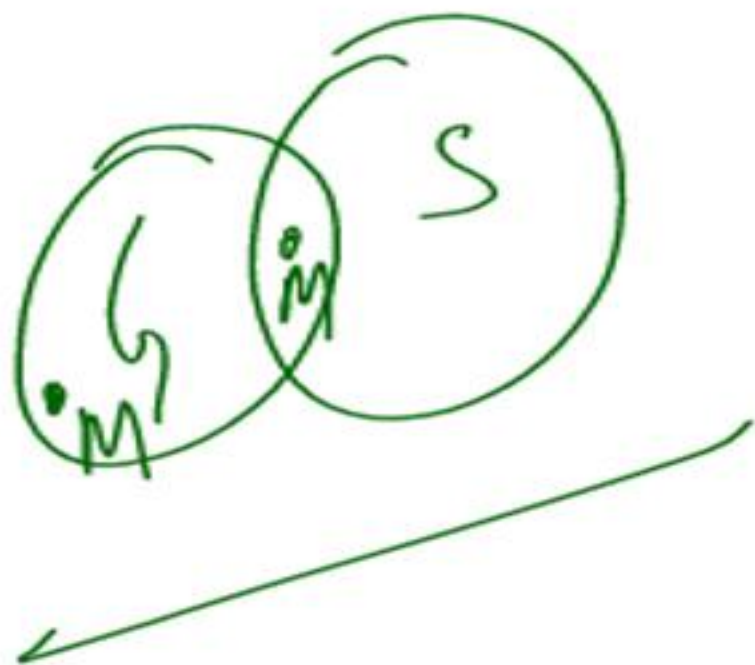
C. Only assumption 2 follows

D. Neither 1 and 2 follows



2. Today is holiday.

B. Both 1 and 2 follows



Q. Consider the given statement/s to be true and decide which of the given conclusions/assumptions can definitely be drawn from the given statement.

Statement:

- 1) Some girls are stars.
- 2) Meena is a girl.

Conclusion:

I. Meena is a star. ✓

II. Some stars are not girls is a possibility. ✓

A. Only Conclusion I follows

B. Only Conclusion II follows ✓

C. Both Conclusions I and II follows

D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows



Some stars are
not girls. ✓

Doubt

188
Implicit (Internal)

Explicit
(External)

Direction: A statement is given followed by two assumptions, (1) and (2). You have to consider the statement to be true, even if it seems to be at variance from commonly known facts. You are to decide which of the given assumptions can definitely be drawn from the given statement. Indicate your answer.

Q. **Statement:** Theoretical education does not bring in economic advancement and it lends to a steady loss of confidence and money in the country.

Assumptions:

- (1) There is close relationship between development of confidence and economic development.
- (2) Theoretical education makes priceless contribution for development of confidence.

- ✓ A. Only 1 is implicit
- B. Only 2 is implicit
- C. Both 1 and 2 are Implicit
- D. Both 1 and 2 are not implicit

Kushal Anand

please Rate
Session ✓

-1 hr

Reasoning Ki Goli



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