CALL CENTRE DATA ANALYSIS PROJECT

Project Overview:

Analysing Customers Data For A Call Centre To Gain Insights And Enhance Decision-Making.

Project Objective:

Generate A Improved Dynamic Dashboard's For Call Centre Customers To Analyze And Visualize Customers Data.

Project Requirements:

- Problem Statement
- Data Source
- Software's Required

Problem Statements:

- 1. Overall customer satisfaction
- 2. Overall calls answered/abandoned
- 3. Calls by time
- 4. Average speed of answer
- 5. Agent's performance quadrant -> average handle time (talk duration) vs calls answered
- 6. Define proper KPIs
- 7. Create a dashboard for the retention manager reflecting the KPIs

Data Source:

Utilizing Customers Data Collected By Call Centre For Comprehensive Data Analysis.

Data Collection Tool : MS excel

Software's Used:

OS Tool : ChatGPT

BI Tool : Microsoft Power BI

Project Process:

Step By Step Process:

- 1. Collecting the Data set
- 2. Importing Data set Into Power Bi
- 3. Data Transform And Cleaning
- 4. Data Processing(DAX)
- 5. Data Visualization
- 6. Final Dash Board

1.Collecting Data

The Data set collected From Call Centre In The Form Of Excel Sheets.

2.Importing Data set Into Microsoft Power BI

- For That, Open Power BI, Go to Get Data and Select Excel Workbook Then, Make a Connection With Excel File
- After Completion of Connection we can Load Or Transform Data Based On Requirement

3,4.Data Cleaning & Processing

- ➤ After Loading Data Into PowerBI By Using The Power Query Editor, We Perform DAX(Data Analysis Express) For Data cleaning and Processing
- These Are Some Of DAX Formulas written for Data Visualization

DAX Formula's:

1.Date Table

```
Date Table = CALENDAR(MIN('Call Centre Data'[Date]),MAX('Call Centre
Data'[Date]))
Hour Table = VAR StartingHour = 0 VAR EndingHour = 23
RETURN GENERATESERIES(StartingHour, EndingHour)
```

2. Customers Data table

- 1. Total Calls Answered = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS('Call Centre Data'),'Call
 Centre Data'[Answered (Y/N)]= "Y")
- 2. Avg Satisfaction = AVERAGE('Call Centre Data'[Satisfaction rating])
- 3. Overall Calls Answered = COUNTROWS(FILTER('Call Centre Data','Call
 Centre Data'[Answered (Y/N)]="Y"))
- 4. Overall Calls Abandoned = COUNTROWS(FILTER('Call Centre Data','Call
 Centre Data'[Answered (Y/N)]="N"))

DIVIDE(_countpositive,_counttotal)

- 6. Average Handle Time = AVERAGEX(FILTER('Call Centre Data', 'Call
 Centre Data'[Answered (Y/N)] = "Y")'Call Centre
 Data'[AvgTalkDuration])
- 7. Average Speed of Answer = AVERAGEX(FILTER('Call Centre Data','Call
 Centre Data'[Answered (Y/N)] = "Y")'Call Centre Data'[Speed of
 answer in seconds])
- 8. CallsByHour = COUNTROWS(FILTER('Call Centre Data',HOUR('Call Centre
 Data'[Time]) = VALUE(FORMAT(NOW(), "HH"))))
- 9. CallsByTime = COUNTROWS('Call Centre Data')

3.Churn Data Table

- 1. Total No Of Customers = COUNT('01 Churn-Dataset'[customerID])
- 2. Total Tenure = SUM('01 Churn-Dataset'[tenure])
- 3. Total Charges = SUM('01 Churn-Dataset'[TotalCharges])
- 4. Tech Tickets Count = SUM('01 Churn-Dataset'[numTechTickets])
- 5. Tech support yes = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset'[TechSupport]="Yes")))
- 6. Streaming TV yes = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Datase
- 7. Streaming Movies yes = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset'[StreamingMovies]="Yes")))
- 8. Phone service yes = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset'[PhoneService]="Yes")))
- 9. Phone Service Rate = DIVIDE([Phone service yes],[Total No Of Customers])
- 10. Phone service No = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset'[PhoneService]="No")))
- 11. Parters Count = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset'[Partner] = "Yes")))
- 12. Online Security yes = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset'[OnlineSecurity]="Yes")))
- 13. Online Backup yes = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset'[OnlineBackup]="Yes")))
- 14. No Of Senior Citizens = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-Dataset'[SeniorCitizen]="1")))

```
15. No Of Churn Customers = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-
   Dataset'[Churn]="YES")))
16. Multilines Yes = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-
   Dataset'[MultipleLines]="Yes")))
17. Multilines Rate = DIVIDE([Multilines Yes],[Total No Of Customers])
18. Multilines No Phone service = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01
   Churn-Dataset'[MultipleLines]="No Phone Service")))
19. Multilines No = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-
   Dataset'[MultipleLines]="No")))
20. Monthly Charges = SUM('01 Churn-Dataset'[MonthlyCharges])
21. Internet Service No = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-
   Dataset'[InternetService]="No")))
22. Internet Service Fiber Optic = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01
   Churn-Dataset'[InternetService]="Fiber Optic")))
23. Internet Service DSL = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-
   Dataset'[InternetService]="DSL")))
24. Fiber Optic Internet Rate = DIVIDE([Internet Service Fiber Optic],[Total No Of
   Customers])
25. DSL Internet Rate = DIVIDE([Internet Service DSL],[Total No Of Customers])
26. Device Protection Yes = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-
   Dataset'[DeviceProtection]="Yes")))
27. Dependents' Count = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS(FILTER('01 Churn-Dataset','01 Churn-
   Dataset'[Dependents] = "Yes")))
28. Customer Tenure = DIVIDE([Total Tenure],[Total No Of Customers])
29. Churn Rate = DIVIDE([No Of Churn Customers], [Total No Of Customers])
30. Avg Monthly Charges = DIVIDE([Monthly Charges],[Total No Of Customers])
31. Avg Charges Per Customer = DIVIDE([Total Charges], [Total No Of Customers])
32. Admin Tickets Count = SUM('01 Churn-Dataset'[numAdminTickets])
33. % Tech Support = DIVIDE([Tech support yes],[Total No Of Customers])
34. % Streaming TV = DIVIDE([Streaming TV yes],[Total No Of Customers])
35. % Streaming Movies = DIVIDE([Streaming Movies yes],[Total No Of Customers])
36. % Senior Citizens = DIVIDE([No Of Senior Citizens], [Total No Of Customers])
37. % Partners = DIVIDE([Parters Count],[Total No Of Customers])
38. % Online Security = DIVIDE([Online Security yes],[Total No Of Customers])
39. % Online Backup = DIVIDE([Online Backup yes],[Total No Of Customers])
40. % Device Protection = DIVIDE([Device Protection Yes], [Total No Of Customers])
41. % Dependents = DIVIDE([Dependents' Count], [Total No Of Customers])
42. Multi Lines = {("Multilines Yes", NAMEOF('Calculations'[Multilines Yes]),
   1),("Multilines No", NAMEOF('Calculations'[Multilines No]), 0)}
43. Parameter = {("DSL Internet Rate", NAMEOF('Calculations'[DSL Internet Rate]), 0),
   ("Fiber Optic Internet Rate", NAMEOF('Calculations'[Fiber Optic Internet Rate]),
   1),("Multilines Rate", NAMEOF('Calculations'[Multilines Rate]), 2),("Phone Service
   Rate", NAMEOF('Calculations'[Phone Service Rate]), 3)}
```

5.Data Visualization

After Cleaning And Processing The Data According To The Requirements of Call Centre, Prepare Dashboards' For A Call Centre To Get Insights And Improve Decision-Making





Conclusion:

For Call Centre Trend Analysis Dashboard

Customer Satisfaction:

The overall customer satisfaction rate is quite high at 81.08%.

Call Volume:

A total of **4054 calls** were answered, while **946 calls** were abandoned, indicating a need to possibly improve response times or staffing to reduce abandoned calls.

Response Efficiency:

> The average speed of answer is **67.52 seconds**, which could be optimized for better customer experience.

Agent Performance:

> There is a variation in agents' performance with respect to average handle time and total calls answered. Strategies could be implemented to improve efficiency across all agents.

Calls per Hour:

The efficiency of calls per time to calls per hour varies among agents, suggesting that some may require additional training or support.

For Churn Dashboard

Churn Rate:

The company is experiencing a churn rate of 26.54%, which is quite significant.

Customer Demographics:

There is a higher churn among male customers, indicating a possible area to investigate for targeted retention strategies.

Customer Tenure:

➤ The average customer tenure is **32.37 months**, suggesting moderate loyalty but also room for improvement in long-term retention.

Support Tickets:

A considerable number of tech and admin support tickets have been raised, which could be indicative of service issues affecting customer satisfaction.

Revenue Analysis:

The total revenue stands at \$16.06M, with a monthly contribution of \$0.46M from PWC, highlighting the revenue impact of churn.

Contract Preferences:

Most customers prefer month-to-month contracts with paperless billing and electronic payments, which could influence the development of tailored service packages.

Service Utilization:

Many customers do not opt for additional services like online security or tech support, which presents an opportunity to upsell these services.