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# Specification

# MC42005A6W-BNMLWS



### DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY:

DATE	PAGE	DESCRIPTION
2013.2	-	First release

### **Contents**

- 1. Module Classification Information
- 2. Precautions in use of LCD Modules
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#### **Midas LCD Part Number System**

COG 132033 S Α L 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 12 10 11 13 14 16

1 = MC: Midas Components

2 = **Blank:** COB (chip on board) **COG**: chip on glass

3 = No of dots (e.g.  $240064 = 240 \times 64 \text{ dots}$ ) (e.g.  $21605 = 2 \times 16 \text{ 5mm C.H.}$ )

4 = Series

5 = Series Variant: A to Z - see addendum

6 = **3:** 3 o'clock **6:** 6 o'clock **9:** 9 o'clock **12:** 12 o'clock

7 = S: Normal (0 to + 50 deg C) W: Wide temp. (-20 to + 70 deg C) X: Extended temp (-30 + 80 Deg C)

8 = Character Set

Blank: Standard (English/Japanese)

C: Chinese Simplified (Graphic Displays only)

**CB:** Chinese Big 5 (Graphic Displays only)

H: Hebrew

K: European (std) (English/German/French/Greek)

L: English/Japanese (special)

M: European (English/Scandinavian)

R: Cyrillic

W: European (English/Greek)

U: European (English/Scandinavian/Icelandic)

9 = **Bezel Height** (where applicable / available)

	m cn 1. m	Common	Array
	Top of Bezel to Top of PCB	(via pins 1	or Edge
	01 LCD	and 2)	Lit
Blank	9.5mm / not applicable	Common	Array
2	8.9 mm	Common	Array
3	7.8 mm	Separate	Array
4	7.8 mm	Common	Array
5	9.5 mm	Separate	Array
6	7 mm	Common	Array
7	7 mm	Separate	Array
8	6.4 mm	Common	Edge
9	6.4 mm	Separate	Edge
A	5.5 mm	Common	Edge
В	5.5 mm	Separate	Edge
D	6.0mm	Separate	Edge
$\mathbf{E}$	5.0mm	Separate	Edge
F	4.7mm	Common	Edge
G	3.7mm	Separate	$\widetilde{\mathbf{EL}}$

10 = **T:** TN **S:** STN **B:** STN Blue **G:** STN Grey **F:** FSTN **F2:** FFSTN

11 = **P:** Positive N: Negative

12 = **R:** Reflective **M:** Transmissive **T:** Transflective

13 = **Backlight: Blank:** Reflective **L:** LED

14 = Backlight Colour: Y: Yellow-Green W: White B: Blue R: Red A: Amber O: Orange G: Green RGB: R.G.B.

15 = Driver Chip: Blank: Standard I: I<sup>2</sup>C T: Toshiba T6963C A: Avant SAP1024B R: Raio RA8835

16 = Voltage Variant: e.g. 3 = 3v

### 2. Precautions in use of LCD Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of LCD module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the LCM.
- (4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5) Don't drop, bend or twist LCM.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.

## 3. General Specification

Item	Dimension	Unit				
N <mark>umbe</mark> r of C <mark>harac</mark> ters	20characters x 4 Lines	_/ -				
Module dimension (With LED Backlight)	98. <mark>0 x</mark> 60.0 x 13.5 (MAX)	mm				
View area	76.0 x 25.2	mm				
Active area	70.40 x 20.80	mm				
Dot size	0.55 x 0.55	mm				
Dot pitch	0.60 x 0.60	mm				
Character size	2.95 x 4.75	mm				
Character pitch	3.55 x 5.35	mm				
LCD type	STN, Blue, Negative, Tran	nsmissive				
Duty	1/16					
View direction	6 o'clock					
Backlight Type	White LED backlight					

# **4. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Ite	em	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input V	Voltage	$V_{\rm I}$	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V
Supply Volta	ge For Logic	VDD-V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.3	5.5	V
Supply Volta	nge For LCD	$V_{DD}$ - $V_0$	Vdd-7.0	Vdd+0.3	V
Wide Temperature	Operating Temp.	Тор	-20	70	°C
LCM	Storage Temp.	Tstr	-30	80	°C

# **5. Electrical Characteristics**

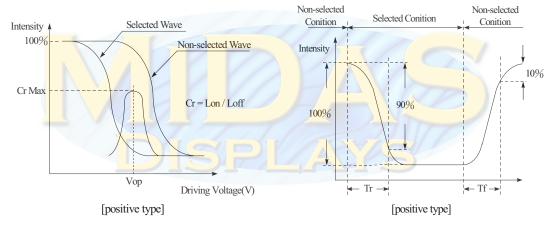
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage For Logic	$V_{DD}$ - $V_{SS}$		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply Vo <mark>ltage</mark> For LCD	$V_{DD}$ - $V_0$	Ta=25°C	4.2	4.5	4.8	V
Input <mark>Hi</mark> gh Volt.	V <sub>IH</sub>	77-P	$0.7  \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$	-	$V_{DD}$	V
Input Low Volt.	V <sub>IL</sub>		V <sub>SS</sub>	4	0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =5V	0.8	1.2	2.0	mA
Supply Voltage of White backlight	$ m V_{LED}$	Forward current =30 mA  Number of LED die 1x2=2	3.8	4.0	4.2	V

### **6. Optical Characteristics**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	CR <b>≧</b> 2	-20	_	35	deg
view ringie	(Н)ф	CR <b>≧</b> 2	-30	_	30	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	_	_	3	_	_
Response Time	T rise	_	_	_	250	ms
response Time	T fall	_	_	_	250	ms

#### **Definition of Operation Voltage (Vop)**

#### **Definition of Response Time (Tr, Tf)**



#### **Conditions:**

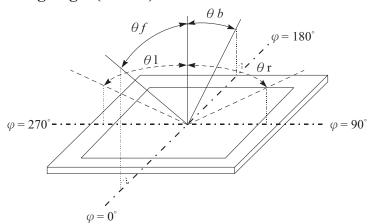
Operating Voltage: Vop

Viewing Angle  $(\theta, \phi)$ :  $0^{\circ}, 0^{\circ}$ 

Frame Frequency: 64 HZ

Driving Waveform: 1/N duty, 1/a bias

#### **Definition of viewing angle (CR≥2)**



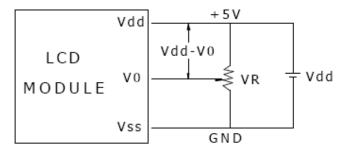
# 7. Interface Pin Function

Pin No.	Symbol	Level	Description
1	LED(+)		Anode of LED Backlight
2	LED(-)		Cathode of LED Backlight
3	$V_{SS}$	0V	Ground
4	$V_{DD}$	5.0V	Supply Voltage for logic
5	SCLK	H/L	Serial Clock
6	SID	H/L	Serial Data
7	V0	(Variable)	Operating voltage for LCD
8	/CSB	H/L	Chip Select
9	RS	H/L	Register Select
10	NC		No Connection



### 8. Power Supply

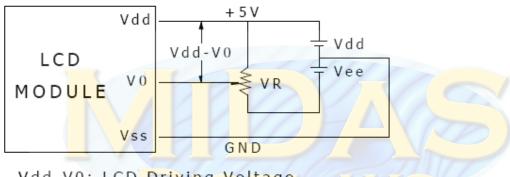
#### SINGLE SUPPLY VOLTAGE TYPE



Vdd-V0: LCD Driving Voltage

VR: 10K - 20K

### **DUAL SUPPLY VOLTAGE TYPE**

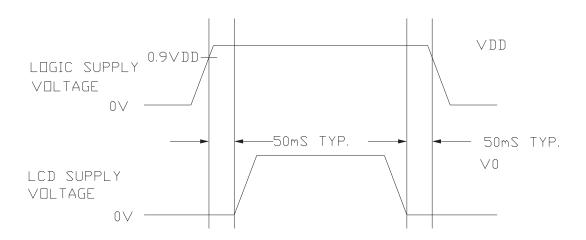


Vdd-V0: LCD Driving Voltage

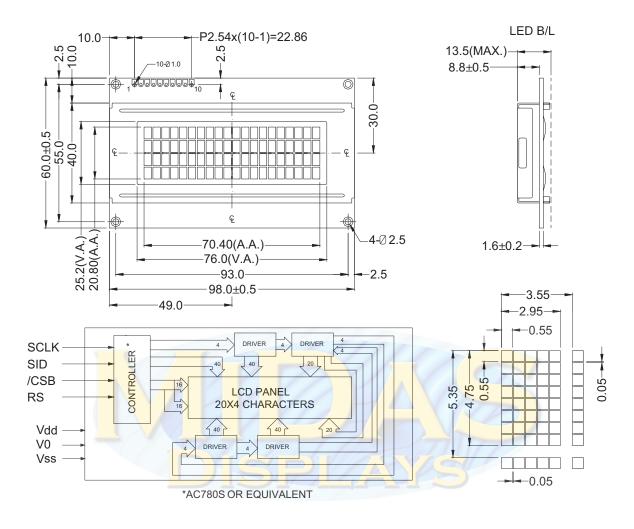
VR: 10K - 20K

### Timing Diagram of VDD Against V0.

Power on sequence shall meet the requirement of Figure 4, the timing diagram of VDD against V0.



## 9. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram



### **10. Function Description**

The LCD display Module is built in a LSI controller, the controller has two 8-bit registers, an instruction register (IR) and a data register (DR).

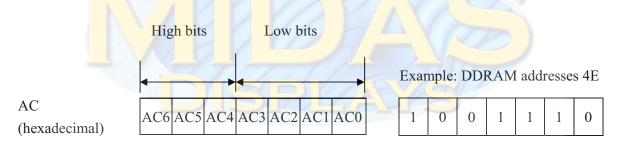
The IR stores instruction codes, such as display clear and cursor shift, and address information for display data RAM (DDRAM) and character generator (CGRAM). The IR can only be written from the MPU. The DR temporarily stores data to be written or read from DDRAM or CGRAM. When address information is written into the IR, then data is stored into the DR from DDRAM or CGRAM.

#### Address Counter (AC)

The address counter (AC) assigns addresses to both DDRAM and CGRAM

#### **Display Data RAM (DDRAM)**

This DDRAM is used to store the display data represented in 8-bit character codes. Its extended capacity is 80×8 bits or 80 characters. Below figure is the relationships between DDRAM addresses and positions on the liquid crystal display.



Display position DDRAM address

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F	10	11	12	13
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E	4F	50	51	52	53
14	15	16	17	18	19	1A	1B	1C	1D	1E	1F	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
54	55	56	57	58	59	5A	5B	5C	5D	5E	5F	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67

4-Line by 20-Character Display

#### **Character Generator ROM (CGROM)**

The CGROM generate 5×8 dot or 5×10 dot character patterns from 8-bit character codes. See Table 2.

#### **Character Generator RAM (CGRAM)**

In CGRAM, the user can rewrite character by program. For 5×8 dots, eight character patterns

can be written, and for 5×10 dots, four character patterns can be written.

Write into DDRAM the character code at the addresses shown as the left column of table 1. To show the character patterns stored in CGRAM.

# Relationship between CGRAM Addresses, Character Codes (DDRAM) and Character patterns Table 1

For 5 \* 8 dot character patterns

Character Codes (DDRAM data)	CGRAM Address	C haracter Patterns ( C G R A M data )	
7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	
High Low	High Low	High Low	
0 0 0 0 * 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Character pattern (1)  Cursor pattern  Character
0 0 0 0 * 0 0 1	0 0 1 1 0 0	* * *	pattern(2)
	1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	* * * * 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Cursor pattern
0 0 0 0 * 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1	* * *	

For 5 \* 10 dot character patterns

υ,		1 0	u	υı	C 1	1 u	uc		1	pai	teri	11.5							_									7		
							d a					CC	ъR	A N	1 A	A d d	res	SS				act R A								
	7	6	4	5	4	3	2		1	0			5	4	3	2	1	0		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
		Н	ig	h			L	o v	V			Н	ig	h		Lo	w			I	I ig	; h		L	o v	V				
	0	0	(	)	0	*	0		0	0			0	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1		* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * *	0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0			C haracter pattern C ursor pattern
																												<u> </u>	-	1
															1	1	1	1		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*			

■ : " High "

# 11. Character Generator ROM Pattern

<u>b7≈4</u> b3≈0	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	110 <b>1</b>	1110	1111
0000	[00]															
0001	CG RAM [01]															
0010	[02]															
0011	CG RAM [03]															
0100	[04]															
0101	CG RAM [05]															
0110	C6 RAM [06]															
0111	C6 RAM [07]															
1000	CG RAM [00]															
1001	CG RAM [01]															
1010	CG RAM [02]															
1011	CG RAM [03]															
1100	CG RAM [04]															
1101	CG RAM [05]															
1110	CG RAM [06]															
1111	CG RAM [07]															

# **12. Instruction Table**

Instruction				Ins	structi	ion Co	de				Description	Execution time (fosc=210Khz)	
instruction	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Description		
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "20H" to DDRAM and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC	1.98ms	
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	_	Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.	1.98ms	
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	SH	Assign cursor moving direction and enable the shift of entire display.	48μs	
Display ON/OFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	С	В	Set display (D), cursor (C), and blinking of cursor (B) on/off control bit.	48µs	
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	_	_	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing of DDRAM data.	48μs	
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F		_	Set interface data length (DL:8-bit/4-bit), numbers of display line (N:2-line/1-line)and, display font type (F:5×11 dots/5×8 dots)	48μs	
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set CGRAM address in address counter.	48μs	
Set DDRAM Address	0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set DDRAM address in address counter.	48µs	
Write Data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	48µs	

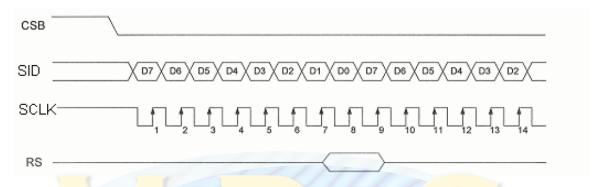
\* "-": N/A

### 13. Interface with MPU

#### • For serial interface data, bus lines (DB5 to DB7) are used. 4-Line SPI

If 4-Pin SPI mode is used, CSB (DB5), SID (DB7), SCLK (DB6), and RS are used. They are chip selection; serial input data, serial clock input, and data/instruction section, relatively. The example of timing sequence is shown below.

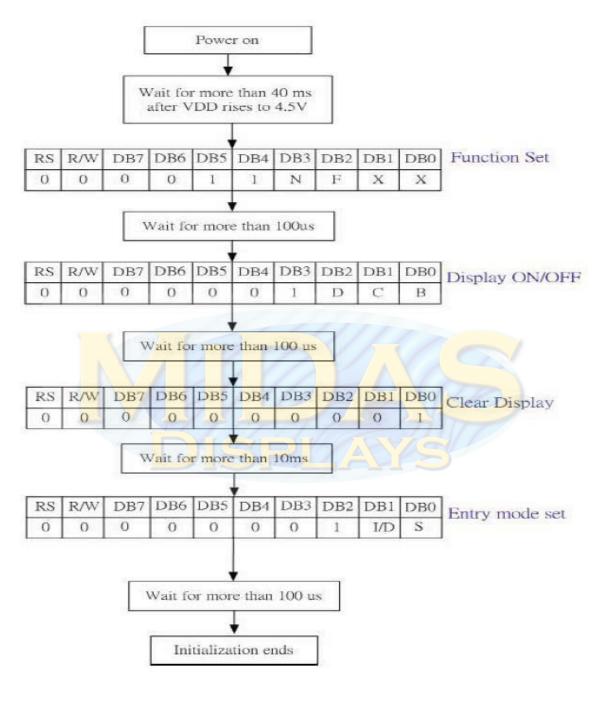
#### > Example of timing sequence



Note: Following is the master SPI clock mode of MPU.

Idle state for clock is a high level, data transmitted on rising edge of SCLK, and data is hold during low level.

### 14. Initializing of LCM



```
Initial Code:
void InitRW1063(void)
{
    WriteInst (0x38);    //DL=1: 8 bits; N=1: 2 line; F=0: 5 x 8dots
    WriteInst (0x0c);    // D=1, display on; C=B=0; cursor off; blinking off;
    WriteInst (0x06);    // I/D=1: Increment by 1; S=0: No shift
}
```

# **15. Quality Assurance**

### Screen Cosmetic Criteria

Item	Defect	Judgment Criterion	Partition
1	Spots	A)Clear $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Minor
2	Bubbles in Polarizer		Minor
3	Scratch	In accordance with spots cosmetic criteria. When the light reflects on the panel surface, the scratches are not to be remarkable.	Minor
4	Allowable Density	Above defects should be separated more than 30mm each other.	Minor
5	Coloration	Not to be noticeable coloration in the viewing area of the LCD panels.  Back-light type should be judged with back-light on state only.	Minor

## 16. Reliability

### **Content of Reliability Test**

Environmental Test						
Test Item	Content of Test	<b>Test Condition</b>	Applicable Standard			
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80°C 96hrs				
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	-30°C 96hrs				
High Femperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	70°C 96hrs				
Low Femperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-20°C 96hrs				
High Femperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	80°C, 90%RH 96hrs				
High Femperature/ Humidity Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and temperature / humidity stress to the element for a long time.	70°C, 90%RH 96hrs				
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle.  -30°C 25°C 80°C  30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-30→80°C 10 cycles				
Mechanical Tes	t					
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	10~22Hz→1.5mmp-p 22~500Hz→1.5G Total 0.5hrs				
Shock test	Constructional and mechanical endurance test applying the shock during transportation.	50G Half sign wave 11 msedc 3 times of each direction				

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Supply voltage for logic system=5V. Supply voltage for LCD system =Operating voltage at 25°C