

Lab 1

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In[624]:= **Remove ["Global`*"]**

A damped harmonic oscillator moving in one dimension with a spring attached to it has mass m , stiffness k , and a linear damping force with velocity coefficient b .

Angular frequency (w) is defined below

In[625]:= **w = Sqrt[w0^ (2) - be^ (2)]**
w0 = 2 Pi

Out[625]= $\sqrt{-be^2 + w0^2}$

Out[626]= 2π

The position is given by $x[t]$ where A and Q are initial conditions representative of x_0 and v_0 .

In[627]:= **x[t] = A * E^ (-be * t) * Cos [w * t + Q]**

Out[627]= $A e^{-be t} \cos \left[Q + \sqrt{-be^2 + 4 \pi^2} t \right]$

In[628]:= **x' = D[x[t], t]**

Out[628]= $-A be e^{-be t} \cos \left[Q + \sqrt{-be^2 + 4 \pi^2} t \right] - A e^{-be t} \sqrt{-be^2 + 4 \pi^2} \sin \left[Q + \sqrt{-be^2 + 4 \pi^2} t \right]$

Applying the given initial conditions into the original equation yields,

In[629]:= **x1 = x[t] /. {A → 5, Q → 0, be → 1}**

x2 = x[t] /. {A → 5, Q → 0, be → 0.1}

x3 = x[t] /. {A → 5, Q → (Pi / 2), be → 0.1}

Out[629]= $5 e^{-t} \cos \left[\sqrt{-1 + 4 \pi^2} t \right]$

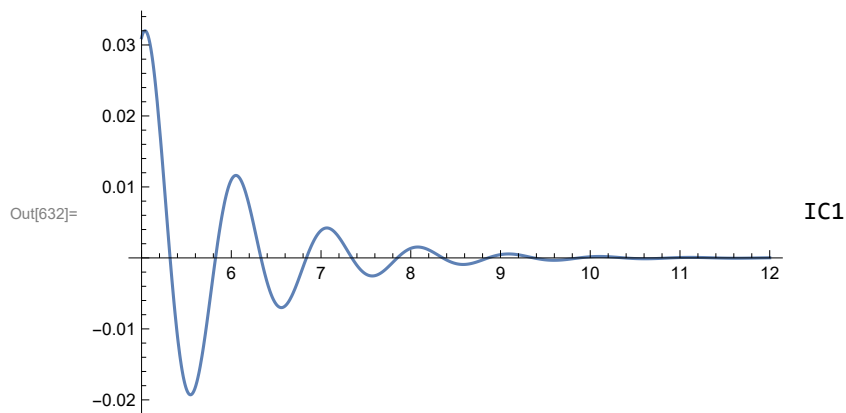
Out[630]= $5 e^{-0.1 t} \cos [6.28239 t]$

Out[631]= $-5 e^{-0.1 t} \sin [6.28239 t]$

The new equations with their IC can then be plotted as a function of position vs time.

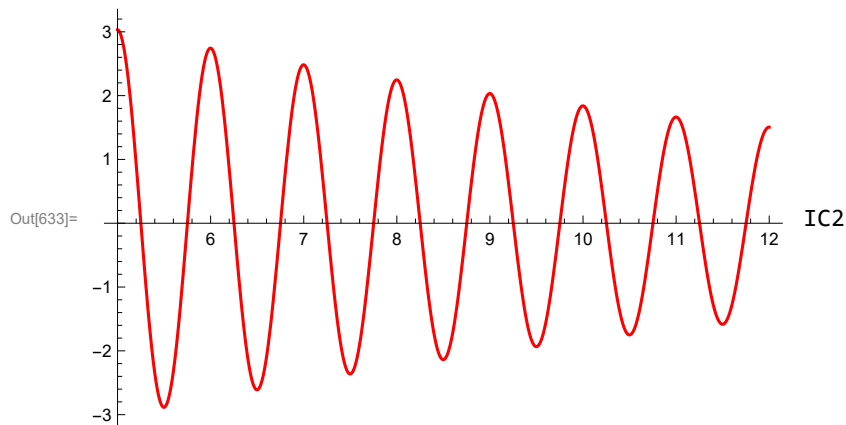
Graph 1 shows the first IC,

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In[632]:= Plot[{x1}, {t, 5, 12}, PlotLegends → IC1, PlotStyle → Automatic, PlotRange → All]
```



This shows the second IC

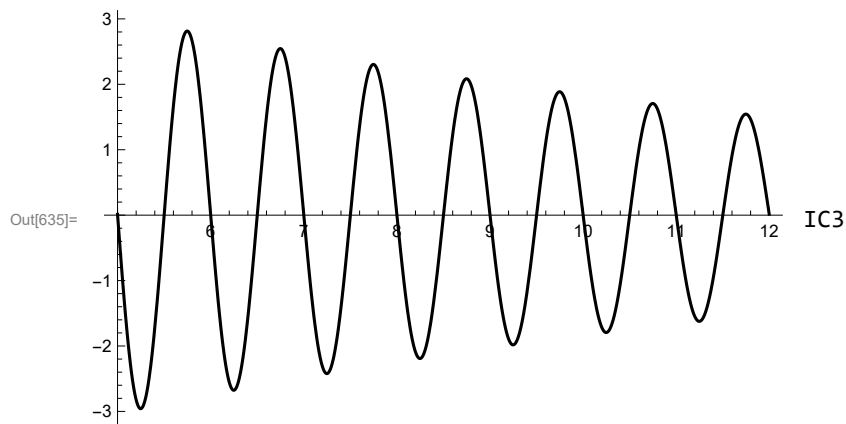
```
In[633]:= Plot[{x2}, {t, 5, 12}, PlotLegends → IC2, PlotStyle → Red, PlotRange → All]
```



```
In[634]:=
```

This shows the third IC

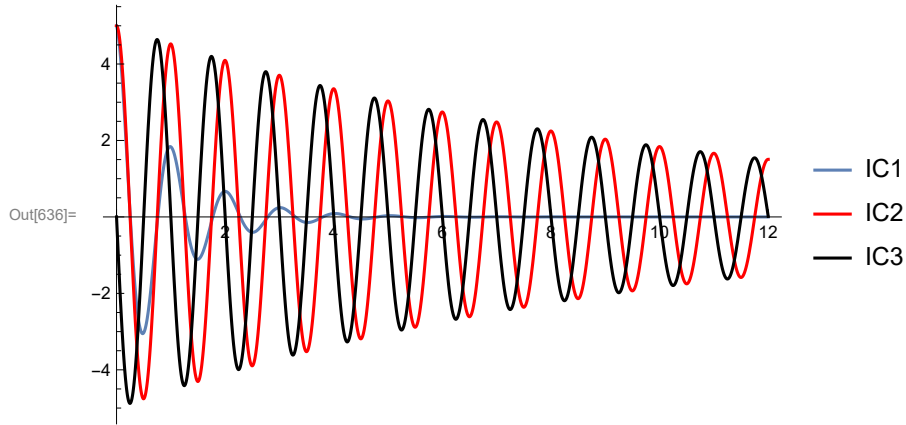
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In[635]:= Plot[{x3}, {t, 5, 12}, PlotLegends → IC3, PlotStyle → Black, PlotRange → All]
```



This combines all three IC in one plot. Rate of decrease of IC1 is much significant than the other two.

The main difference is beta for IC1 is 1 while for IC2 and IC3 its 0.1. IC3 also has $Q = \pi/2$ but the effects are not as significant as the effects of beta.

```
In[636]:= Plot[{x1, x2, x3}, {t, 0, 12}, PlotLegends -> {IC1, IC2, IC3},
  PlotStyle -> {Automatic, Red, Black}, PlotRange -> All]
```



Testing for different IC. A will be altered while Q and beta stay the same

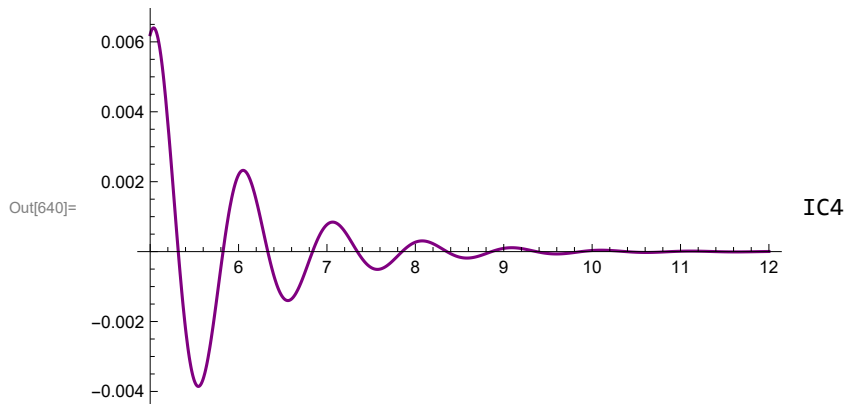
```
In[637]:= x4 = x[t] /. {A -> 1, Q -> 0, be -> 1}
x5 = x[t] /. {A -> 1, Q -> 0, be -> 0.1}
x6 = x[t] /. {A -> 1, Q -> (Pi / 2), be -> 0.1}
```

Out[637]= $e^{-t} \cos \left[\sqrt{-1 + 4 \pi^2} t \right]$

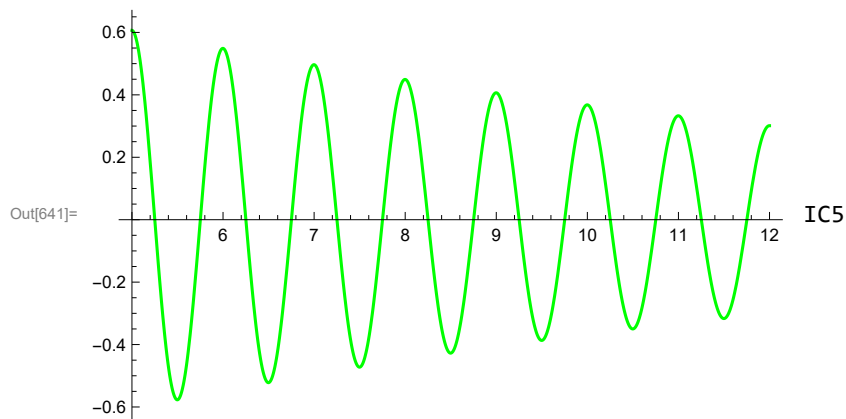
Out[638]= $e^{-0.1 t} \cos [6.28239 t]$

Out[639]= $-e^{-0.1 t} \sin [6.28239 t]$

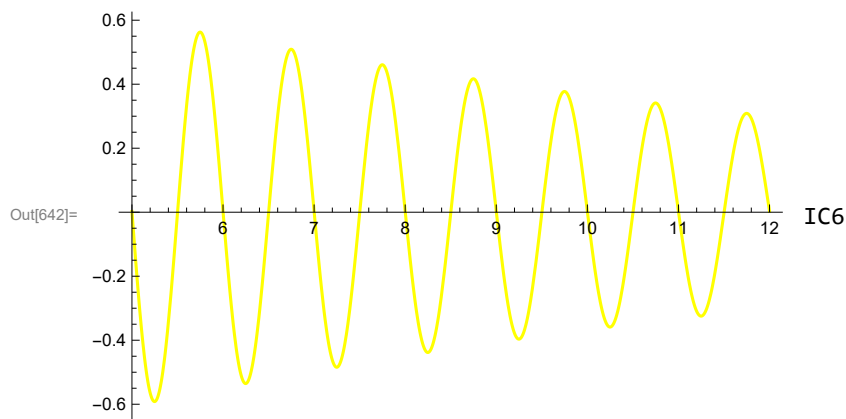
```
In[640]:= Plot[{x4}, {t, 5, 12}, PlotLegends -> IC4, PlotStyle -> Purple, PlotRange -> All]
```



In[641]:= **Plot[{x5}, {t, 5, 12}, PlotLegends → IC5, PlotStyle → Green, PlotRange → All]**



In[642]:= **Plot[{x6}, {t, 5, 12}, PlotLegends → IC6, PlotStyle → Yellow, PlotRange → All]**



In[643]:= **Plot[{x4, x5, x6}, {t, 0, 12}, PlotLegends → {IC4, IC5, IC6}, PlotStyle → {Purple, Green, Yellow}, PlotRange → All]**

