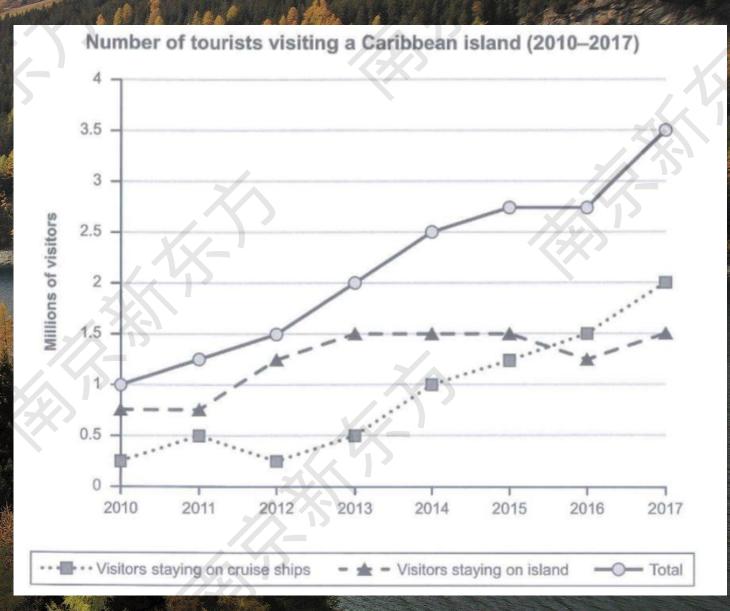
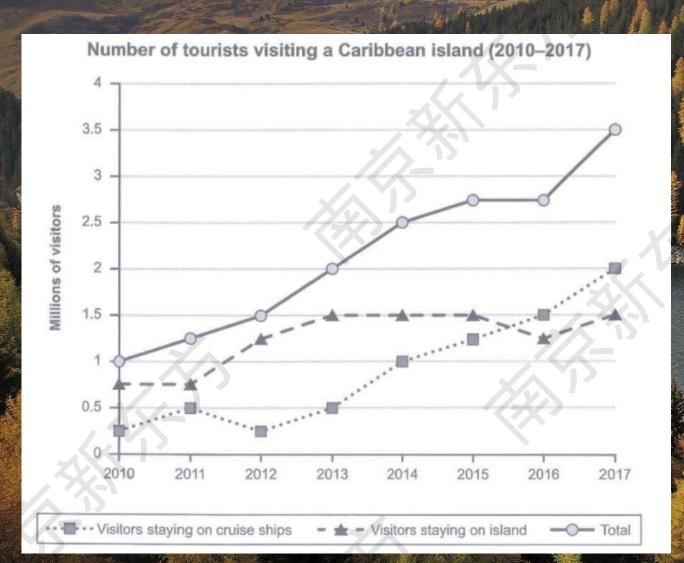




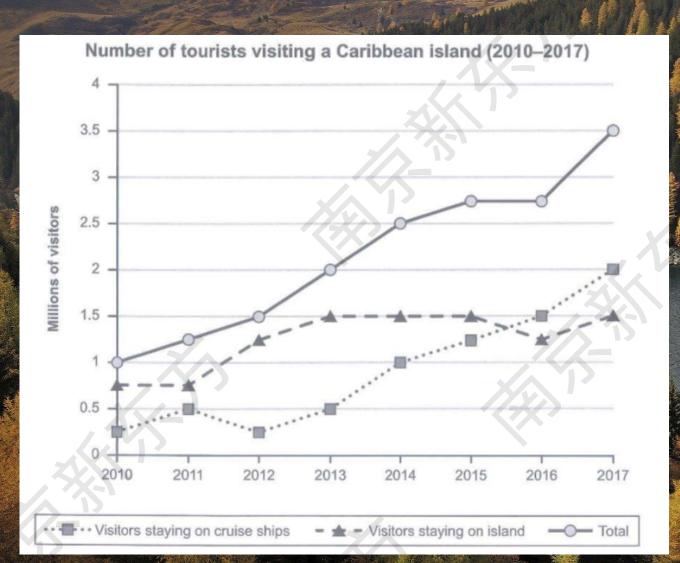
The graph below shows the number of tourists visiting a particular Caribbean island between 2010 and 2017.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

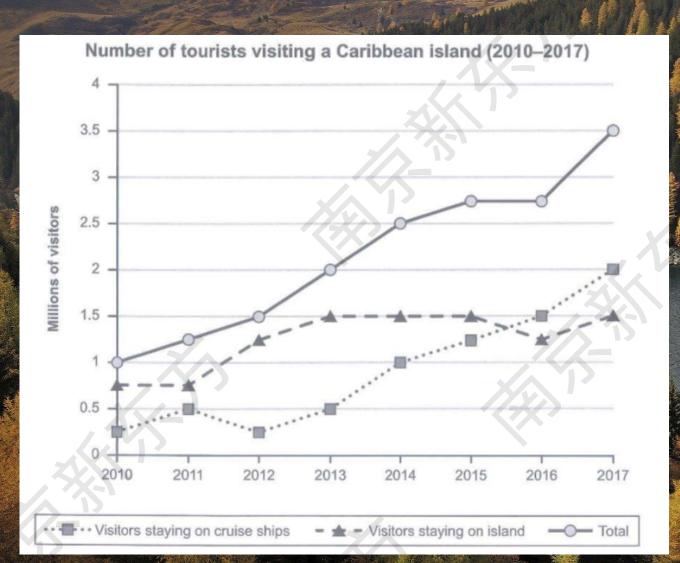




- 1.total 最好单独成段且数据趋势描述可以详细一些
- 2.观察total和其他两组数据之间 的关系
- 3.total可以在开头段提一下总体 变化趋势(结尾也要提)。



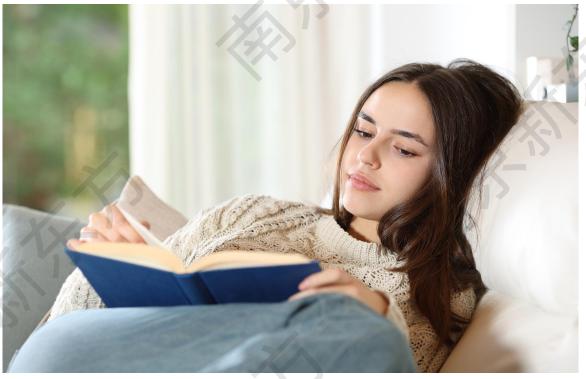
3.total可以在开头段提一下总体 变化趋势 (结尾也要提) Illustrated in this graph is the number of tourists visiting a specific Caribbean island from 2010 to 2017, with a significant increase in the total number of tourists over this period.



3.total可以在开头段提一下总体 变化趋势 (结尾也要提) Illustrated in this graph is the number of tourists visiting a specific Caribbean island from 2010 to 2017, with a significant increase in the total number of tourists over this period.







In the future, nobody will buy printed newspaper or books because they will be able to read everything they want online without paying.

To what extent do you agree or disagree?

### 题目问法: 可单可双议论文

In the future, nobody will buy printed newspaper or books because they will be able to read everything they want online without paying.

To what extent do you agree or disagree?

未来,没人会购买印刷报纸或书籍,因为他们将能够<mark>在线阅读所有</mark>他们想要的内容而无需付费。你在多大程度上同意或不同意这个观点?

everything: definite表述 通常不试图论证其成立

1.纸质书会不会消失 2.所有内容都免费





## 本题题干:

In the future, nobody will buy printed newspaper or books because they will be able to read everything they want online without paying.



背景信息+观点改写(如有)+个人观点

The rise of digital technology has fundamentally changed how we access information, leading many to believe that printed newspapers and books will eventually become **obsolete**. While the shift to digital media is significant, I believe people will continue to buy printed book and pay for high-quality content.

## 文章架构(双边)

开头段Introduction: 背景 - 观点改写 - 个人立场

尽管向数字媒体的转变非常重要,人们仍然会继续购买印刷书籍并为高质量的内容付费。

主体段1: 主题句 + 支持句【承认"免费在线阅读有一定好处"】

主体段2: 主题句 + 支持句【论证"网络上高质量内容付费的必要性"】

主体段3: 主题句 + 支持句【否定"没有人会选择阅读纸质书"】

结尾段: 概括观点 - 重申个人立场+简单理由总结



# 词汇积累

词义	单词	词义	单词
有说服力的	compelling	订阅	subscription
过时的	obsolete	优质的,高级的	premium
材料,素材	material		
业余的,非专业的	amateur		

#### 主题句:



一方面,关于免费在线内容的论点非常有说服力。

On the one hand, the argument for online content is compelling.

#### 支持句:

- →这意味着互联网使信息变得更易获取,使人们能够免费阅读各种各样的材料。
- →社交媒体和博客平台使业余作者和独立记者能够免费分享作品,增加了免费内容的可用性
- →这一趋势在更年轻群体中尤为流行,数字媒体的便利性可能对印刷报纸和书籍的销售产生影响。
- →并非所有在线内容都是免费的; 许多高质量的资源需要订阅或购买

That means the internet has made information more accessible, allowing people to read a wide variety of materials at no cost. Social media and blogging platforms enable amateur writers and independent journalists to share their work for free, increasing the availability of free content. This trend is especially noticeable among younger generations who prefer the convenience of digital media, impacting sales of printed newspapers and books probably. However, not all online content is free; many high-quality sources require subscriptions or purchases for premium access.

# 词汇积累



词义	单词	词义	单词
可信的,可靠的	credible	专业知识	expertise

#### 主题句:



对于高质量的内容,需要付费。

For valuable content, paying for it remains justifiable.

#### 支持句:

- →可信的新闻报道和文学作品需要大量的时间、专业知识和资源投入,应该得到经济上的回报
- →如果我们忽视付费的必要性, 内容的质量可能会下降
- →因为创作者可能缺乏动力去制作充分研究的内容
- →因此, 期望所有想要的信息都可以免费获得是不现实的

Producing **credible** journalism and literature requires significant investment in time, **expertise**, and resources, which should be financially rewarded. If we ignore the need for payment, the quality of content might decline, as creators could lack the motivation to produce well-researched material. Therefore, it is unrealistic to expect all desired information to be available for free.



# 词汇积累

词义	单词	词义	单词
内在的,固有的	intrinsic	触觉的,有触感的	tactile
感官的,感觉的	sensory	可收藏的; 收藏品	collectible
缺席,不存在	absence	不可替代的	irreplaceable/ indispensable
压力,紧张	strain	长期的, 延长的	prolonged

#### 主题句:



另一方面,印刷书籍和报纸的内在价值不容忽视。

On the other hand, the intrinsic value of printed books and newspapers cannot be overlooked.

#### 支持句:

- →实体书籍提供了电子书通常缺乏的感官体验和个人意义。
- →例如,许多读者都珍视把书握在手中的触感和屏幕不会造成的眼睛疲劳
- →此外,印刷书籍常常被视为收藏品或礼物,具有情感价值
- →某些群体, 例如年幼的儿童和年长的成年人, 也可能会发现印刷材料更易于获取且不可替代
- →前者可以从印刷的简单性中受益,而后者则避免了长时间使用屏幕可能对视力造成的潜在压力。

Physical copies offer a sensory experience and personal significance that digital formats often lack. For

example, many readers value the tactile pleasure of holding a book and the absence of screen strain.

Additionally, printed books are often seen as collectibles or gifts, possessing sentimental value. Certain groups,

like young children and older adults, may also find printed materials more accessible and irreplaceable,

because the former can benefit from the simple nature of print, while the latter avoids the potential strain on eyesight associated with **prolonged** use of screens.



### 结尾段Conclusion:

概括观点 - 重申个人立场

总结起来,纸质报纸和书籍的完全消失似乎不太可能。纸质书的独特

价值以及对付费内容的经济需求将确保人们继续支付高质量的内容,

无论是在线阅读还是纸质阅读



In conclusion, the complete disappearance of printed newspapers and books seems unlikely. The unique value of physical copies and the economic need for paid content will ensure that people continue to pay for high-quality material, whether online or in print.