LAPORAN SISTEM MANAJEMEN BASIS DATA

MANAJEMEN, USER, ROLE DAN PRIVILEGE



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D3 MANAJEMEN INFORMATIKA PSDKU POLITEKNIK NEGERI MALANG DI KOTA KEDIRI 2025

Latihan Studi Kasus

Tuliskan scriptnya dan caputernya hasilnya disetiap Langkah berikut.

1. Lakukan proses pembuatan username sebanyak jumlah kelompok anda. Tuliskan script

dan tampilkan hasilnya.

2. Lakukan penghapusan username terhadap user yang sudah dibuat. Tuliskan script dan

tampilkan hasilnya

- 3. Buat role dengan "role_nama_anda_insert_select" → role_andi_select_insert.
- 4. Berikan privilege select, insert kedalam role diatas
- 5. Buat role dengan "role_nama_anda_create_drop" → role_andi_create_drop.
- 6. Berikan privilege create, drop kedalam role diatas
- 7. Berikan 2 user kedalam masing-masing role diatas.
- 8. Lakukan pengujian sebelum dan sesudah user diberikan role.
- 9. Lepas role dari user diatas. Sehingga user menjadi tidak memiliki role.
- 10. Lakukan konfigurasi untuk proses monitoring proses seperti contoh diatas, dan lakukan

beberapa kali proses query. Kemudian lihat di log nya dan tampilkan hasilnya.

11. Tulis kesimpulan dari kegiatan praktek kelompok anda.

1. Create User

```
QUERY

CREATE USER 'della'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'della';
CREATE USER 'alivia'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'alivia';

HASIL

mysql> CREATE USER 'della'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'della';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)

mysql> CREATE USER 'alivia'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'alivia';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> ___
```

2. Drop User

```
QUERY

CREATE USER 'veri'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'veri';

DROP USER 'veri'@'localhost';

HASIL

mysql> DROP USER 'veri'@'localhost';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> ___
```

3. CREATE ROLE select_insert Dan no 5. CREATE ROLE create_drop

```
QUERY

CREATE ROLE 'role_della_select_insert';

CREATE ROLE 'role_alivia_create_drop';

HASIL

mysql> CREATE ROLE 'role_della_select_insert';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> CREATE ROLE 'role_alivia_create_drop';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> _____
```

4. Memberikan PRIVILEGE ke ROLE select_insert Dan no 6. Untuk ROLE create_drop

```
QUERY

GRANT SELECT, INSERT ON 06_a_veri_mhs.* TO

'role_della_select_insert';

GRANT CREATE, DROP ON 06_a_veri_mhs.* TO

'role_alivia_create_drop';

HASIL

mysql> GRANT SELECT, INSERT ON 06_a_veri_mhs.* TO 'role_della_select_insert'

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> GRANT CREATE, DROP ON 06_a_veri_mhs.* TO 'role_alivia_create_drop';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> __
```

7. Menetapkan ROLE ke USER

```
QUERY

GRANT 'role_della_select_insert' TO 'della'@'localhost';

GRANT 'role_alivia_create_drop' TO 'alivia'@'localhost';

HASIL

mysql> GRANT 'role_della_select_insert' TO 'della'@'localhost';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> GRANT 'role_alivia_create_drop' TO 'alivia'@'localhost';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql>
```

• Menerapkan Perubahan

```
QUERY

FLUSH PRIVILEGES;

HASIL

mysql> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql>
```

• Cek Hak Akses yang Dimiliki

```
QUERY
SHOW GRANTS FOR 'della'@'localhost';
```

```
SHOW GRANTS FOR 'alivia'@'localhost';
SHOW GRANTS FOR 'role della select insert';
SHOW GRANTS FOR 'role alivia create drop';
                                         HASIL
mysql> SHOW GRANTS FOR 'della'@'localhost';
 Grants for della@localhost
 GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `della`@`localhost`
 GRANT `role_della_select_insert`@`%` TO `della`@`localhost`
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SHOW GRANTS FOR 'alivia'@'localhost';
 Grants for alivia@localhost
 GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `alivia`@`localhost`
 GRANT `role_alivia_create_drop`@`%` TO `alivia`@`localhost`
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SHOW GRANTS FOR 'role_della_select_insert';
 Grants for role_della_select_insert@%
 GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `role_della_select_insert`@`%`
 GRANT SELECT, INSERT ON `06_a_veri_mhs`.* TO `role_della_select_insert`@`%`
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SHOW GRANTS FOR 'role_alivia_create_drop';
 Grants for role_alivia_create_drop@%
 GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `role_alivia_create_drop`@`%` |
GRANT CREATE, DROP ON `06_a_veri_mhs`.* TO `role_alivia_create_drop`@`%` |
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

• Mengaktifkan ROLE secara Otomatis saat Login

```
QUERY

SET DEFAULT ROLE ALL TO 'della'@'localhost';

SET DEFAULT ROLE ALL TO 'alivia'@'localhost';

HASIL

mysql> SET DEFAULT ROLE ALL TO 'della'@'localhost';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> SET DEFAULT ROLE ALL TO 'alivia'@'localhost';

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> __
```

8. Pengujian Sesudah Diberikan ROLE

```
Mysql -u della -p -P 3309
SHOW GRANTS FOR 'della'@'localhost';
SELECT * FROM 06_a_veri_mhs.mahasiswa;
INSERT INTO 06_a_veri_mhs.mahasiswa (id, nama) VALUES (1, 'Della');
HASIL
```

```
C:\Users\MyBook Z Series>mysql -u della -p -P 3309
Enter password: *****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 16
Server version: 8.0.36 MySQL Community Server - GPL
Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
nysql> SHOW GRANTS FOR 'della'@'localhost';
 Grants for della@localhost
 GRANT USAGE ON *.* TO `della`@`localhost`
 GRANT `role_della_select_insert`@`%` TO `della`@`localhost`
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM 06_a_veri_mhs.mahasiswa;
Empty set (0.01 sec)
mysql> INSERT INTO 06_a_veri_mhs.mahasiswa (id, nama) VALUES (1, 'Della');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
nysql> SELECT * FROM 06_a_veri_mhs.mahasiswa;
  id | nama | jurusan | angkatan |
  1 | Della | NULL
                             NULL |
 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Pengujian Sebelum Diberikan ROLE

10. Konfigurasi Monitoring Proses & Logging di MYSQL

```
QUERY
SHOW VARIABLES LIKE 'general_log%';
```

```
SET global general log = 1;
SHOW VARIABLES LIKE 'general log%';
SET global log_output = 'table';
SELECT * FROM mysql.general log;
                                                                 HASIL
 mysql> SHOW VARIABLES LIKE 'general log%'
   Variable_name
                          | Value
   general log
                          OFF
   general_log_file | DESKTOP-6PVHU5H.log
 2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
 mysql> SET global general_log = 1;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
 mysql> SHOW VARIABLES LIKE 'general_log%'
   Variable_name
                          | Value
   general_log
                          I ON
   general_log_file | DESKTOP-6PVHU5H.log
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
 mysql> SET global log_output = 'table';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
  2025-02-26 14:20:10.440101 | [della] @ localhost [::1]
                                                         1 | Query
 2025-02-26 14:20:10.452221 | della[della] @ localhost [::1]
 2025-02-26 14:20:21.061850 | della[della] @ localhost [::1] |
2028312C202744656C6C612729
2025-02-26 14:20:29.309842 | della[della] @ localhost [::1] |
  2025-02-26 14:21:08.602469 | alivia[alivia] @ localhost [::1] |
  2025-02-26 14:22:19.402677 | alivia[alivia] @ localhost [::1] |
5052494D415259204B45592C0A202020206E616D615F70776F6469205641524
2025-02-26 14:22:31.800380 | alivia[alivia] @ localhost [::1] |
                                                                       0x53454C454354202A2046524F4D206D7973716C2E67656E6572616C5F6C6F67
```

11. Kesimpulan

Praktik ini memberikan pemahaman mendalam tentang manajemen pengguna, role, hak akses, dan monitoring proses di MySQL. Kami berhasil membuat user, menetapkan role dengan privilege tertentu, serta melakukan pengujian sebelum dan sesudah pemberian role. Selain itu,monitoring query dengan General Query Log membantu dalam mencatat aktivitas pengguna dan memastikan keamanan database.

- Keamanan database dapat ditingkatkan dengan pemberian role yang sesuai untuk tiap pengguna, sehingga hanya memiliki akses yang diperlukan.
- Monitoring aktivitas user penting untuk mendeteksi aktivitas mencurigakan dan menjaga integritas data.
- Manajemen hak akses ini menjadi dasar penting dalam mengelola sistem basis data di lingkungan produksi agar lebih aman dan efisien.