



Smart Contract Security Audit



# Nano Network Token

07 November 2022





# **Summary**

Project Name: Nano Network

Contract Address: 0x17e1717FB52d00A74A07ACef8CD48369A4F77Ed2

Client contact: Nano Network Team

Blockchain: Binance smart chain

Language: Solidity

**Buy Tax:** 0 - 15%

**Sell Tax:** 0 - 15%

Token supply: 1,000,000,000

Token ticker: NANO

**Decimals: 18** 

Marketing fee receiver: 0xbb23f1c21e316c614ded5be16ee2797f0c4a54cd

**Buyback Wallet:** 0x8ce840395329e3efd684a684b046fee786330b2a

 $\textbf{Dividend Tracker:}\ 0 x d 2 c 6 2 0 d 5 f 8 c 5 f c 0 b e 5 d 4 4 d f f b a 3 8 f 8 3 a 9 a 188314$ 

**Get Payout Token:** 0xe06f46afd251b06152b478d8ee3acea534063994

**Contract deployer address:** 0x7299336E094dd0f5a74f6bdCbfE7fECc401b81C4

Contract's current owner address: 0x7299336e094dd0f5a74f6bdcbfe7fecc401b81c4

# **Background**

Versatile Finance was commissioned by Nano Network Team to perform an audit of the smart contract.

https://bscscan.com/address/0x17e1717FB52d00A74A07ACef8CD48369A4F77Ed2

The purpose of this audit was to achieve the following:

- Identify potential security issues with smart contracts
- Formally check the logic behind given smart contracts.

Information in this report should be used for understanding the risk exposure of smart contracts, and as a guide to improving the security posture of smart contracts by remediating the issues that were identified.

#### What is an audit

A smart contract audit is a comprehensive review process designed to discover logical errors, security vulnerabilities, and optimization opportunities within code. Versatile Finance manages this a step further by verifying economic logic to ensure the stability of smart contracts and highlighting privileged functionality to create a report that is easy to understand for developers and community members.

#### **Techniques and Methods**

- The code quality
- Use of best practices
- Implementation of ERC-20 token standards.
- Efficient use of gas.
- Code is safe from re-entrancy and other vulnerabilities.
- Code risk issue analysis and recommendations
- Ownership privileges
- Code documentation and comments match logic and expected behavior.
- Token distribution and calculations are as per the intended behavior mentioned in the whitepaper.

The following techniques, methods, and tools were used to review all the smart contracts.

# **Structural Analysis**

We analyze the design patterns and structure of smart contracts. A thorough check is done to ensure the smart contract is structured in a way that will not have any issues.

#### **Static Analysis**

A static Analysis of Smart Contracts is done to identify contract vulnerabilities. In this step, a series of automated tools and manual tests are used to test the security of smart contracts.

# **Code Review / Manual Analysis**

Manual Analysis or review of code is done to identify new vulnerabilities or verify the vulnerabilities found during the static analysis. Contracts is completely manually analyzed line by line, and the logic is checked and compared with what's mentioned in the whitepaper to make sure everything's functioned as intended.

# **Gas Consumption**

We check the behavior of smart contracts in production. Manual testings are done in DEXs to know how much gas gets consumed and the possibilities of optimization of code to reduce gas consumption.

## **Issue Categories**

Every issue in this report has been assigned a severity level. There are four levels of severity and each of them has been explained below.

# High severity issues

# No High Severity Issues Found

A high severity issue or vulnerability means that your smart contract can be exploited. Issues on this level are critical to the smart contract's performance or functionality and we recommend these issues be fixed before moving to a live environment.

# Medium-level severity issues

### No Medium Severity Issues Found

The issues marked as medium severity usually arise because of errors and deficiencies in the smart contract code. Issues on this level could potentially bring problems and they can still be fixed. This can put users' funds at risk and has a medium to the high probability of exploitation.

#### Low-level severity issues

# **No Low Severity Issues Found**

Low-level severity issues can cause minor impact and or are just warnings that can remain unfixed for now. It would be better to fix these issues at some point in the future. These issues have a low probability of occurring or may have a minimal impact.

#### Informational

# No Informational Issues Found

These are severity four issues that indicate an improvement request, a general question, a cosmetic or documentation error, or a request for information. There is low-to-no impact.

# Centralization

# 1 Centralization issue found

Auto LP goes to the owner wallet, it should go to an unreachable address.

```
ftrace|funcSig
function addLiquidity(uint256 tokenAmount1, uint256 ethAmount1) private {
    // approve token transfer to cover all possible scenarios
    approve(address(this), address(uniswapV2Router), tokenAmount1);

// add the liquidity
uniswapV2Router.addLiquidityETH{value: ethAmount1}(
    address(this),
    tokenAmount1,
    0, // slippage is unavoidable
    0, // slippage is unavoidable
    owner(),
    block.timestamp
);
}
```

# **Contracts Description Table**

Contract	Туре	Bases		
L	Function Name	Visibility	Muta bility	Modifiers
Context	Implementation			
L	_msgSender	Internal 🖺		
L	_msgData	Internal 🦲		
IUniswapV2Pair	Interface			
L	name	External <b>[</b>		NO
L	symbol	External [		NO
L	decimals	External <b>[</b>		NO
L	totalSupply	External [		NO
L	balanceOf	External <b>[</b>		NO
L	allowance	External <b>[</b>		NO
L	approve	External <b>[</b>		NO
L	transfer	External <b>[</b>		NO
L	transferFrom	External <b>[</b>		NO
L	DOMAIN_SEPARATOR	External		NO

L	PERMIT_TYPEHASH	External	NO.
L	nonces	External	NO.
L	permit	External .	NO
L	MINIMUM_LIQUIDITY	External .	NO.
L	factory	External .	NO.
L	token0	External .	NO.
L	token1	External	NO.
L	getReserves	External .	NO.
L	price0CumulativeLast	External .	NO
L	price1CumulativeLast	External <b>[</b>	NO
L	kLast	External	NO.
L	mint	External <b>[</b>	NO.
L	burn	External <b>[</b>	NO.
L	swap	External	NO.
L	skim	External	NO
L	sync	External <b>[</b>	NO.
L	initialize	External <b>[</b>	NO.
IUniswapV2Factory	Interface		
L	feeTo	External	NO

L	feeToSetter	External	NO
L	getPair	External	NO
L	allPairs	External .	NO
L	allPairsLength	External .	NO
L	createPair	External .	NO
L	setFeeTo	External .	NO
L	setFeeToSetter	External .	NO.
IERC20	Interface		
L	totalSupply	External .	NO.
L	balanceOf	External	NO.
L	transfer	External .	NO.
L	allowance	External	NO.
L	approve	External [	NO.
L	transferFrom	External .	NO
IERC20Metadata	Interface	IERC20	
L	name	External	NO.
L	symbol	External	NO.
L	decimals	External	NO

ERC20	Implementation	Context, IERC20, IERC20Metadat a	
L		Public	NO
L	name	Public	NO
L	symbol	Public .	NO
L	decimals	Public .	NO
L	totalSupply	Public .	NO
L	balanceOf	Public .	NO
L	transfer	Public .	NO
L	allowance	Public .	NO
L	approve	Public .	NO
L	transferFrom	Public .	NO
L	increaseAllowance	Public .	NO
L	decreaseAllowance	Public .	NO
L	_transfer	Internal 🖺	
L	_mint	Internal 🖺	
L	_burn	Internal 🖺	
L	_approve	Internal 🖺	
L	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal 🖺	

DividendPayingTok enOptionalInterfac e	Interface			
L	withdrawableDividendOf	External		NO
L	withdrawnDividendOf	External		NO
L	accumulativeDividendOf	External		NO
DividendPayingTok enInterface	Interface			
L	dividendOf	External		NO
L	distributeDividends	External	<u>u</u>	NO
L	withdrawDividend	External		NO
CafaNash	Library			
SafeMath	Library			
L	add	Internal 🦰		
L	sub	Internal 🦰		
L	sub	Internal 🦲		
L	mul	Internal 🖺		
L	div	Internal 🖺		
L	div	Internal 🦺		
L	mod	Internal 🦲		

L	mod	Internal 🦲	
Ownable	Implementation	Context	
L		Public .	NO.
L	owner	Public <b>J</b>	NO.
L	renounceOwnership	Public	onlyOwner
L	transferOwnership	Public <b>J</b>	onlyOwner
SafeMathInt	Library		
L	mul	Internal 🦲	
L	div	Internal 🦲	
L	sub	Internal 🦲	
L	add	Internal 🦰	
L	abs	Internal 🦲	
L	toUint256Safe	Internal 🦲	
SafeMathUint	Library		
L	toInt256Safe	Internal 🦲	
IUniswapV2Router 01	Interface		

L	factory	External .		NO
L	WETH	External .		NO.
L	addLiquidity	External		NO.
L	addLiquidityETH	External	<b>51</b> )-	NO.
L	removeLiquidity	External		NO.
L	removeLiquidityETH	External		NO.
L	removeLiquidityWithPermit	External		NO.
L	removeLiquidityETHWithPermit	External		NO.
L	swapExactTokensForTokens	External		NO.
L	swapTokensForExactTokens	External		NO.
L	swapExactETHForTokens	External	<b>51</b> )-	NO.
L	swapTokensForExactETH	External		NO.
L	swapExactTokensForETH	External		NO.
L	swapETHForExactTokens	External	<b>51</b> )-	NO.
L	quote	External		NO.
L	getAmountOut	External		NO.
L	getAmountIn	External		NO.
L	getAmountsOut	External		NO.
L	getAmountsIn	External		NO.

IUniswapV2Router 02	Interface	IUniswapV2Rou ter01		
L	removeLiquidityETHSupporting FeeOnTransferTokens	External		NO
L	removeLiquidityETHWithPermit SupportingFeeOnTransferToke ns	External .		NO
L	swapExactTokensForTokensSup portingFeeOnTransferTokens	External		NO
L	swapExactETHForTokensSuppo rtingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	SP.	NO
L	swapExactTokensForETHSuppo rtingFeeOnTransferTokens	External		NO
DividendPayingTok en	Implementation	ERC20, DividendPaying TokenInterface, DividendPaying TokenOptionalI nterface		
L		Public		ERC20
L		External .	5 <u>•</u>	NO.
L	distributeDividends	Public .	<b>BD</b>	NO.
L	withdrawDividend	Public .		NO.
L	_withdrawDividendOfUser	Internal 🦲		
L	dividendOf	Public		NO
L	withdrawableDividendOf	Public		NO.
L	withdrawnDividendOf	Public .		NO

L	accumulativeDividendOf	Public		NO.
L	_transfer	Internal 🦲		
L	_mint	Internal 🦲		
L	_burn	Internal 🦲		
L	_setBalance	Internal 🦰		
NanoNetwork	Implementation	ERC20, Ownable		
L		Public		ERC20
L	decimals	Public		NO.
L		External	<u>g</u>	NO.
L	updateStakingAmounts	Public <b>[</b>		onlyOwner
L	isTrading	Internal 🦲		
L	EnableTrading	External		onlyOwner
L	setPresaleWallet	External		onlyOwner
L	setExcludeFees	Public		onlyOwner
L	setExcludeDividends	Public		onlyOwner
L	setIncludeDividends	Public		onlyOwner
L	setCanTransferBefore	External		onlyOwner
L	setLimitsInEffect	External		onlyOwner

L	setGasPriceLimit	External	onlyOwner
L	setcooldowntimer	External	onlyOwner
L	enableStaking	Public	onlyOwner
L	stake	Public	NO.
L	setSwapTriggerAmount	Public	onlyOwner
L	enableSwapAndLiquify	Public	onlyOwner
L	setAutomatedMarketMakerPai r	Public .	onlyOwner
L	setAllowCustomTokens	Public	onlyOwner
L	setAllowAutoReinvest	Public	onlyOwner
L	_setAutomatedMarketMakerPa ir	Private 🖺	
L	updateGasForProcessing	Public	onlyOwner
L	setMarketingWallet	External	onlyOwner
L	setBuyBackWallet	External	onlyOwner
L	transferAdmin	Public .	onlyOwner
L	updateTransferFee	Public .	onlyOwner
L	updateFees	Public .	onlyOwner
L	getStakingInfo	External	NO.
L	getTotalDividendsDistributed	External	NO.
L	isExcludedFromFees	Public .	NO.

L	withdrawableDividendOf	Public	NO.
L	dividendTokenBalanceOf	Public	NO.
L	getAccountDividendsInfo	External	NO.
L	getAccountDividendsInfoAtInde x	External	NO
L	processDividendTracker	External	NO.
L	claim	External	NO.
L	getLastProcessedIndex	External	NO.
L	getNumberOfDividendTokenHo Iders	External	NO
L	setAutoClaim	External	NO.
L	setReinvest	External	NO.
L	setDividendsPaused	External	onlyOwner
L	is Excluded From Auto Claim	External	NO
L	isReinvest	External	NO
L	_transfer	Internal 🦰	
L	getStakingBalance	Private 🖺	
L	swapAndLiquify	Private 🖺	
L	swapTokensForEth	Private 🖺	
L	updatePayoutToken	Public	onlyOwner
L	getPayoutToken	Public	NO

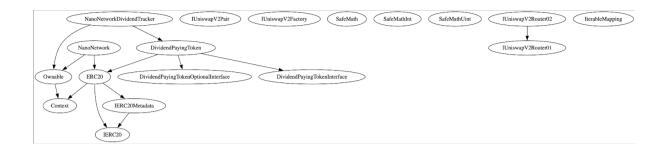
L	setMinimumTokenBalanceForA utoDividends	Public	onlyOwner
L	setMinimumTokenBalanceForD ividends	Public	onlyOwner
L	addLiquidity	Private 🖺	
L	forceSwapAndSendDividends	Public	onlyOwner
L	swapAndSendDividends	Private 🖺	
L	setPoolsForExcludeFromDailyV olume	External	onlyOwner
L	setExcludeFromDailyVolumeLi mit	External	onlyOwner
L	setMaxDailySellLimit	External	onlyOwner
L	todayVolume	External	NO.
L	airdropToWallets	External .	onlyOwner
NanoNetworkDivid endTracker	Implementation	DividendPaying Token, Ownable	
L		Public .	DividendPa yingToken
L	decimals	Public .	NO.
L	name	Public .	NO.
L	symbol	Public	NO.
L	_transfer	Internal 🦲	

L	withdrawDividend	Public	NO.
L	is Excluded From Auto Claim	External	onlyOwner
L	isReinvest	External	onlyOwner
L	setAllowCustomTokens	External	onlyOwner
L	setAllowAutoReinvest	External	onlyOwner
L	excludeFromDividends	External	onlyOwner
L	includeFromDividends	External	onlyOwner
L	setAutoClaim	External	onlyOwner
L	setReinvest	External	onlyOwner
L	setMinimumTokenBalanceForA utoDividends	External	onlyOwner
L	setMinimumTokenBalanceForD ividends	External	onlyOwner
L	setDividendsPaused	External	onlyOwner
L	getLastProcessedIndex	External	NO
L	getNumberOfTokenHolders	External	NO
L	getAccount	Public	NO
L	getAccountAtIndex	Public	NO.
L	setBalance	External	onlyOwner
L	process	Public	NO.
L	processAccount	Public	onlyOwner

L	updateUniswapV2Router	Public	onlyOwner
L	updatePayoutToken	Public	onlyOwner
L	getPayoutToken	Public	NO
L	_reinvestDividendOfUser	Private 🖺	
L	_withdrawDividendOfUser	Internal 🖲	
IterableMapping	Library		
L	get	Internal 🖺	
L	getIndexOfKey	Internal 🖲	
L	getKeyAtIndex	Internal 🖲	
L	size	Internal 🖺	
L	set	Internal 🖺	
L	remove	Internal 🖺	

# Legend

Symbol	Meaning
	Function can modify state
въ	Function is payable



# **Owner privileges**

The owner can update reward percentage in each staking duration

```
ftrace|funcSig
function updateStakingAmounts(uint256 duration 1, uint256 bonus 1)
   public
   onlyOwner
{
    require(stakingAmounts[duration 1]!= bonus 1);
    require(bonus 1 <= 100, "Staking bonus can't exceed 100");
    stakingAmounts[duration 1] = bonus 1;
    emit UpdateStakingAmounts(duration 1, bonus 1);
}</pre>
```

The owner can enable trading, once enable cannot disable again

```
ftrace|funcSig
function EnableTrading() external onlyOwner {
    launchblock = block.number;
    tradingEnabled = true;
    emit TradingEnabled();
}
```

The owner can whitelist pre-sale address

```
// use for pre sale wallet, adds all exclusions to it
ftrace|funcSig
function setPresaleWallet(address wallet1) external onlyOwner {
    canTransferBeforeTradingIsEnabled[wallet1] = true;
    _isExcludedFromFees[wallet1] = true;
    _excludedFromCheckingDailyVolume[wallet1] = true;
    dividendTracker.excludeFromDividends(wallet1);
    emit SetPreSaleWallet(wallet1);
}
```

The owner can include/exclude wallets from fees

```
// exclude a wallet from fees
ftrace|funcSig
function setExcludeFees(address account1, bool excluded1) public onlyOwner {
    _isExcludedFromFees[account1] = excluded1;
    emit ExcludeFromFees(account1, excluded1);
}
```

The owner can exclude wallets from rewards

```
// exclude from dividends (rewards)
ftrace|funcSig
function setExcludeDividends(address account 1) public onlyOwner {
    dividendTracker.excludeFromDividends(account 1);
}
```

The owner can include wallets from rewards.

```
// include in dividends
ftrace|funcSig
function setIncludeDividends(address account 1) public onlyOwner {
    dividendTracker.includeFromDividends(account 1);
    dividendTracker.setBalance(account 1, getStakingBalance(account 1));
}
```

The owner can enable/remove access to wallets who can do transactions before enabling trade.

```
//allow a wallet to trade before trading enabled
ftrace|funcSig
function setCanTransferBefore(address wallet 1, bool enable 1)
    external
    onlyOwner
{
    canTransferBeforeTradingIsEnabled[wallet 1] = enable 1;
}
```

The owner can enable/disable limits

```
// turn limits on and off
ftrace|funcSig
function setLimitsInEffect(bool value1) external onlyOwner {
    limitsInEffect = value1;
}
```

The owner can change sell cool down timer maximum up to 5 minutes

```
// set cooldown timer, can only be between 0 and 300 seconds (5 mins max)
ftrace|funcSig
function setcooldowntimer(uint256 value1) external onlyOwner {
    require(value1 <= 300, "cooldown timer cannot exceed 5 minutes");
    cooldowntimer = value1;
}</pre>
```

The owner can enable/disable staking

```
ftrace|funcSig
function enableStaking(bool enable1) public onlyOwner {
    require(stakingEnabled!= enable1);
    stakingEnabled = enable1;
    emit EnableStaking(enable1);
}
```

The owner can change swap point

```
// rewards threshold
ftrace|funcSig
function setSwapTriggerAmount(uint256 amount 1) public onlyOwner {
    swapTokensAtAmount = amount 1 * (10**18);
}
```

The owner can enable/disable swapping

```
ftrace|funcSig
function enableSwapAndLiquify(bool enabled ↑) public onlyOwner {
    require(swapAndLiquifyEnabled != enabled ↑);
    swapAndLiquifyEnabled = enabled ↑;
    emit EnableSwapAndLiquify(enabled ↑);
}
```

The owner can add/remove new pairs

```
ftrace|funcSig
function setAutomatedMarketMakerPair(address pair↑, bool value↑)
   public
   onlyOwner
{
   _setAutomatedMarketMakerPair(pair↑, value↑);
}
```

The owner can enable/disable custom tokens for rewards

```
ftrace|funcSig
function setAllowCustomTokens(bool allow1) public onlyOwner {
    dividendTracker.setAllowCustomTokens(allow1);
}
```

The owner can enable/disable reinvest.

```
ftrace|funcSig
function setAllowAutoReinvest(bool allow1) public onlyOwner {
    dividendTracker.setAllowAutoReinvest(allow1);
}
```

The owner can change max gas fee for process reward tracker.

```
ftrace|funcSig
function updateGasForProcessing(uint256 newValue1) public onlyOwner {
    require(newValue1) >= 200000 && newValue1 <= 1000000);
    emit GasForProcessingUpdated(newValue1), gasForProcessing);
    gasForProcessing = newValue1;
}</pre>
```

The owner can change marketing wallet.

```
// set new marketing wallet
ftrace|funcSig
function setMarketingWallet(address wallet 1) external onlyOwner {
    isExcludedFromFees[wallet 1] = true;
    excludedFromCheckingDailyVolume[wallet 1] = true;
    marketingWallet = payable(wallet 1);
    emit updateMarketingWallet(wallet 1);
}
```

The owner can change buyback wallet

```
//set new buyback wallet
ftrace|funcSig
function setBuyBackWallet(address wallet1) external onlyOwner {
    _isExcludedFromFees[wallet1] = true;
    _excludedFromCheckingDailyVolume[wallet1] = true;
    buybackWallet = payable(wallet1);
    emit updateBuyBackWallet(wallet1);
}
```

The owner can transfer ownership

```
ftrace|funcSig
function transferAdmin(address newOwner1) public onlyOwner {
    dividendTracker.excludeFromDividends(newOwner1);
    _isExcludedFromFees[newOwner1] = true;
    _excludedFromCheckingDailyVolume[newOwner1] = true;
    transferOwnership(newOwner1);
}
```

The owner can change transfer fees maximum up to 5%

```
ftrace|funcSig
function updateTransferFee(uint256 newTransferFee 1) public onlyOwner {
    require(newTransferFee 1 <= 5, "transfer fee cannot exceed 5%");
    transferFee = newTransferFee 1;
    emit UpdateTransferFee(transferFee);
}</pre>
```

The owner can change buy and sell fees each maximum up to 15%

The owner can pause reward tracker

```
ftrace|funcSig
function setDividendsPaused(bool value↑) external onlyOwner {
    dividendTracker.setDividendsPaused(value↑);
}
```

The owner can update reward tracker default payout token

```
ftrace|funcSig
function updatePayoutToken(address token↑) public onlyOwner {
    dividendTracker.updatePayoutToken(token↑);
    emit UpdatePayoutToken(token↑);
}
```

The owner can change minimum tokens balance to have get auto rewards

```
ftrace|funcSig
function setMinimumTokenBalanceForAutoDividends(uint256 value1)
  public
  onlyOwner
{
    dividendTracker.setMinimumTokenBalanceForAutoDividends(value1);
}
```

The owner can change minimum tokens balance to have rewards

```
ftrace | funcSig
function setMinimumTokenBalanceForDividends(uint256 value 1)
    public
    onlyOwner
{
    dividendTracker.setMinimumTokenBalanceForDividends(value 1);
}
```

The owner can manually trigger the swap

```
ftrace|funcSig
function forceSwapAndSendDividends(uint256 tokens 1) public onlyOwner {
   tokens 1 = tokens 1 * (10**18);
   uint256 totalAmount = buyAmount.add(sellAmount);
   uint256 fromBuy = tokens 1.mul(buyAmount).div(totalAmount);
   uint256 fromSell = tokens 1.mul(sellAmount).div(totalAmount);

swapAndSendDividends(tokens 1);

buyAmount = buyAmount.sub(fromBuy);
   sellAmount = sellAmount.sub(fromSell);
}
```

The owner can include/exclude wallets or contract from the calculating daily volume

```
ftrace|funcSig
function setPoolsForExcludeFromDailyVolume(address _pool ↑, bool _flag ↑)
    external
    onlyOwner
{
        poolsToExcludeFromDaylyVolume[_pool ↑] = _flag ↑;
}
```

The owner can include/exclude wallets from the daily volume limit

```
ftrace|funcSig
function setExcludeFromDailyVolumeLimit(address _wallet ↑, bool _flag ↑)
    external
    onlyOwner
{
    _excludedFromCheckingDailyVolume[_wallet ↑] = _flag ↑;
}
```

The owner can change daily sell limit maximum up to 1.5 million

```
ftrace|funcSig
function setMaxDailySellLimit(uint256 _limit 1) external onlyOwner {
    require (_limit 1) >= 1_500_000 ether, "can't be less than 1.5 million");
    maxDailySellLimit = _limit 1;
}
```

The owner can airdrop tokens from the owner wallet

```
ftrace|funcSig
function airdropToWallets(
   address[] memory airdropWallets↑,
   uint256[] memory amount↑
) external onlyOwner {
   require(
        airdropWallets↑.length == amount↑.length,
        "Arrays must be the same length"
);
   require(
        airdropWallets↑.length <= 200,
        "Wallets list length must be <= 200"
);
   for (uint256 i = 0; i < airdropWallets↑.length; i++) {
        address wallet = airdropWallets↑.length; i++) {
        address wallet = airdropWallets↑[i];
        uint256 airdropAmount = amount↑[i] * (10**18);
        super._transfer(msg.sender, wallet, airdropAmount);
        dividendTracker.setBalance(payable(wallet), balanceOf(wallet));
}
</pre>
```

# **Audit Results**

Vulnerability Category	Status
Arbitrary Jump/Storage Write	pass
BRC20 Token standards	pass
Compiler errors	pass
Latest compiler version	pass
Authorization of function call to untrusted contract	pass
Dependence on Predictable Variables	pass
Ether/Token Theft	pass
Gas consumption	pass
Safemath features	pass
Fallback usage	pass
Deprecated items	pass
Redundant code	pass
Overriding variables	pass
Flash Loans	pass
Front Running	pass
Improper Events	pass
Improper Authorization Scheme	pass
Integer Over/Underflow	pass
Business logic issues	pass

Orcle issues	pass
Race Conditions	pass
Reentrancy	pass
Signature Issues	pass
Unbounded Loops	pass
Unused Code	pass
Pseudo random number generator (PRNG)	pass
Fake deposit	pass

# **Audit conclusion**

Versatile Finance team has performed in-depth testing, line by line manual code review, and automated audit of the smart contract. The smart contract was analysed mainly for common smart contract vulnerabilities, exploits, manipulations, and hacks. According to the smart contract audit.

Smart contract functional Status: PASS

Number of risk issues: 1

Solidity code functional issue level: PASS

Number of owner privileges: 30

Centralization risk correlated to the active owner: MEDIUM

Smart contract active ownership: ACTIVE

#### **Disclaimer**

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