## Formative Assessment 3

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## Question 2

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2. A binary communication channel carries data as one of two sets of signals denoted by 0 and 1. Owing to noise, a transmitted 0 is sometimes received as a 1, and a transmitted 1 is sometimes received as a 0. For a given channel, it can be assumed that a transmitted 0 is correctly received with probability 0.95, and a transmitted 1 is correctly received with probability 0.75. Also, 70% of all messages are transmitted as a 0. If a signal is sent, determine the probability that:

Given when event:
```

```
0 is received = R_0 = 0.95
1 is received = R_1 = 0.75
0 is transmitted = T_0 = 0.7
```

1 is transmitted =  $T_1 = 0.3$ 

\*(a) a 1 was received;  $P(R_1) = P(T_0) P(R_1|T_0) + P(T_1) P(R_1|T_1)$ 

 $P(T_0) = 0.7$   $P(T_1) = 0.3$  $P(R_1|T_0) = 1 - 0.95 = 0.05$ 

```
P(R<sub>1</sub>|T<sub>1</sub>) = 0.75

# 0 is received = reZ = 0.95
# 1 is received = re0 = 0.75
# 0 is transmitted = trZ = 0.7
# 1 is transmitted = tr0 = 0.3

reZ <- 0.95
re0 <- 0.75
trZ <- 0.7
tr0 <- 0.3

prob1 <- (trZ*(1-reZ))+(tr0*re0)
cat("Probability of receiving 1 (P(R1)):", prob1, "\n")</pre>
```

```
## Probability of receiving 1 (P(R1)): 0.26
```

\*(b) a 1 was transmitted given than a 1 was received. P(T<sub>1</sub>|R<sub>1</sub>) =  $\frac{P(T \ 1)P(R \ 1 \ | T \ 1)}{P(R \ 1)}$ 

 $P(T_1) = 0.3$   $P(R_1) = 0.26$  $P(R_1|T_1) = 0.75$ 

```
prob2 <- (tr0*re0)/(prob1)
cat("Probability of receiving 1 when 1 was transmitted: ", prob2, "\n")

## Probability of receiving 1 when 1 was transmitted: 0.8653846</pre>
```

## Question 7

7. There are three employees working at an IT company: Jane, Amy, and Ava, doing 10%, 30%, and 60% of the programming, respectively. 8% of Jane's work, 5% of Amy's work, and just 1% of Ava's work is in error. What is the overall percentage of error? If a program is found with an error, who is the most likely person to have written it?

```
Given:
work of Jane = W_J = 0.1
work of Amy = W_{Am} = 0.3
work of Ava = W_{Av} = 0.6
Error:
error of Jane = E_J = 0.08
error of Amy = E_{Am} = 0.05
error of Ava = E_{Av} = 0.01
*(a) overall percentage of error
E = (J \cap E) \cup (Am \cap E) \cup (Av \cap E)
P(E) = P(J)P(E|J) + P(Am)P(E|Am) + P(Av)P(E|Av)
P(J) = 0.1
P(E|J) = 0.08
P(Am) = 0.3
P(E|Am) = 0.05
P(Av) = 0.6
```

```
\# work of Jane = WJ = 0.1
# work of Amy = WAm = 0.3
# work of Ava = WAv = 0.6
\# error of Jane = EJ = 0.08
\# error of Amy = EAm = 0.05
\# error of Ava = EAv = 0.01
# E = overall error
WJ = 0.1
WAm = 0.3
WAV = 0.6
EJ = 0.08
EAm = 0.05
EAV = 0.01
E <- (WJ*EJ) + (WAm*EAm) + (WAV*EAV)
E <- E*100
cat("The overall percentage of error:", E, "%\n")
```

```
## The overall percentage of error: 2.9 %
```

\*(b) If a program is found with an error, who is the most likely person to have written it?

```
Percentage error of Jane:

P(J|E) = \frac{P(W J)P(E|W J)}{P(E|W J)}
```

P(E|Av) = 0.01

```
P(J|E) = \frac{1(W \ J)T(E|W \ J)}{P(E)}

P(W_J) = 0.1

P(E|W_J) = 0.08

P(E) = 0.029
```

```
P(E) = 0.029

E <- E/100
prob3 <- (WJ*EJ)/E
prob3 <- prob3*100
cat("The percentage of error:", prob3,"%\n")
```

```
## The percentage of error: 27.58621 %
```

```
Percentage error of Amy:

P(Am|E) = \frac{P(W Am)P(E|W Am)}{P(E)}
P(W_{Am}) = 0.3
```

 $P(W_{Am}) = 0.3$   $P(E|W_{JAm}) = 0.05$ P(E) = 0.029

```
prob4 <- (WAm*EAm)/E
prob4 <- prob4*100
cat("The percentage of error:", prob4,"%\n")
```

```
## The percentage of error: 51.72414 %
```

```
Percentage error of Ava: P(Av|E) = \frac{P(W Av)P(E|W Av)}{P(E)} P(W_{Av}) = 0.6 P(E|W_{JAv}) = 0.01 P(E) = 0.029 prob5 <- (WAv*EAv)/E prob5 <- prob5*100 cat("The percentage of error:", prob5,"%\n")
```

```
## The percentage of error: 20.68966 %
```