

Capstone Project Submission

Instructions:

- i) Please fill in all the required information.
- ii) Avoid grammatical errors.

Team Member's Name, Email and Contribution:

1. Sanjay Ramkishan Verma

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❖ **Contribution-**

- Most Busy month for Hotel Bookings.
- Visualization of Guests pay for a room per night using Box Plot and checking the prices vary per night over year.
- Optimal Stay of the guests in the Hotel using Bar Plot.
- Bookings and Cancelled Bookings by different types of Customers.
- Meal Preference by Customers.
- Compilation of Team Collab Notebook.

2. Poonam Dattu Shevkar

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❖ **Contribution -**

- Checking the presence of NAN values by using the tool missing value matrix.
- Visualization of the Best Time of Hotel Bookings in the year.
- Visualization of Special Requests Received from the Guests to Hotels.
- Overview of the country for Hotel Bookings using Word Cloud , Area & Folium map.
- Deposit Type for Hotels.
- Overview of Market Segment and Distribution Channel.
- Correlation between the variables using Heat map.
- Scatter plot for lead time and stays for week nights to observe the pattern of variables.

Please paste the GitHub Repo link-

Github Link:-

<https://github.com/VermaSanjayrk/Hotel-booking-Analysis>

Please write a short summary of your Capstone project and its components. Describe the problem statement, your approaches and your conclusions. (200-400 words)

The hotel industry is one of the most important components of the wider service industry, catering for customers who require overnight accommodation. Hotel industry is a very volatile industry and the bookings depend on a variety of factors such as type of hotels, seasonality, days of week and many more. It is closely associated with the travel industry and the hospitality industry, although there are notable differences in scope. This makes analyzing the patterns available in the past data more important to help the hotels plan better. Using the historical data, hotels can perform various campaigns to boost the business.

This data set contains booking information for a city hotel and a resort hotel, and includes information such as when the booking was made, length of stay, the number of adults, children, and/or babies, and the number of available parking spaces, among other things. This dataset includes systematic data structure with 32 variables and 119390 rows to visualise the patterns of variables with analytical graphs & Charts.

In this project, the dataset we were provided has information about the hotel booking factors. Such as Types of Hotel, arrival Date/Month/Year, number of repeated guests, Stays at hotel, prices of hotel for per night and among others also. Our work mainly focuses on the hotel booking factors that are responsible for trend in the booking as per the availability of resources for Hotel type, Special requests from guests, Best time to book the hotel, prices variation over the year, overview of country for hotel booking by customers and meal preference.

Data wrangling was done on the raw data to get useful data without NAN values and observe the summary statistics of the dataset. Further, we divide the project into different parts such as the suitable time for hotel booking, optimal stay and price variation over the year, special requests received from the guests, overview of country and meal preference by customer.

During analysis for suitable time for Hotel bookings, it observed that in the month of August City Hotel has the huge bookings compared to Resort Hotel and the most busy months are July and August for City as well as Resort Hotel.

At the time of analysis for optimal stay and price variation over the year, we saw that Average daily rate (ADR) per person per night is 94.95 in the Resort Hotel Whereas Average daily rate per person per night is 105.30 in the City Hotel and the average stay in City Hotel is nearly 3 days compared to Resort Hotel where guests stay for nearly 5 days. Hence, the average price per night depends on room type and its standard deviation and majority of people stays for 5 nights in hotels.

Further, analysis of Special requests received from guests gave a view of hotel booking cancellation rate and it was observed that, as more special requests of customers are fulfilled by hotels the cancellation rate decreases i.e. customers are more likely to stay in hotel that fulfilled their requests and City hotel has high special requests compared to Resort hotel.

Country wise Hotel Bookings Analysis, shows us that Portugal (PRT) has more frequency of hotel bookings than other countries like GBR, FRA, etc. Therefore, people from all over the world stay in City and Resort Hotels and most guests are from Portugal & other countries from Europe.

After viewing the Meal preference by customers, it was observed that among the 3 types of meals, 'BB'-Bed & Breakfast is most popular with a frequency of 77.26%. Hence, breakfast in bed meals are mostly preferred by the guests/customers.

At the end, we have visualized the correlation between the variables to observe the highly correlated variables in the dataset and scatter plot between two variables lead time and stay in weeknights and conclude that, variable "is_cancelled" is highly correlated with 5 variables which can be used to fit a model in future use and there is negative correlation relationship between lead time and stays in week nights.

Drive Link:-

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1TiKYU_mPUwquznSnwv8CBnHdh6PvxtBf