



gradeup

Sahi Prep Hai Toh Life Set Hai

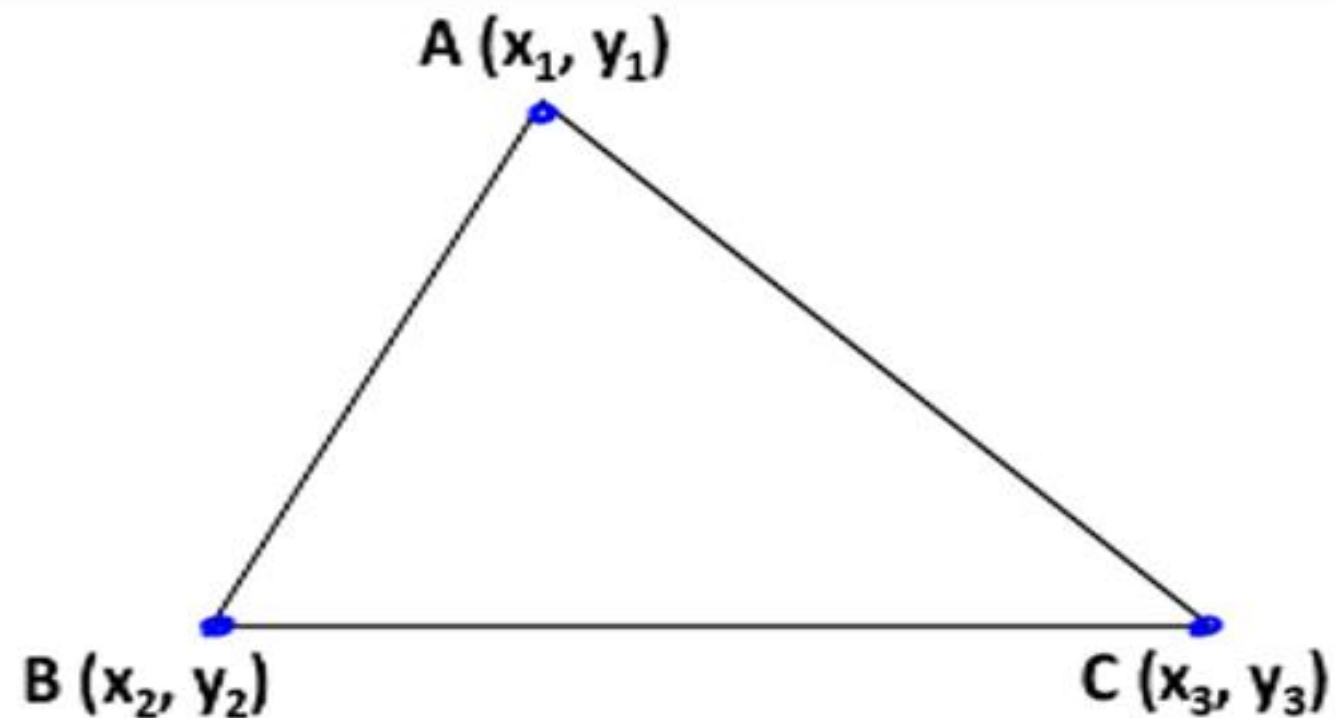
COORDINATE GEOMETRY

AREA OF TRIANGLE

If the coordinates of the three vertices of triangle ABC are :

A (x_1, y_1) , B (x_2, y_2) and C (x_3, y_3)

$$\frac{1}{2} | \underline{x_1} (\underline{y_2} - \underline{y_3}) + \underline{x_2} (\underline{y_3} - \underline{y_1}) + \underline{x_3} (\underline{y_1} - \underline{y_2}) |$$



Eg. Find the area of a triangle whose vertices are:
A (3, 2), B (11, 8) & C (8, 12).

$$x_1 \ y_1 \quad x_2 \ y_2 \quad x_3 \ y_3$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \left| x_1(y_2 - y_3) + x_2(y_3 - y_1) + x_3(y_1 - y_2) \right|$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left| 3(-4) + 11(10) + 8(-6) \right|$$

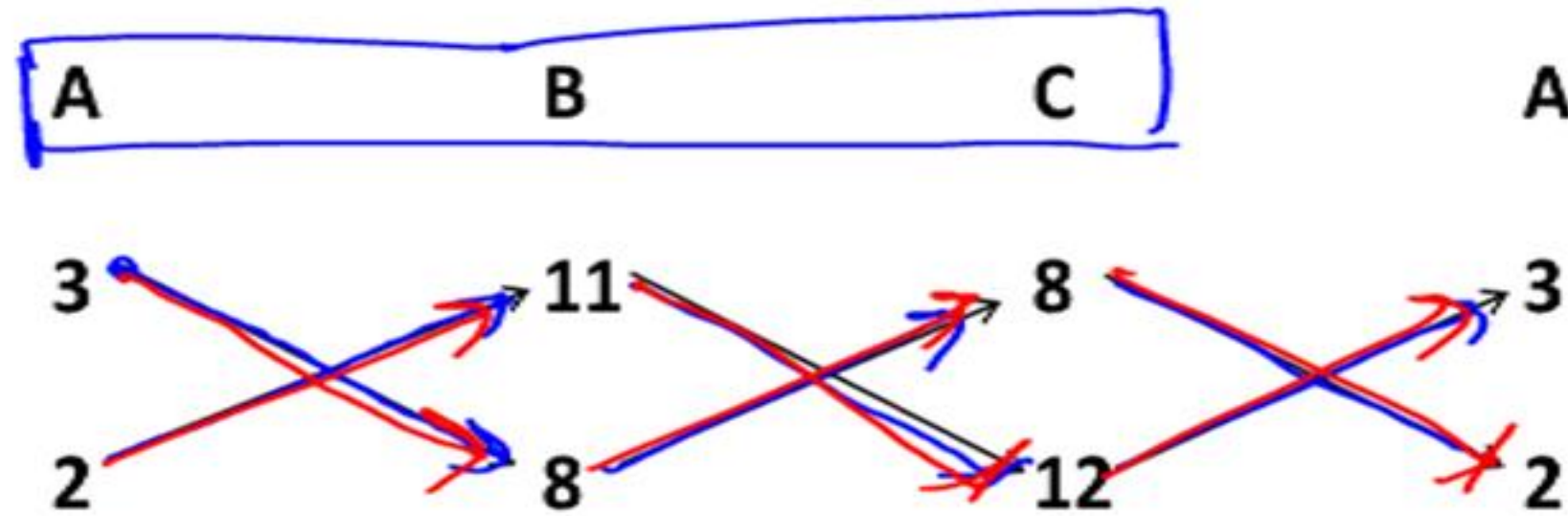
$$= \frac{1}{2} \left| -12 + 110 - 48 \right| = \underline{\underline{25}}$$

Shortcut for calculating area of polygon:

$$\underline{A(3, 2)}$$

$$\underline{B(11, 8)}$$

$$\underline{C(8, 12)}$$

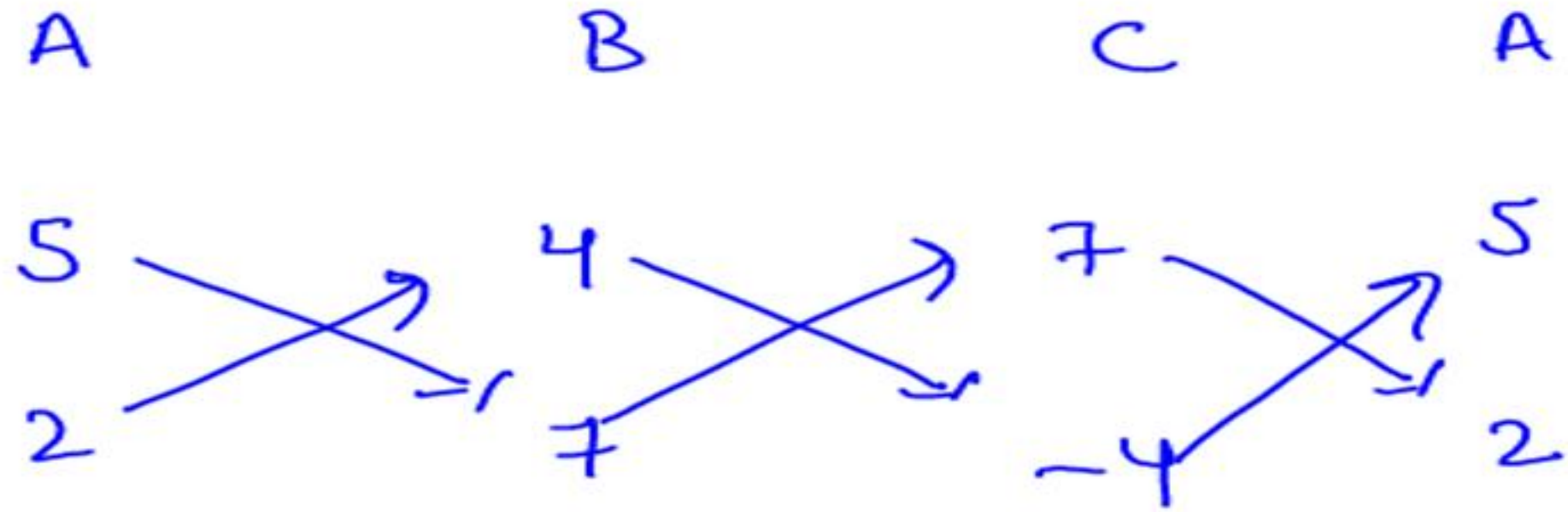


$$\frac{1}{2} |(3 \cdot 8) + (11 \cdot 12) + (8 \cdot 2) - [(2 \cdot 11) + (8 \cdot 8) + (12 \cdot 3)]| = \frac{1}{2} |172 - 122|$$

$$\frac{1}{2} |172 - 122| = \underline{\underline{25}}$$

Ans. 25

Eg. Find the area of a triangle formed by the points :
A (5, 2), B (4, 7) & C (7, -4).

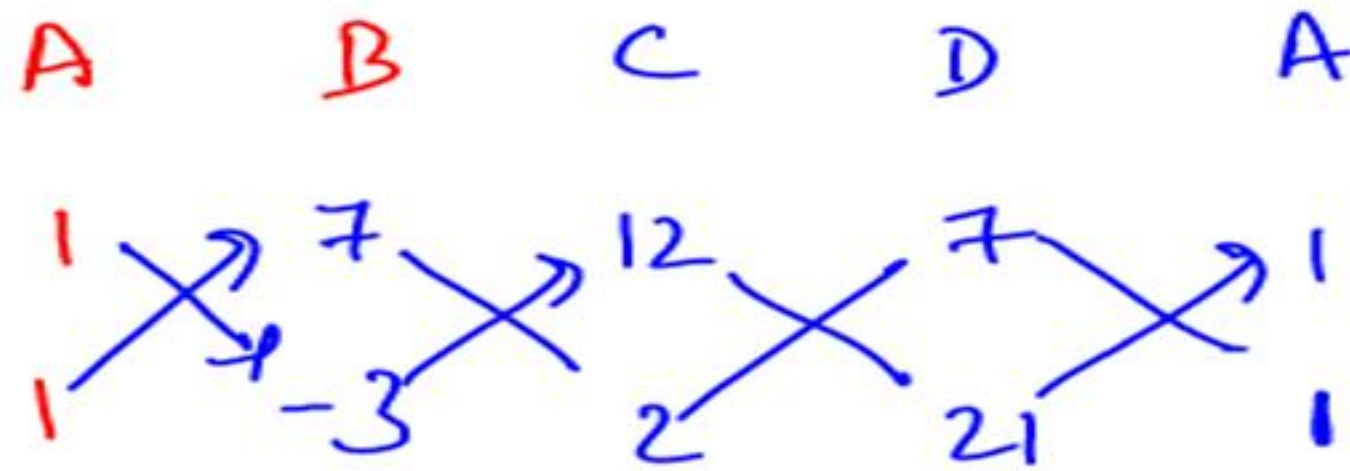


$$\frac{1}{2} \left| \left[(5 \cdot 7) + 4(-4) + 7(2) \right] - \left[2 \cdot 4 + 7 \cdot 7 + (-4) \cdot 5 \right] \right|$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} | 33 - 37 | = \textcircled{2} \checkmark$$

Ans. 2

Eg. Find the area of the quadrilateral ABCD whose vertices are respectively A (1, 1), B (7, -3), C (12, 2) and D (7, 21).

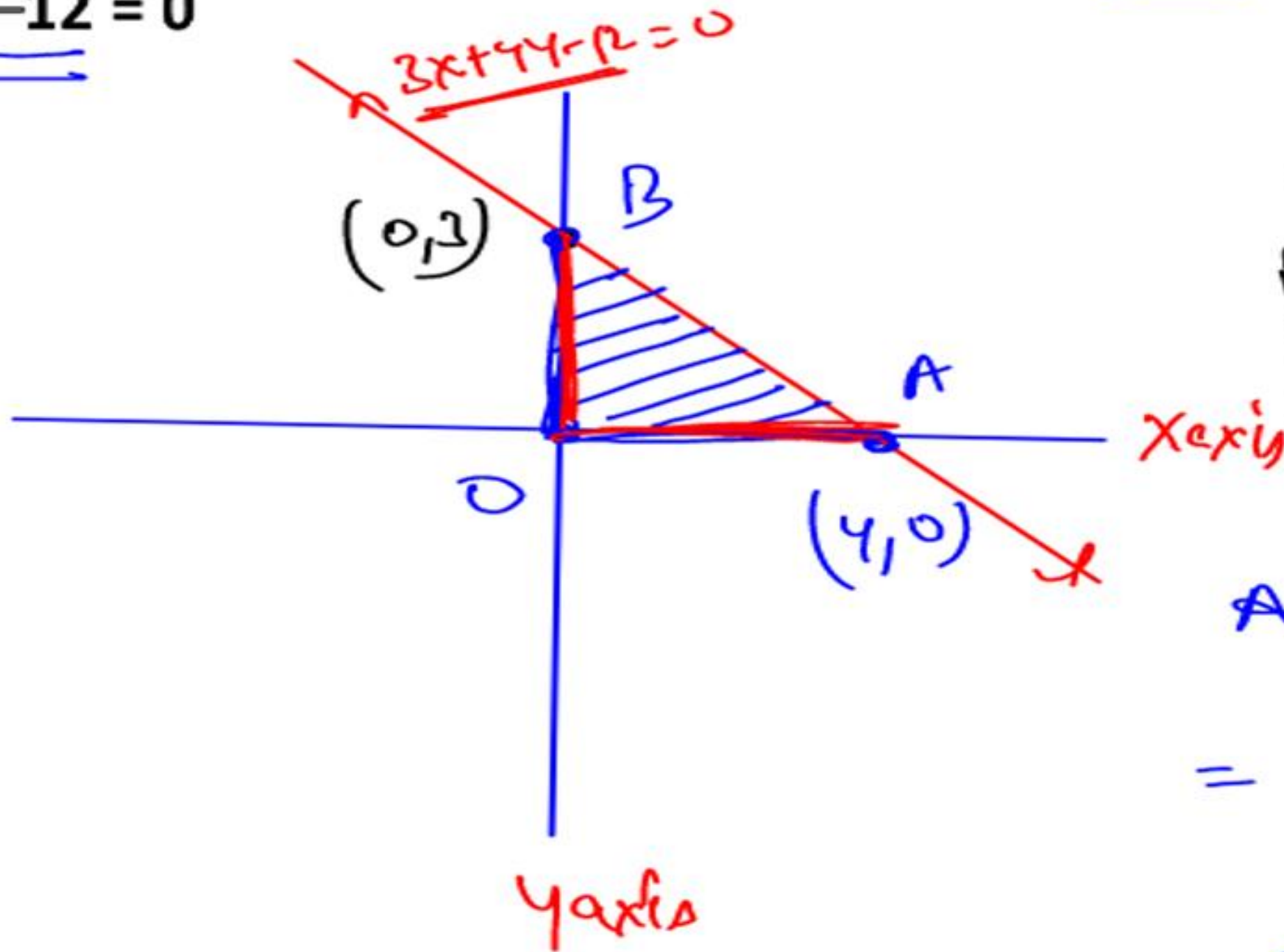


$$\frac{1}{2} \left| (-3 + 14 + 25 + 7) - (7 - 36 + 14 + 21) \right|$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left| 270 - 6 \right| = \underline{\underline{132}}$$

Ans. 132

Eg. Find the area of triangle bounded by x-axis, y-axis and $3x+4y-12=0$



$$3x + 4y = 12$$

x	0	4
y	3	0

Area of $\triangle OAB$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 3$$

$$= 6$$

Ans. 6

Shortcut for previous question:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{x axis} \\ \text{y axis} \end{array} \right. \quad ax + by + c = 0$$

$$\text{Area of } \Delta \text{ formed} = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{c^2}{ab} \right|$$

eg

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{x axis} \\ \text{y axis} \end{array}$$

$$\underline{3x + 4y - 12 = 0}$$

$$\text{Area} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{12^2}{3 \cdot 4}$$

→ 6

Eg. Find the area of the triangle formed by $3x + 4y = 12$,
 $5x - 2y = 7$ and x-axis:

Time \rightarrow 2 min

$$3x + 4y = 12$$

x	0	4
y	3	0

$$5x - 2y = 7$$

x	0	1.4
y	-3.5	0

X axis

$$3x + 4y = 12$$

$$5x - 2y = 7$$

$(0, -3.5)$

$$x = 2 \quad y = 1.5$$

$(0, 3)$

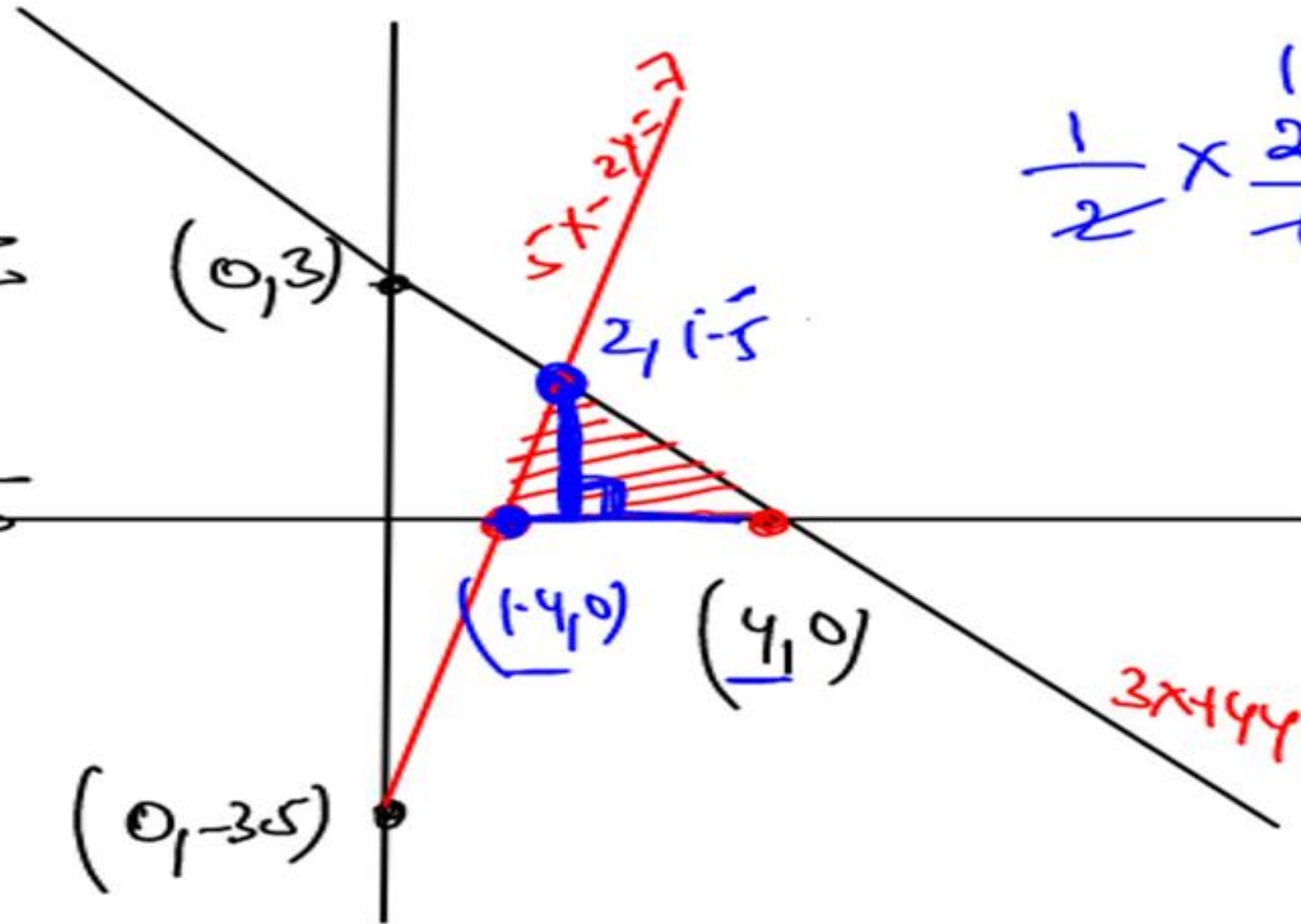
$(1.4, 0)$

$(4, 0)$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{13}{2} \times \frac{3}{10}$$

$$\frac{39}{20}$$

$$3x + 4y = 12$$



Ans. 39/20

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 12 \\ 5x - 2y = 7 \end{cases}$$

x axis

$x = 4$ ✓

$x = 7/5$ ✓

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 12 \\ 5x - 2y = 7 \end{cases}$$

$\left(2, \frac{3}{2} \right)$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times \left(4 - \frac{7}{5} \right) \times \frac{3}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{13}{5} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{39}{20}$$

eg Find area of Δ formed by

$$2x + 3y = 12$$

$$5x - 7y = 1$$

Δ y axis