

449 Homework #2

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2/9/18

In[86]:=

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<< "http://www.physics.wisc.edu/~tgwalker/448defs.m"
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1) Write $f = \sin(\theta)^3 \cos(\theta) \sin(3\phi)$ as a series of spherical harmonics.

In[57]:=

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Clear[Y1,  $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ ]  
  
Y1 = SphericalHarmonicY[3, 3,  $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ ] * SphericalHarmonicY[1, 0,  $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ ];  
Y1 // ExpToTrig // FullSimplify
```

Out[59]=

$$-\frac{\sqrt{105} e^{3 i \phi} \cos[\theta] \sin[\theta]^3}{16 \pi}$$

$$f = Y_{10} Y_{33} \left(\frac{-16 \pi}{\sqrt{105}} \right)$$

2) Write $z = r \cos(\theta)$ in terms of spherical harmonics. Likewise for x . Show how to get the same result by applying a rotation operator about the y axis.

$$z = r \cos(\theta), \quad x = r \sin(\theta) \cos(\phi)$$

Look up table of spherical harmonics on Wikipedia to find the ones that are of the form that we need:

In[56]:=

`Y10 = SphericalHarmonicY[1, 0, θ, ϕ]`

Out[56]=

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3}{\pi}} \cos[\theta]$$

$$z = r \cos(\theta)$$

$$\cos(\theta) = 2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} Y_{10}$$

$$z = 2 r \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{3}} Y_{10}$$

In[62]:=

`SphericalHarmonicY[1, -1, θ, ϕ] - SphericalHarmonicY[1, 1, θ, ϕ] // FullSimplify`

Out[62]=

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{2\pi}} \cos[\phi] \sin[\theta]$$

$$x = r \sin(\theta) \cos(\phi)$$

$$\sin(\theta) \cos(\phi) = \sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{3}} Y_{1,1} - Y_{1,-1}$$

$$x = r \sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{3}} Y_{1,1} - Y_{1,-1}$$

3) Calculate: $\int Y_{1,-1}(\theta, \phi) Y_{2,1}(\theta, \phi) Y_{3,0}(\theta, \phi) Y_{2,0}(\theta, \phi) d\Omega$ by expanding each pair of Y's as a series of Spherical Harmonics and using the orthogonality of the Y's.

We know that is the m's sum to not be zero than the integral is 0 but our sum to zero so that means it will be a nonzero value. The l values for the first two are 1, 2, 3 and the l values for the second two are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

In[67]:=

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Integrate[SphericalHarmonicY[1, -1, θ, ϕ] *
  SphericalHarmonicY[2, 1, θ, ϕ] * Sin[θ] * SphericalHarmonicY[3, 0, θ, ϕ] *
  SphericalHarmonicY[2, 0, θ, ϕ], {ϕ, 0, 2 π}, {θ, 0, π}]
```

Out[67]=

$$-\frac{1}{4\sqrt{7}\pi}$$

$$-\frac{1}{4\sqrt{7}\pi}$$

4) Find the 8 lowest energy levels (and their degeneracies) for the potential $v = b^* r$

In[63]:=

In[64]:=

5) For, $l_1 = 0$

$$S(n_2, l_2, n_1, l_1) =$$

$$\sum_{m_1, m_2, i} \langle n_2 l_2 m_2 | r_i | n_1 l_1 m_1 \rangle \langle n_1 l_1 m_1 | r_i | n_2 l_2 m_2 \rangle =$$

$$\left(- \int_0^\infty r P_{n_2 l_2} P_{n_1 l_1} r dr \right)^2$$

$$S(n_2, l_2, n_1, l_1) = \sum_{m_1, m_2, i} \langle n_2 l_2 m_2 | r_i | n_1 l_1 m_1 \rangle \langle n_1 l_1 m_1 | r_i | n_2 l_2 m_2 \rangle$$

=

$$\int \psi_{n_2 l_2 m_2}^* r \psi_{n_1 l_1 m_1} d^3 r = \int dr d\Omega P_{n_2 l_2} Y_{l_2 m_2} r P_{n_1 l_1} Y_{l_1 m_1}$$

$$= \left(\int Y_{l_2 m_2} Y_{l_1 m_1} \sin[\theta] d\theta d\phi \int P_{n_2 l_2} r P_{n_1 l_1} dr \right)^2$$

$$= \left(\int Y_{10} Y_{00} \sin[\theta] d\theta d\phi \int P_{n_2 l_2} r P_{n_1 l_1} dr \right)^2$$

In[89]:=

```
Clear[θ, ϕ]
Integrate[SphericalHarmonicY[1, 0, θ, ϕ]**
  SphericalHarmonicY[1, 0, θ, ϕ] * SphericalHarmonicY[0, 0, θ, ϕ]**
  SphericalHarmonicY[0, 0, θ, ϕ] * Sin[θ], {ϕ, 0, 2 π}, {θ, 0, π}]
```

Out[90]=

$$\frac{1}{4\pi}$$

$$S(n_2, l_2, n_1, l_1) = \left(\frac{1}{4\pi} \int_0^\infty r P_{n_2 l_2} P_{n_1 l_1} r dr \right)^2$$

6) & 7)

In[20]:=

8) Hydrogen: $S(3p, 2s) = ?$

From before:

$$S(n_2, l_2, n_1, l_1) = \left(\int Y_{l_2 m_2} Y_{l_1 m_1} \sin[\theta] d\theta d\phi \int P_{n_2 l_2} r P_{n_1 l_1} dr \right)^2$$

$$S(3, 1, 2, 0) = \left(\int Y_{12 m_2} Y_{11 m_1} \sin[\theta] d\theta d\phi \int P_{n_2 l_2} r P_{n_1 l_1} dr \right)^2$$

In[96]:=

```
Clear[θ, ϕ]
Integrate[SphericalHarmonicY[1, 0, θ, ϕ] *
  SphericalHarmonicY[1, 0, θ, ϕ] * SphericalHarmonicY[0, 0, θ, ϕ] *
  SphericalHarmonicY[0, 0, θ, ϕ] * Sin[θ], {ϕ, 0, 2 π}, {θ, 0, π}]

Integrate[
  r * (1 / (2 * Sqrt[2 * π]) (1 - r/2) e^(-r/2)) * (1 / (81 * Sqrt[3 * π]) (27 - 18 * r + 2 r^2) e^(-r/3)), {r, 0, ∞}]
```

Out[97]=

$$\frac{1}{4\pi}$$

... Integrate: Invalid integration variable or limit(s) in $\{\sqrt{x^2 + z^2}, 0, \infty\}$.

Out[98]=

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{162 \sqrt{6} \pi} e^{-\frac{5}{6} \sqrt{x^2 + z^2}} \sqrt{x^2 + z^2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + z^2}\right) \left(27 - 18 \sqrt{x^2 + z^2} + 2(x^2 + z^2)\right) d\sqrt{x^2 + z^2}$$

9) How many radial zero crossings are there for the 5p m=1 state of Hydrogen?

For the p states there are p-2 zero crossings, so **the 5p m=1 state has 3 zero crossings.**

In[34]:=

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psipsi[r_, n_, l_, Z_] :=
  (Factorial[(n - l - 1)] / (Factorial[n + l] * 2^n)) (2 Z / (n * a))^3)^{1/2} (2 Z * r / (n * a))^l LaguerreL[n - l - 1, 2 l + 1, 2 Z * r / (n * a)] e^(-Z * r / (n * a))
psipsi[r, 5, 1, 1] * SphericalHarmonicY[1, 1, θ, ϕ]
```

Out[35]=

$$-\frac{1}{46875 a \sqrt{5} \pi} \left(\frac{1}{a^3}\right)^{3/2} e^{-\frac{r}{5a} + i \phi} r (3750 a^3 - 1125 a^2 r + 90 a r^2 - 2 r^3) \sin[\theta]$$

In[77]:=

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a = 1;
r =  $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$ ;
 $\theta = \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{z}\right]$ ;
 $\phi = \text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{y}{x}\right]$ ;
y = 0;

```

In[82]:=

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-  $\frac{1}{46875 a \sqrt{5} \pi} \left(\frac{1}{a^3}\right)^{3/2} e^{-\frac{r}{5a} + i \phi} r (3750 a^3 - 1125 a^2 r + 90 a r^2 - 2 r^3) \text{Sin}[\theta] *$ 
-  $\frac{1}{46875 a \sqrt{5} \pi} \left(\frac{1}{a^3}\right)^{3/2} e^{-\frac{r}{5a} + i \phi} r (3750 a^3 - 1125 a^2 r + 90 a r^2 - 2 r^3) \text{Sin}[\theta]$ 

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Out[82]=

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$$\left( e^{-\frac{2}{5} \sqrt{x^2 + z^2}} x^2 (x^2 + z^2) \left( 3750 - 1125 \sqrt{x^2 + z^2} + 90 (x^2 + z^2) - 2 (x^2 + z^2)^{3/2} \right)^2 \right) /$$


$$\left( 10986328125 \pi \left( 1 + \frac{x^2}{z^2} \right) z^2 \right)$$


```

In[84]:=

```
ContourPlot[
  
$$\left( e^{-\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{x^2+z^2}} x^2 (x^2+z^2) \left( 3750 - 1125 \sqrt{x^2+z^2} + 90 (x^2+z^2) - 2 (x^2+z^2)^{3/2} \right)^2 \right) /$$


$$\left( 10986328125 \pi \left( 1 + \frac{x^2}{z^2} \right) z^2 \right), \{x, -30, 30\},$$


$$\{z, -30, 30\}, \text{ImageSize} \rightarrow \text{Large}, \text{Contours} \rightarrow \text{Automatic}]$$

```

Out[84]=

