

PROJECT TITLE :

OTP VERIFICATION SYSTEM

What is an OTP validation process by SMS?

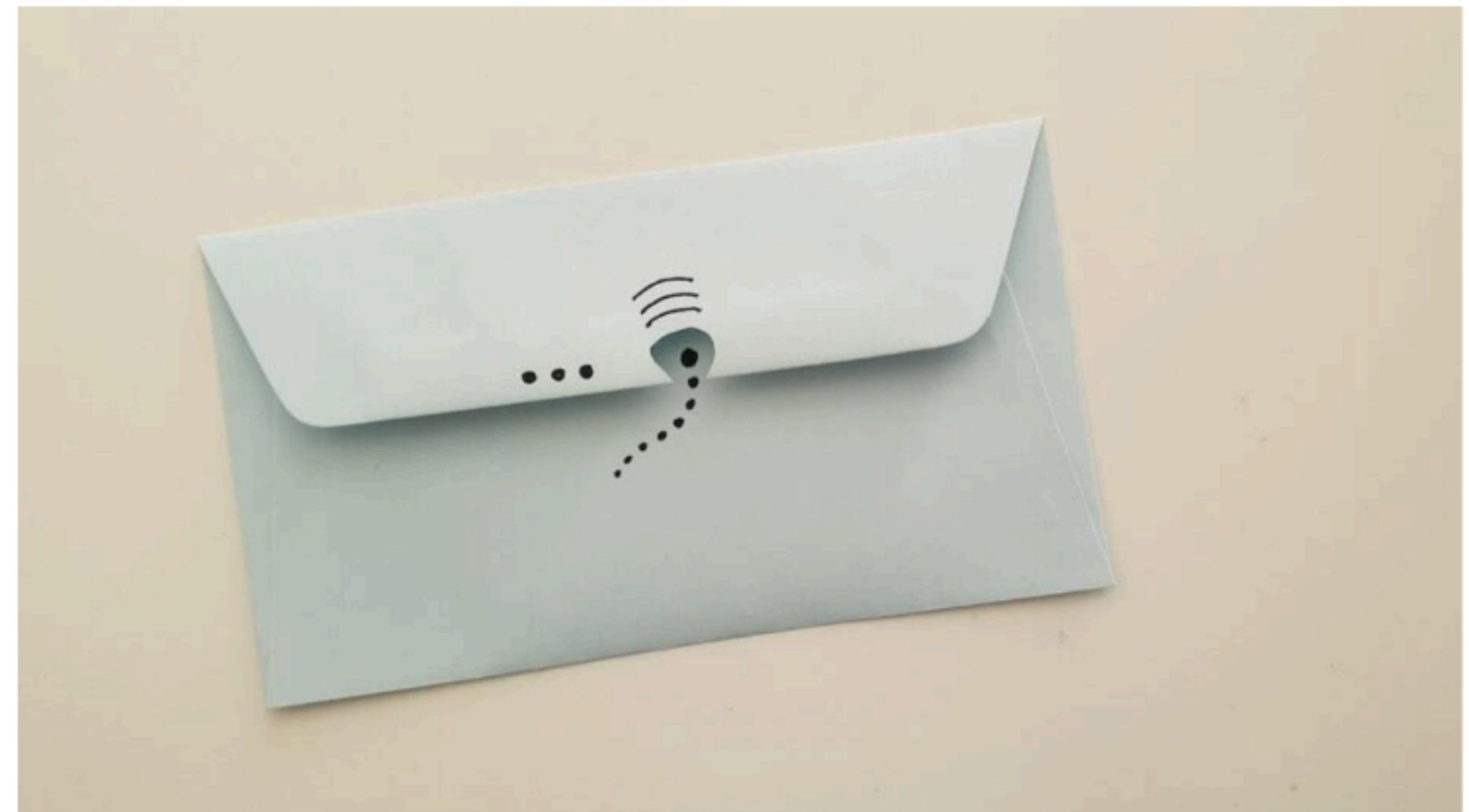


AGENDA:

- Introduction: Email OTP Verification Process Overview
- Generating OTP: Random 6-digit Code, Function Implementation
- Sending OTP via Email: SMTP Protocol, MIMEText and MIME-Multipart
- Handling Sender Password: Secure Handling, Environment Variable
- Implementing OTP Verification: User Input Validation, Matching OTPs
- Email Configuration: Server, Port, Login Process
- Error Handling: Exception Handling, Error Messages
- Access Control: Successful Verification, Access Granted
- Access Denied Scenario: Too Many Incorrect Attempts
- Conclusion: Summary of OTP Verification Process, Security Best Practices

Introduction: Email OTP Verification Process Overview

- **Overview of OTP:** One-Time Password (OTP) is a security feature that provides a temporary code for user verification
- **Verification Process:** OTP is used to validate the identity of users during various authentication processes
- **Email Security:** Using email for OTP delivery requires secure protocols to protect sensitive information



CODE :

```
IMPORT RANDOM  
IMPORT SMTPLIB  
FROM EMAIL.MIME.TEXT IMPORT MIMETEXT  
FROM EMAIL.MIME.MULTIPART IMPORT MIMEMULTIPART  
IMPORT OS
```

Sending OTP via Email: SMTP Protocol, MIMEText and MIMEMultipart Modules

- **SMTP Protocol:** Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) is used to send emails securely over the internet
- **MIMEText and MIMEMultipart:** Modules for creating email messages with text and attachments, essential for sending OTPs via email



```
# FUNCTION TO GENERATE A 6-DIGIT OTP
```

```
DEF GENERATE_OTP():
```

```
    OTP = RANDOM.RANDINT(100000, 999999)
```

```
    RETURN STR(OTP)
```

Generating OTP: Random 6-digit Code

- **Randomized Code Generation:** The OTP is a randomly generated 6-digit code to enhance security and unpredictability
- **Function Implementation:** Implementing a function to generate OTP ensures a consistent and reliable method for creating unique verification codes



```
IMPORT OS  
# SET THE ENVIRONMENT VARIABLE FOR THE SENDER PASSWORD  
OS.ENVIRON['SENDER_PASSWORD'] = 'HKZD SMHE NDYX BVGE'
```

Setting Environment Variables

- **Security in Code Settings:** By setting environment variables like SENDER_PASSWORD, sensitive information can be securely managed and accessed in the code without exposing it to potential risks like hardcoding.
- **Protection against Exposure:** Avoids the exposure of sensitive information, such as passwords, to version control systems or accidental sharing in code repositories, enhancing the overall security posture of the application.



```

# FUNCTION TO SEND THE OTP VIA EMAIL
DEF SEND_OTP_VIA_EMAIL( RECEIVER_EMAIL, OTP):
    SENDER_EMAIL = "NVENKATESWARLU95@GMAIL.COM"
    SENDER_PASSWORD = OS.GETENV("SENDER_PASSWORD")
    IF NOT SENDER_PASSWORD:
        PRINT("ERROR: SENDER PASSWORD IS NOT SET. PLEASE ENSURE THE
              SENDER_PASSWORD ENVIRONMENT VARIABLE IS SET.")
        RETURN

    MESSAGE = MIMEMULTIPART()
    MESSAGE["FROM"] = SENDER_EMAIL
    MESSAGE["TO"] = RECEIVER_EMAIL
    MESSAGE["SUBJECT"] = "YOUR OTP CODE"

    BODY = F"YOUR OTP CODE IS {OTP}"
    MESSAGE.ATTACH(MIMETEXT(BODY, "PLAIN"))

    TRY:
        SERVER = SMTPLIB.SMTP("SMTP.GMAIL.COM", 587)
        SERVER.STARTTLS()
        SERVER.LOGIN(SENDER_EMAIL, SENDER_PASSWORD)
        SERVER.SENDMAIL(SENDER_EMAIL, RECEIVER_EMAIL, MESSAGE.AS_STRING())
        SERVER.CLOSE()
        PRINT("OTP SENT SUCCESSFULLY!")
    EXCEPT SMTPLIB.SMTPEXCEPTION AS E:
        PRINT(F"FAILED TO SEND OTP: {E}")
        EXCEPT EXCEPTION AS E:
            PRINT(F"AN ERROR OCCURRED: {E}")

```

Handling Sender Password

- **Secure Password Management:** Utilizing environment variables for sender passwords ensures secure handling and access control, reducing the likelihood of unauthorized access or misuse of sensitive authentication credentials.
- **Environment Variable Usage:** By incorporating sender passwords as environment variables, developers can adhere to best practices for secure password management and prevent accidental exposure of credentials in code.



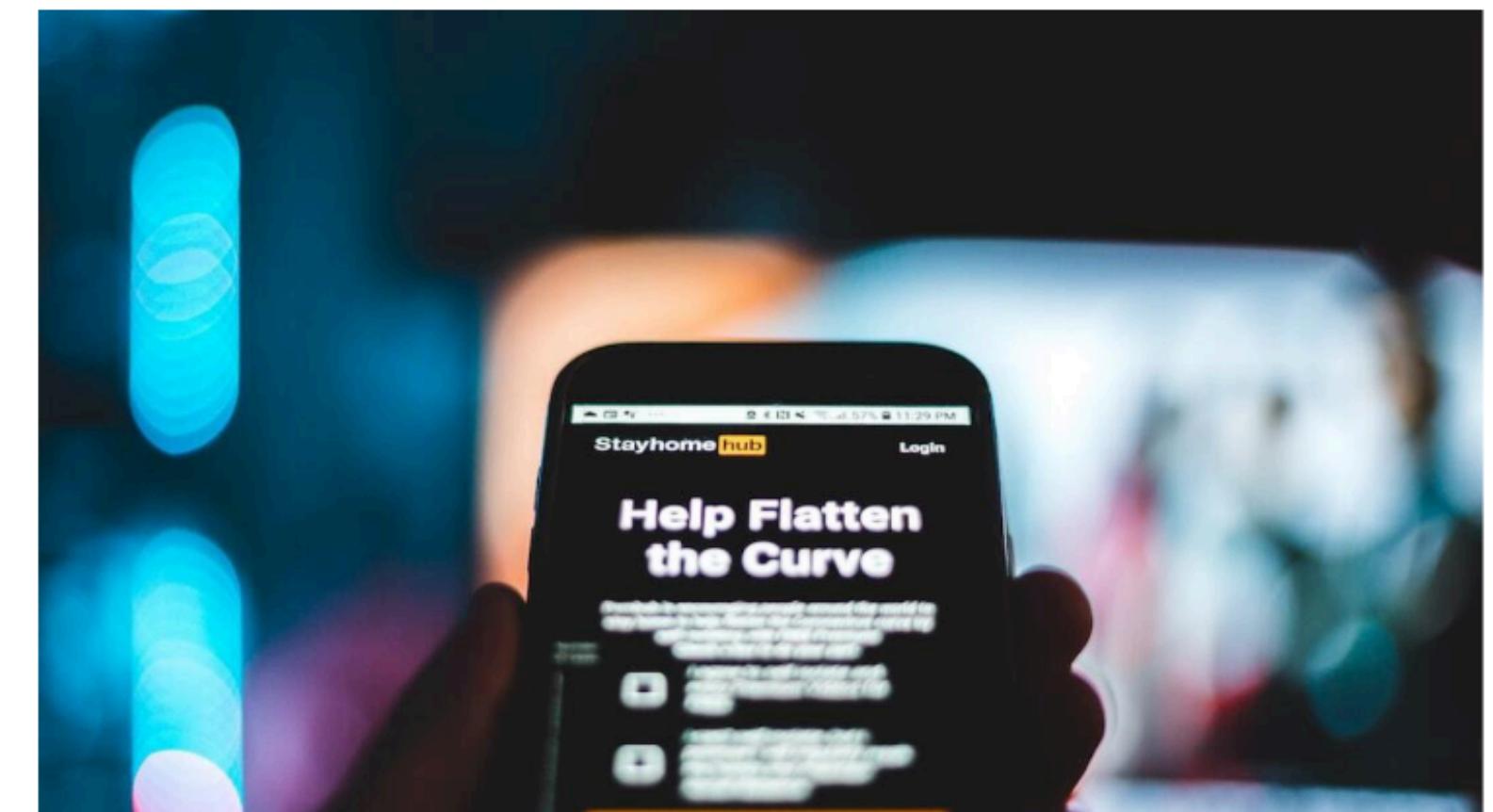
FUNCTION TO PROMPT THE USER TO ENTER THE OTP

```
DEF GET_USER_OTP():
```

```
RETURN INPUT("ENTER THE OTP SENT TO YOUR EMAIL:")
```

User Input

- **User Interaction Dynamics:** Engaging users through input prompts for receiver email enhances the user experience and interaction flow, making the OTP verification process more user-friendly and intuitive.
- **Receiver Email Validation:** Validating and processing receiver email input ensures the accuracy and completeness of user-provided information, leading to more effective communication and verification procedures.



FUNCTION TO VERIFY IF THE ENTERED OTP MATCHES THE GENERATED OTP

```
DEF VERIFY_OTP(GENERATED_OTP, USER_OTP):  
    RETURN GENERATED_OTP == USER_OTP
```

Email Configuration

- **Server and Port Settings:** Configuring the email server and port parameters ensures proper communication channels for sending OTP emails, facilitating reliable and efficient delivery of verification codes to users.

- **Login Process and Authentication:** Implementing secure login processes and authentication mechanisms enhances the overall email security, safeguarding the delivery of OTPs and preventing unauthorized access to email communication channels.



```
# MAIN FUNCTION TO HANDLE THE OTP VERIFICATION PROCESS
```

```
DEF MAIN():
```

```
    OTP = GENERATE_OTP()
```

```
    RECEIVER_EMAIL = "KAREMPUDILOKESH123@GMAIL.COM"
```

```
    SEND_OTP_VIA_EMAIL(RECEIVER_EMAIL, OTP)
```

Email Configuration: Server, Port, Login Process

```
    ATTEMPTS = 3
```

```
    WHILE ATTEMPTS > 0:
```

```
        USER_OTP = GET_USER_OTP()
```

```
        IF VERIFY_OTP(OTP, USER_OTP):
```

```
            PRINT("ACCESS GRANTED!")
```

```
            RETURN
```

```
        ELSE:
```

```
            PRINT("INCORRECT OTP. PLEASE TRY AGAIN.")
```

```
            ATTEMPTS -= 1
```

```
    PRINT("ACCESS DENIED. TOO MANY INCORRECT ATTEMPTS.")
```

```
IF __NAME__ == "__MAIN__":
```

```
    MAIN()
```

- **Email Server Setup:** Configuring the email server with the necessary settings for sending and receiving emails
- **Port Configuration:** Specifying the port number for SMTP communication, typically port 587 for secure email communication
- **Login Process:** Authenticating the sender's email address and password to establish a connection with the email server



Error Handling: Exception Handling, Error Messages

- **Exception Handling:** Implementing mechanisms to gracefully handle unexpected errors and exceptions during the OTP verification process
- **Error Messages:** Providing clear and concise error messages to guide users in the event of OTP verification failures

OTP SENT SUCCESSFULLY!
ENTER THE OTP SENT TO YOUR EMAIL: 886424

ACCESS GRANTED!

Access Control: Successful Verification, Access Granted

- **Successful Verification:** Confirming the validity of the OTP entered by the user to grant access for verification
- **Access Granted:** Allowing the user to proceed with the desired action after successful OTP verification



ENTER THE OTP SENT TO YOUR EMAIL: 4531
INCORRECT OTP. PLEASE TRY AGAIN.
ACCESS DENIED. TOO MANY INCORRECT ATTEMPTS.

Access Denied Scenario: Too Many Incorrect Attempts

- **Too Many Incorrect Attempts:** Triggering access denial when the user exceeds the allowed number of failed OTP verification attempts

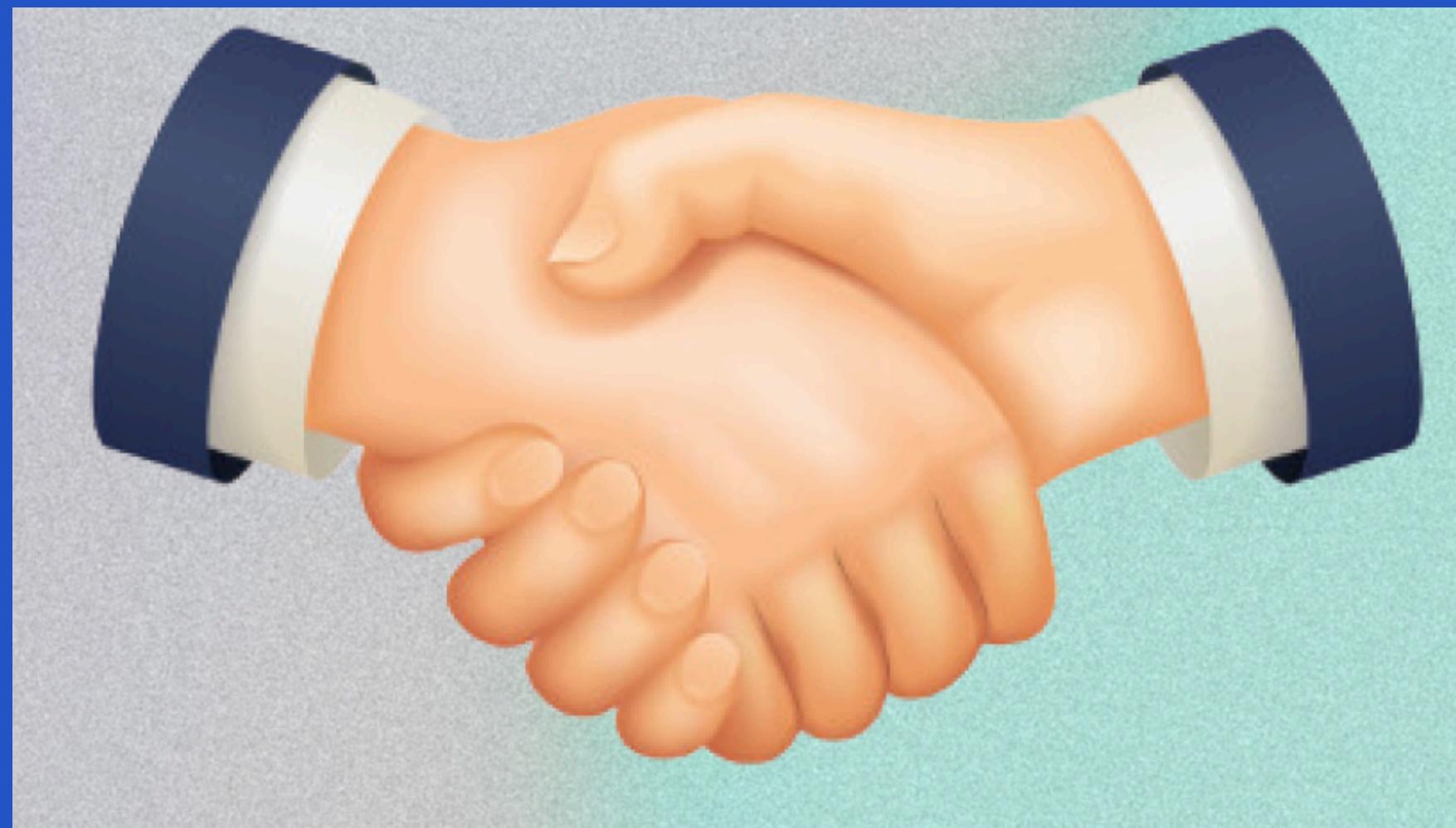


Conclusion: Summary of OTP Verification Process, Security Best Practices

- **Summary of OTP Verification Process:** Recapitulating the key steps involved in the OTP verification process from generation to access control
- **Security Best Practices:** Highlighting the importance of secure practices such as password encryption, error handling, and access control to enhance the security of the OTP verification process



THANK YOU



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