

We are given:

* An Array $arr[]$ of size N , where each element represents the height of a tower

* A positive integer K , which can be added or subtracted from each tower's height exactly once.

Goal

We need to minimize the difference b/w the tallest and shortest towers after modification.

- ① Sorting the Array: Sorting helps in efficiently picking minimum and maximum heights after modification.
- ② Two choices for Each Tower:
 - * Increase height by K
 - * Decrease height by K
- ③ Handling Negative Heights: We cannot have negative heights. So decreasing is only possible if the result remains non-negative.
- ④ Finding Minimum and maximum Heights:
 - * The smallest tower should be increased to get closer to the others.
 - * The largest tower should be decreased to get closer to the others.
- ⑤ Tracking the Minimum Difference: The goal is to minimize the gap b/w the tallest and shortest towers.

Code in C

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int Compare(const void *a, const void *b){

return (*(int *)a - *(int *)b);

}

int getMinDifference(int arr[], int n, int k){

if(n==1) return 0;

qsort(arr, n, sizeof(int), Compare);

int initial_diff = arr[n-1] - arr[0];

int min_height, max_height;

int result = initial_diff;

for(int i = 1; i < n; i++){

if(arr[i] - k < 0) continue;

min_height = (arr[0] + k < arr[i] - k) ? arr[0] + k :
arr[i] - k;max_height = (arr[n-1] - k > arr[i-1] + k) ? arr[n-1] - k :
arr[i-1] + k;

result = (result < (max_height - min_height)) ?

result : (max_height - min_height);

}

return result;

}

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int main() {
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    int arr[] = {1, 15, 10};
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    int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
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    int k = 6;
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    printf("Minimum Difference : %d\n", getMinDifference(arr, n, k));
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    return 0;
```

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}
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