Estimating U.S.-Wide PhD Numbers Using California Ratios*

Comparing Actual and Projected Data

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1 Introduction

In this paper we explore the US 2022 Census Data, sourced from IPUMS(Ruggles et al. 2024) We use the programming language R(R Core Team 2023), along with packages readr(Wickham, Hester, and Bryan 2023), dplyr(Wickham et al. 2023), and knitr(Xie 2023)

2 Running Code

The data is obtained from IPSUMS USA. Once on their website, navigate to Get Data. This brings up a search function. First, click select samples, deselect the "Default sample from each year" tick, and manually tick 2022 ACS. This is data taken in the US, not quite at the scale of a census, but involves much more thorough questioning. Click on 'Submit Summary' to add this dataset. Under Harmonized Variables, select the following through the dropdown menus: Household -> State -> STATEICP, Person -> Demographic -> SEX, Person -> Education -> EDUC. Finally, click on 'View Cart' and follow the steps required to download data (an IPSUMS account is required when checking out).

[1]	"YEAR"	"SAMPLE"	"SERIAL"	"CBSERIAL"	"HHWT"	"CLUSTER"
[7]	"STATEICP"	"STRATA"	"GQ"	"PERNUM"	"PERWT"	"SEX"
[13]	"FDIIC"	"FDHCD"				

^{*}Code is avalible at https://github.com/Veyasan1/US_Doctorates_Estimators.git

The ratio estimator approach involves the ratio of two random variables $R = a_x/a_y$. It is used to estimate the population given a ratio and a preexisting population value $a_y = R * a_x$. In this case, we are using California's ratio of doctorates R, and the number of correspondents in California a_x to estimate the number of correspondents in other states a_y .

Table 1: Comparison of Actual and Estimated Total Respondents in Each State Based on Doctoral Degree Ratio

_respondents	$estimated_total_$	$doctoral_count$	$actual_total_respondents$	STATEICP
37042		600	37369	1
10186		165	14523	2
124340		2014	73077	3
15064		244	14077	4
10927		177	10401	5
8087		131	6860	6
9384		152	9641	11
88779		1438	93166	12
174656		2829	203891	13
100015		1620	132605	14
89952		1457	128046	21
38277		620	69843	22
61182		991	101512	23
74888		1213	120666	24
31671		513	61967	25
15928		258	33586	31
19817		321	29940	32
35314		572	58984	33
38339		621	64551	34
9445		153	19989	35
3704		60	8107	36
4383		71	9296	37
94520		1531	88761	40
28399		460	51580	41
15496		251	31288	42
168606		2731	217799	43
89581		1451	109349	44
27782		450	45040	45
16237		263	29796	46
87729		1421	109230	47
39944		647	54651	48
198548		3216	292919	49
27658		448	46605	51

STATEICP	actual_total_respondents	doctoral_count	estimated_total_respondents
52	62442	1608	99274
53	39445	281	17348
54	72374	841	51921
56	18135	159	9816
61	74153	896	55317
62	59841	1031	63651
63	19884	175	10804
64	11116	113	6976
65	30749	282	17410
66	20243	350	21608
67	35537	428	26423
68	5962	72	4445
71	391171	6336	391171
72	43708	647	39944
73	80818	1195	73776
81	6972	51	3148
82	14995	214	13211
98	6718	311	19200

Our estimated number of respondents were much higher than the actual number of respondents for most states that are not California. One reason could be that California's count of doctorates is much larger than most other states, which would inflate the correspondent estimator. If we had used another state for our estimator, one closer to the average number across all states, the estimator would get closer to the actual number.

References

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