



gradeup

Sahi Prep Hai Toh Life Set Hai

Q1-2

Counting of Figures

Concepts

Part 1



Agenda of the session

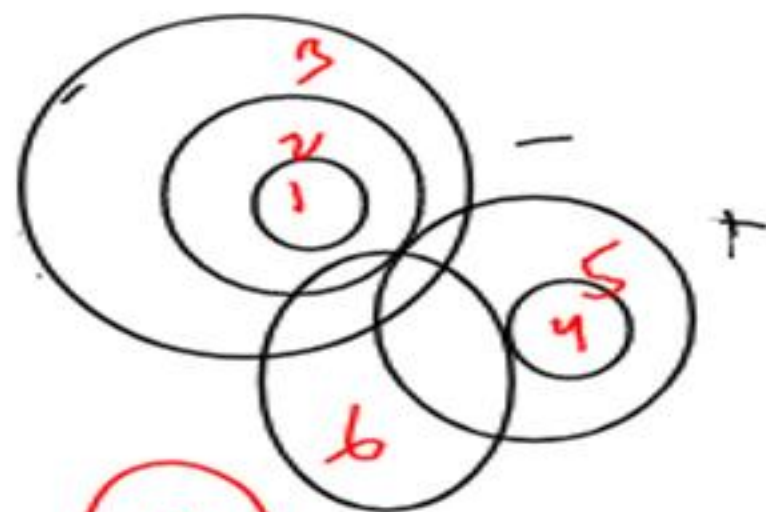
① Triangle

② Square

③ Rectangle

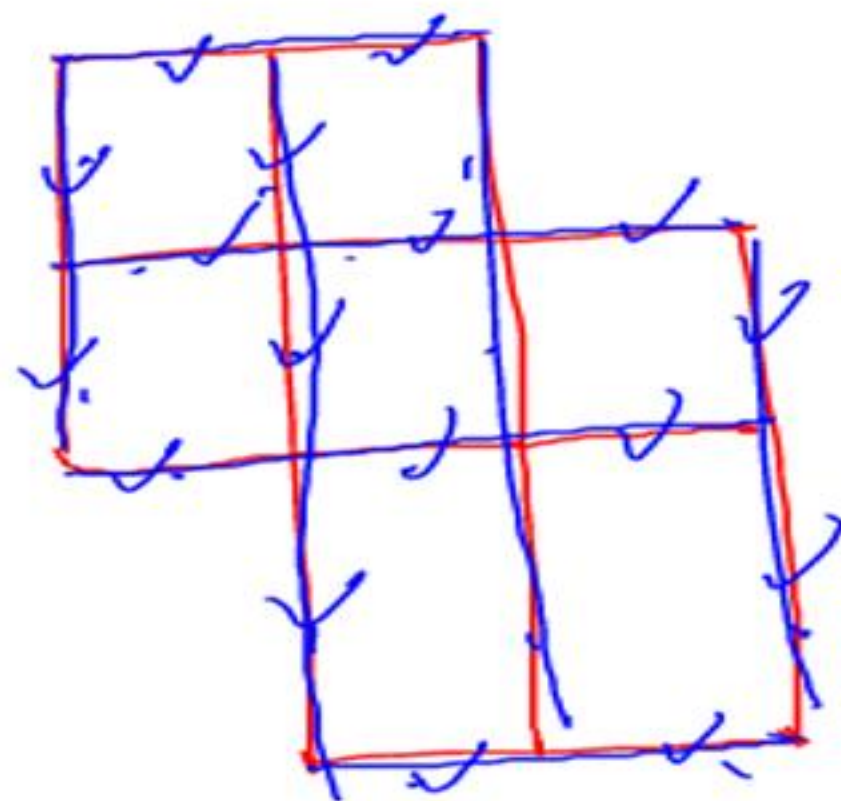
④ Line

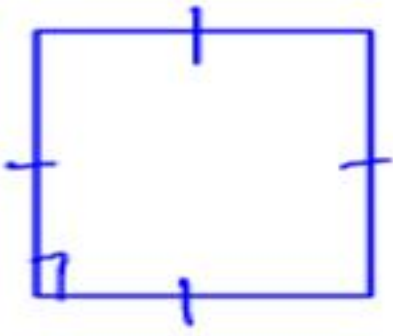
⑤ Circle



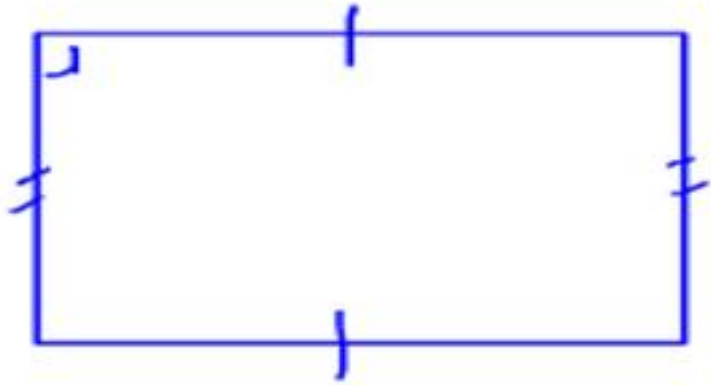
⑥

Line segment = ? ~~Line~~
 ✓ Line = ? $H = 4$
 $V = \frac{4}{8}$





Square

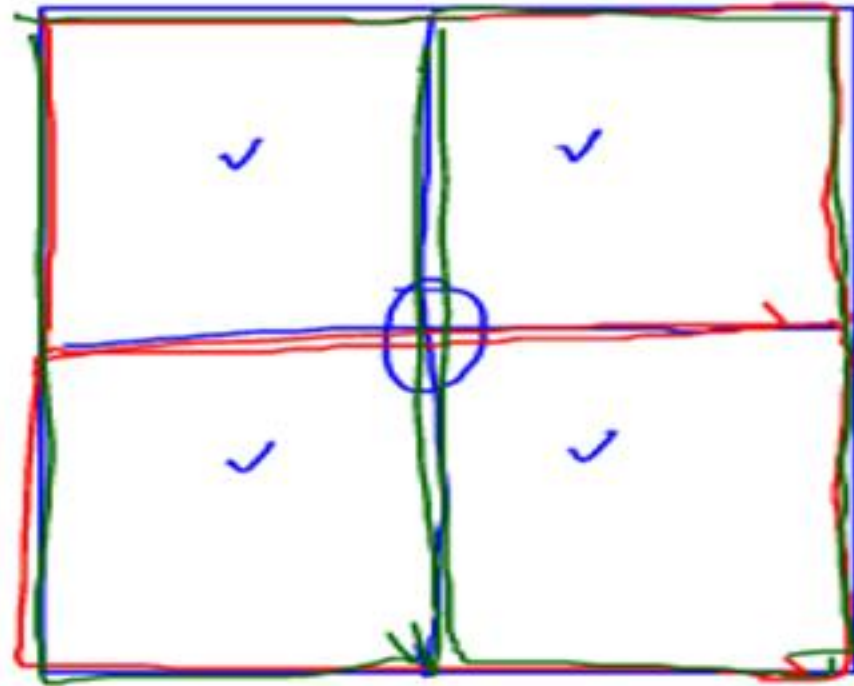


Rectangle.

✓ ① All Square are Rectangle


✗ ② All Rectangle are Square

Those Rectangles
which are not
Square = $9 - 5 = 4$



$$Sq = 5(4+1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Rectangle} = 5 \\ + 4 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$



gradeup
Prep Smart. Score Better.

$1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 = 14$
 $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 = 36$

	1	2	3
1	1		
2	2	4	
3	3	6	9

$1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$
 $= \frac{3 \times 4 \times 7}{6} = 14$

$1^3 + 2^3 + \dots + n^3 = \left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{3 \times 4}{2} \right)^2 = 6^2 = 36$

$\left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right) \left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right)$
 $(1+2+\dots+n) (1+2+\dots+n)$

1	2	3	4	5
2				
3				

$$\begin{aligned}
 Sq &= 5 \times 3 = 15 \\
 4 \times 2 &= 8 \\
 3 \times 1 &= 3 \\
 \hline
 26 Sq
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Int} &= \\
 (1+2+3) \times (1+2+3+4+5) \\
 6 \times 15 &= 90
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Sq &= 2 \times 6 = 12 \\
 1 \times 5 &= 5 \\
 \hline
 17
 \end{aligned}$$

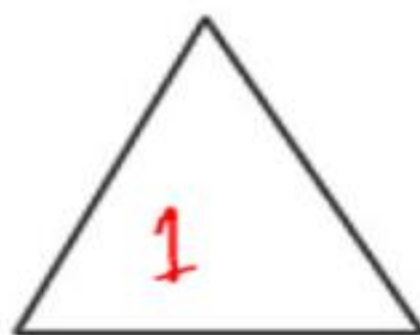
Rectangle

$$\begin{aligned}
 (1+2) \times (1+2+3+4+5+6) \\
 3 \times 21 &= 63
 \end{aligned}$$

1	2
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

Triangle is polygon
the 1st

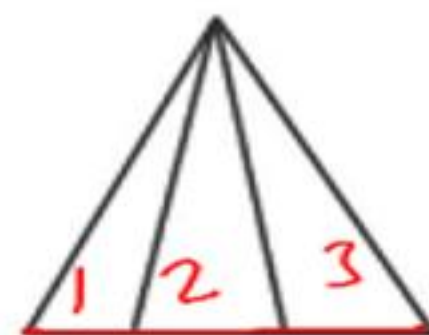
$$1+2+\dots+n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{4 \times 5}{2} = \underline{\underline{10}}$$



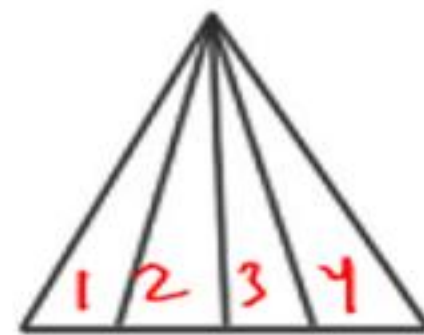
1



3



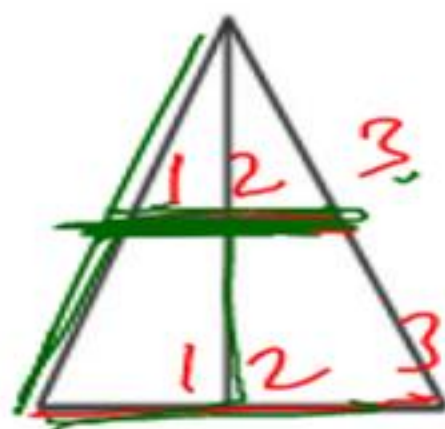
+ +
6



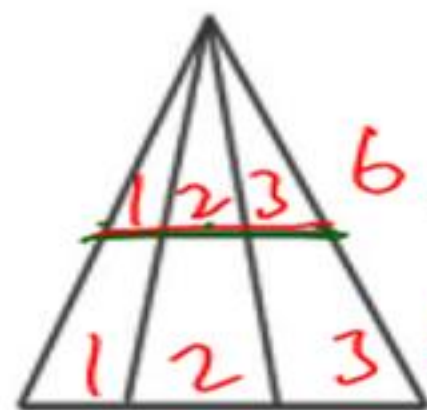
10



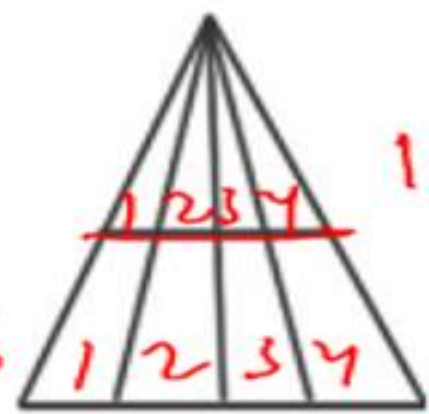
2



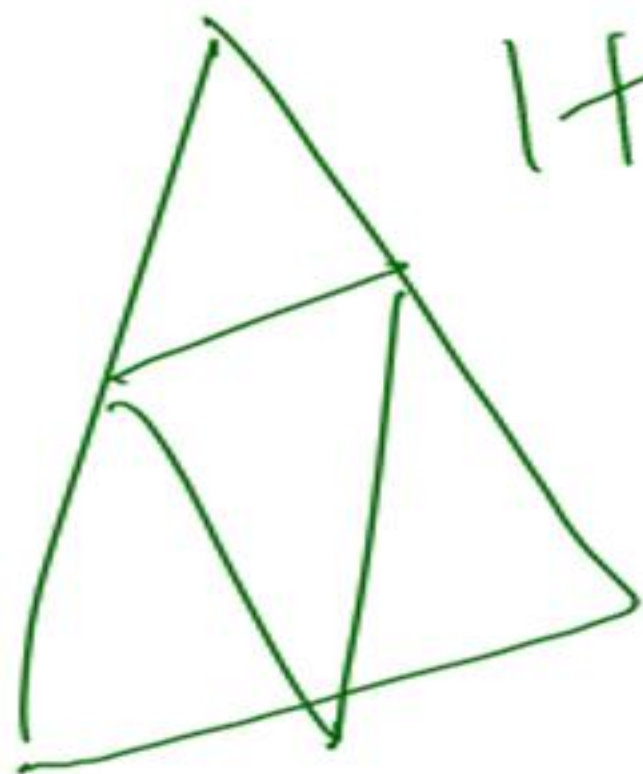
6



12



20



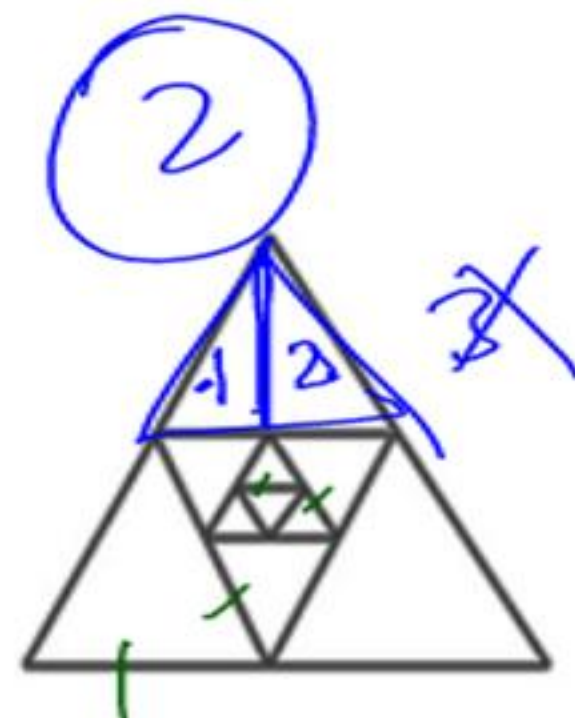
$$1 + 4 = \underline{5\Delta}$$



$$1 + 4 = 5$$



$$1 + 4 + 4 = 9\Delta$$

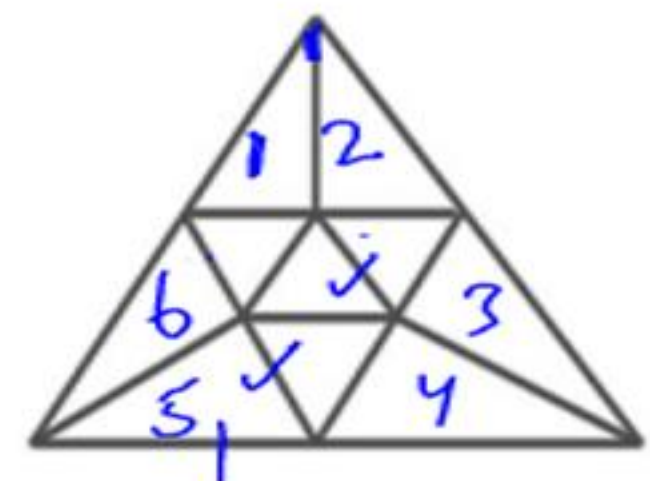
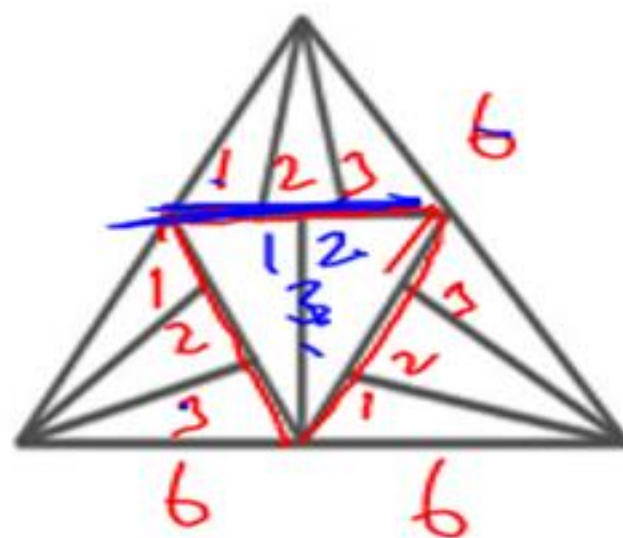
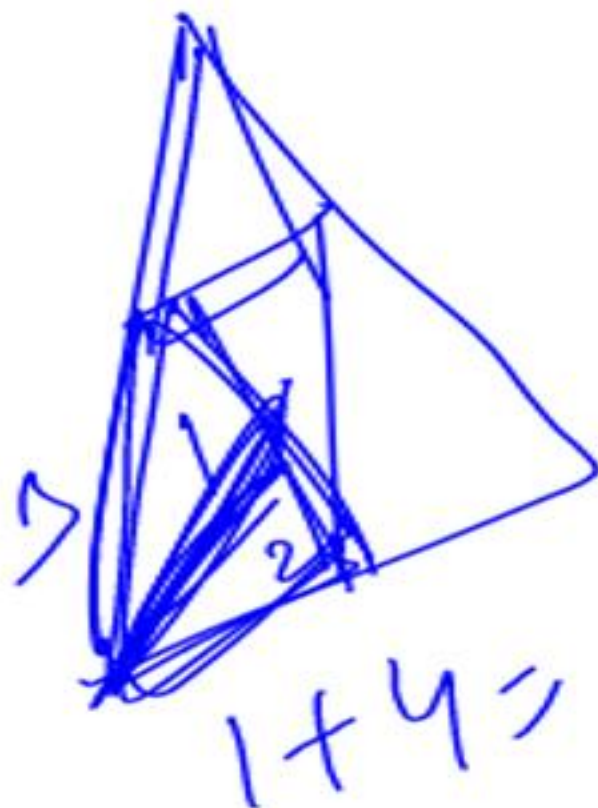


$$1 + 4 + 4 + 4 = \underline{13\Delta}$$

$$6 + 6 + 6 + 3 + 1 = 22$$

↓

largest



$$1 + 4 + 4 + 6$$

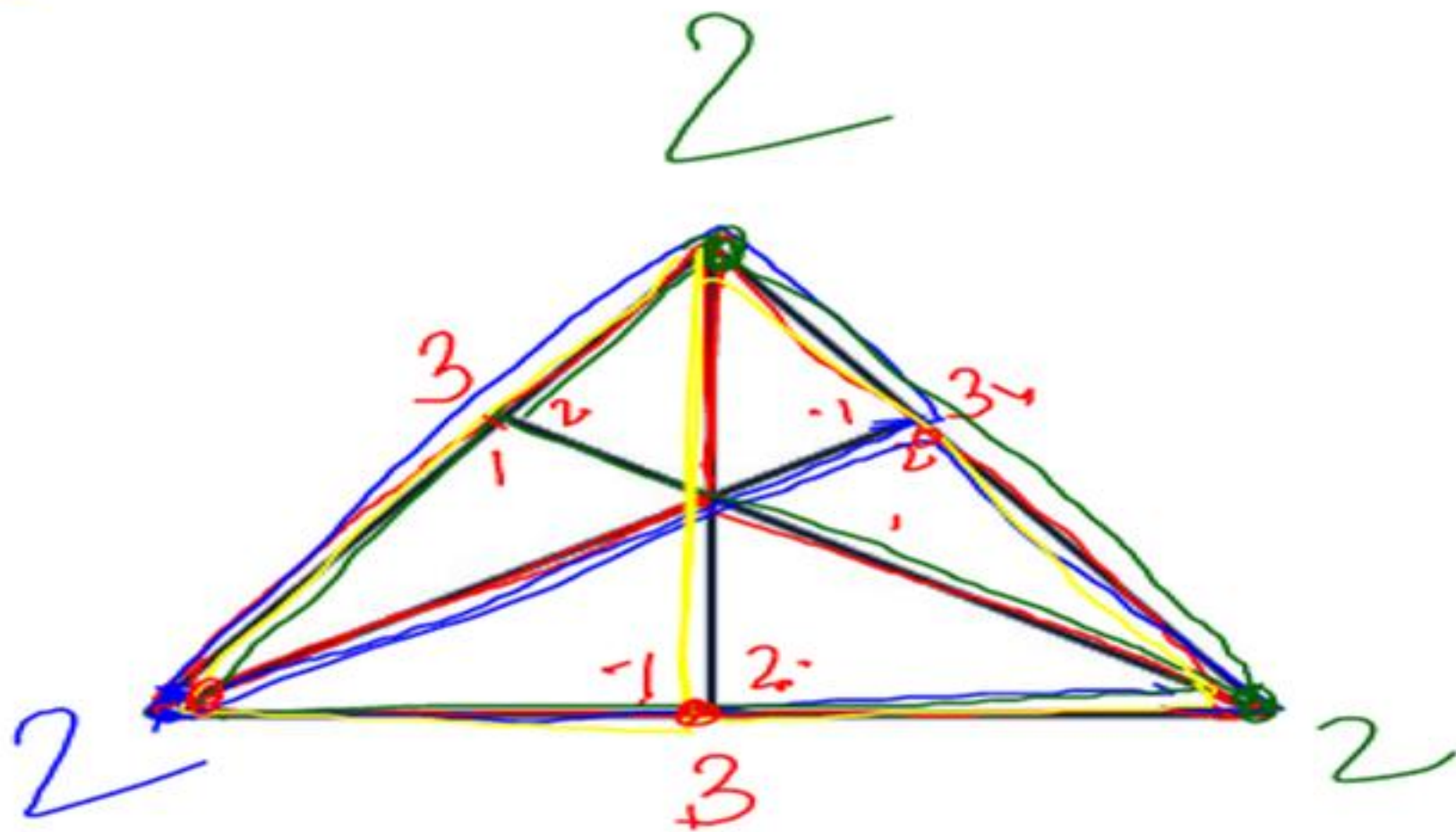
15

2p

$$3+3+3$$

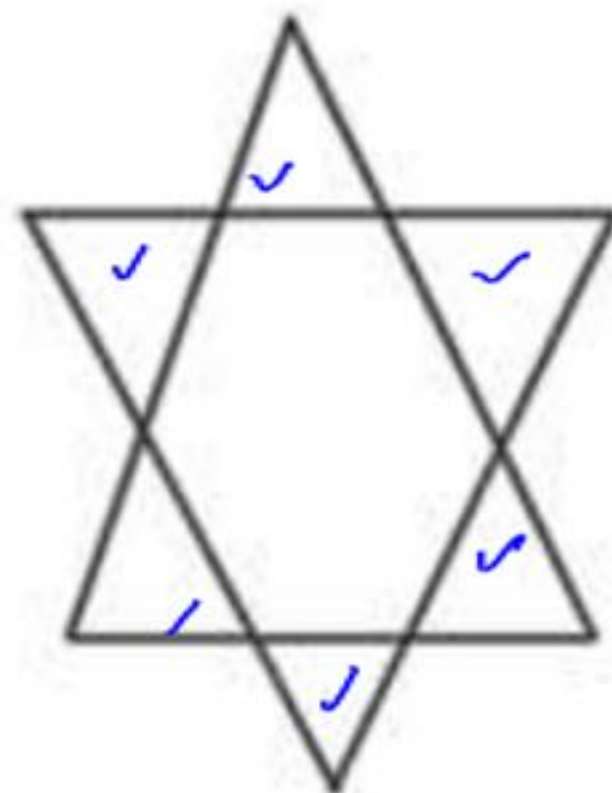
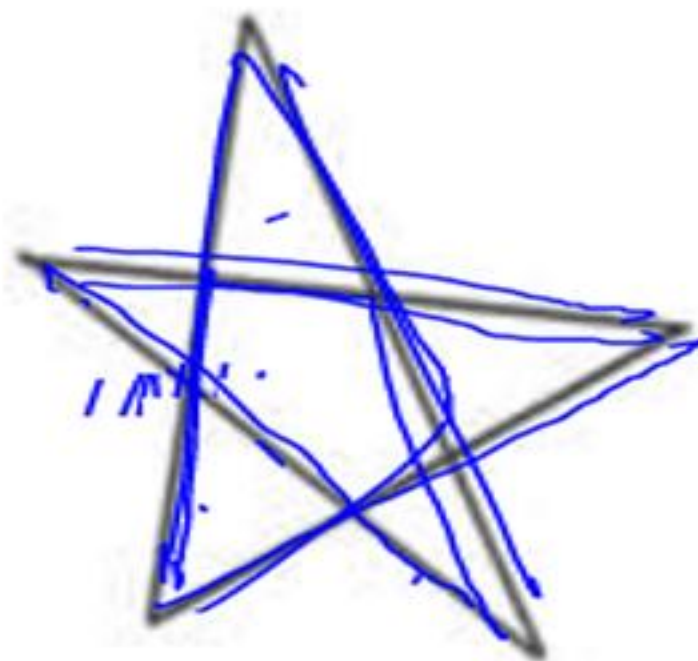
$$2+2+2+1$$

16 ✓



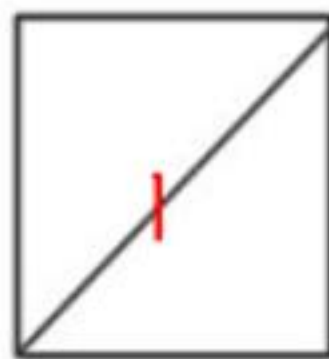
Shaktimaan

$$5 + 5 = \underline{10}$$

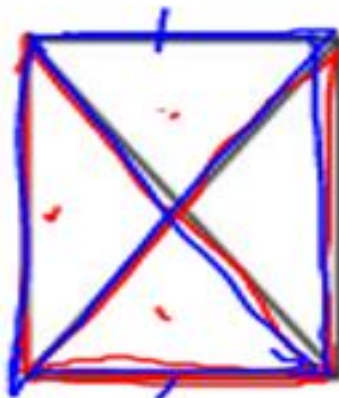


$$6 + 2 = \underline{8\Delta}$$

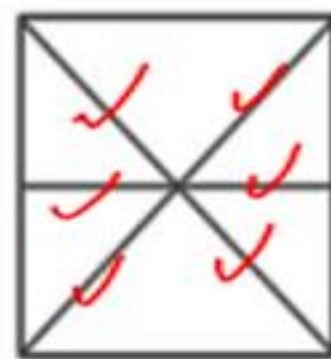
Trick
line segment $\times 2$



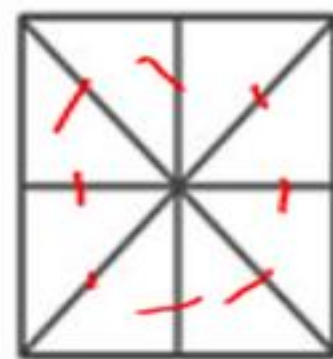
$$1 \times 2 = 2$$



$$4 \times 2 = 8$$

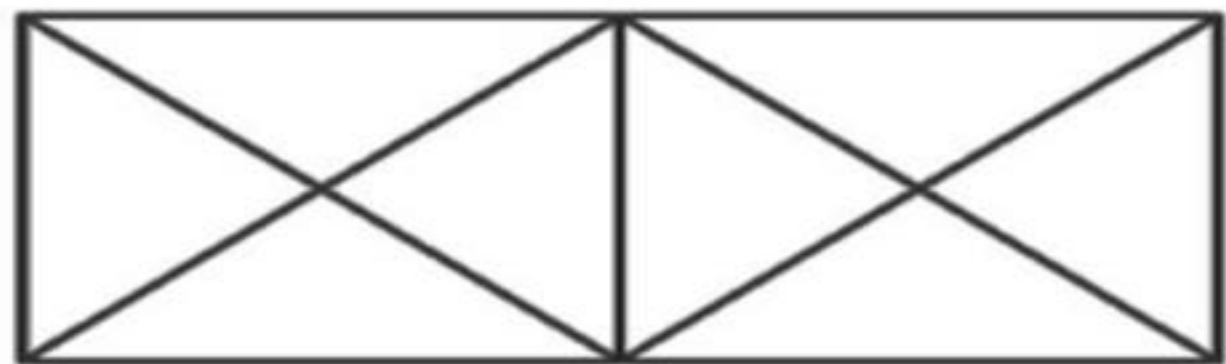


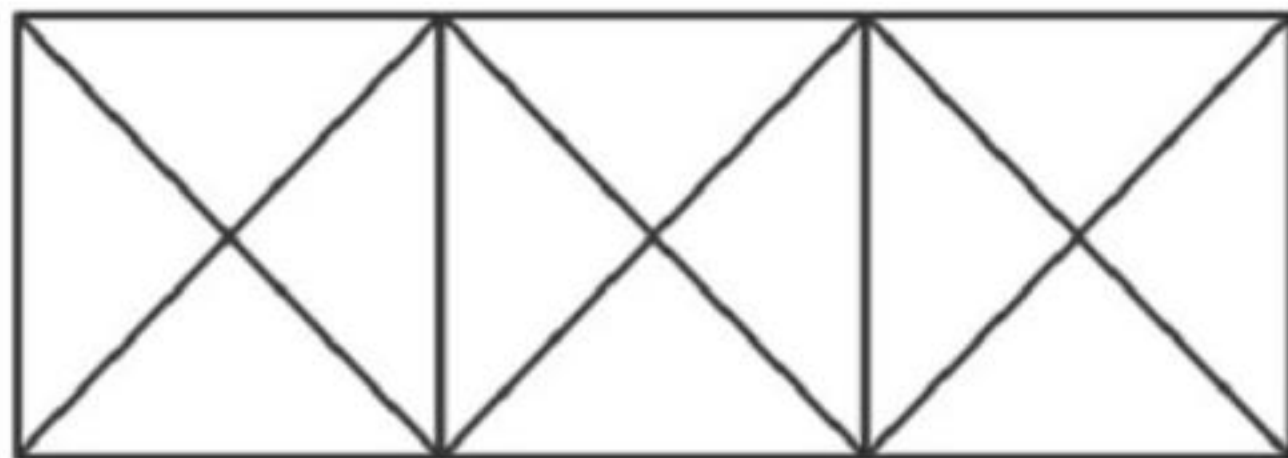
$$6 \times 2 = 12 \quad 8 \times 2 = 16$$

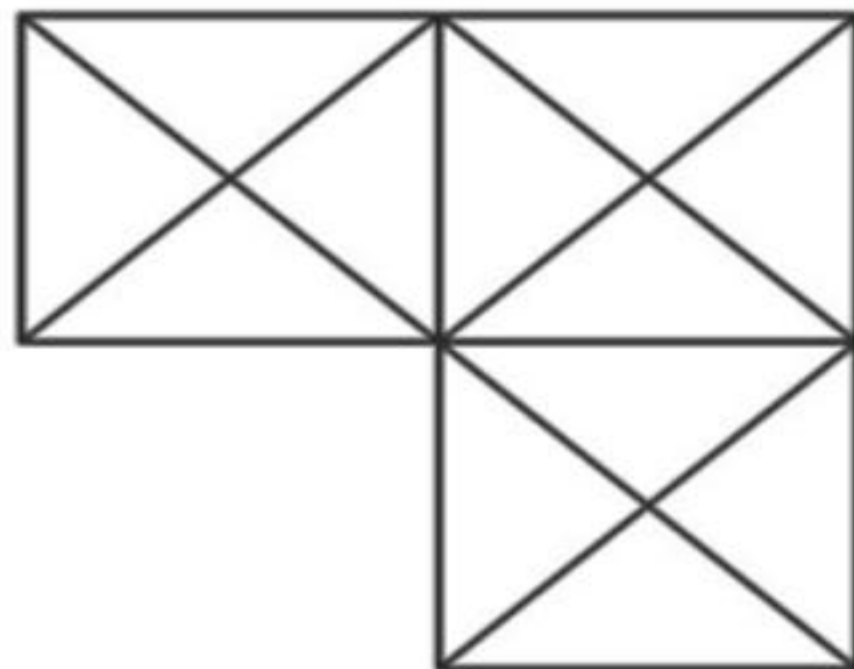


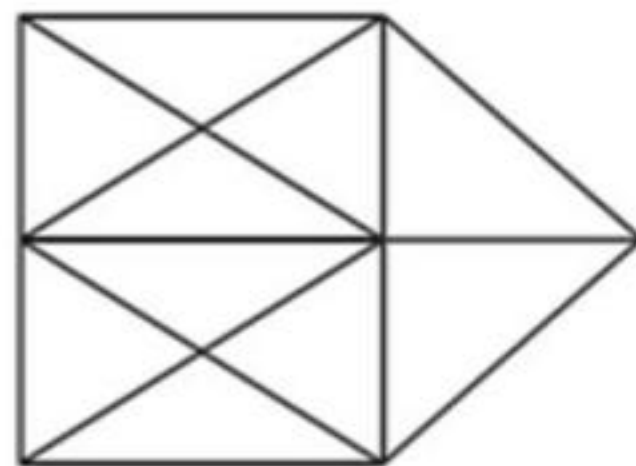
$$\text{Single} = 4$$

$$\text{Double} = 4/8$$





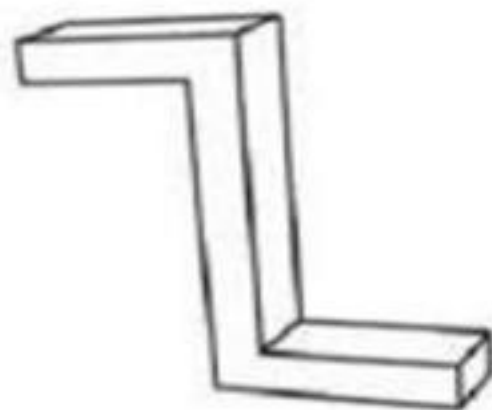






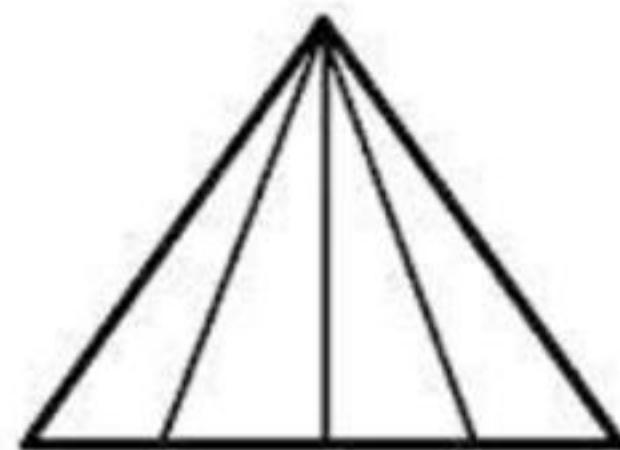
Q. How many surfaces are there in the given figure?

दी गई आकृति में कितने पृष्ठ (सतह) हैं?



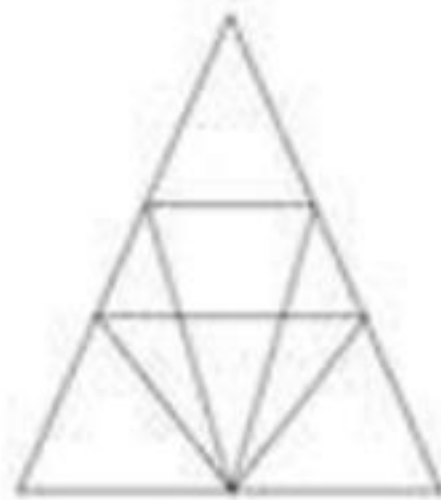
- A. 8
- B. 10
- C. 9
- D. 7

1. Find the number of the triangle from the given figure.



- A. 11
- B. 12
- C. 10
- D. 13

2. Find the number of triangles in the figure.



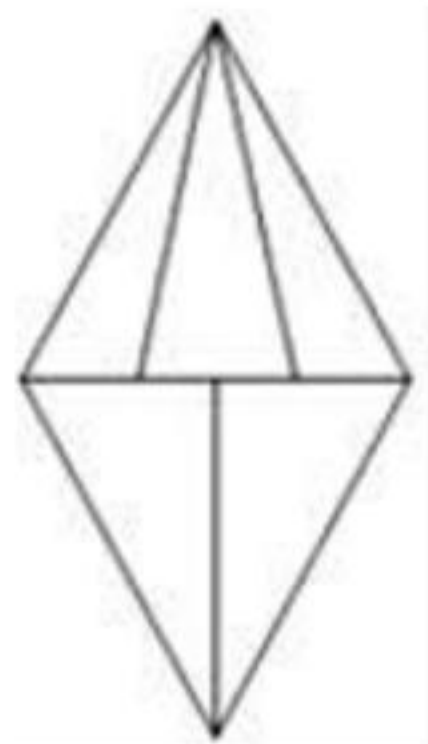
A. 12

B. 18

C. 22

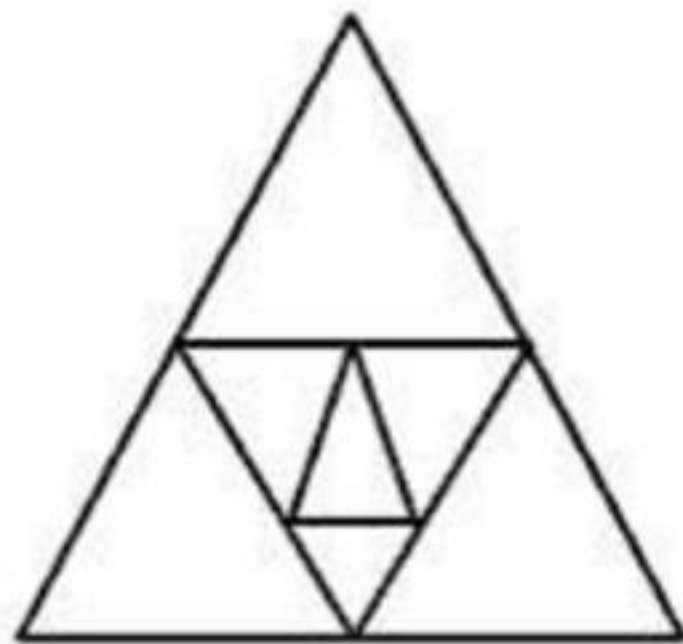
D. 26

3. How many triangles are there in the given figure?



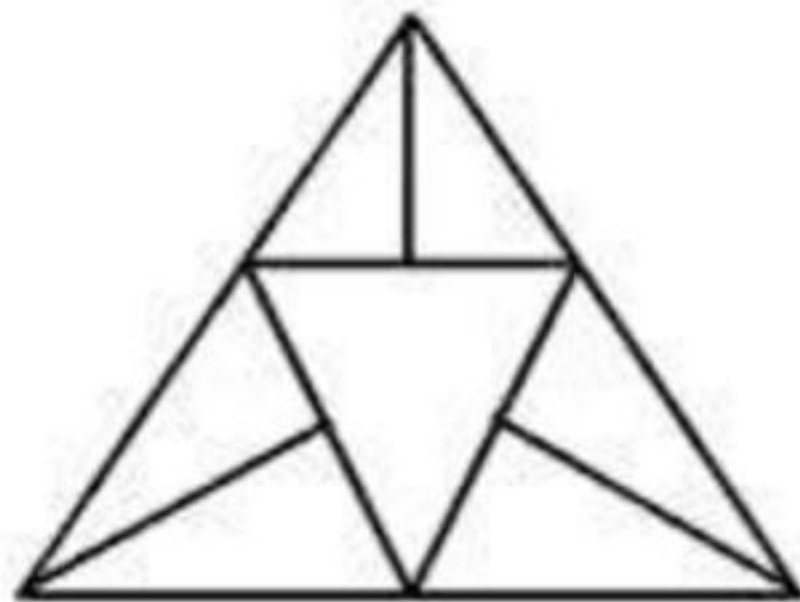
- A. 8
- B. 9
- C. 10
- D. 12

4. Find the number of triangles from the given figure.



- A. 10
- B. 9
- C. 12
- D. 11

5. Find the number of triangles from the given figure.



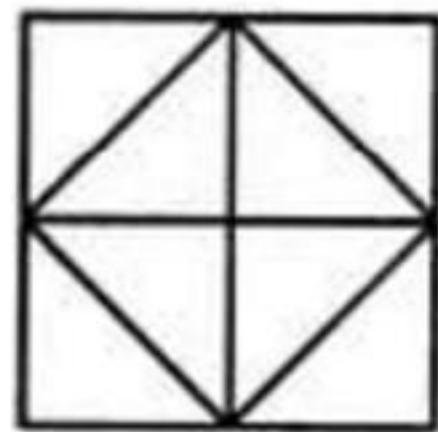
A. 13

B. 12

C. 11

D. 14

6. Find the number of triangles in the given figure.



- A. 8
- B. 10
- C. 12
- D. 14



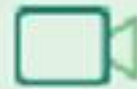
Reasoning with
Kushal Bhaiya

Chapterwise
yo previous
Question Bank

Subscribe to



Unlimited access to all
Structured Live Courses & Mock Tests



**Structured Live
Courses**



**Full Syllabus
Coverage**



**Complete Doubt
Resolution**



Expert Faculty



**Performance &
Report card**