

Keeping your data tidy and organized

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Why manage data









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Learning outcomes

- Keeping track of multiple files generated during a project
- Setting up data validation in spreadsheets to avoid inconsistent entries





Historical look at notebooks



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As the Sandstone in Island contains Salt: some veins nearly 2 inches thick —

Lignite. black [glossy] coal -

parts vegetable structure. -

Difficulty of understanding Salt deposit in such open districts —

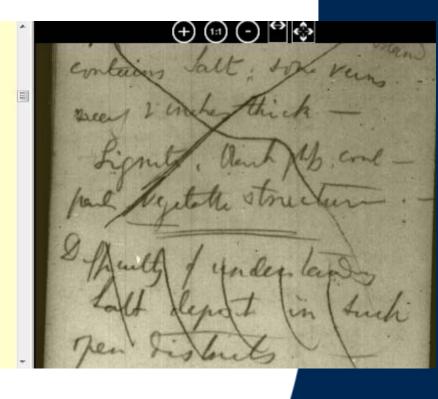
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Was Bellavista destroyed in 1846

Cliffs of Banos del Pujio about 200 ft above sea — 200 above Riman

Amancares 200 ft above sea 2 rivers unite Islands

Cannot understand, A. Cruikshank¹ some pebble at about that elevation on some of the hills





Describe your environment

- Date
- Time
- GPS coordinates
- Temperature
- Humidity
- Equipment
- Sketches
- Vegetation cover
- Flora: identity and number
- Fauna: identity and number



Structure of a lab notebook entry

- Date
- Title

Rationale

- Protocol/Procedures
- Results
- Conclusion





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Naming conventions

- Develop naming conventions and folder hierarchy early:
 - YYYYMMDD
 - Keywords: location, variables, conditions
 - Between 25 and 60 characters
 - Beware of capitals, special characters and spaces
 - Use underscores between components



Examples using file naming conventions

```
20170908_luquillo_amazona_vittata_count_nesting.xlsx (55 characters long)
20170908_luqillo_amazona_vittata_count_rooting.xlsx
20170905_vivaldi_amazona_vittata_count_nesting.xlsx
20170905_vivaldi_amazon_vittata_count_rooting.xlsx
```



Who needs document workflow?

△ A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	K	L	М	N	0
Project name:														
	_													
5		Name:												
5		Data type:												
7		File format												
3		Location:			Protocol name:			Name:			Protocol name:			Name:
)					Location:			Data type:			Location:			Data type:
0					Action:	Combine	,	File format:		Г	Action:	Subset	7	File format
1		Name:			Person:			Location:			Person:		,	Location:
2		Data type:					V							
3		File format:												
4		Location:												
5														
6														
7		Name:			Protocol name:			Name:						
8		Data type:			Location:			Data type:						
9		File format:			Action:	Subset	,	/ File format:						
0		Location:			Person:			Location:			Protocol name:			Name:
1											Location:			Data type:
2											Action:	Combine	/	File format
3		Name:			Protocol name:			Name:			Person:			Location:
4		Data type:		L	Location:			Data type:						
5		File format:			Action:	Subset		/ File format:						
6		Location:			Person:			Location:						
7														
8														



Activity: filenaming for "Advance Life-Support for Inhospitable Environments in Space"

--Adapted from New EnglandCollaborative Data ManagementCurriculum

How you don't want your data to be

Location	Soil sample weight	Species	Count	Coordinates
Dutton Island	256 g	Great egret	7	38.076976, -121.972561
Honker Bay	0.356 kg	Heron	9	38.070764, -121.916514
New York Slough	345 g	Goliath heron	three	38°01'55.2"N 121°51'40.2"W



Keeping data tidy

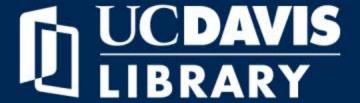
- One data type per cell
- One data point per cell
- Avoid highlighting
- Use clear variable names
- Use data validation—pre-defined consistent categories



Data validation in spreadsheets

Demonstration and activity





Questions?

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2-4 PM

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