

# Minitab Gage R&R Notes

## Crossed Gage R&R

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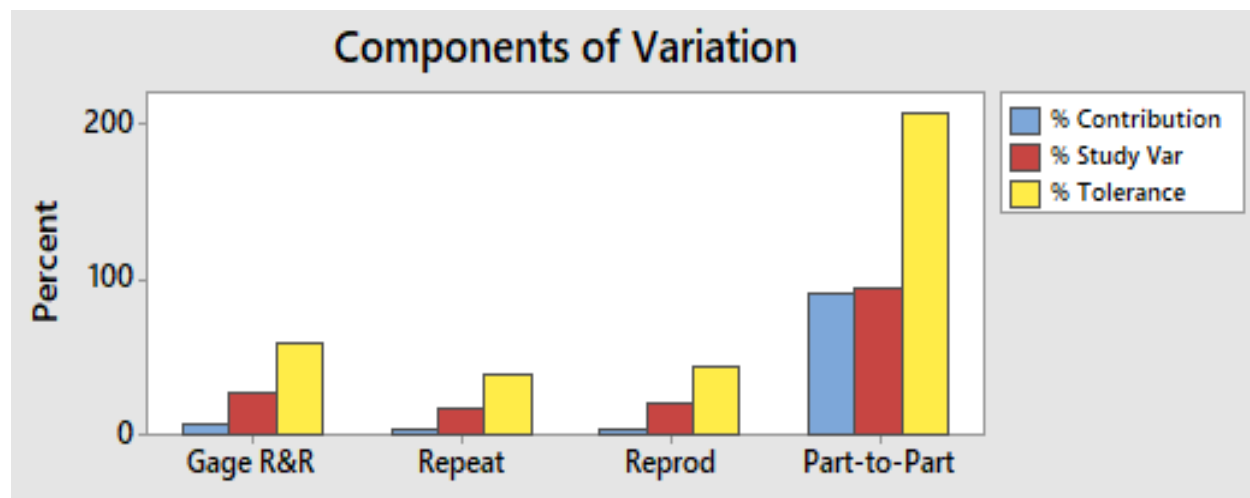
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# Introduction

- Simulated Gage R&R to take a look at the Minitab Output
  - Uses “GageData.MTW” from Minitab Website
  - 10 parts, no specification limits given
    - 3 operators, 3 replicates per part per operator
  - Part mean ranges from -1.5711 to 1.94
  - Somewhat arbitrarily, I chose a range of +/- 1.5 for the specification
    - This gives a good spread of parts to the spec

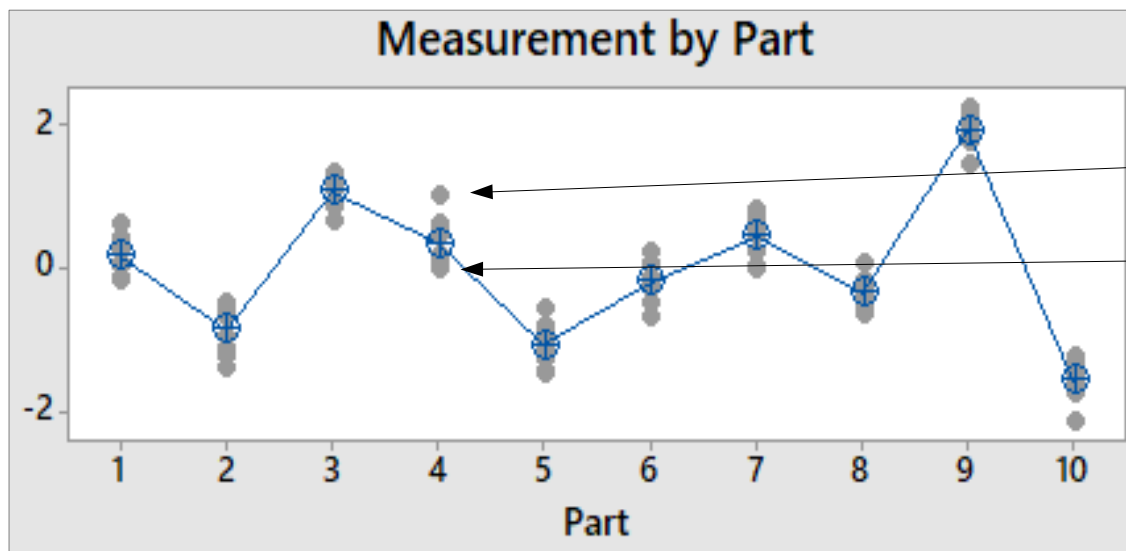
# Components of Variation

- Part-to-Part variation dominates the graph and the variation seen in the simulation – but:
- Total Gage R&R is percent to tolerance is 60.47% which is very poor
  - This is much higher than the 10% considered optimum or the 30% that is sometimes considered as acceptable
- Both Repeatability (part) and Reproducibility (operator) are poor as a percent of tolerance



# Measurement by Part

- Measurement by Part chart shows that there are significant differences in the measurements for each part
- The part means vary but that is to be expected as we want to exercise our gage with parts that span the tolerance zone and even a bit beyond it – but we want each individual part to have a narrow range of measurement which is not the case here
  - There are also outliers, measurements separated from, and higher or lower than, the main group for that part



Example - Part #4:

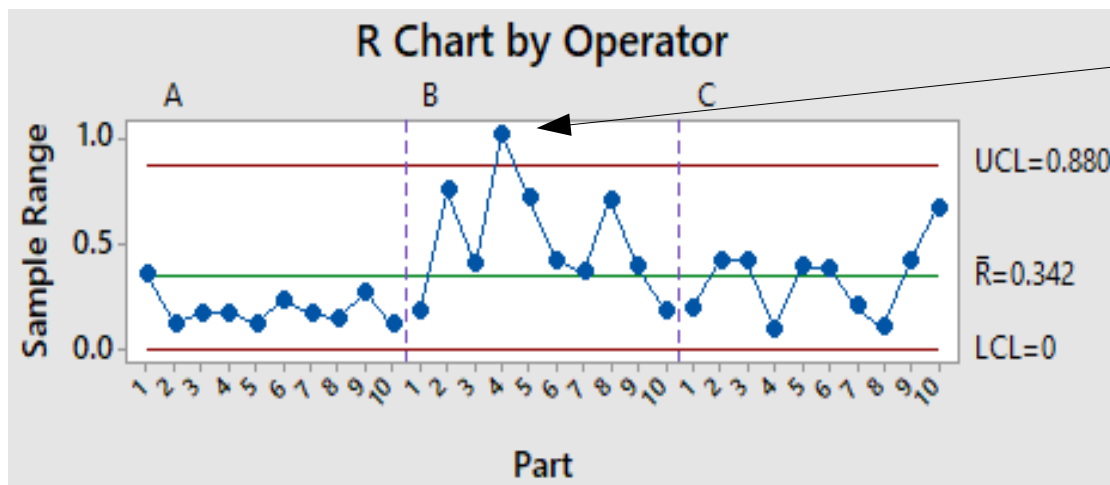
Max Measure = 1.030

Min Measure = 0.010

Way too much variation!

# R Chart by Operator

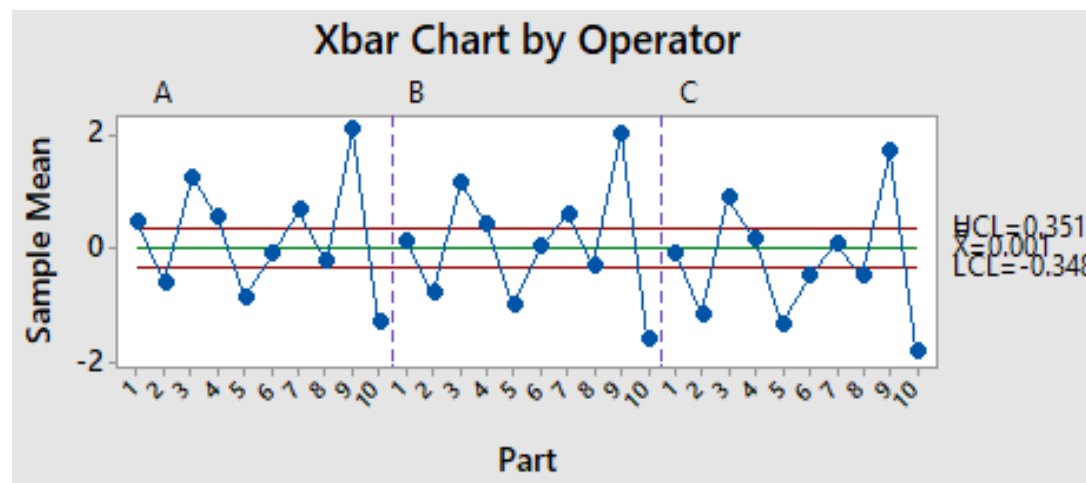
- Range chart by operator – shows that operator “B” had higher variance in their measurements than the others
  - Also that operator “A” had the least variation (best)
- This indicates that some improvement might be made by better operator training
- Control limits on this chart do NOT mean much because adhering to them would not be enough to obtain a good Gage R&R result and they are based on our bad measures anyway



High variation by operator “B”, especially for part #4

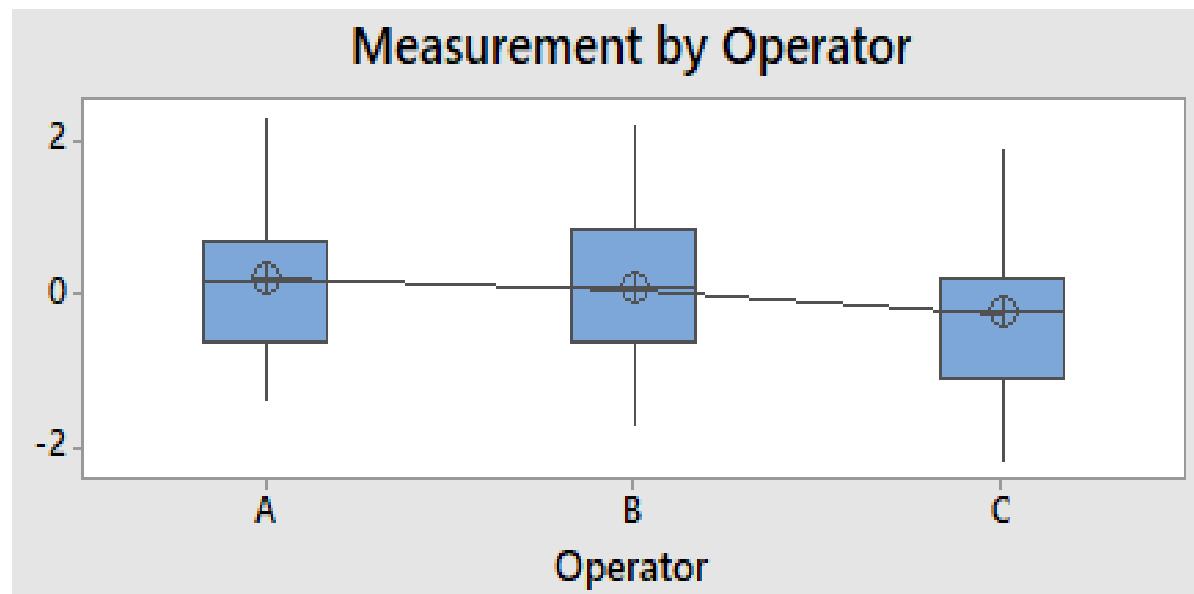
# Xbar Chart by Operator

- Xbar chart by operator – careful examination reveals some of the differences in how the mean measure of each part varies by operator
  - Note for example how part #7 is measured with a high value by operator “A” but a lower value near the mean by operator “B”
- Control limits do not have meaning here since we would purposely chose a wide part variation in order to examine gage performance over the full range of measurements that it would be expected to cover in the real process



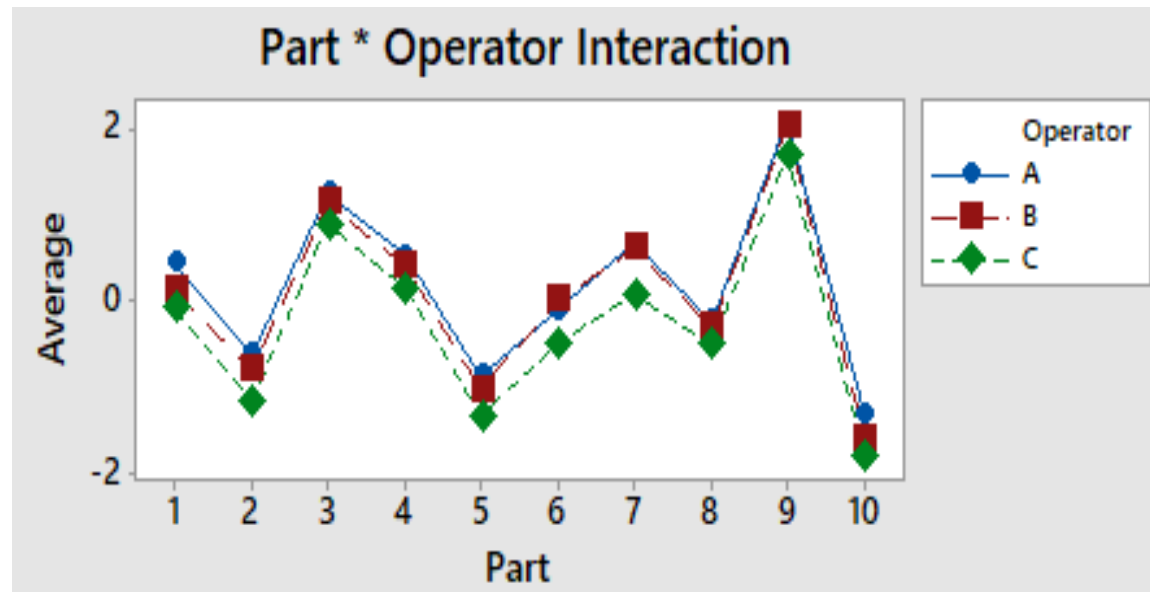
# Measurement Box Plot by Operator

- In my view this chart is of little value here – it is dominated by the range of the individual part values and does not really emphasize the differences in operator
  - The chart is part of the standard Minitab output
- Still, we can see that operator “C” had a bias to reporting lower values than the other operators



# Part by Operator Interaction Plot

- Appears to show little interaction between parts and operators
- This is confirmed by the p-value reported by Minitab for part\*operator interaction as 0.974
  - Since 0.974 is far above the usual p-value significance threshold of 0.05 we accept the null hypothesis that there is no interaction





# Gage R&R ANOVA

- Part and operator are significant sources of the variability seen in the Gage R&R ANOVA
  - Evidenced by the p-values Minitab reported as zero
  - We want part to be significant – but we don't want operator to be
- The part\*operator interaction is not significant as noted earlier because the p-value is well above 0.05 at 0.974

Two-Way ANOVA Table With Interaction

Source	DF	SS	MS	F	P
Part	9	88.3619	9.81799	492.291	0.000
Operator	2	3.1673	1.58363	79.406	0.000
Part * Operator	18	0.3590	0.01994	0.434	0.974
Repeatability	60	2.7589	0.04598		
Total	89	94.6471			

$\alpha$  to remove interaction term = 0.05

Two-Way ANOVA Table Without Interaction

Source	DF	SS	MS	F	P
Part	9	88.3619	9.81799	245.614	0.000
Operator	2	3.1673	1.58363	39.617	0.000
Repeatability	78	3.1179	0.03997		
Total	89	94.6471			

# Gage R&R Variance

- Part-to-part variance dominates which is good
- However, the Total Gage R&R, Repeatability (part) and Reproducibility (operator) have very high precision to tolerance values and are not acceptable

## Gage R&R Variance Components

Source	VarComp	%Contribution (of VarComp)
Total Gage R&R	0.09143	7.76
Repeatability	0.03997	3.39
Reproducibility	0.05146	4.37
Operator	0.05146	4.37
Part-To-Part	1.08645	92.24
Total Variation	1.17788	100.00

Process tolerance = 3

## Gage Evaluation

Source	StdDev (SD)	Study Var (6 × SD)	%Study Var (%SV)	%Tolerance (SV/Toler)
Total Gage R&R	0.30237	1.81423	27.86	60.47
Repeatability	0.19993	1.19960	18.42	39.99
Reproducibility	0.22684	1.36103	20.90	45.37
Operator	0.22684	1.36103	20.90	45.37
Part-To-Part	1.04233	6.25396	96.04	208.47
Total Variation	1.08530	6.51180	100.00	217.06

Number of Distinct Categories = 4

Total Gage R&R % Tolerance is 60.47% - far above the 10% desired

Both Repeatability (39.99%) and Reproducibility (45.37%) are bad

# Data Source

<https://support.minitab.com/en-us/minitab/18/help-and-how-to/quality-and-process-improvement/measurement-system-analysis/how-to/gage-study/crossed-gage-r-r-study/before-you-start/example/>.