

# EDEXCEL FOUNDATION

Stewart House 32 Russell Square London WC1B 5DN

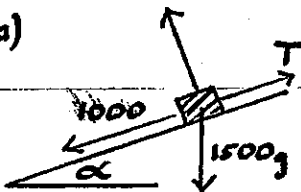
January 2002

Advanced Supplementary/Advanced Level

General Certificate of Education

Subject MECHANICS 6678

Paper No. M2

Question number	Scheme	Marks
1.	<p>Work done = Loss in K.E.</p> $R \times 200 = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 25^2$ $R = 6.25$	<p>M1 A1 = A1</p> <p>A1 <u>4</u> (4)</p>
2.	<p>(a) </p> $T = \frac{P}{v} = \frac{60\,000}{30} (=2000)$ <p>N2L: <math>2000 - 1000 - 1500 \times 9.8 \times \frac{1}{12}</math></p> $= 1500 a$ $a = (-) 0.15 \text{ (ms}^{-2}\text{)} \text{ } \text{cao}$ <p>(b) <math>T' = 1000 + 1500 \times 9.8 \times \frac{1}{12} (=2225)</math></p> $P = T'v \quad 80\,000 = 2225 v$ $v \approx 36 \text{ (ms}^{-1}\text{)} \text{ } \text{accept } 36.0$ <p>(c) The resistance is likely to increase with speed</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>A1 <u>4</u></p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 <u>4</u></p> <p>B1 <u>1</u> (9)</p>
3.	<p>(a) <math>\underline{a} = 6t \underline{i} + 6t \underline{j}</math></p> <p><math>t=2 \quad \underline{a} = 12 \underline{i} + 6 \underline{j}</math></p> <p>N2L <math>\underline{F} = m \underline{a} = 3.6 \underline{i} + 1.8 \underline{j}</math></p> $ \underline{F}  = \sqrt{(3.6^2 + 1.8^2)} \approx 4.02 \text{ (accept } 4.03\text{)} \text{ } \text{cao}$ <p>(b) <math>\underline{r} = (t^3 + c_1) \underline{i} + (3t^2 - 4t + c_2) \underline{j}</math> ignore constants</p> <p>Using <math>t=0</math>, <math>\underline{r} = (t^3 + 3) \underline{i} + (3t^2 - 4t - 4) \underline{j}</math></p> $\underline{E}=4, \quad \underline{r} = 67 \underline{i} + 28 \underline{j} \text{ (m)}$	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1 A1 <u>5</u></p> <p>M1 A1 + A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 <u>5</u> (10)</p>

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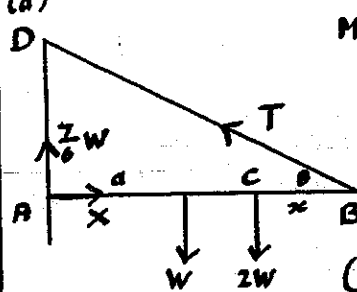
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Paper No. 1

Question number	Scheme	Marks
4	<p>(a) <math>\begin{array}{ccc} ABC &amp; WXYZ &amp; \text{Template} \\ \text{mass ratio} &amp; 4Ba^2 &amp; 4a^2 ; 44a^2 \\ \text{c.m.} &amp; \frac{8a}{3} &amp; 2a \quad \bar{x} \end{array}</math></p> <p><math>M(AB) \quad 44a^2 \bar{x} + 8a^3 = 48a^2 \times \frac{8a}{3}</math></p> <p>solving to <math>\bar{x} = \frac{30}{11}a</math> * <span style="float: right;">CSO</span></p> <p>(b) <math>M(AB)</math> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">or <math>M(ZY)</math></span></p> <p><math>KM \times 8a + M \times \frac{30}{11}a = M(1+K)3a</math> <span style="margin-left: 50px;"><math>KM \times 5a = M(3a - \frac{30}{11}a)</math></span></p> <p>solving to <math>K = \frac{3}{55}</math> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"><math>K = \frac{3}{55} \text{ or } 0.055</math></span></p>	<p>BI; BI/</p> <p>BI BI</p> <p>MI A1</p> <p>A1 <u>7</u></p> <p>MI A2(1,0)</p> <p>A1 <u>4</u></p>
5	<p>(a) </p> <p><math>M(A) \quad T \times 2a \sin \theta = Wa + 2W(2a - x)</math></p> <p><math>T \times \frac{6}{5}a = 5Wa - 2Wx</math></p> <p><math>T = \frac{5(5a - 2x)}{6a} W</math> <span style="float: right;">CSO</span></p> <p>(b) <math>M(B) \quad \frac{7}{6}W \times 2a = Wa + 2Wx</math></p> <p><math>x = \frac{2}{3}a</math> <span style="float: right;">O.E.</span></p> <p>(c) <math>R(\rightarrow) \quad X = T \cos \theta = \frac{5}{6}(5 - \frac{4}{3})W \times \frac{4}{5}</math></p> <p><math>= \frac{22}{9}W</math></p>	<p>MI A2(1,0)</p> <p>MI A1 <u>5</u></p> <p>MI A1</p> <p>A1 <u>3</u></p> <p>MI A1/</p> <p>MI A1 <u>4</u></p>
	<p>Alternative to (b)</p> <p><math>R(\uparrow) \quad \frac{7}{6}W + T \sin \theta = 3W</math></p> <p><math>\frac{7}{6}W + \frac{5(5a - 2x)}{6a}W \times \frac{3}{5} = 3W</math></p> <p><math>x = \frac{2}{3}a</math></p>	<p>MI A1</p> <p>A1 <u>3</u></p>

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Paper No. M2

Question number	Scheme	Marks
6.	<p> </p> <p>(a) LM <math>mu = mx + 2my</math>  NEL <math>x - y = -eu</math>  Solving to <math>y = \frac{1}{3}(1+e)u \neq \text{c.s.o.}</math></p> <p>(b) Obtaining <math>x = \frac{1}{3}(1-2e)u</math> allow angular  Direction unchanged implies <math>x &gt; 0</math>  <math>e &lt; \frac{1}{2}</math> ignore <math>e \geq 0</math></p> <p>(c) <math>y = \frac{5}{12}u</math>, <math>x = \frac{1}{6}u</math>  Final K.E. = <math>\frac{1}{2}m(\frac{1}{6}u)^2 + \frac{1}{2}2m(\frac{5}{12}u)^2 (= \frac{27}{144}mu^2)</math>  Loss in K.E. = <math>\frac{1}{2}mu^2 - \frac{27}{144}mu^2 = \frac{5}{16}mu^2</math></p> <p>(d) Heat, sound, (work done by) internal forces</p>	<p>BI  MI AI  MI AI <u>5</u>  MI AI  AI <u>4</u>  MI AI  MI AI <u>4</u>  BI <u>1</u> (14)</p>
7	<p>(a) (↑) <math>u_y = 80 \sin 60^\circ</math>, <math>v_y = 0</math>  <math>0^2 = (80 \sin 60^\circ)^2 - 2 \times 9.8 \times s</math>  <math>s \approx 244.9</math>  Height is 260 m. Accept 265</p> <p>(b) <math>0 = 80 \sin 60^\circ - 9.8t</math>  <math>t = 7.1</math> (s) Accept 7.07</p> <p>(c) (→) <math>u_x = 80 \cos 60^\circ (=40)</math>  LM <math>100 \times 40 = 40 \times v + 60 \times 80</math>  <math>v = (-)20 \neq</math> c.s.o.</p> <p>(d) Let N be point on ground vertically below B  <math>ON = 80 \cos 60^\circ \times \text{time (b)} (=282.79)</math>  ↓ <math>264.9 = \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 \times t^2 \Rightarrow t \approx 7.35</math> avrt  <math>CN = 20 \times 7.35 \approx 147</math> avrt  <math>OC = 140</math> (m) accept 136</p>	<p>BI, BI  MI  AI <u>4</u>  MI  AI <u>2</u>  BI  MI  AI <u>3</u>  MI  MI AI  MI AI  AI <u>6</u> (15)</p>