Topic7(Logical Operators(And, Or and Not))

C++ Logical Operators

As with comparison operators, you can also test for true(1) or false(0) values with logical Operators.

Logical operators are used to determine the logic between variables or values:

| Operator | Name | Description | Example |
|----------|-------------|---|--------------------|
| && | Logical AND | Returns true if both statements are true | x < 5 && x < 10 |
| 11 | Logical OR | Returns true if one of the statements is true | x < 5 x < 4 |
| ! | Logical NOT | Reverse the result, returns false if the result is true | !(x < 5 && x < 10) |

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
    // Declare variables
    int x = 5, y = 3;
    // Logical AND
    cout << "Logical AND : " << (x > 3 \&\& x < 10) << endl;
    // returns true (1) because 5 is greater than 3 AND 5 is less than 10 \,
    // Logical OR
    cout << "Logical OR : " << (x > 3 \mid \mid x < 4) << endl;
    // returns true (1) because one of the conditions are true (5 is greater than 3, but 5 is not less than 4)
    // Logical NOT
    cout << "Logical NOT : " << !(x < 5 \&\& x < 10) << endl;
    // returns false (0) because ! (not) is used to reverse the result
    return 0;
```