SMART WATER MANAGEMENT

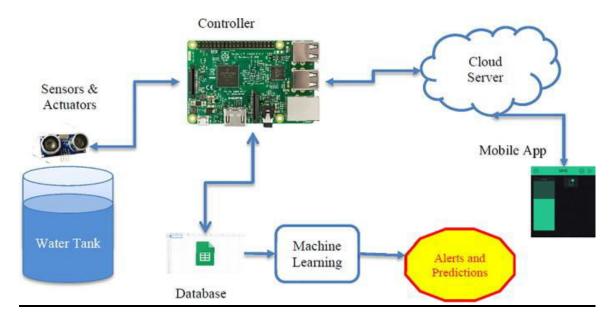
Phase 3 Project Submission

Document

Project Title: Smart Water Management

Phase 3: Development Part 1

Topic: IOT based smart water management



DESCRIPTION:

The project involves implementing IoT sensors to monitor water consumption in public places such as parks and gardens. The objective is to promote water conservation by making real time water consumption data publicly available. This project includes defining objectives, designing the IoT sensor system, developing the data sharing platform and integrating them using IoT technology and python.

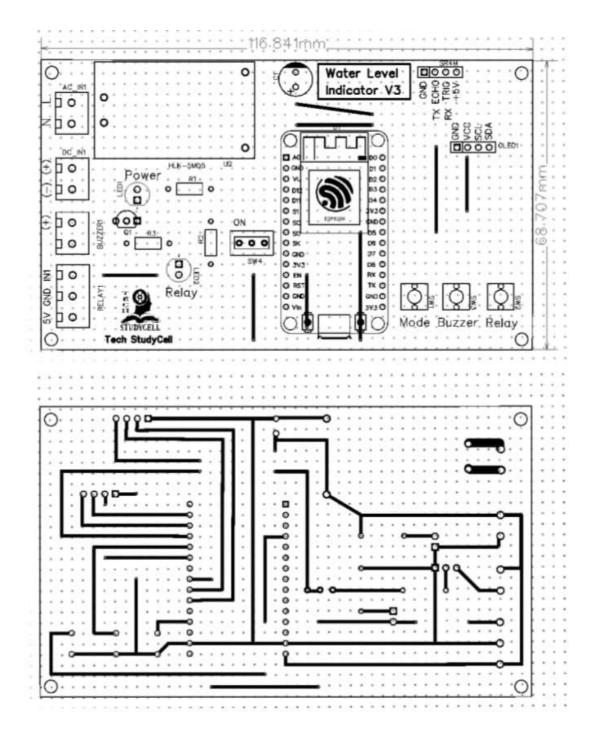
DESIGN THINKING:

1. Project Objectives: Define Objectives such as real time

waterconsumptionmonitorin, public awareness, water conservation and sustainable resource management.

- 2.IoT sensor Design: Plan the design and deployment of IoT sensors to monitor water consumption in public places.
- 3.Real timeTransit Information platform: Design a mobile app interface that displays real time parking availability to users.
- 4.Integration Approach: Determine how to IoT sensors will send data to the sharing platform.

ARCHITECTURE DESIGN FLOW:



DESCRIPTION OF COMPONENTS:

- NodeMCU ESP8266
- SR04M waterproof ultrasonic sensor

OR HC-SR04 sensor .0.96" OLED Display

- 1k 0.25watt Resistors 3 no
- BC547 NPN Transistor
- LED 5mm 2no

2-pin Push Button - 3no

- SPDT slider switch
- 220uF 25V DC Capacitor
- 2-pin Terminal connectors (3 no)
- 3-pin Terminal connectors (1 no)
- 5V DC Buzzer
- AC to DC converter HLK-5M05 5V (Optional)

HC-SR04 ULTRASONIC SENSOR FUNCTION:

The sensor has 4 pins. VCC and GND go to 5V and GND pins on the Arduino, and the Trig and Echo go to any digital Arduino pin. Using the Trig pin we send the ultrasound wave from the transmitter, and with the Echo pin we listen for the reflected signal.

INNOVATIVE IDEA USE:

- 1. Reducing waste of water -intensive industries.
- 2. Monitoring water quality to fight pollution and diseases.
- 3.Improving the efficiency of water systems.
- 4. Creating awareness of household water use thanks to smart meters.
- 5. providing running water through innovative solutions all around the world.

BENEFITS:

1) Real-time Analysis of Water Consumption

IoT-based systems are advanced versions of technology inclusion in the water industry. The solutions are equipped with quality sensor devices that capture accurate information from the assets and transfer it to the user's dashboard in real-time. This benefits the users in massive ways, identifying the water consumption patterns and analysing the judicious use of water in all aspects.

2) Reduced Maintenance Costs

The water industry consists of huge storage tanks and machinery requiring frequent monitoring to avoid bulky maintenances. IoT-based systems enhance the efficiency of industrial equipment like water collectors, treatment plants, distribution mains, and wastewater recycling centres. Hence, the technology-based functionality helps reduce maintenance costs with automated techniques and scheduled monitoring.

3) Better Communication among stakeholders

The Internet of Things is a technology that creates a link between industrial assets and the users for quick responses. With IoT, lighting frameworks benefit from sending messages to purchasers, like turning off the electric machines in void rooms. One more illustration of better client correspondence is in the food and beverages business, as they could tell purchasers about the expiry of their food. The use of IoT provides better communication through real-time insights, and then the managers can take effective decisions to raise their production quality.

4) Predicting Potential Failures

Whenever pipe breaks or line blasts occur, a water utility is compelled to spend its restricted financial plan on crisis fixes and related costs. Yet, these expenses can be alleviated through an adaptable guidelines-based stage that screens your whole water framework through IoT technology. It combines the entire water business and corresponds to information gathered from various hotspots for an incorporated view that empowers quickly organized activity, empowering the understanding and command over each aspect of the water sector.

5) Remote Monitoring

IoT strengthens the real-time insight gathering and enables remote monitoring for the water authorities. Even when there is a shortage of staff or anyone is travelling, they can check on their business's performance through an interconnected system, which is well-structured with the help of IoT technology. It provides an accurate response to the industrialists in providing remote valve control, real-time insights on their connected gadgets, and much more.

6) End-to-End Services

A smart water management system provides endless services according to business requirements. From installing the devices on the industrial assets to deducing the insights and suggestive measures for improving the business, the IoT-based water management system is a complete package that deals effectively in the water sector. It renders end-to-end services, is customizable and ensures productivity to better the business quality. Upon installing the IoT-based solution, the authorities can leverage the advantages of automated processing, user-friendly interactions, accurate results, and better productivity.

7) Interactive Reports

IoT prepares suggestive reports for the authorities responsible for a good interaction during business meetings. The authorities can easily count upon the data shared by the advanced sensors as it gets converted into a user-friendly format. The reports generated are shareable and interactive, illustrating all the details about the industry. This helps the authorities to execute their plans well and make appropriate decisions based on facts and well-researched analysis.

IoT, with its high-level benefits and abilities, permits water utilities to supply the necessary measure of consumable and safe water to end buyers, streamline water treatment processes, and work on the capacities of their water conveyance framework. IoT technology is a Holy Grail for utilities. The authorities can utilize it to convey continuous water to individuals in remote and segregated places in these water-scant times. As per future times, the innovation in the water business will support the creation pace of water that will help in working with the stockpile

among the increasing population.

COMPONENTS PROGRAMMING:

HC-SRO4 ULTRASONIC SENSOR PROGRAM

```
// defines pins numbers
const int trigPin = 9;
const int echoPin = 10;
// defines variables
long duration;
int distance;
void setup() {
  pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT); // Sets the trigPin as an Output
  pinMode(echoPin, INPUT); // Sets the echoPin as an Input
  Serial.begin(9600); // Starts the serial communication
}
void loop() {
  // Clears the trigPin
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(2);
  // Sets the trigPin on HIGH state for 10 micro seconds
  digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
  delayMicroseconds(10);
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
```

```
// Reads the echoPin, returns the sound wave travel time in microseconds
duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);
// Calculating the distance
distance = duration * 0.034 / 2;
// Prints the distance on the Serial Monitor
Serial.print("Distance: ");
Serial.println(distance);
}
```

NODE MCU ESP8266 PROGRAM:

```
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
#include <SimpleEsp8266.h>

// Go to the Project Settings (nut icon).

char auth[] = "pGE7Rb1n3v2SOd9CZvY6RlkeKltyalUR";

// Your WiFi credentials.

// Set password to "" for open networks.

char ssid[] = "*******";

char pass[] = "*******";

int relay1 = 12; // D6 pin

int relay2 = 14; // D2 pin

int relay3 = 4; // D1 pin

int relay4 = 5; // D5 pin

void setup()
```

```
{
  // Debug console
  Serial.begin(115200);
  pinMode(relay1,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(relay2,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(relay3,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(relay4,OUTPUT);
  digitalWrite(relay1, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(relay2, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(relay3, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(relay4, HIGH);
 }
 void loop()
```

Conclusion:

A water management system is the need of the hour for smart cities and campuses. The use of IoT devices for the water management system is becoming increasingly prominent. The availability of low-cost sensors connected to IoT devices has fixed the challenges of measuring water quality. In this paper, various components of IoT based water management systems were presented along with the in-depth survey of all existing smart water management systems. Various measurement

parameters such as water.