Capstone Project Submission

Team Member's Name, Email and Contribution:

1. Sanjay Ramkishan Verma

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Contribution-

- EDA on type and ratings and to evaluate the highest rating with content preferred by the audience.
- Analysis on the countries and cast in the show using word cloud visualization.
- Analysis done to observe Netflix has increasingly focusing on TV shows rather than movies in recent years or not.
- Data engineering on the basis of clustering text based features.
- Model implementation for agglomerative clustering.
- Scatter plot with type feature and with clusters after fitting K-means clustering model.

2. Poonam Dattu Shevkar

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Contribution -

- Checking the NAN values in the dataset.
- Converting the date into date-time format.
- EDA on highest watched genre on Netflix.
- Understanding the type of content available in different countries.
- Hypothesis findings based on release year and date feature.
- Correlation matrix.
- Standardized the data into scalar transformation.
- Model implementation for K-means Clustering.
- E-blow method & Box-plot for K-means clustering.

GitHub link: https://github.com/VermaSanjayrk/NETFLIX-MOVIES-AND-TV-SHOWS-CLUSTERING

Please write a short summary of your Capstone project and its components. Describe the problem statement, your approaches and your conclusions. (200-400 words)

The most popular media and video streaming platform is none other than Netflix. It includes over 8000+ movies with tv shows worldwide. Currently Netflix have over 200M Subscribers Globally. The most popular entertainment service used by people around the globe is also NETFLIX. It provides a huge collection of movies and TV shows which are streamed anytime by means of online services.

Netflix observed that in 2018, the number of TV shows has nearly tripled whereas the number of movies has decreased over 2,000 titles since 2010 and it will be very interesting to dig into what all other insights can be derived from the same dataset. The aim of the project is to create a model that can perform Clustering on comparable material by matching text-based attributes.

The tabular dataset consists of listings of all the movies and tv shows available on Netflix, along with details such as - cast, directors, ratings, release year, duration, etc. The data set contains 7787 rows and 12 columns.

The main goal of our project is to create a model that can perform Clustering on comparable material by matching text-based attributes.

According to the problem statement, the question arises that, understanding what type of content is available in different countries and Is Netflix increasingly focused on TV rather than movies in recent years we have to do clustering on similar content by matching text-based features. For that we have used K-means Clustering.

We are going to perform the data wrangling on the raw data to get the useful data without NAN values (null values) and observe the summary statistics of the dataset. We prepared a dataset with feature engineering and feature scaling and also, dropped out the inessential columns. In the analysis, the data was converted into standard scalar form to implement the model.

We executed the exploratory data analysis. Reviewing all the data processing then the model was trained to form Collections. In which we remark as below-k-means clustering model gave insights of silhouette analysis consisting of 2,3,4,5,6 clusters.

For n_clusters = 2 The average silhouette_score is : 0.7049787496083262

For n_clusters = 3 The average silhouette_score is : 0.5882004012129721

For n_clusters = 4 The average silhouette_score is : 0.6505186632729437

For n_clusters = 5 The average silhouette_score is : 0.56376469026194

For n_clusters = 6 The average silhouette_score is : 0.4504666294372765

In the end, we plot boxplot to predict the hypothesis -

- ❖ After clustering, we can say that our alternative hypothesis is that the number of TV shows launched in the previous few years is not growing.
- Our second alternative hypothesis is the number of TVshows added to Netflix is high.

We evaluated that ,TV shows account for 2.8 percent of the total, while movies account for 97.2 percent. Netflix has added a lot more movies and TV episodes in the previous years, but the numbers are still low when compared to movies released in the last ten years. Movies are mostly watched in various countries rather than TV shows.

Drive link:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1UwCNMVIaecDsm4KFgNPRkTkdDhk5nGAL