

Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2011

GCE Mechanics M3 (6679) Paper 1

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June 2011
Publications Code UA028443
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## **EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATICS**

## **General Instructions for Marking**

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
  - M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
  - A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
  - B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
  - Marks should not be subdivided.

## Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes and can be used if you are using the annotation facility on ePEN.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- \* The answer is printed on the paper
- The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark



## June 2011 Mechanics M3 6679 Mark Scheme

	iviark Scheme		
Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
1. (a)	$ \begin{array}{cccc} & & & & & & \ddot{x} \\ & & & & & & & \ddot{x} \\ O & & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & & & & \\ O & & & & \\ O & & & & \\ O & & & \\ O & & & \\ O & &$		
	$0.5v \frac{dv}{dx} = -0.375x^2$ $\frac{1}{2}v^2 = -0.25x^3 + c$	M1 M1 A1	
	$t = 0, v = 2, x = 8$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 2^{2} = -0.25 \times 8^{3} + c$ $c = 130$		
	$\therefore v^2 = -\frac{1}{2}x^3 + 260 \qquad *$	A1	(4)
(b)	$v = 5$ $x^3 = 520 - 50$ $x = 7.77$	M1 A1	(2) <b>6</b>



	duvaricir	g learning, changing li
Question Number	Scheme	Marks
2.	$V = \pi \int_0^3 (9 - x^2)^2 dx = \pi \int_0^3 (81 - 18x^2 + x^4) dx$	<u>M</u> 1
	$= \pi \left[ 81x - 6x^3 + \frac{x^5}{5} \right]_0^3 = \frac{648}{5} \pi$ OR:	M1 A1
	$\int_0^3 \pi (9 - x^2)^2 x  dx \qquad \qquad \pi \int_0^3 (81x - 18x^3 + x^5)  dx$	
	$= \frac{\pi}{6} \left[ -\left(9 - x^2\right)^3 \right]_0^3 = \pi \left[ \frac{81}{2} x^2 - \frac{9}{2} x^4 + \frac{1}{6} x^6 \right]_0^3$	M1 A1
	$=\frac{\pi}{6}\left[0+\left(9\right)^{3}\right]$ $\begin{bmatrix} 81 & 2 & 9 & 24 & 1 & 26 \end{bmatrix}$	M1
	$= \pi \left[ \frac{81}{2} \times 3^2 - \frac{9}{2} \times 3^4 + \frac{1}{6} \times 3^6 \right]$ 243	
	$=\frac{243}{2}\pi$ $=\frac{243}{2}\pi$	A1
	$\overline{x} = \frac{\frac{243}{2}}{\frac{648}{5}} = \frac{15}{16}  \text{(accept 0.94)}$	M1 A1
	5	(9) <b>9</b>
3.		
(a)	Mass ratio $\pi (3l)^2 \times 5l\rho  \frac{2}{3}\pi (3l)^3 \times 2\rho     81\pi l^3 \rho$	
	Dist. from $O$ $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B1
	Dist. from $O$ $\frac{3}{2}l$ $-\frac{3}{8}\times 3l$ $\overline{x}$	B1
	Moments equation:	
	$5 \times \frac{5}{2}l - 4 \times \frac{9}{8}l = 9\overline{x}$	M1 A1 ft
	$\overline{x} = \frac{8}{9}l$	A1
	9	(5)



Question Number  (b)  Scheme  Marks		advancing learning, changing l
$\theta^{\circ}$	Question Number	Scheme Marks
$\tan \theta^{\circ} = \frac{3l}{\frac{37}{9}l} = \frac{27}{37}$ $\theta^{\circ} = 36.1^{\circ} \text{ accept } 36^{\circ}, \ 0.63 \text{ or } 0.630 \text{ rad or better}$ A1		$GX = 5l - \frac{8}{9}l = \frac{37}{9}l$ $\tan \theta^{\circ} = \frac{3l}{\frac{37}{9}l} = \frac{27}{37}$ M1 A1 ft



_	advancing	learning, changing li
Question Number	Scheme	Marks
4. (a)	A  A  A  C  3a  T  B $C$ $A$ $A$ $A$ $A$ $A$ $A$ $A$	B1 M1 A1  M1 A1=A1
	$T_A = \frac{5}{7}m(3a\omega^2 + g) $	A1 (8)
<b>(b)</b>	$T_b = \sqrt{2} \left( \frac{4}{5} T_a - mg \right)$ $= \sqrt{2} \left( \frac{4}{7} m \left( 3a\omega^2 + g \right) - mg \right)$ $= \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{7} m \left( 4a\omega^2 - g \right)  \text{oe}$	M1 A1 (2)



Question		learning, chang	ging tiv
Number	Scheme	Marks	
(c)	$T_b \geqslant 0 \Rightarrow 4a\omega^2 \geqslant g$	M1	
	$\omega^2 \geqslant \frac{g}{4a}$ $\omega \geqslant \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{g}{a}}  *$		
	4a		
	$\omega \geqslant \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{g}{a}} *$	A1	
	(Allow strict inequalities in (c).)		
			(2)
			12
5.			
(a)	R		
	$\frac{7}{6}l$		
	$O \xrightarrow{\longleftarrow} A \longrightarrow F$		
	mg		
	mg		
	$_{m}$ $3mg(1,)$ 1		
	$T = \frac{3mg}{l} \left(\frac{1}{6}l\right) = \frac{1}{2}mg$	B1	
	$R(\uparrow) R = mg$ $R(\rightarrow) F = T = \frac{1}{2}mg$	<del>M</del> 1	
	$F \leqslant \mu R$		
	$\frac{1}{2}mg \leqslant \mu mg$ $\mu \geqslant \frac{1}{2}  *$	<b>M</b> 1	
	$\mu \geqslant \frac{1}{}$ *	A1	
			(4)
(b)			(1)
	E.P.E. lost = $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3mg}{l} \left(\frac{1}{2}l\right)^2 = \frac{3mgl}{8}$	B1	
	Work done by friction $=\frac{1}{2}mg\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)$	B1	
	$\frac{3mgl}{8} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}mg\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)$	M1 A1ft	
	$v^{2} = \frac{gl}{4}$ $v = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{gl}$		
	$v = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{gl}$		
	2	A1	
			(5)
		1	(3)



	advancing	learning, changing	; liv
Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
(c)	$\frac{3mgl}{8} = \frac{1}{2}mgx$ $x = \frac{3l}{4}$	M1 A1 ft A1 (3	)
		12	2
6.			
(a)	$V \leftarrow B$ $mg + T_B$ $A \uparrow_3 \sqrt{(ag)}$		
	Energy to B: $ \frac{1}{2}m(3\sqrt{ag})^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times mV^2 = mag $ $ 9ag - V^2 = 2ag $ $ V^2 = 7ag $	-M1 A1	
	NL2 along radius at B: $T_B + mg = m\frac{V^2}{a}$ $T_B + mg = 7mg$ $T_B = 6mg$	<sup>−</sup> M1 A1 <sup>−</sup> M1	
	$T_B > 0 \Rightarrow \text{ particle reaches } B$	A1 (6)	)



	advancing	learning, char	nging li
Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
(b)	Energy to C: $\frac{1}{2} \times mU^2 - \frac{1}{2}m(3\sqrt{ag})^2 = mag$ $U^2 = 2\pi s + 0\pi s$	M1	
	$U^2 = 2ag + 9ag$ $U = \sqrt{11ga}$	A1	(2)
(c)	Energy from C to rest: $\frac{1}{2} \times m \times \left(\frac{5}{12} \sqrt{11 ag}\right)^2 = mga(1 - \cos \theta)$ $\frac{25}{144} \times 11 ag = 2ga(1 - \cos \theta)$ $\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} \left(2 - \frac{25 \times 11}{144}\right)$ $\theta = 87.4$ $\theta = 87^{\circ} \text{ (or 1.5 rad) or better}$	M1 A1 A1	(4) 12



Question Number	Scheme	Marks
7.		
	$\ddot{x}$	
	$A \xrightarrow{T_a} A \xrightarrow{T_b} B$ $(1 \text{ m}) C \xrightarrow{x} (1-x)$	
<b>(a)</b>	Total extn. = $0.6$	
	$T_b = \frac{\lambda \times \text{ext}}{l} = \frac{2(0.3 - x)}{0.7} = \frac{2}{7}(3 - 10x)$ *	M1 A1 (2)
(b)	$T_a = \frac{2(x+0.3)}{0.7}  \left(=\frac{2}{7}(10x+3)\right)$	B1
		(1)
<b>(c)</b>	$ T_b - T_a = 0.5\ddot{x} $	
	$\frac{2}{7}(3-10x) - \frac{2}{7}(10x+3) = 0.5\ddot{x}$	M1 A1 ft
	$2 \times \left(-\frac{20x}{7}\right) = 0.5\ddot{x}$	
	$\ddot{x} = -\frac{40}{7 \times 0.5} x$	M1 A1
	(∴ S.H.M.)	
	Period = $\frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{7 \times 0.5}{40}} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{7}{80}}$ *	M1 A1
	80	(6)
<b>(d)</b>	$v_{\text{max}} = a\omega = 0.2\sqrt{\frac{80}{7}}$ o.e. or a.w.r.t. 0.68 m s <sup>-1</sup>	M1 A1
	( [00 )	(2)
(e)	$x = a\cos\omega t = 0.2\cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{80}{7}}t\right)$	M1
	$x = -0.1 \qquad -\frac{0.1}{0.2} = \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{80}{7}}t\right)$	A1
	$t = \sqrt{\frac{7}{80}} \cos^{-1} \left( -0.5 \right)$	
	$t = \sqrt{\frac{7}{80}} \times \frac{2\pi}{3} = \frac{\pi}{3} \sqrt{\frac{7}{20}}$ o.e. (accept a.w.r.t. 0.62) s	M1 A1
		(4) <b>15</b>

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Order Code UA028443 June 2011

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