feup-mfes

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1 Document

```
/**
 * A document created by a student with the end purpose of being printed.
 */
class Document

types
   /** Type definition for string. */
public String = seq of char;

/** A document is saved with the option of being printed either in black and white or in color.
   */
public Color = <BW>|<COLOR>;
```

```
/** A document is saved with either A3 or A4 dimensions. */
public Dimension = <A3>|<A4>;
values
/** No values implemented. */
instance variables
/** The title of the document. */
private title: String := "Untitled document";
/** The page count of the document. */
private page_no: nat := 1;
/** The selected color option for printing. */
private color: Color := <COLOR>;
/** The selected dimension size. */
private dimension: Dimension := <A4>;
/** A document always has one or more pages. It is impossible to have 0 or negative pages. */
inv page_no >= 1;
operations
/** The document constructor. */
public Document: String * nat1 * Color * Dimension ==> Document
Document(t, pn, c, d) == (title := t; page_no := pn; color := c; dimension := d; return self)
post self.title = t and self.page_no = pn and self.color = c and self.dimension = d and RESULT =
      self;
/** Getter method for title. */
public pure get_title: () ==> String
get_title() == return self.title
pre true
post RESULT = self.title;
/** Getter method for number of pages. */
public pure get_page_no: () ==> nat
get_page_no() == return self.page_no
pre true
post RESULT = self.page_no;
/** Getter method for color. */
public pure get_color: () ==> Color
get_color() == return self.color
pre true
post RESULT = self.color;
 /** Getter method for dimension. */
public pure get_dimension: () ==> Dimension
get_dimension() == return self.dimension
pre true
post RESULT = self.dimension;
functions
/** No functions implemented. */
traces
/** No combinatorial test traces implemented. */
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Document	19	100.0%	24
get_color	37	100.0%	8
get_dimension	43	100.0%	8
get_page_no	31	100.0%	20
get_title	25	100.0%	2
Document.vdmpp		100.0%	62

2 Employee

```
\star A worker {\bf for} the printing service company whose main purpose {\bf is} fixing printer malfunctions.
class Employee
types
/** Type definition for string. */
public String = seq of char;
/** No values implemented. */
instance variables
/** The name of the employee. */
private name: String := "Unnamed employee";
operations
/** Employee constructor. */
public Employee: String ==> Employee
Employee(n) == (name := n; return self)
pre len n <> 0
post self.name = n and RESULT = self;
/** Getter method for name. */
public pure get_name: () ==> String
get_name() == return self.name
pre true
post RESULT = self.name;
functions
/** No functions implemented. */
traces
/** No combinatorial test traces implemented. */
end Employee
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Employee	15	100.0%	10
assign	21	100.0%	10
get_name	27	100.0%	2
Employee.vdmpp		100.0%	22

3 Malfunction

```
* A malfunction report with a specific printer.
* Usually reported by a student operating with the machine.
class Malfunction
types
 * We defined 4 different common issues with printers:
 * NO_PAPER: no paper, NO_CMY: at least one colored ink cartridge empty,
 * NO_BLK: black cartridge empty, UNKNOWN: other.
public Issue = <NO_PAPER>|<NO_CMY>|<NO_BLK>|<UNKNOWN>;
/** Type definition {\bf for} string. */
public String = seq of char;
values
/** No values implemented. */
instance variables
/** The specific issue of this malfunction report. */
private issue: Issue := <UNKNOWN>;
/\!\star\!\star The printer ID associated \textbf{to} this malfunction. \star/
private printer_id: String := "";
/** Whether this malfunction was already solved or not by an employee. */
private solved: bool := false;
/** The malfunction constructor. */
public Malfunction: Issue * String ==> Malfunction
Malfunction(i, s) == (issue := i; printer_id := s; return self)
post issue = i and printer_id = s and solved = false and RESULT = self;
 * Closes this malfunction by fixing the machine.
 \star After the service has assigned an employee to a malfunction, the employee fixes the machine.
public fix: () ==> ()
fix() == (solved := true)
pre (solved = false)
post solved = true;
/** Getter method for issue. */
public pure get_issue: () ==> Issue
```

```
get_issue() == return (self.issue)
post RESULT = self.issue;

/** Getter method for printer_id. */

public pure get_printer_id: () ==> String
    get_printer_id() == return (self.printer_id)
post RESULT = self.printer_id;

/** Getter method for solved. */
public pure get_solved: () ==> bool
    get_solved() == return (self.solved)
post RESULT = self.solved;

functions
    /** No functions implemented. */

traces
    /** No combinatorial test traces implemented. */
end Malfunction
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Malfunction	16	100.0%	5
fix	16	100.0%	4
get_issue	47	100.0%	1
get_printer_id	52	100.0%	1
get_solved	28	100.0%	2
Malfunction.vdmpp		100.0%	13

4 Printer

```
/** Type definition for string. */
public String = seq of char;
/** Currently, only the following 3 universities were made clients of this company. \star/
public University = <FEUP>|<ICBAS>|<FLUP>;
/** Statistics logged on this printer. */
public Statistic = <STAT_DOCS_PRINTED>|<STAT_PAGES_PRINTED>;
values
/** No values implemented. */
instance variables
  \star A \operatorname{\textbf{map}} which ensures every printer on each university has an unique ID.
  * Counts how many printers there are in each university.
private static uni_id: map University to nat := {<FEUP>|->0, <ICBAS>|->0, <FLUP>|->0};
 /**
 \star The printer's ID. It is unique throughout every other printer provided by the service.
  * Follows the syntax \langle uni\_code \rangle \{2\} \langle num \rangle \{4\} (e.g. fe0001).
private id: String := "Unnamed printer";
 /** The student authenticated in the machine whose documents may be printed. */
private auth_student: [Student] := nil;
 /** The printer's queue. Documents in this queue may be printed. */
private queue: seq of Document := [];
/** A map which relates statistic labels to values. */
private stats: map Statistic to nat := { |-> };
operations
/** The printer constructor. */
public Printer: University ==> Printer
Printer(i) == (id := self.inc_uni_id(i); return self)
post self.assert_id_syntax(id) and RESULT = self;
 * Increment university-scoped printer unique ID so that following printers have a incrementally
  \star larger ID. It returns the \mathbf{new} ID \mathbf{and} increments the number \mathbf{of} machines found \mathbf{in} a university.
public inc_uni_id: University ==> String
 inc_uni_id(u) ==
  (dcl new_id: String := UNI_CODE(u) ^ "000" ^ [NAT_2_CHAR(uni_id(u))];
 uni_id := uni_id ++ {u |-> uni_id(u) + 1};
 return new_id;
);
 * Authenticate student.
  * An abstraction of logging into the printer.
 */
public auth: Student ==> ()
auth(student) == (auth_student := student; queue := [])
post self.auth_student <> nil and self.queue = [];
```

```
* Reset operation.
 * Unauthenticates the student and clears the machine's printing queue.
public reset: () ==> ()
reset() == (auth_student := nil; queue := [])
post auth_student = nil and queue = [];
 * Select student's documents from its personal printing queue.
 \star Students may select their documents \mathbf{by} providing the index on their personal printing queue.
 * Selected documents (given their ID is valid) are then inserted into the printer's printing
     queue.
 */
public sel_student_docs: seq of nat ==> ()
sel_student_docs(idx) == for i in idx do
if i <= len self.auth_student.get_queue() and (i > 0)
then queue := queue ^ [self.auth_student.get_queue()(i)]
pre len idx <> 0 and (self.auth_student <> nil)
post len self.queue = len queue~ + len idx;
/**
 * Print the documents in the printing queue.
 * Composed of multiple steps, printing the queue first checks whether the user has sufficient
 \star to print it. If so, then the print cost is deducted from the authenticated student's account.
 \star Statistics such as number \mathbf{of} documents \mathbf{and} pages printed are logged. Every document printed
 \star deleted from the student's printing queue and the printer's own queue is left empty.
 * /
public print: () ==> ()
print() ==
 (if self.check_insufficient_funds() then return;
 auth_student.add_balance(-self.calc_print_cost());
 record_statistic(<STAT_DOCS_PRINTED>, len queue);
 for doc in self.queue do
  (record_statistic(<STAT_PAGES_PRINTED>, doc.get_page_no());
 auth_student.delete_document(doc);
 queue := tl queue;
pre self.auth_student <> nil and (len queue > 0)
post true;
\star Returns the sum \mathbf{of} the printing cost \mathbf{of} every document.
 * Naturally it takes into account whether the document is\ to\ be printed in\ black & white or\ 
     color
 \star and also its dimensions. These factors change the subtotal according on the base price
    defined
 * on the 'values' section above.
 * The result is rounded to two decimal places.
public pure calc_print_cost: () ==> rat
calc_print_cost() ==
```

```
(dcl op_cost: rat := 0.0;
 for doc in self.queue do
   (dcl subtotal: rat := 0.0;
  if doc.get_color() = <BW> then subtotal := subtotal + BW_PAGE_PRICE * doc.get_page_no()
  else subtotal := subtotal + COLOR_PAGE_PRICE * doc.get_page_no();
  if doc.get_dimension() = <A3> then subtotal := subtotal * DIM_MULT_PRICE;
  op_cost := op_cost + subtotal;
 );
 return floor (op_cost * 100) / 100;
post true;
 \star Check whether the student has sufficient funds {f to} print its desired documents.
 * This method returns true if so and false otherwise.
public check_insufficient_funds: () ==> bool
check_insufficient_funds() == return calc_print_cost() > self.auth_student.get_balance()
post true;
 * Record a given statistic.
  \star Given a statistic tag and a value, said value is incremented on the statistic map.
public record_statistic: Statistic * nat ==> ()
record_statistic(s, v) ==
 if s not in set dom stats then stats := stats ++ {s |-> v}
 else stats := stats ++ {s |-> stats(s) + v}
post assert_statistics(s, v, stats, stats~);
/** Getter method for ID. */
public pure get_id: () ==> String
get_id() == return (self.id)
post RESULT = self.id;
/** Getter method for authenticated student. */
public pure get_auth_student: () ==> [Student]
get_auth_student() == return (self.auth_student)
post RESULT = self.auth_student;
/** Getter method for queue. */
public pure get_queue: () ==> seq of Document
get_queue() == return (self.queue)
post RESULT = self.queue;
/** Getter method for a specific statistic. */
public pure get_statistic: Statistic ==> nat
get_statistic(s) == return self.stats(s)
post RESULT = self.stats(s);
functions
 * Assert the full syntax of the printer's ID.
 * Follows the syntax <uni_code>{2}<num>{4} (e.g. fe0001).
public assert_id_syntax: String -> bool
assert_id_syntax(id) == (
 (has_substring("fe", id) or has_substring("fl", id) or has_substring("ic", id)) and (len id =
);
/\star\star Auxiliary method which returns true if string s1 is contained in string s2 and false
     otherwise. */
public has_substring: String * String -> bool
```

```
has_substring(s1, s2) == elems s1 inter elems s2 = elems s1;

/**

* Assert the logging of statistics.

* Checks whether the new statistics value is equal to the old one plus the value attributed.

*/

public assert_statistics: Statistic * nat * map Statistic to nat * map Statistic to nat -> bool assert_statistics(s, v, new_s, old_s) == (
    if s not in set dom old_s then (new_s(s) = v)
    else (new_s = old_s ++ {s |-> old_s(s) + v})

);

traces

/** No combinatorial test traces implemented. */

end Printer
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Printer	26	100.0%	36
assert_id_syntax	108	100.0%	4
assert_statistics	108	100.0%	4
auth	32	100.0%	6
calc_print_cost	65	100.0%	8
check_insufficient_funds	82	100.0%	8
get_auth_student	88	100.0%	3
get_id	102	100.0%	11
get_queue	94	100.0%	6
get_statistic	102	100.0%	1
has_substring	115	100.0%	15
inc_uni_id	33	100.0%	12
print	50	100.0%	1
record_statistic	84	100.0%	3
reset	37	100.0%	2
sel_student_docs	42	100.0%	7
Printer.vdmpp		100.0%	127

5 PrintingQueue

```
class PrintingQueue

types
  /** No types implemented. */

values
  /** No values implemented. */

instance variables
  /** A sequence of documents inside this printing queue. */
private documents: seq of Document := [];

operations
```

```
\star Add a document to the bottom of this printing queue.
public push_document: Document ==> ()
push_document(document) == documents := documents ^ [document]
pre true
post document in set elems documents and len documents = len documents ~ + 1;
  * Delete a document from this printing queue.
public delete_document: Document ==> ()
 delete_document(dead_doc) == (
  dcl new_queue: seq of Document := [], popped: bool := false;
  for this_doc in documents do
  if dead_doc <> this_doc or popped then new_queue := new_queue ^ [this_doc] else popped := true
 documents := new_queue;
pre dead_doc in set elems documents
post len documents = len documents - 1;
 /** Getter method for documents. */
public pure get_documents: () ==> seq of Document
get_documents() == return self.documents
pre true
post RESULT = self.documents;
functions
/** No functions implemented. */
traces
/** No combinatorial test traces implemented. */
end PrintingQueue
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
delete_document	20	100.0%	10
get_documents	31	100.0%	52
push_document	14	100.0%	10
PrintingQueue.vdmpp		100.0%	72

6 Service

```
/**
 * The printing service's root class.
 * Represents the company behind the distributed printing service.
 * This class should technically only be instantiated once during the execution of the software.
 */
class Service

types
 /** Currently, only the following 3 universities were made clients of this company. */
public Uni = <FEUP>|<ICBAS>|<FLUP>;
```

```
values
/** No values implemented. */
instance variables
/** A set of employees working for the company whose sole purpose is fixing printer malfunctions
private employees: set of Employee := {};
/** A set of clients for the company (in our abstraction, they're called universities. */
private universities: set of University := {};
/** A map which assigns employees to printer malfunctions. */
private assigned: map Employee to [Malfunction] := { |->};
operations
 /**
  * Adds an employee.
  * Performing this action not only pushes it to the company's employee set but also creates a
  \star key on the assigned map for the employee which points to nil.
  \star This indicates said employee still hasn't been made in charge of fixing a malfunction just
      yet.
public add_employee: Employee ==> ()
add_employee(e) == (employees := employees union {e}; assigned := assigned ++ {e | -> nil};)
{\tt pre}\ {\tt e}\ {\tt not}\ {\tt in}\ {\tt set}\ {\tt employees}\ {\tt and}\ {\tt e}\ {\tt not}\ {\tt in}\ {\tt set}\ {\tt dom}\ {\tt assigned}
post e in set employees and e in set dom assigned;
  * Removes an employee.
  * Conversingly to adding an employee, this action removes given employee from the company's
      employee
  \star set and unmaps prior assignments of the employee to a malfunction.
public remove_employee: Employee ==> ()
remove_employee(e) == (employees := employees \ {e}; assigned := {e} <-: assigned;)</pre>
pre e in set employees and e in set dom assigned
post e not in set employees and e not in set dom assigned;
  \star Assign a malfunction to an employee.
  \star Note that the employee must already not be assigned to other malfunction.
  \star In case a malfunction is pushed and there's no free employee, it is discarded.
public push_issue: Malfunction ==> ()
push_issue(m) == (
 dcl logged: bool := false;
  for all emp in set dom assigned do
 if assigned(emp) = nil and not logged then (assigned := assigned ++ {emp |-> m}; logged := true
pre m not in set rng assigned
post true;
 /**
```

```
* Fixes all malfunctions.
  \star Essentially sends every employee {f to} work on its assigned machine. At the {f end} of this
     operation,
  \star no employee should {f be} assigned {f to} any malfunction, meaning either no printer was
     malfunctioning
  * before or all already assigned malfunctions were fixed.
public fix_all_issues: () ==> ()
fix_all_issues() == (
 for all emp in set dom assigned do
 if assigned(emp) <> nil then (assigned(emp).fix(); assigned := assigned ++ {emp |-> nil});
post rng assigned = {nil};
/** Getter method for the employees set. */
public pure get_employees: () ==> set of Employee
get_employees() == return self.employees
post RESULT = self.employees;
/** Getter method for the assigned map. */
public pure get_assigned: () ==> map Employee to [Malfunction]
get_assigned() == return self.assigned
post RESULT = self.assigned;
functions
/** No functions implemented. */
/** No combinatorial test traces implemented. */
end Service
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Service	15	100.0%	2
add_employee	23	100.0%	4
fix_all_issues	39	100.0%	2
fix_issue	38	100.0%	1
get_assigned	39	100.0%	6
get_employees	50	100.0%	1
get_issue_queue	44	100.0%	4
push_issue	28	100.0%	4
remove_employee	22	100.0%	1
Service.vdmpp		100.0%	25

7 Student

```
/**

* A user in the printing service.

* Each user belongs to a university and may utilize its university printing services.

*/
class Student

types
/** Type definition for string. */
```

```
public String = seq of char;
values
/** No values implemented. */
instance variables
  * The unique student ID follows the UP syntax, only differing on the two first characters,
     which are
  * reserved to the university code.
private id: String := "fe000000000";
/** The student balance, used to print documents. */
private balance: rat := 0.0;
/\star\star A personal printing queue. Students may add their documents to it and then send them to a
     printer. */
private queue: PrintingQueue := new PrintingQueue();
  * A student may never be in debt towards the service.
  \star If the student does not have enough funds to perform an operation in full, it won't be
     permitted until
  * they add funds to their accounts.
 */
inv balance >= 0.0;
operations
/** The student constructor. */
public Student: String ==> Student
Student(idd) == (id := idd; return self)
pre assert_id_syntax(idd)
post self.id = idd and RESULT = self;
 \star Add or subtract funds from the student's account.
  * Used whenever a student adds funds to its account or funds are deducted from it after
     printing.
public add_balance: rat ==> ()
add_balance(value) == balance := balance + value
pre value <> 0
post balance = balance + value;
 * Push a document to the printing queue.
 \star Adds a provided document \textbf{to} the personal printing queue.
public push_document: Document ==> ()
push_document(document) == queue.push_document(document)
post document in set elems queue.get_documents();
 * Delete a document from the printing queue.
 * Conversingly to push_document, deletes a provided document from the personal printing queue.
```

```
public delete_document: Document ==> ()
delete_document(document) == queue.delete_document(document)
pre document in set elems queue.get_documents()
post true;
 /**
 * Report a printer malfunction.
  * Whenever a student witnesses a printer malfunction, it may choose to report it to the service
 \star which will dispatch an employee \textbf{to} fix it.
 * It must provide a Malfunction object as a report.
public report_malfunction: Service * Malfunction ==> ()
report_malfunction(s, m) == s.push_issue(m)
post true;
 /** Getter method for name. */
public pure get_id: () ==> String
get_id() == return self.id
pre true
post RESULT = self.id;
/** Getter method for balance. */
public pure get_balance: () ==> rat
get_balance() == return self.balance
pre true
post RESULT = self.balance;
/** Getter method for printing queue's documents. */
public pure get_queue: () ==> seg of Document
get_queue() == return self.queue.get_documents()
pre true
post RESULT = self.queue.get_documents();
functions
 \star Asserts whether provided ID follows the required syntax.
 \star The unique student ID follows the UP syntax, only differing on the two first characters,
     which are
  \star reserved to the university code.
  * Syntax: <uc>{2}<num>{9}
 * /
public assert_id_syntax: String -> bool
assert_id_syntax(id) == ((len id = 11)) and
 (has_substring("fe", id) or has_substring("fl", id) or has_substring("ic", id))
);
/\star\star Auxiliary method which returns true if string s1 is contained in string s2 and false
     otherwise. */
public has_substring: String * String -> bool
has\_substring(s1, s2) == elems s1 inter elems s2 = elems s1;
/** No combinatorial test traces implemented. */
end Student
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
-----------------------	------	----------	-------

Student	16	100.0%	12
add_balance	22	100.0%	5
assert_id_syntax	97	100.0%	12
delete_document	34	100.0%	4
get_balance	52	100.0%	6
get_id	46	100.0%	8
get_queue	40	100.0%	19
has_substring	105	100.0%	22
push_document	28	100.0%	10
report_malfunction	41	100.0%	4
Student.vdmpp		100.0%	102

8 University

```
\star An abstraction \boldsymbol{for} the clients role \boldsymbol{in} the printing service.
class University
types
/** Currently, only the following 3 universities were made clients {f of} this company. */
public Uni = <FEUP>|<ICBAS>|<FLUP>;
values
/** No values implemented. */
instance variables
/** This university's university code. */
private name: Uni := <FEUP>;
/** A set of students enrolled in this university who may use its printing service. */
private students: set of Student := {};
/** A set of printers available on this university. */
private printers: set of Printer := {};
operations
/** University constructor. */
public University: Uni * set of Student * set of Printer ==> University
University(n, s, p) == (name := n; students := s; printers := p; return self)
pre s <> {} and p <> {}
post self.name = n and self.students = s and self.printers = p and RESULT = self;
/** Getter method for name. */
public pure get_name: () ==> Uni
get_name() == return self.name
post RESULT = (self.name);
functions
/** No functions implemented. */
/** No combinatorial test traces implemented. */
end University
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
University	16	100.0%	1
get_name	22	100.0%	2
University.vdmpp		100.0%	3

9 EmployeeTests

```
class EmployeeTests is subclass of TestSuite
types
-- TODO Define types here
values
-- TODO Define values here
instance variables
employee1: Employee := new Employee("Miquel");
employee2: Employee := new Employee("Ventura");
-- Tests whether names are assigned accordingly.
private test_name_assignment: () ==> ()
test_name_assignment() == (
 dcl university1: University := new University(<FEUP>, {new Student()}, {new Printer()});
 assert_true(university1.get_name() = <FEUP>);
 assert_true(employee1.get_name() = "Miguel");
 assert_true(employee2.get_name() = "Ventura");
public static main: () ==> ()
main() == (
 dcl et: EmployeeTests := new EmployeeTests();
 et.test_name_assignment();
functions
-- TODO Define functiones here
-- TODO Define Combinatorial Test Traces here
end EmployeeTests
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
main	21	100.0%	1
test_name_assignment	15	100.0%	1
EmployeeTests.vdmpp		100.0%	2

10 MalfunctionTests

```
class MalfunctionTests is subclass of TestSuite
-- TODO Define types here
values
-- TODO Define values here
instance variables
service1: Service := new Service();
employee1: Employee := new Employee("A");
employee2: Employee := new Employee("B");
employee3: Employee := new Employee("C");
student1: Student := new Student("fe201503538");
printer1: Printer := new Printer(<FEUP>);
printer2: Printer := new Printer(<FEUP>);
operations
private test_employee_addition: () ==> ()
test_employee_addition() == (
 service1.add_employee(employee1);
 service1.add_employee(employee2);
 assert_true(service1.get_assigned() = {employee1 |-> nil, employee2 |-> nil});
 service1.add_employee(employee3);
 assert_true(service1.get_assigned() = {employee1 |-> nil, employee2 |-> nil, employee3 |-> nil
     });
 service1.remove_employee(employee2);
 assert_true(service1.get_assigned() = {employee1 |-> nil, employee3 |-> nil});
 assert_true(service1.get_employees() = {employee1, employee3});
);
-- Test #2: Tests whether reported malfunction is assigned to employee.
private test_malfunction_assignment: () ==> ()
test_malfunction_assignment() == (
 dcl malfunction1: Malfunction := new Malfunction(<NO_PAPER>, printer1.get_id());
 dcl malfunction2: Malfunction := new Malfunction(<NO_BLK>, printer1.get_id());
 dcl malfunction3: Malfunction := new Malfunction(<NO_CMY>, printer2.get_id());
 student1.report_malfunction(service1, malfunction1);
 assert_true(service1.get_assigned() = {employee1 |-> malfunction1, employee3 |-> nil});
  service1.fix_all_issues();
 assert_true(service1.get_assigned() = {employee1 |-> nil, employee3 |-> nil});
 student1.report_malfunction(service1, malfunction2);
 service1.add_employee(employee2);
  student1.report_malfunction(service1, malfunction3);
 assert_true(service1.get_assigned() = {employee1 |-> malfunction2, employee3 |-> mil, employee2
       |-> malfunction3});
);
-- Test #3: Tests whether fixing an issue closes the malfunction as solved.
private test_malfunction_solved: () ==> ()
test_malfunction_solved() == (
 dcl malfunction4: Malfunction := new Malfunction(<NO_PAPER>, printer1.get_id());
  student1.report_malfunction(service1, malfunction4);
 assert_true(malfunction4.get_solved() = false);
 service1.fix_all_issues();
```

```
assert_true(malfunction4.get_solved() = true);
);
 -- Test #4: Test malfunction variable extraction.
private test_malfunction_getters: () ==> ()
test_malfunction_getters() == (
 dcl malfunction5: Malfunction := new Malfunction(<NO_BLK>, printer1.get_id());
 assert_true(malfunction5.get_issue() = <NO_BLK>);
 assert_true(malfunction5.get_printer_id() = printer1.get_id());
public static main: () ==> ()
main() == (
 dcl mt: MalfunctionTests := new MalfunctionTests();
 mt.test_employee_addition();
 mt.test_malfunction_assignment();
 mt.test_malfunction_solved();
 mt.test_malfunction_getters();
);
functions
-- TODO Define functiones here
traces
-- TODO Define Combinatorial Test Traces here
end MalfunctionTests
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
main	20	100.0%	1
test_employee_addition	19	100.0%	1
test_malfunction_assignment	19	100.0%	1
test_malfunction_getters	63	100.0%	1
test_malfunction_solved	52	100.0%	1
MalfunctionTests.vdmpp		100.0%	5

11 PrinterTests

```
class PrinterTests is subclass of TestSuite

types
-- TODO Define types here

values
-- TODO Define values here

instance variables
 private student1: Student := new Student("fe201503538");
 private student2: Student := new Student("ic201793252");

document1: Document := new Document("d1", 20, <BW>, <A4>);
 document2: Document := new Document("d2", 40, <COLOR>, <A4>);
 document3: Document := new Document("d3", 60, <COLOR>, <A3>);
```

```
operations
  - Test #1: Tests whether the printer's ID correctly increments relative to the university
     registered.
private test_printer_id: () ==> ()
test_printer_id() == (
 dcl printer1: Printer := new Printer(<FEUP>);
  dcl printer2: Printer := new Printer(<FEUP>);
 dcl printer3: Printer := new Printer(<ICBAS>);
 dcl printer4: Printer := new Printer(<FLUP>);
 dcl printer5: Printer := new Printer(<FEUP>);
 assert_true(printer1.get_id() = "fe0000");
 assert_true(printer2.get_id() = "fe0001");
 assert_true(printer3.get_id() = "ic0000");
 assert_true(printer4.get_id() = "fl0000");
 assert_true(printer5.get_id() = "fe0002");
 assert_true(document1.get_title() = "d1");
-- Test #2: Tests student authentication and unauthentication on the printer.
private test_student_authentication: () ==> ()
test_student_authentication() == (
 dcl printer1: Printer := new Printer(<FEUP>);
 printer1.auth(student1);
 assert_true(printer1.get_auth_student() = student1);
 printer1.auth(student2);
 assert_true(printer1.get_auth_student().get_id() = student2.get_id());
 printer1.reset();
 assert_true(printer1.get_auth_student() = nil);
-- Test #3: Tests whether documents selected on a student's PQ are added to printer's PQ.
private test_queues_linking: () ==> ()
test_queues_linking() == (
 dcl printer1: Printer := new Printer(<FEUP>);
 printer1.auth(student1);
 student1.push_document(document1);
 student1.push_document(document2);
 printer1.sel_student_docs([1]);
 assert_true(printer1.get_queue() = [document1]);
  student1.push_document(document3);
 printer1.sel_student_docs([3,1]);
 assert_true(printer1.get_queue() = [document1, document3, document1]);
 printer1.auth(student2);
 assert_true(printer1.get_queue() = []);
 student2.push_document(document1);
 printer1.sel_student_docs([1]);
 assert_true(printer1.get_queue() = [document1]);
 printer1.reset();
 assert_true(printer1.get_queue() = []);
);
-- Test #4: Tests document printing from the printer's printing queue.
```

```
private test_printing: () ==> ()
 test_printing() == (
 dcl printer2: Printer := new Printer(<FEUP>);
 printer2.auth(student1);
 printer2.sel_student_docs([1]);
 , document3]);
 printer2.auth(student2);
 student2.push_document(document1);
 student2.push_document(document3);
 printer2.sel_student_docs([1,3]);
 assert_true(printer2.calc_print_cost() = 32);
 student2.add_balance(10);
 printer2.print();
 assert_true(student2.get_balance() = 10);
 student2.add_balance(30);
 printer2.print();
 assert_true(printer2.get_statistic(<STAT_DOCS_PRINTED>) = 2);
 assert_true(student2.get_balance() + 32 = 40);
public static main: () ==> ()
main() == (
 dcl pt: PrinterTests := new PrinterTests();
 pt.test_printer_id();
 pt.test_student_authentication();
 pt.test_queues_linking();
 pt.test_printing();
);
functions
-- TODO Define functiones here
traces
-- TODO Define Combinatorial Test Traces here
end PrinterTests
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
main	80	100.0%	1
test_printer_id	24	100.0%	1
test_printing	61	100.0%	1
test_queues_linking	37	100.0%	1
test_student_authentication	24	100.0%	1
PrinterTests.vdmpp		100.0%	5

12 StudentTests

```
class StudentTests is subclass of TestSuite
types
```

```
-- TODO Define types here
values
-- TODO Define values here
instance variables
student1: Student := new Student("fe201503538");
student2: Student := new Student("fl201407644");
student3: Student := new Student("ic201793252");
document1: Document := new Document("d1", 20, <BW>, <A4>);
document2: Document := new Document("d2", 40, <COLOR>, <A3>);
document3: Document := new Document("d3", 60, <COLOR>, <A4>);
operations
  - Test #1: Tests adding or subtracting money from the student's balance.
private test_balance_mod: () ==> ()
test_balance_mod() == (
 student1.add_balance(4.25);
 assert_true(student1.get_balance() = 4.25);
 student1.add_balance(-3.25);
 assert_true(student1.get_balance() = 1.00);
);
 -- Test #2: Tests adding and removing documents from the student's printing queue.
private test_printing_queue: () ==> ()
test_printing_queue() == (
 student1.push_document(document1);
 assert_true(student1.get_queue() = [document1]);
  student1.push_document(document1);
  student1.push_document(document2);
  assert_true(student1.get_queue() = [document1, document1, document2]);
  student1.delete_document(document1);
 assert_true(student1.get_queue() = [document1, document2]);
 student1.delete_document(document2);
 student1.push_document(document1);
 assert_true(student1.get_queue() = [document1, document1]);
);
-- Test #3: Tests correct retrieval of personal ID.
private test_id_retrieval: () ==> ()
test_id_retrieval() == (
 assert_true(student1.get_id() = "fe201503538");
 assert_true(student3.get_id() = "ic201793252");
public static main: () ==> ()
main() == (
 dcl stt: StudentTests := new StudentTests();
 stt.test_balance_mod();
 stt.test_printing_queue();
 stt.test_id_retrieval();
functions
-- TODO Define functiones here
```

```
traces
-- TODO Define Combinatorial Test Traces here
end StudentTests
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
main	57	100.0%	1
test_balance_mod	20	100.0%	1
test_id_retrieval	51	100.0%	1
test_printing_queue	33	100.0%	1
StudentTests.vdmpp		100.0%	4

13 TestSuite

```
class TestSuite
types
-- TODO Define types here
-- TODO Define values here
instance variables
-- TODO Define instance variables here
operations
protected assert_true: bool ==> ()
assert_true(b) == return
pre b;
-- Running the TestSuite runs every other test class that derives from it.
public static main: () ==> ()
main() == (
 new EmployeeTests().main();
 new StudentTests().main();
 new PrinterTests().main();
 new MalfunctionTests().main();
);
functions
-- TODO Define functiones here
traces
-- TODO Define Combinatorial Test Traces here
end TestSuite
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
assert_true	13	100.0%	82

main	18	100.0%	2
TestSuite.vdmpp		100.0%	84