

**CSE 3024** 

## Web Mining

## DIGITAL ASSIGNMENT - 1

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# 1. To divide the given dataset into two clusters, use the K means clustering algorithm. Assume that theinitial centroids are (40,71) and (36,68). Utilize the Euclidean metric. Iterate two times.

City	Temperature (°C)	Humidity (%)
Vellore	39	67
Chennai	40	71
Patna	33	54
Banaras	32	53
Mumbai	35	66
Vijayawada	36	68
Bareli	32.5	60
Bhopal	31	51

#### Ans 1.



_	VIBAU KUMAR S	NGH	19BCE0215
	Lity	Temperature	Humblity
-	Vellore	39	67
	Chennai	40	71
	Patna	33	54
	Banaras	32	53
	Munibai	35	66
	Vijaywada _	36	68
	Bareli	32.5	60
	Bhopa	31	51
	Given w	C1 (40, 71)	
	Given un	terord	
	Given un  City wise dist	стиля (40,71) С2 (36,68)	44
	City wise dist	terosd (1 (40, 71) (2 (36,68)  ance from enterosis  Dis ((1)= √(	40-39)2+(71-67)2
	Given un  City wise dist	стиля (40,71) С2 (36,68)	40-39)2 + (71-67)2 + 42
	City wise dist	thought $C_{1}(40,71)$ $C_{2}(36,68)$ and from introduction $C_{1}(40,71)$ $C_{2}(36,68)$	40-39)2 + (71-67)2 + 42
	City wise dist	those $C_{1}(40,71)$ $C_{2}(36,68)$ and from untroid $Dis(C_{1})=\sqrt{(}$ $=\sqrt{1}$ $=\sqrt{1}$ $Dis(C_{2})=\sqrt{(}$	$\frac{40-39)^2+(71-67)^2}{7}$ $\frac{40-39)^2+(68-67)^2}{6-39)^2+(68-67)^2}$
	City wise dist	those $C_{1}(40,71)$ $C_{2}(36,68)$ and from untroid $Dis(C_{1})=\sqrt{(}$ $=\sqrt{1}$ $=\sqrt{1}$ $Dis(C_{2})=\sqrt{(}$	$\frac{40-39)^2+(71-67)^2}{77}$ $\frac{40-39)^2+(68-67)^2}{3^2+1^2}$
*	City wise dist  Vellore  P(39,67)  C1(40,71)  C2(36,68)	those $C_{1}(40, 71)$ $C_{2}(36, 68)$ and from untroid $C_{1}(1) = \sqrt{(1)}$ $= \sqrt{1}$ $= \sqrt{1}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$	$\frac{40-39)^{2}+(71-67)^{2}}{7}$ $\frac{40-39)^{2}+(68-67)^{2}}{3^{2}+1^{2}}$
*	City wise dist  Vellore P(39,67) (4(40,71) C2(36,68)	those $C_{1}(40, 71)$ $C_{2}(36, 68)$ and from untroid $C_{1}(1) = \sqrt{(1)}$ $= \sqrt{1}$ $= \sqrt{1}$ $= \sqrt{1}$ $= \sqrt{2}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$	$\frac{40-39)^{2}+(71-67)^{2}}{7}$ $\frac{40-39)^{2}+(68-67)^{2}}{3^{2}+1^{2}}$ $\sqrt{(40-40)^{2}+(71-71)^{2}}$
*	City wise dist  Vellore  P(39,67)  (1(40,71)  C2(36,68)  * Chemai  P(40,71)	those $C_{1}(40, 71)$ $C_{2}(36, 68)$ and from untroid $C_{1}(1) = \sqrt{(1)}$ $= \sqrt{1}$ $= \sqrt{1}$ $= \sqrt{1}$ $= \sqrt{2}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3}$	$\frac{40-39)^{2}+(71-67)^{2}}{7}$ $\frac{40-39)^{2}+(68-67)^{2}}{3^{2}+1^{2}}$
*	City wise dist  Vellore P(39,67) (4(40,71) C2(36,68)	$C_{1}(40, 71)$ $C_{2}(36, 68)$ and from entroid $C_{1}(40, 71)$ $C_{2}(36, 68)$ Dis $(C_{1}) = \sqrt{(1 + 1)}$ $= \sqrt{1 + 1}$ $= 1 + 1$	$\frac{40-39)^{2}+(71-67)^{2}}{7}$ $\frac{40-39)^{2}+(68-67)^{2}}{3^{2}+1^{2}}$ $\sqrt{(40-40)^{2}+(71-71)^{2}}$

	discounts
	C FOR
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	* Petra Dis (C1) = \((40-32)^2 + (71-54)^2
	P(33,54) = \( \frac{7^2 + 17^2}{}
	C1(40,71) = √338
	C2(36,68)
	$D\dot{u}(c_2) = \sqrt{(36-33)^2 + (54-60)^2}$
	= \9+196
	= \( \frac{7205}{}
-	
	* Banaras Dis (G) = $\sqrt{(40-32)^2 + (71-53)^2}$ P(32,53) = $\sqrt{388}$
	P(32, 53) = \(\sigma_{388}\)
	C1(40,71)
	$C_2(36,68)$ $Ois(C_2) = \sqrt{(36-32)^2 + (68-53)^2}$
	= (341
	= \ 771
-	* Munibai Dis(C1) = 1 (40-35)2+(7+-68)2
-	P(35,66) = 150
	$C_1(40,71)$ $C_2(36,68)$ Di(Cz) = $\sqrt{q^2 + 2^2}$
	= \5
	* Vijaywada Dis(C1) = \((40-36)^2 + (71-68)^2
	P(36,68) = 5 C(40,71)
	$c_2(36,68)$ $Pis(c_2) = \sqrt{0^2 + 0^2}$
_	=0.
	* Bareli° Dis (C1) = \((40-32.5)^2 + (71-60)^2
	P(325,60) = 177.25
	4(40,71)
	$(2(36,68))$ Du(C2) = $\sqrt{(36-32.5)^2 + (68-66)^2}$
	(36-32.3) +(68-66)
	= \76.25
	9x Bhopal Dis (C4) = \((40-31)^2 + (71-51)^2
	P(31,51) = \(\frac{481}{281}\)
	C1(40,71)
	$C_2(36,68)$ Dis $(C_2) = \sqrt{(36-31)^2 + (68-51)^2}$
	[24] + (68-51)
	= \sqrt{344}

Carla DAREOZIS

City	Dis for Cy	Dis for G	Uniter
Vellore	J17	10	Cz
Chennai	D	125	9
Patna	V338	J265	C2
Banaras	V388	1241	C2
Mumba	V50	15	C2
Vijayweda	V25	D	C2
Bereli	VI77-25	V76.25	C2
Chapel	V481	V314	CZ

#### New centeroids

### After iteration

		Classa
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	Iteration 2	
	A	
	* Vollere	Dis(4) = (40-39)2+(71-67)
	P(34,67)	= 117
	4(40,71)	
	(2(34.07,59.85)	Dis(C2) = \((34.07-34)^2+(59.85-17)^2
	15 (50)	= 575.42
		Dies
	* Chennai	Dis(C1) = \((40-40)^2 + (71-71)^2
	P(40,71)	=0.
	C <sub>1</sub> (40, 71)	
	C2(34.07, 59.85)	Dis (cz) = (34.07-40) +(59.85-71)
	- CECST-01 ( 51.83)	= \159.48
	* Petua	Dis(C1)= (46-33)2+(71-54)2
	P(33,54)	= \( \frac{338}{} \)
	9(40,71)	
	(2(34.67,54.85)	Dis(C2)= (34.07-33)2+(54.852 -54)
	-203 1-	- 54)
		= \sqrt{35.36}
	* Banaras	Dis (G) = \((40-32)^2 + (71-53)^2
	P(32,53)	= \388
	C1(40,71)	
	(2(34.0759.85)	Dis(C2) = \((34.67-32)^2+(59.35-53)^2
		= \\ \( \sigma_{1} \cdot 2
	ex Mumbai	Dis(4) = \((40.25)^2 + (71-66)^2
	P(35,66)	= \50
	4(40,71)	
	(2(34,07,54.85)	Dis(C2) = 184.07-35)2 (59.85-66)2
		= 38.68
7-11		

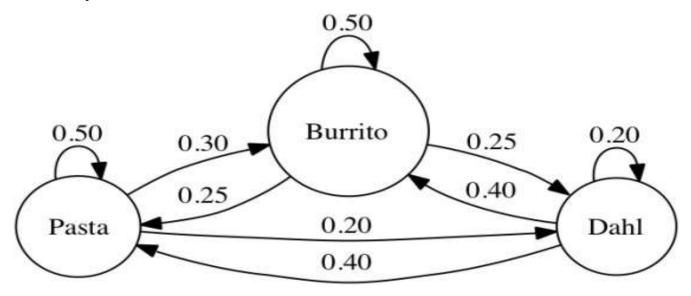
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-	1 - 12 - Nobel	19BCE0215
	* Vijaywada	Dis(G) = \((40-36)^2 + (71-68)^2
	•	= \25
	P(36,68)	
	C1(40,71)	$Di(C_2) = \sqrt{(34.07-36)^2 + (59.85-69)^2}$
	C2(34.07, 59.85)	= 170.14
-		
	* Bereli	Dis (4) = \((40-32.5)^2 + (71-66)^2
	P(32.5,60)	= 177-25
	C1(40,71)	
	C2(34.67,59.85)	Du(Cz) = \((34.17-325)2+(59.85-60)
		= \2.48
	ex Bhopal	Dis (4) = (40-31) 2+ (71-51)2
	P(31,51)	3 /481
	C1 (40,71)	
1	C2(34.07, 59.85)	Dis ((2) = (34.07-31)2+(59.85-51)2
		= \87.74
9		

City	Dis prom (1	Dis from Cz	Cluster
Vellose	177	T75.42	C
Chennai	D	159-48	Ci
Patra	338	V35.36	C2
Borneres	V388	51.2	(2
Mumber	150	38-68	CZ
Vijaywada	13	V70.14	CI
Vijaywada Barui	V177.25	V2.48	Cz
Bhopal	T481	187.74	C2_

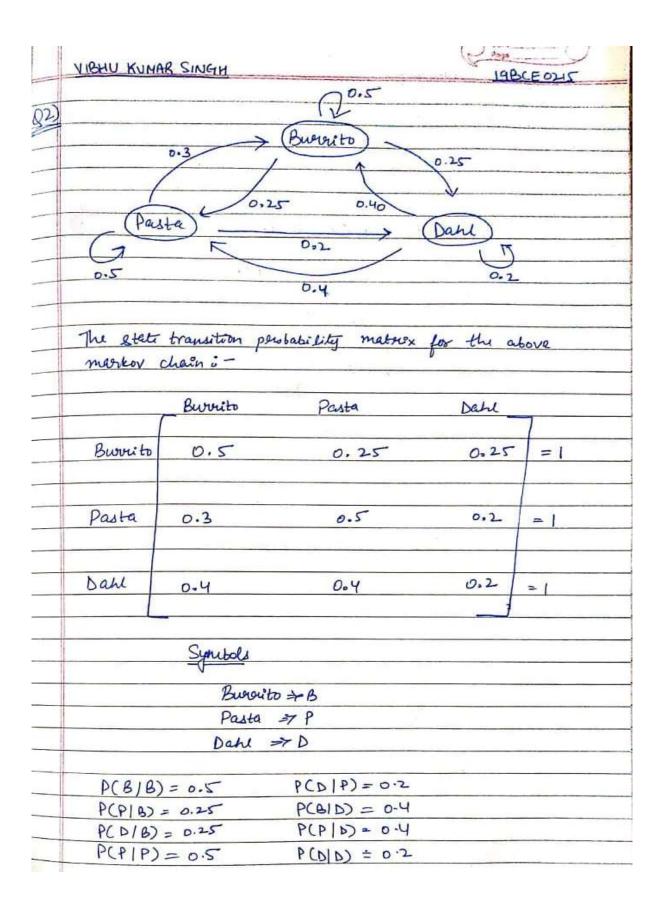
	classmate
	Date Page P
	100000
	19BCF0215
	Now Cluster with cluster head
	Chusta 1 = { (39,67), (40,71), (36,68)}
	(51,6+), (0,+), (30,00)
	C - 20.1. 21
	$C_1 = 39 + 40 + 36 - 115 - 39.33$
	3 3
	67+71+68 206 68.67
	3 3
	C1 = (38,33, 68.67)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Clarker 2 = 1 (see
	Chroter 2 = { (33,54), (32,53), (35,66)
<u> </u>	(32.5, 66), (31,51)}
<u></u>	
	(2 = 33 + 32 + 35 + 32.5 + 31 = 1636 = 32.9)
	5
	54+33+66+60+51 _ 284 _ 56.8
17	5 5
1	
4	
	Cz=(32.9, 56.8)
	-2 (32.1,36.8)
-	
- 12	Aus
0.03	

2. Draw a State-transition probability matrix using the given Markov Chain to show the transition probabilities of each state. If anyone eats Dahl today, what are the chances that pasta will be served tomorrow, and burritos will be served the next day?



Ans 2.

**(P.T.O)** 



	Date Page
VIBHU KUMAR SINGH	19 BCEOLIS
Query => Today = Dahl	
Query => Today = Dahl, Tommorrow = Paste,	
Day after Toncorrow = Burn	toes
0 -	
Probability = P (B/P, D)	
= P(B(P) x P(PID)	
= 0.3xo.4	
= 0.12	
Aru.	