DOT NET CORE-AZURE MINI-PROJECT

Create a **Web API Project** to store Product Information. Use Entity Framework to store the product information in the database. The user should be able to perform all the CRUD Operations. Configure **GET**, **POST**, **PUT** and **DELETE**.

The Product Entity should have the following properties:

- Product ID
- ProductName
- Price
- Brand
- Manufacture Date
- Expiration Date

Use Data Annotations to

- Mark the Primary Key
- Make ProductName Mandatory
- Make Price a Number

Create a jQuery and AJAX Client to consume the Web API and show the result.

Azure Hosting:

- Host the web api in azure and consume the same using jQuery Client.
- Configure Scale out by adding rules for custom scaling
- Configure Deployment slots for staging and production
- Configure Application Insights for the project
- Configure Swagger for the api
- Work with Log Analytics with the sample logs available

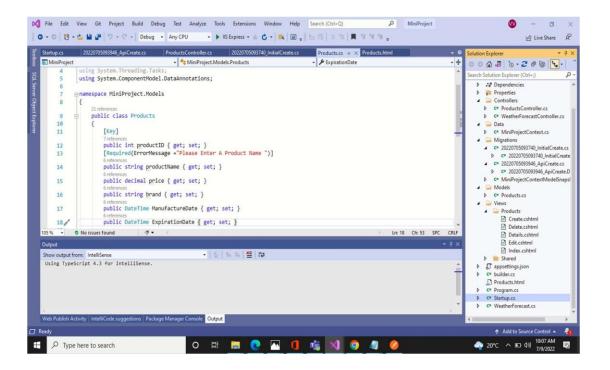
Steps to create web api project:-

- 1.From the File menu, select New > Project.
- 2.Enter Web API in the search box.
- 3. Select the **ASP.NET Core Web API** template and select Next.
- 4.In the Configure your new project dialog, name the project "MiniProject" and select Next. >>In the Additional information dialog: >>Confirm the Framework is .NET 6.0 (Long-term support). >>Confirm the checkbox for Use controllers(uncheck to use minimal APIs) is checked. >>Select Create.
- 5. Add a model class with properties:-

In Solution Explorer, right-click the project. Select "Add >> New Folder". Name the folder "Models". Right-click the Models folder and select "Add >> Class". Name the class "products" and select Add. >>product id >>product name. >>Price >>Brand >>Manufacture Date >>Expiration Date

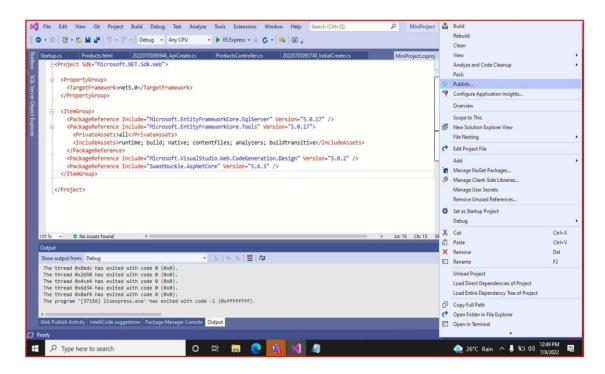
6.Add NuGet packages From the **Tools** menu, select **NuGet Package Manager** >> **Package Manager Console** for Solution.

7.Add Web-Api Controller. In Solution Explorer, right-click on the controller **Create a** web Api controller.

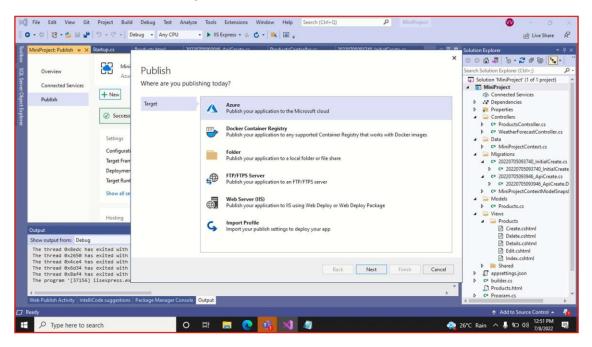


1. Host the web Api in azure and consume the same using jQuery Client.

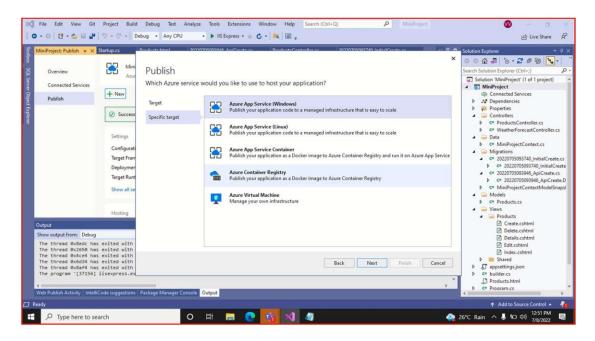
• In **Solution Explorer**, right-click the project and select **Publish**:



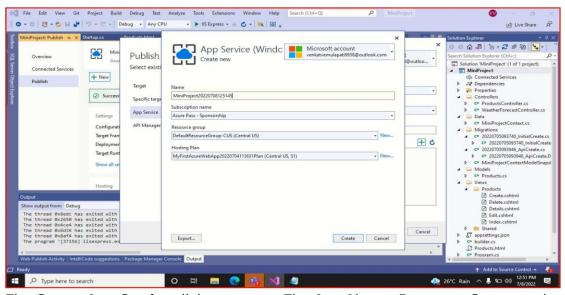
In the Publish dialog, select Azure and select the Next button:



• Select **Azure App Service (Windows)** and select the **Next** button:

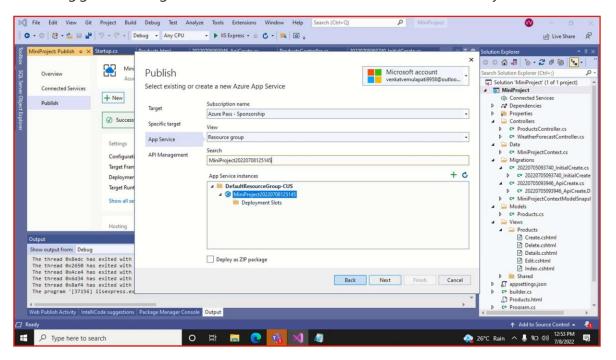


Select Create a new Azure App Service.

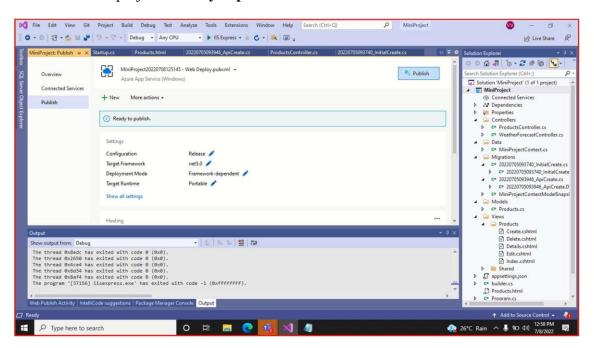


The **Create App Service** dialog appears. The **App Name**, **Resource Group**, and **App Service Plan** entry fields are populated. You can keep these names or change them.

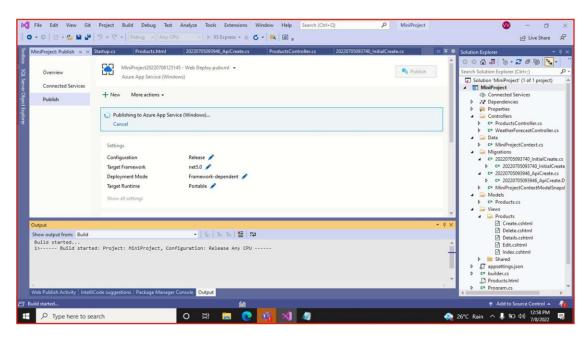
>> After creation is completed, the dialog is automatically closed and the **Publish** dialog gets focus again. The instance that was created is automatically selected.



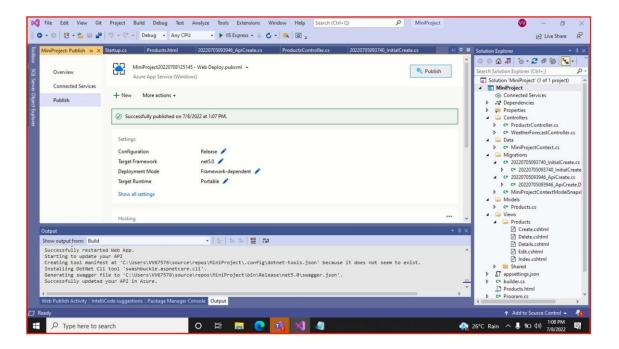
• After that project is Ready to publish



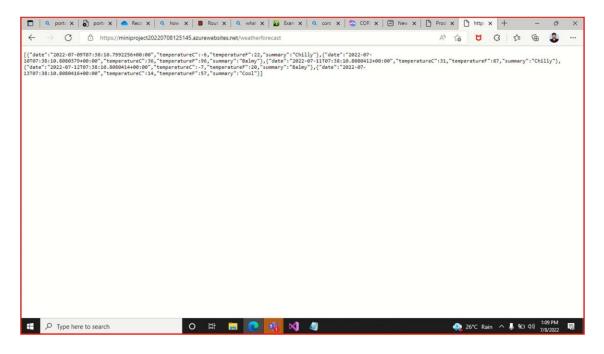
Click on publish.



After publishing successfully

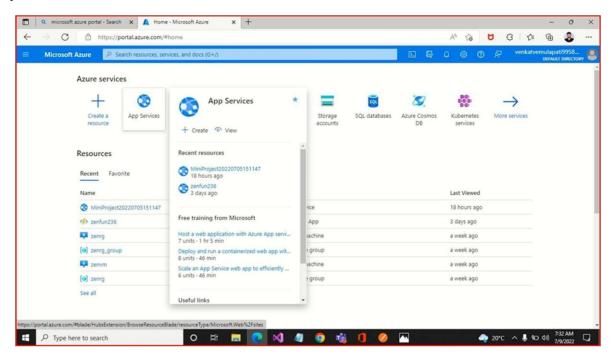


Run the project through IIS EXPRESS. Routing over the weatherforecast Controller it shows the JSON result



2. Configure Scale out by adding rules for custom scaling

A scale out operation is the equivalent of creating multiple copies of your web site and adding a load balancer to distribute the demand between them. When you scale out a web site in Windows Azure Web Sites there is no need to configure load balancing separately since this is already provided by the platform

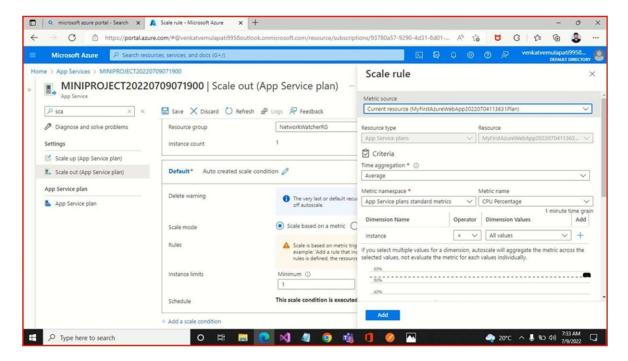


Follow the Below steps to add the scale out to our web site.

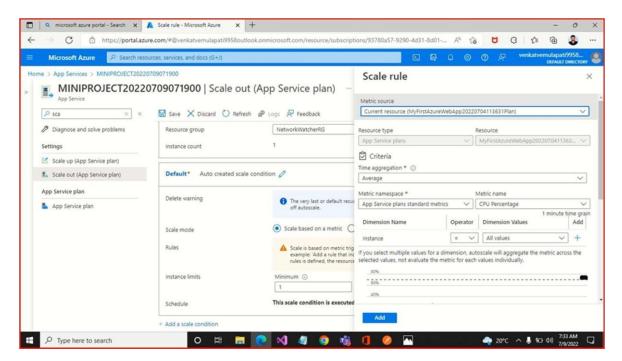
- 1.select Custom Auto Scale.
- 2. Click on Add a rule.

3. Add your rules and click on Add button and Save changes. □ | Q microsoft azure portal - Search x 🛕 MINIPROJECT20220709071900 · x + C https://portal.azure.com/#@venkatvemulapati99580 0 0 0 to Microsoft Azure P Search res ne > App Services > MINIPROJECT20220709071900 MINIPROJECT20220709071900 | Scale out (App Service plan) ... × « 🔚 Save 🗙 Discard 💍 Refresh 🕬 Logs 🔊 Feedback Diagnose and solve problems Configure Run history JSON Notify Diagnostic settings Autoscale is a built-in feature that helps applications perform their best when demand changes. You can choose to scale your resource manually to a specific instance count or via a custom Autoscale policy that scales based on metric(s) thresholds, or schedule instance count which scales during designated time windows. Autoscale enables your resource to be performant and cost effective by adding and removing instances based on demand. Learn more about Azure Autoscale or view the how-to video. Settings Scale up (App Service plan) Scale out (App Service plan) Choose how to scale your resource App Service plan Custom autoscale Manual scale App Service plan Maintain a fixed instance count Custom autoscale Autoscale setting name * MyFirstAzureWebApp20220704113631Plan-Autoscale-588 Resource group NetworkWatcherRG Instance count Type here to search O H 🔚 💽 📢 🥒 🌀 🎼 🕕

2.Click on Add a rule



3. Add your rules and click on Add button and Save changes.

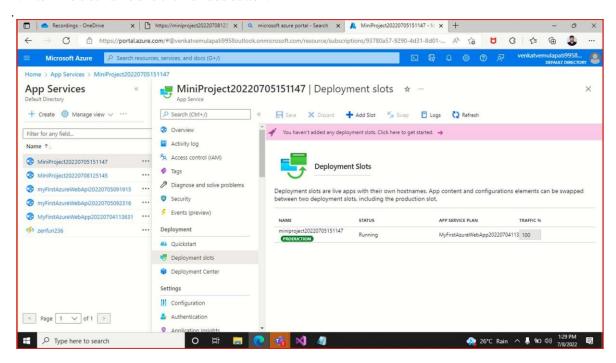


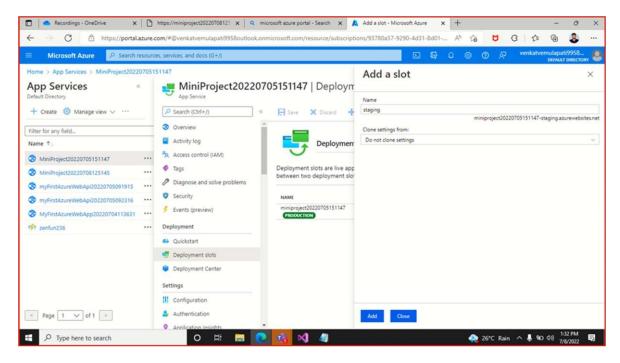
3.Configure Deployment slots for staging and production

Azure Functions deployment slots allow your function app to run different instances called "slots". Slots are different environments exposed via a publicly available endpoint. One app instance is always mapped to the production slot, and you can swap instances assigned to a slot on demand. Function apps running under the Apps Service plan may have multiple slots, while under the Consumption plan only one slot is allowed.

Follow the bellow images to add deployment slots.

- 1.Click on Add Slot.
- 2.Enter The slot name and click on add button.

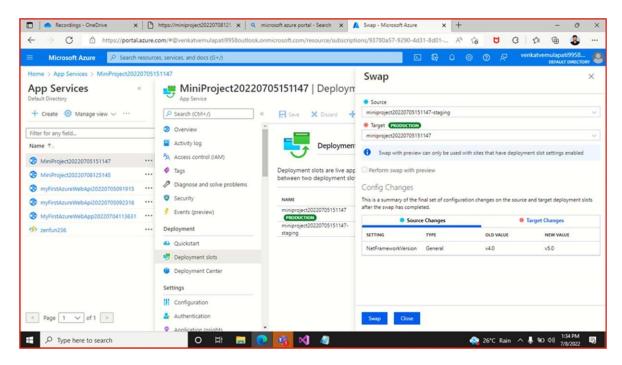




The following reflect how functions are affected by swapping slots:

Traffic redirection is seamless; no requests are dropped because of a swap. This seamless behavior is a result of the next function triggers being routed to the swapped slot.

Finally swapping the slots



4. Configure Application Insights for the project :-

Application Insights is a feature of <u>Azure Monitor</u> that provides extensible application performance management (APM) and monitoring for live web apps. Developers and DevOps professionals can use Application Insights to:

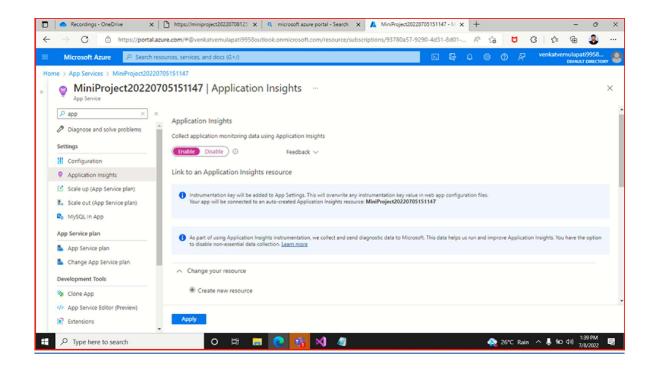
- Automatically detect performance anomalies.
- Help diagnose issues by using powerful analytics tools.
- See what users actually do with apps.
- Help continuously improve app performance and usability.

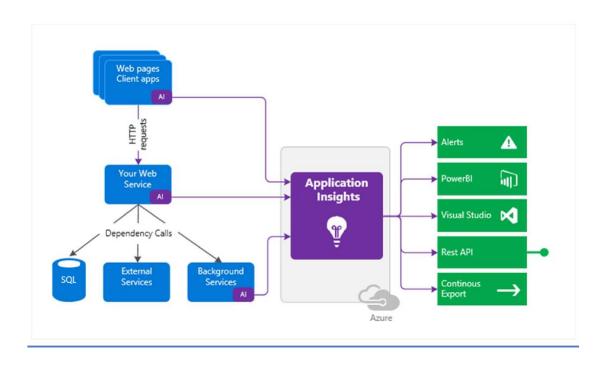
Application Insights:

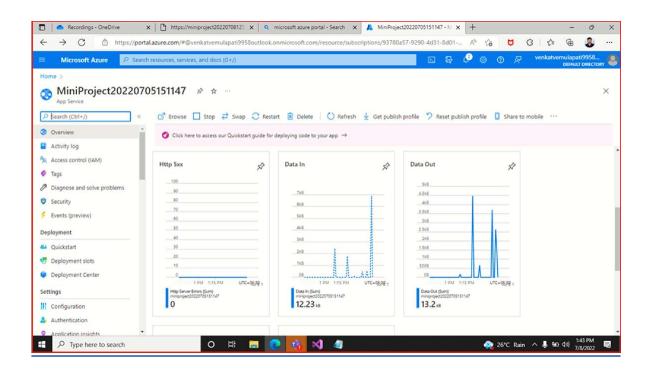
- Supports a wide variety of platforms, including .NET, Node.js, Java, and Python.
- Works for apps hosted on-premises, hybrid, or on any public cloud.
- Integrates with DevOps processes.
- Has connection points to many development tools.
- Can monitor and analyze telemetry from mobile apps by integrating with Visual Studio <u>App Center.</u>

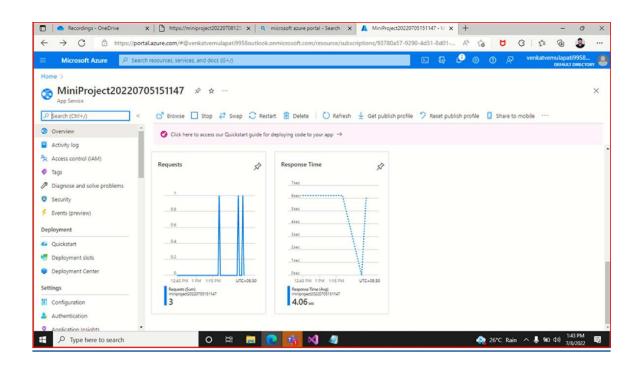
Follow the bellow images to add Application insights

- 1. Trun on Application Insights.
- 2. Select Existing Resource.
- 3. Click on the Apply button.









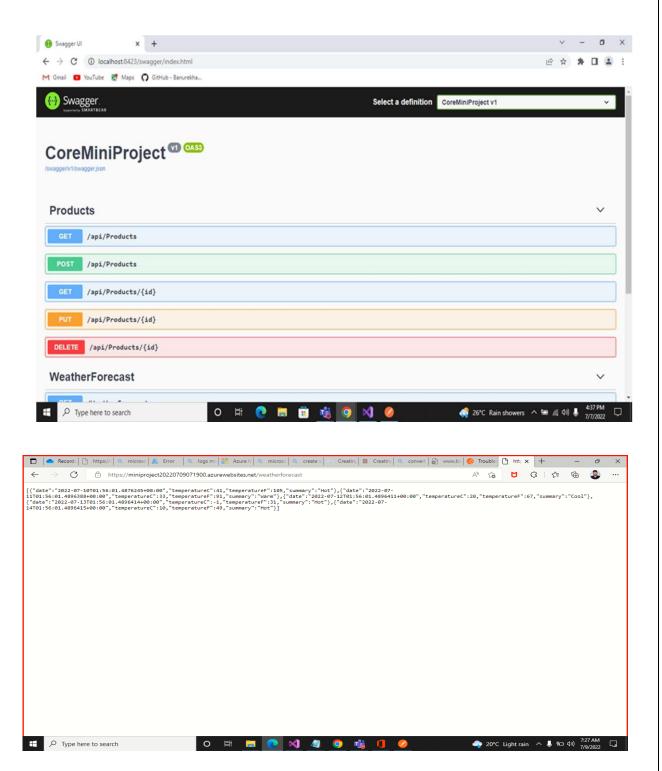
5. Configure Swagger for the Api:-

Swagger UI allows anyone — be it your development team or your end consumers — to visualize and interact with the API's resources without having any of the implementation logic in place. It's automatically generated from your OpenAPI (formerly known as Swagger) Specification, with the visual documentation making it easy for back end implementation and client side consumption.

Advantages of Swagger Api :-

- 1. Testing is always crucial; on both the development and QA levels. Swagger provides a UI integrated page where all the API methods are listed and enables the user to test any method that is required from the UI.
- 2. Swagger does the documentation in a conventional way (OpenAPI) which means it is in a machine-readable language. If a user starts the documentation first, Swagger will write the structure of the API automatically based on the written documentation. The API logic relies on the developer and business requirements but the structure will be written by Swagger itself.
- **3.**The user does not need a separate applications to test APIs. Just configure Swagger once in the project and access it through a URL to test the APIs.

These are the major benefits users will see once they start using Swagger. Swagger provides immense support for a wide range of platforms, languages, and domains.



6. Work with Log Analytics with the sample logs available:-

Log Analytics is a tool in the Azure portal to edit and run log queries from data collected by Azure Monitor logs and interactively analyze their results.

You can use Log Analytics queries to retrieve records that match particular criteria, identify trends, analyze patterns, and provide various insights into your data.

- You might write a simple query that returns a set of records and then use features of Log Analytics to sort, filter, and analyze them. Or you might write a more advanced query to perform statistical analysis and visualize the results in a chart to identify a particular trend.
- If you start Log Analytics from the Azure Monitor menu or the Log Analytics workspaces menu, you'll have access to all the records in a workspace. If you select Logs from another type of resource, your data will be limited to log data for that resource. For more information, see Log query scope and time range in Azure Monitor Log Analytics.

How Logs work by using Query language as shown in bellow images.

- 1. Open Azure portal and click on Logs.
- 2. Select the Tables what you check.
- 3. Write a query logic and click on Run.

