

Practical 1: Android Studio setup for Flutter development with along with Dart SDK.Solution:

Step 1: Installing a Flutter.

i. System Requirements:

- Assure that your system meets the minimum requirements. Flutter supports macOS, Linux, and Windows.
- On macOS, you need Xcode with the command-line tools installed.
- On Linux, you need to have git, lib32stdc++6, and other dependencies installed.

ii. Download Flutter: ○ Visit Flutter Website for Installation of Flutter ->

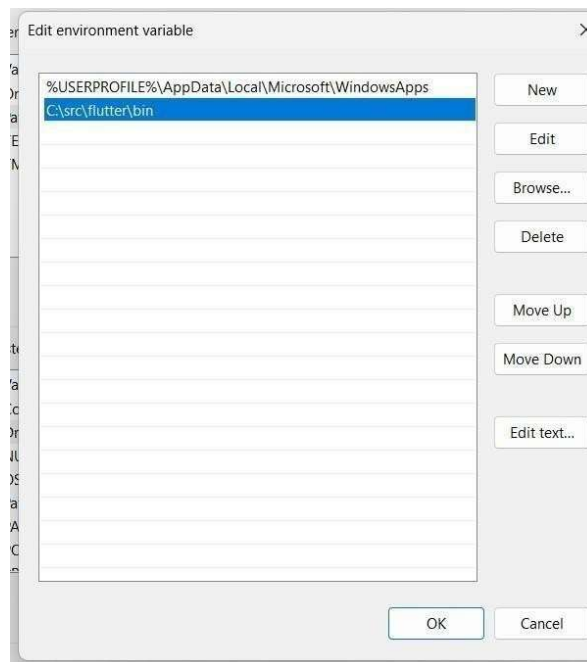
<https://docs.flutter.dev/get-started/install>.

iii. Extract Flutter:

- If you downloaded the ZIP file, extract it to a location on your machine. (C:\src\flutter).

Set Up Environment Variables:

- Add the C:\src\flutter\bin directory to your system's PATH variable.



v. Run flutter doctor:

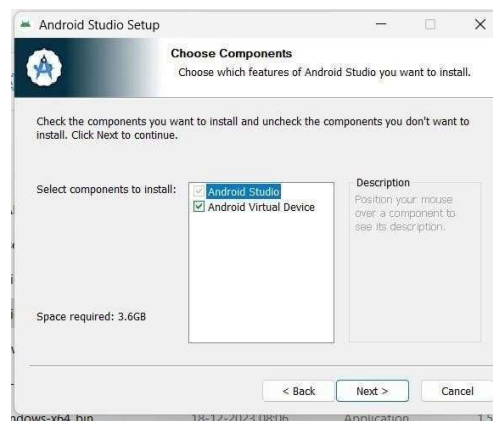
- Open a terminal and run the following command: flutter doctor
- This command checks your environment and displays a report of any missing dependencies or issues.

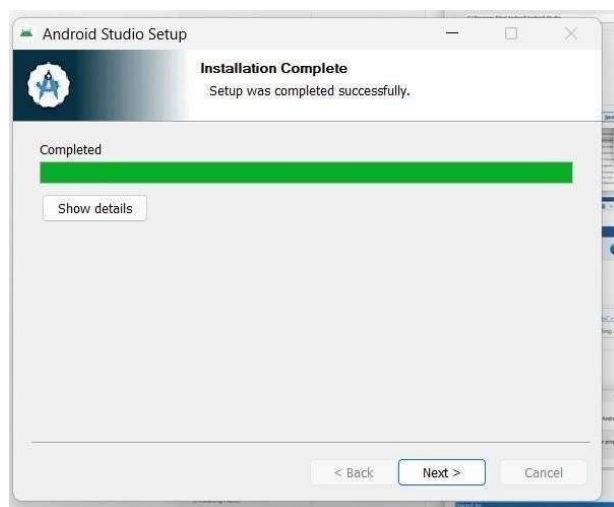
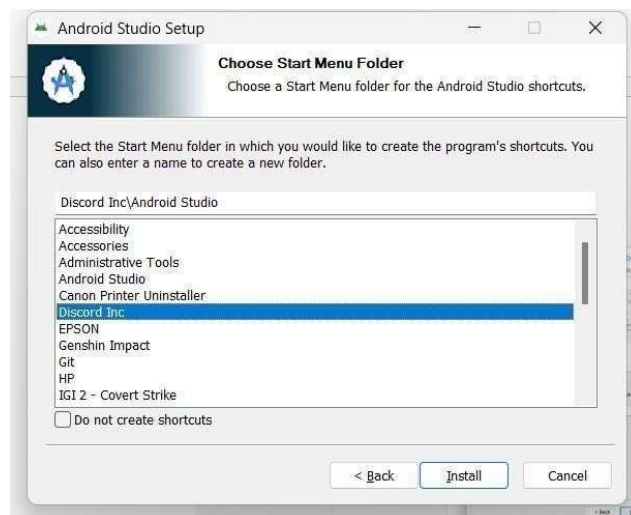
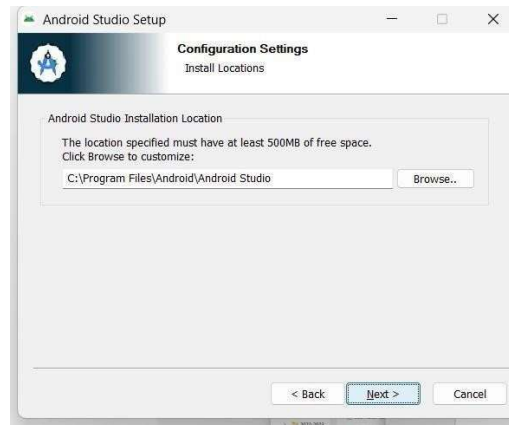
vi. Install Flutter Dependencies:

- Follow the instructions provided by flutter doctor to install any missing dependencies. This may include things like Android Studio, Xcode command-line tools, etc.

Step 2: Installing Android Studio.

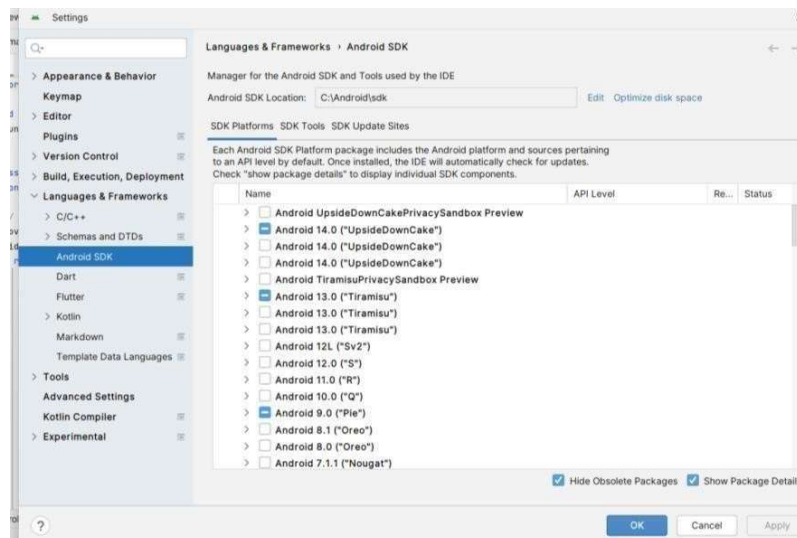
- Download Android Studio:** ○ Visit the Android Studio download page.
 - Click on the "Download" button and download the Windows version.
- Run the Installer:** ○ Once the download is complete, run the installer executable (.exe) file.
- Follow Installation Wizard:**



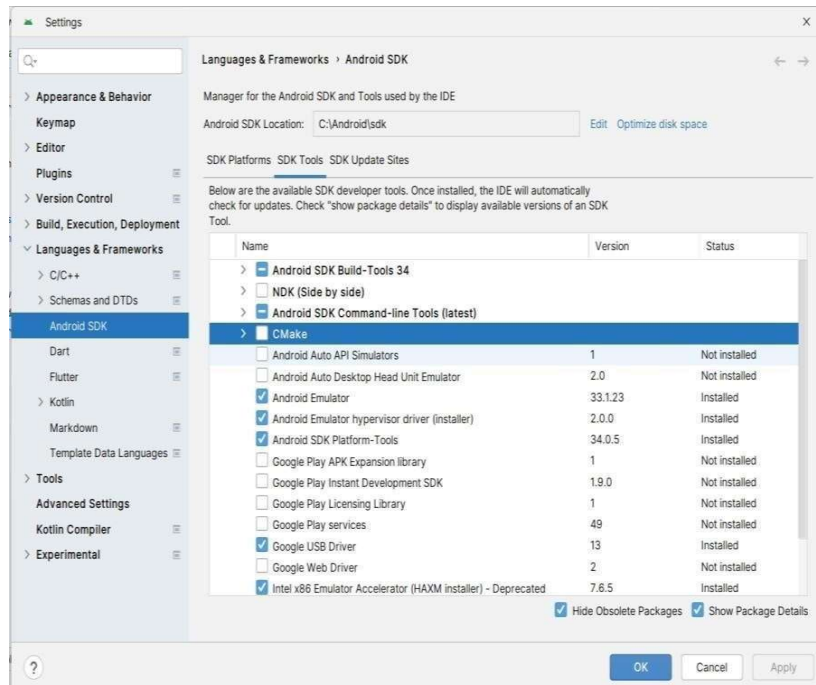




○ **Android SDK Platforms:**



○ **Android SDK Tools:**



Step 3: Run Following Command for checking Flutter dependencies on after installation of android.

- iv. **Accept Android Licenses** ○ Flutter doctor --android-licenses to develop for Android, you need to accept the Android licenses.
 - Run the following command: **flutter doctor --android-licenses**

Practical 2: Create a “hello flutter” application

Main.dart

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
void main() {
  runApp(const MyApp());
}
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget
{ const MyApp({super.key});

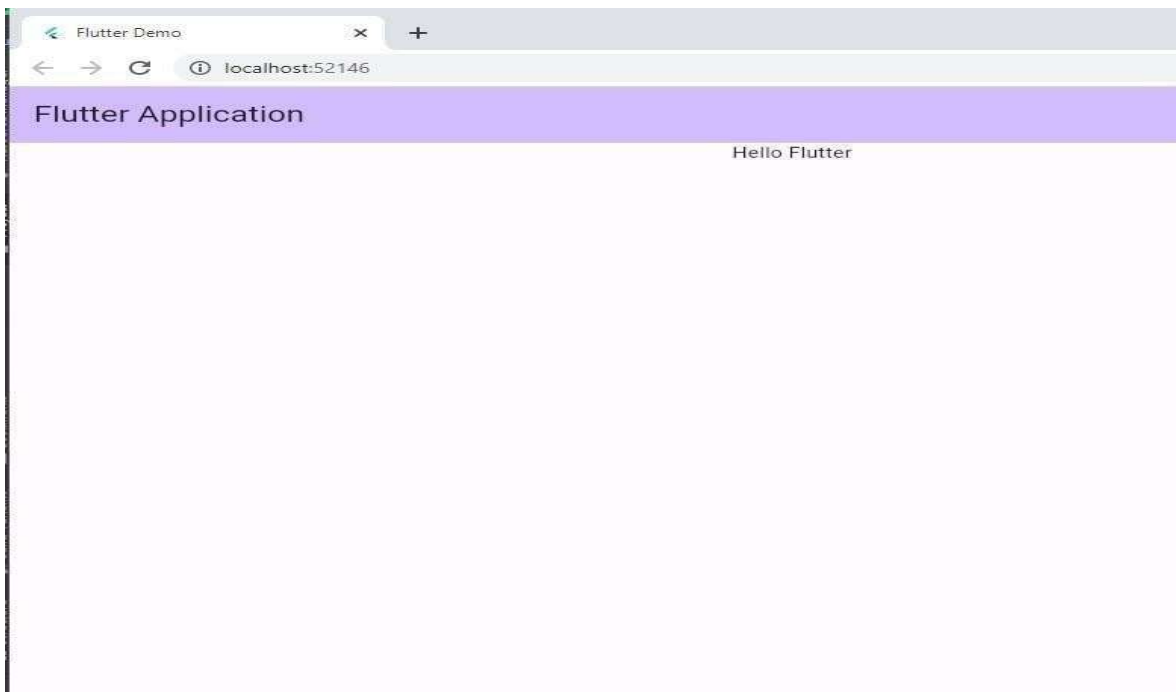
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context)
  { return MaterialApp( title:
'Flutter Demo', theme: ThemeData( colorScheme:
ColorScheme.fromSeed(seedColor: Colors.deepPurple),
useMaterial3: true,
    ),
    home: const MyHomePage(title: 'Flutter Application'),
  );
}

class MyHomePage extends StatefulWidget {
  const MyHomePage({super.key, required this.title});
  final String title;
  @override
  State<MyHomePage> createState() => _MyHomePageState();
}
class _MyHomePageState extends State<MyHomePage>
{ int _counter = 0;
  void _incrementCounter()
  { setState(() {
    _counter++;
  });
}

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context)
  { return Scaffold(
  appBar: AppBar(
title: Text(widget.title),
  ),
```

```
body:
  Center( child:
    Column( children:
      <Widget>[ const
        Text(
          'Hello Flutter',
        ),
      ],
    ),
    floatingActionButton:
      FloatingActionButton( onPressed:
        _incrementCounter,
        tooltip: 'Increment',
        child: const Icon(Icons.add),
      ),
    );
  }
}
```

OUTPUT:



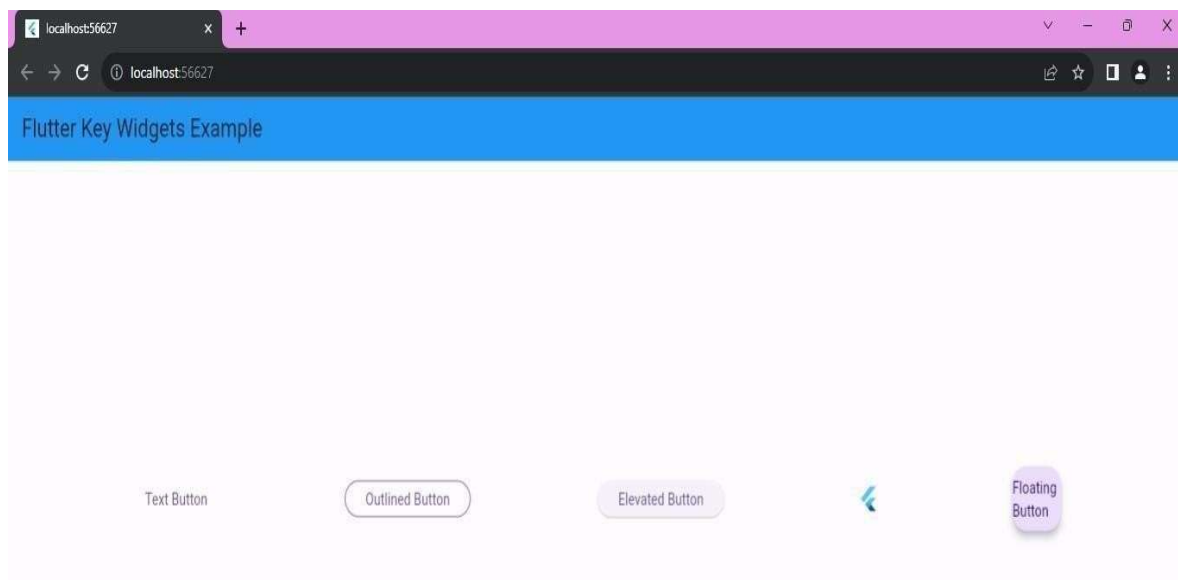
Practical 3: Create and application using Flutter Key Widgets.**Main.dart**

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
void main() {
  runApp(MyApp());
}
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget
{
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) { return
MaterialApp(
  debugShowCheckedModeBanner: false,
  home: Scaffold(
    appBar:
AppBar(
      title: Text('Flutter Key Widgets Example'),
      backgroundColor: Colors.blue,
    ),
    body: MyHomePage(),
  ),
);
}
class MyHomePage extends StatelessWidget
{
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context)
  {return Center(
child: Column(
  mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
  children: [
    Row(
      mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.spaceEvenly,
      children: [
        TextButton(
          onPressed: () {
            },
            child: Text('Text Button'),
          ),
        OutlinedButton(
          onPressed: () {
            },
            child: Text('Outlined Button'),
          ),
        ],
      ),
    ],
  ),
);
}
```



```
        IconButton(onPressed: () {},  
          icon: FlutterLogo()  
        ),  
      ],  
    ),  
  ],  
),  
);  
}  
}
```

Output:



Practical 4 : Create an application using row, column, container widgets

Main.dart

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
void main() {
  runApp(const MyApp());
}
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  const MyApp({super.key});
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      title: 'Flutter Demo',
      theme: ThemeData(
        colorScheme: ColorScheme.fromSeed(seedColor: Colors.deepPurple),
        useMaterial3: true,
      ),
      home: const MyHomePage(title: 'Flutter Demo Home Page'),
    );
  }
}

class MyHomePage extends StatefulWidget {
  const MyHomePage({super.key, required this.title});
  final String title;
  @override
  State<MyHomePage> createState() => _MyHomePageState();
}

class _MyHomePageState extends State<MyHomePage> {
  int _counter = 0;
  void _incrementCounter() {
    setState(() {
      _counter++;
    });
  }

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: Text(widget.title),
      ),
```

```

    body:      Row(
children:      [
Container(
  child: FlutterLogo(),
),
  Container(
    child: FlutterLogo(),
  ),
  Container(
    padding: EdgeInsets.all(80),    margin:
EdgeInsets.all(80),    decoration:
BoxDecoration(    borderRadius:
(BorderRadius.circular(80)),
    boxShadow: [new BoxShadow(color: Color.fromRGBO(0, 1, 0, 100), offset:
new Offset(0, 0))]    ),
  ),
  Column( children
n:      [
Container(
  child: FlutterLogo(),
),
],
),
],
),
floatingActionButton:
FloatingActionButton(
onPressed: _incrementCounter,
tooltip: 'Increment',
child: const Icon(Icons.add),
),
);
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

