```
* Complete the 'reverseArray' function below.
3
    * The function is expected to return an INTEGER_ARRAY.
   * The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY arr as parameter.
5
6
8 + /*
   * To return the integer array from the function, you should:
9
          - Store the size of the array to be returned in the result_count variable
0
          - Allocate the array statically or dynamically
11
12
13
    * For example,
    * int* return_integer_array_using_static_allocation(int* result_count) {
14 +
          *result_count = 5;
15
16
17
          static int a[5] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
18
19
           return a;
20
21
22 +
      int* return_integer_array_using_dynamic_allocation(int* result_count) {
23
           *result_count = 5;
24
25
           int *a = malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
26
27 ,
           for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
28
                *(a + i) = i + 1;
29
30
31
           return a;
32
33
     */
34
35 *
    int* reverseArray(int arr_count, int *arr, int *result_count) {
36
         *result_count=arr_count;
37
         static int rev[100];
38
         int i,j=0;
39
         for(i=arr_count-1; i>=0; i--)
40
         rev[j++]=arr[i];
41
         return rev;
42
43 }
 44
```

Test	Expected	Got	
<pre>int arr[] = {1, 3, 2, 4, 5}; int result_count; int* result = reverseArray(5, arr, &result_count); for (int i = 0; i < result_count; i++)</pre>	5 4 2 3 1	5 4 2 3 1	~

```
2
       Complete the 'cutThemAll' function below.
 3
 4
       The function is expected to return a STRING.
 5
       The function accepts following parameters:
        1. LONG_INTEGER_ARRAY lengths
 6
 7
        2. LONG_INTEGER minLength
 8
 9
10 . /*
11
     * To return the string from the function, you should either do static allocation or dynamic allocation
12
     * For example,
13
14 +
       char* return_string_using_static_allocation() {
15
           static char s[] = "static allocation of string";
16
17
           return s;
     * }
18
19
20 .
     * char* return_string_using_dynamic_allocation() {
           char* s = malloc(100 * sizeof(char));
21
22
           s = "dynamic allocation of string";
23
24
25
           return s;
     * }
26
27
     */
28
29 char* cutThemAll(int lengths_count, long *lengths, long minLength) {
30
        int s=0;
        for(int i=0;i<lengths_count-1;i++)</pre>
31
32 .
33
             s+=*(lengths+i);
34
35
        if(s>=minLength)
36 v
        {
37
            return "Possible";
38
39
        else
40 .
        1
            return "Impossible";
41
42
43
44
   }
45
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>long lengths[] = {3, 5, 4, 3}; printf("%s", cutThemAll(4, lengths, 9))</pre>	Possible	Possible	~
~	<pre>long lengths[] = {5, 6, 2}; printf("%s", cutThemAll(3, lengths, 12))</pre>	Impossible	Impossible	~