

Physics 449 hw#6 Due 4/20 W12F

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W12R 4/19

In[3]:=

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<< "http://www.physics.wisc.edu/~tgwalker/448defs.m"
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Syntax::sntx:

Invalid syntax in or before

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"<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN">"
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(line 1 of

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"http://www.physics.wisc.edu/~tgwalker/448defs.m").
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2) T 13.7

In[1]:=

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$$\frac{-\mu}{2\pi\hbar^2} \text{Integrate}[\text{Sin}[\theta] r^2 e^{-r/a} e^{i q r \text{Cos}[\theta]}, \{r, 0, \infty\}, \{\theta, 0, \pi\}, \{\phi, 0, 2\pi\}]$$

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Out[1]=

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$$\text{ConditionalExpression}\left[-\frac{4 a^3 \mu}{(1 + a^2 q^2)^2 \hbar^2}, \text{Re}\left[\frac{1}{a}\right] > \text{Abs}[\text{Im}[q]]\right]$$

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5) Plot your results from 0 to 10 eV, on a log scale. From your zero energy wavefunction, how many bound states are there in this potential?

It follows from the handout "S-wave Scattering,"

$$d_r^2 P + k^2 P = \frac{2\mu}{\hbar^2} V P$$

pick scaling length $r = s\Lambda$, and plug in $V(r) = \frac{-V_0}{1 + (\frac{r}{b})^6} = \frac{-9.5 \text{ eV}}{1 + (\frac{r}{5a_0})^6}$

$$d_s^2 P + (k\Lambda)^2 P = \frac{2\mu\Lambda^2}{\hbar^2} \frac{V_0}{1 + (\frac{s\Lambda}{5a_0})^6} P$$

pick $k_s = k\Lambda$, $\Lambda = a_0$

$$d_s^2 P + k_s^2 P = \frac{2\mu a_0^2}{\hbar^2} \frac{V_0}{1 + (\frac{s}{5})^6} P$$

$$\text{With } 1 E_h = \frac{\hbar^2}{m a_0} = 27.2 \text{ eV} \rightarrow \frac{2\mu a_0^2}{\hbar^2} \frac{V_0}{1 + (\frac{s}{5})^6} P = \frac{2}{27.2} \frac{9.5}{1 + (\frac{s}{5})^6} P$$

In[115]:=
$$SE[\epsilon_] := \frac{-1}{2} p''[s] - \frac{9.5}{27.2 \left(1 + \left(\frac{s}{5}\right)^5\right)} p[s] == \epsilon * p[s];$$

Calculate the scattering length: at large r $P = A(s - a_s)$, $P' = A \rightarrow a_s = s - \frac{P}{P'}$

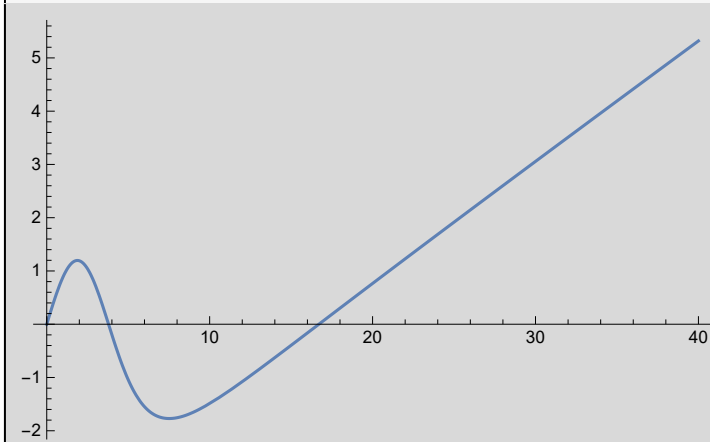
In[116]:=
$$sm = 40;$$

$$p0[s_] = NDSolve[{SE[0], p[0] == 0, p'[0] == 1}, p[s], {s, 0, sm}][[1, 1, 2]]$$

Out[116]= InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 40.}}
Output: scalar][s]

In[117]:= Plot[p0[s], {s, 0, sm}]

Out[117]=



In[118]:=
$$sm - \frac{p0[sm]}{p0'[sm]}$$

Out[118]= 16.407

In[119]:=
$$\sigma_0 = 4 \pi \Lambda^2$$

Out[119]= 3382.75

so the scattering length is $a = 16.407 \Lambda$ and the cross section is $\sigma = 3382.75 \Lambda^2$. There are 3 bounded states b/c 3 crossings.

In[120]:=
$$\delta[k_] := \text{Module}[\{\},$$

$$pk[s_] = NDSolve[\{k^2 p[s] + p''[s] == \frac{2 * 9.5}{27.2 \left(1 + \left(\frac{s}{5}\right)^6\right)} p[s], p[0] == 0, p'[0] == 1\},$$

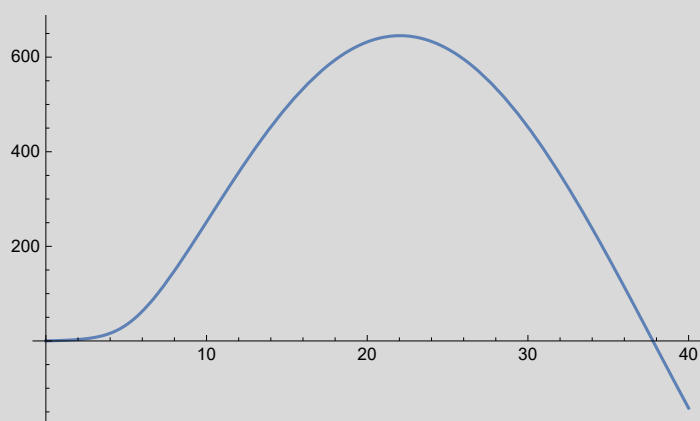
$$p[s], \{s, 0, sm\}][[1, 1, 2]];$$

$$\text{Mod}\left[\text{ArcCot}\left[\frac{pk'[sm]}{k pk[sm]}\right] - k sm, \pi\right]$$

In[121]:=

 $\delta[.1]; \text{Plot}[pk[s], \{s, 0, sm\}]$

Out[121]=



In[122]:=

 $ks = 10^{\text{Range}[-3, 2, .03]};$

In[123]:=

 $\sigma s = \text{Table}\left[\left\{k^2, \text{Sin}[\delta[k]]^2 \frac{4\pi}{k^2}\right\}, \{k, ks\}\right];$

In[124]:=

$\text{Show}[\text{ListLogLogPlot}[\sigma s],$
 $\text{LogLogPlot}\left[\frac{\sigma_0}{1 + \sigma_0 \frac{ksq}{4\pi}}, \{ksq, .0001, 10^4\}, \text{PlotStyle} \rightarrow \{\text{Thick}, \text{Darker}[\text{Green}]\}\right]$

Out[124]=

