restart; libname := libname, "/home/stephen/research" :  $\blacktriangleright$  with(cl): >  $ps1 := \{alpha[1] = 0.1, beta[1] = 0.8, alpha[2] = 0.2, beta[2] = 0.7, alpha[3] = 0.3, beta[3] \}$ 

$$ps1 := \left\{ \alpha_1 = 0.1, \, \alpha_2 = 0.2, \, \alpha_3 = 0.3, \, \beta_1 = 0.8, \, \beta_2 = 0.7, \, \beta_3 = 1.2 \right\}$$
 (1)

assume $(op(flist(j \rightarrow 0 < alpha[j] < beta[j], 1..10)))$ 

> nu := 
$$P \rightarrow \frac{sum(\text{alpha}[j] \cdot \exp(-\text{beta}[j] \cdot t), j = 1 ...P)}{sum(\frac{\text{alpha}[j]}{\text{beta}[j]}, j = 1 ...P)}$$

$$\mathbf{v} := P \mapsto \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{P} \alpha_{j} e^{-\beta_{j} t}}{\sum_{j=1}^{P} \frac{\alpha_{j}}{\beta_{j}}}$$
 (2)

$$F := P \rightarrow \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{P} \frac{\alpha_{j} \left(1 - e^{-\beta_{j} t}\right)}{\beta_{j}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{P} \frac{\alpha_{j}}{\beta_{j}}}$$

$$F := P \mapsto \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{P} \frac{\alpha_{j} \left(1 - e^{-\beta_{j} t}\right)}{\beta_{j}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{P} \frac{\alpha_{j}}{\beta_{j}}}$$

$$(3)$$

$$-\frac{\alpha_{2} \beta_{1} e^{-\beta_{2} t} + \alpha_{1} \beta_{2} e^{-\beta_{1} t} - \alpha_{1} \beta_{2} - \alpha_{2} \beta_{1}}{\alpha_{1} \beta_{2} + \alpha_{2} \beta_{1}}$$

$$(4)$$

> simp(int(nu(2), t=0..s))

$$-\frac{\alpha_{1} e^{-\beta_{1} s} \beta_{2} + \alpha_{2} e^{-\beta_{2} s} \beta_{1} - \alpha_{1} \beta_{2} - \alpha_{2} \beta_{1}}{\alpha_{1} \beta_{2} + \alpha_{2} \beta_{1}}$$
(5)

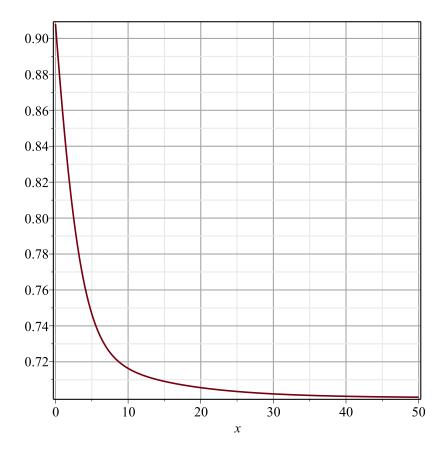
$$= val(\textbf{(4)}, ps1)$$

$$= -0.6956521739 e^{-0.7t} - 0.3043478261 e^{-0.8t} + 1$$

$$= val(\textbf{(5)}, ps1)$$

$$= -0.8s = -0.7s$$

$$-0.3043478261 e^{-0.8 s} - 0.6956521739 e^{-0.7 s} + 1$$
 (7)



> 
$$-\ln(1 - int(\exp(-t), t = 0..s))$$
 assuming  $s > 0$ 

$$| > limit(F(1), t = inf) assuming 0 < alpha[1] < beta[1]$$

$$| 1$$
(18)

 $\rightarrow simp(F(2))$ 

$$-\frac{\alpha_{2} \beta_{1} e^{-\beta_{2} t} + \alpha_{1} \beta_{2} e^{-\beta_{1} t} - \alpha_{1} \beta_{2} - \alpha_{2} \beta_{1}}{\alpha_{1} \beta_{2} + \alpha_{2} \beta_{1}}$$
(19)

> eval(nu(2), ps1) $0.2434782609 e^{-0.8 t} + 0.4869565218 e^{-0.7 t}$  (20)

> *simp*(nu(3))

$$\frac{\left(\alpha_{1} e^{-\beta_{1} t} + \alpha_{2} e^{-\beta_{2} t} + \alpha_{3} e^{-\beta_{3} t}\right) \beta_{1} \beta_{2} \beta_{3}}{\alpha_{1} \beta_{2} \beta_{3} + \alpha_{2} \beta_{1} \beta_{3} + \alpha_{3} \beta_{1} \beta_{2}}$$
(21)

inthaz := unapply(-ln(1-F(P)), P)

$$inthaz := P \mapsto -\ln \left(1 - \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{P} \frac{\alpha_{j} \left(1 - e^{-\beta_{j} t}\right)}{\beta_{j}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{P} \frac{\alpha_{j}}{\beta_{j}}}\right)$$
(22)

>  $invinthaz := P \rightarrow solve(inthaz(P) = y, t)$  $invinthaz := P \mapsto solve(inthaz(P) = y, t)$  (23)

> 
$$invF := P \rightarrow solve(F(P) = y, t)$$
  
 $invF := P \mapsto solve(F(P) = y, t)$  (24)

> 
$$hmm := to1pf('evalf'(eval(invinthaz(2), ps1)))$$
  
 $hmm := y \mapsto evalf(-1.428571429 RootOf(0.16 e^{-Z+y} + 0.07 e^{1.142857143}e^{-Z+y} - 0.23))$  (25)

> hmmF := to1pf('evalf'(eval(invF(2), ps1)));
# this solution needs to be restricted to the real-valued one

$$hmmF := y \mapsto evalf(-1.428571429 RootOf(0.07 e^{1.142857143}Z + 0.16 e^{Z} + 0.23 y - 0.23))$$
 (26)

 $\rightarrow invinthaz(3)$ 

$$-\frac{1}{\beta_{3}}\left(RootOf\left(\alpha_{2}\beta_{1}\beta_{3}e^{\frac{\beta_{2}-Z}{\beta_{3}}}+y\right)+\alpha_{1}\beta_{2}\beta_{3}e^{\frac{\beta_{1}-Z}{\beta_{3}}}+y\right)+\alpha_{3}\beta_{1}\beta_{2}e^{-Z+y}-\alpha_{1}\beta_{2}\beta_{3}-\alpha_{2}\beta_{1}\beta_{3}$$
(27)

$$-\alpha_3 \beta_1 \beta_2$$

>  $antiIntegratedHazard := P \rightarrow RootOf(sum((exp(y-beta[k]\cdot z)-1)\cdot product(piecewise(j=k, alpha[j], beta[j]), j=1...P), k=1...P), z)$ 

$$antiIntegratedHazard := P \mapsto RootOf\left(\sum_{k=1}^{P} \left(e^{-\beta_k z + y} - 1\right) \left(\prod_{j=1}^{P} \left\{\begin{array}{l} \alpha_j & j = k \\ \beta_j & otherwise \end{array}\right), z\right)$$
 (28)

**>**  $antiIntegratedHazardDerivative := unapply(eval(diff(op(1, antiIntegratedHazard(P)), _Z), _Z = z), P)$ 

$$antiIntegrated Hazard Derivative := P \mapsto \sum_{k=1}^{P} \left( -\beta_k e^{-z\beta_k + y} \left( \prod_{j=1}^{P} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha_j & j=k \\ \beta_j & otherwise \end{array} \right) \right)$$
 (29)

ullet antiIntegratedHazardNewton  $:= unapply \left( Z - \frac{op(1, antiIntegratedHazard(P))}{antiIntegratedHazardDerivative(P)}, Z \right)$ 

$$antiIntegratedHazardNewton := \_Z \mapsto \_Z - \frac{\sum\limits_{k=1}^{P} \left( e^{-\_Z\beta_k + y} - 1 \right) \left( \prod\limits_{j=1}^{P} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha_j & j = k \\ \beta_j & otherwise \end{array} \right)}{\sum\limits_{k=1}^{P} \left( -\beta_k e^{-z\beta_k + y} \left( \prod\limits_{j=1}^{P} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha_j & j = k \\ \beta_j & otherwise \end{array} \right) \right)} \right)$$

$$(30)$$

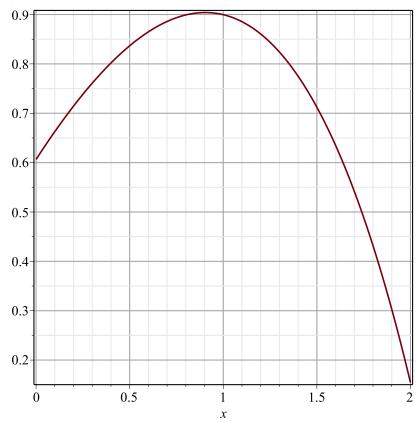
> 
$$eval(eval(antiIntegratedHazardNewton(t), P=3), \{op(ps1), P=3\})$$
  

$$t - \frac{0.084 e^{-0.8 t + y} - 0.444 + 0.192 e^{-0.7 t + y} + 0.168 e^{-1.2 t + y}}{-0.0672 e^{y - 0.8 z} - 0.1344 e^{y - 0.7 z} - 0.2016 e^{y - 1.2 z}}$$
(31)

ightharpoonup the func  $:= to1pf(eval(eval(eval(eval(antiIntegratedHazardNewton(z), {P=3}), ps1), {y = 0.8}), z=t))$ 

the func := 
$$t \mapsto t - \frac{0.084 \,\mathrm{e}^{0.8 - 0.8 \,t} - 0.444 + 0.192 \,\mathrm{e}^{0.8 - 0.7 \,t} + 0.168 \,\mathrm{e}^{0.8 - 1.2 \,t}}{-0.0672 \,\mathrm{e}^{0.8 - 0.8 \,t} - 0.1344 \,\mathrm{e}^{0.8 - 0.7 \,t} - 0.2016 \,\mathrm{e}^{0.8 - 1.2 \,t}}$$
 (32)

> *pgl(thefunc*, 0 ..2)



> 
$$fsolve(thefunc(t) = t, t = 0..2)$$
0.9040293934 (33)

> eval(inthaz(3), ps1)-ln(0.1891891892 e<sup>-0.8 t</sup> + 0.4324324325 e<sup>-0.7 t</sup> + 0.3783783785 e<sup>-1.2 t</sup>) (34)

> eval((34), t = (33)) 0.799999998 (35)

> iterate(thefunc, 0.3, 10) [0.3, 0.7609487863, 0.8949929389, 0.9039920489, 0.9040293929, 0.9040293937, 0.9040293934, 0.9040293931, 0.9040293928, 0.9040293936, 0.9040293933]

