

KUMARAGURU

COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

LABORATORY WORKBOOK

Exercise/Experiment Number: 1

Name	VIBIN R
Roll No	20BMC046
Lab Code / Lab	U18CSI2201- PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB
Course / Branch	B.E/B.Tech
Title of the exercise / experiment	Implement simple python programs using interactive and script mode

a) OBJECTIVE OF THE EXERCISE/EXPERIMENT

Develop simple Python program in interactive and script mode.

b.) Exercise:

1. Write a program to display the statement given below in two different lines.
I am using Python" and "It's my First Assignment"

Sample Output:

I am using Python
It's my First Assignment

Code:

```
print("I am using Python")  
print("It's my First Assignment")
```

2. Write a program to display the statements given below. Three print statements to be used but the output should be printed in a single line.

ohhh!!!
What a Python language is!!!
It's Easy!Get Started

Sample Output:

ohhh!!! What a Python Language is!!! It's Easy! Get Started

Code:

```
print("ohhh!!!",end=' ')  
print("What a Python Language is!!!",end=' ')  
print("It's Easy! Get Started",end=' ')
```

3. Write a program to display the statements given below. Only one print statement to be used but the output should be printed in three lines.

ohhh!!!
What a Python language is!!!

It's Easy!Get Started

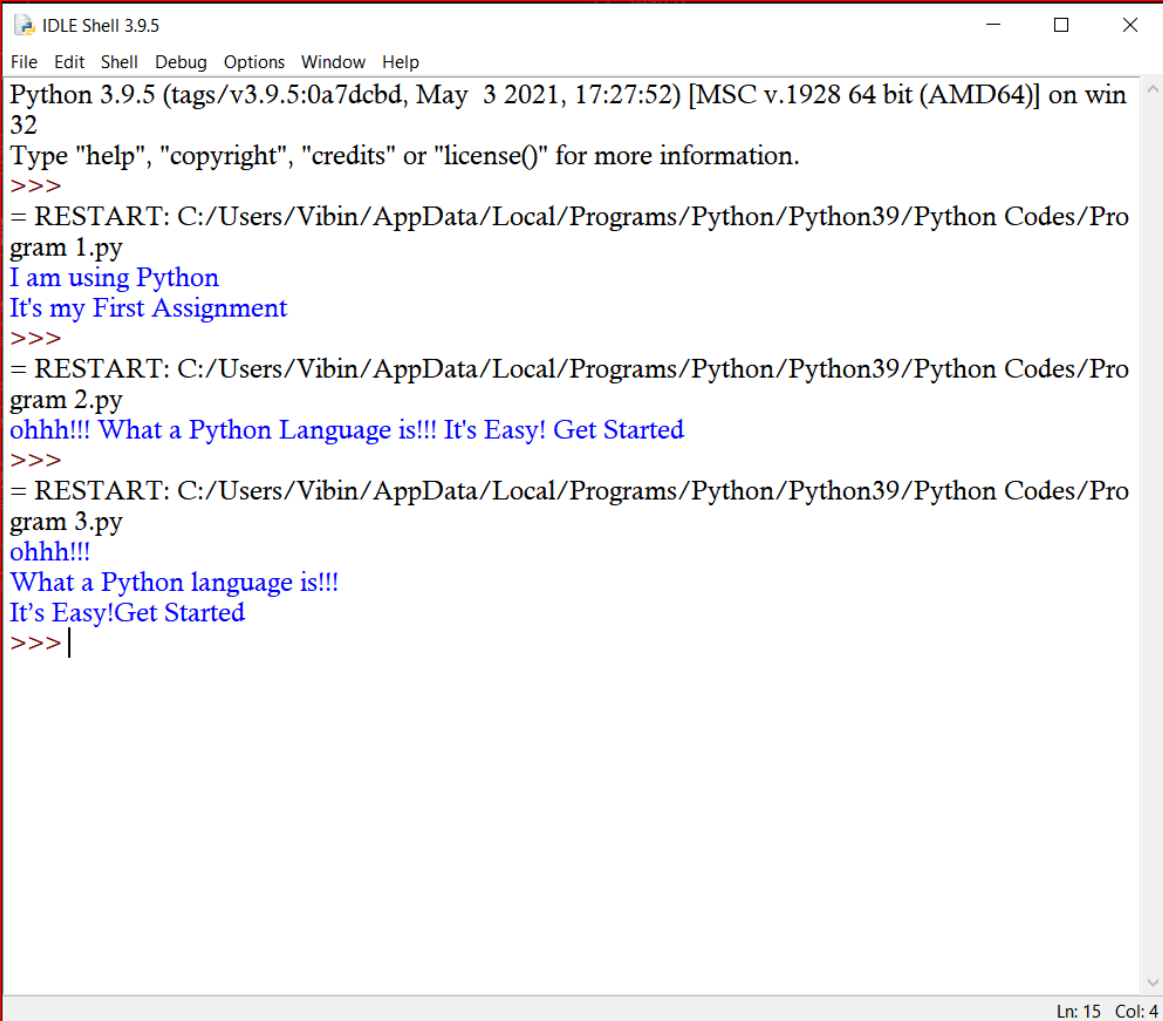
Sample Output:

ohhh!!!
What a Python Language is!!!
It's Easy! Get Started

Code:

```
print("ohhh!!!\nWhat a Python language is!!! \nIt's Easy!Get Started")
```

Output of Programs 1,2 and 3:

A screenshot of the IDLE Shell 3.9.5 window. The window title is "IDLE Shell 3.9.5". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "Shell", "Debug", "Options", "Window", and "Help". The shell displays the following text: "Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcdb, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win 32", "Type 'help', 'copyright', 'credits' or 'license()' for more information.", and three prompts ">>>". Each prompt is followed by a "RESTART" message and the output of a program. The first program outputs "I am using Python" and "It's my First Assignment". The second program outputs "ohhh!!! What a Python Language is!!! It's Easy! Get Started". The third program outputs "ohhh!!!", "What a Python language is!!!", and "It's Easy!Get Started". The cursor is at the end of the third prompt. The status bar at the bottom right shows "Ln: 15 Col: 4".

```
IDLE Shell 3.9.5
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcdb, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win
32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Pro
gram 1.py
I am using Python
It's my First Assignment
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Pro
gram 2.py
ohhh!!! What a Python Language is!!! It's Easy! Get Started
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Pro
gram 3.py
ohhh!!!
What a Python language is!!!
It's Easy!Get Started
>>> |
```

Ln: 15 Col: 4

4. Create a program that asks the user to enter their name and their age. Print out a message addressed to them that tells them the year that they will turn 100 years old.

Sample Output:

enter your name:anu

enter your age:18

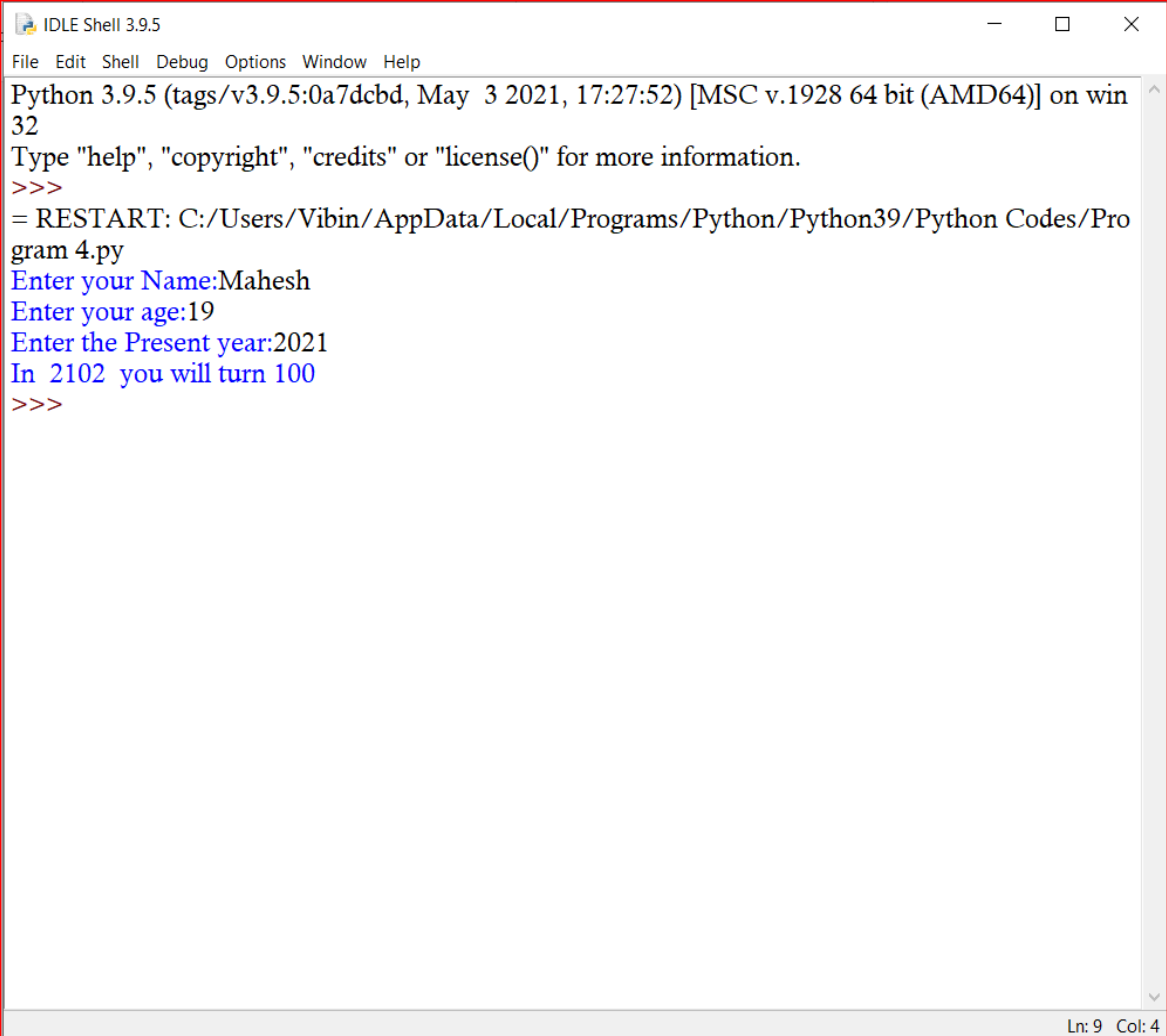
enter the present year:2021

In 2103 year you will turn 100

Code:

```
name=input("Enter your Name:")
age=int(input("Enter your age:"))
pre_yr=int(input("Enter the Present year:"))
b=100-age
print("In ",pre_yr+b," you will turn 100")
```

Output:

A screenshot of the IDLE Shell 3.9.5 window. The title bar reads "IDLE Shell 3.9.5". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "Shell", "Debug", "Options", "Window", and "Help". The main text area shows the following output: "Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcdb, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win 32", "Type 'help', 'copyright', 'credits' or 'license()' for more information.", ">>>", "= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 4.py", "Enter your Name:Mahesh", "Enter your age:19", "Enter the Present year:2021", "In 2102 you will turn 100", and ">>>". The status bar at the bottom right indicates "Ln: 9 Col: 4".

```
IDLE Shell 3.9.5
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcdb, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win 32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 4.py
Enter your Name:Mahesh
Enter your age:19
Enter the Present year:2021
In 2102 you will turn 100
>>>
```

5. Write a Python program which accepts the user's first and last name and print them in reverse order with a space between them.

Sample output:

Input your First Name : Dany

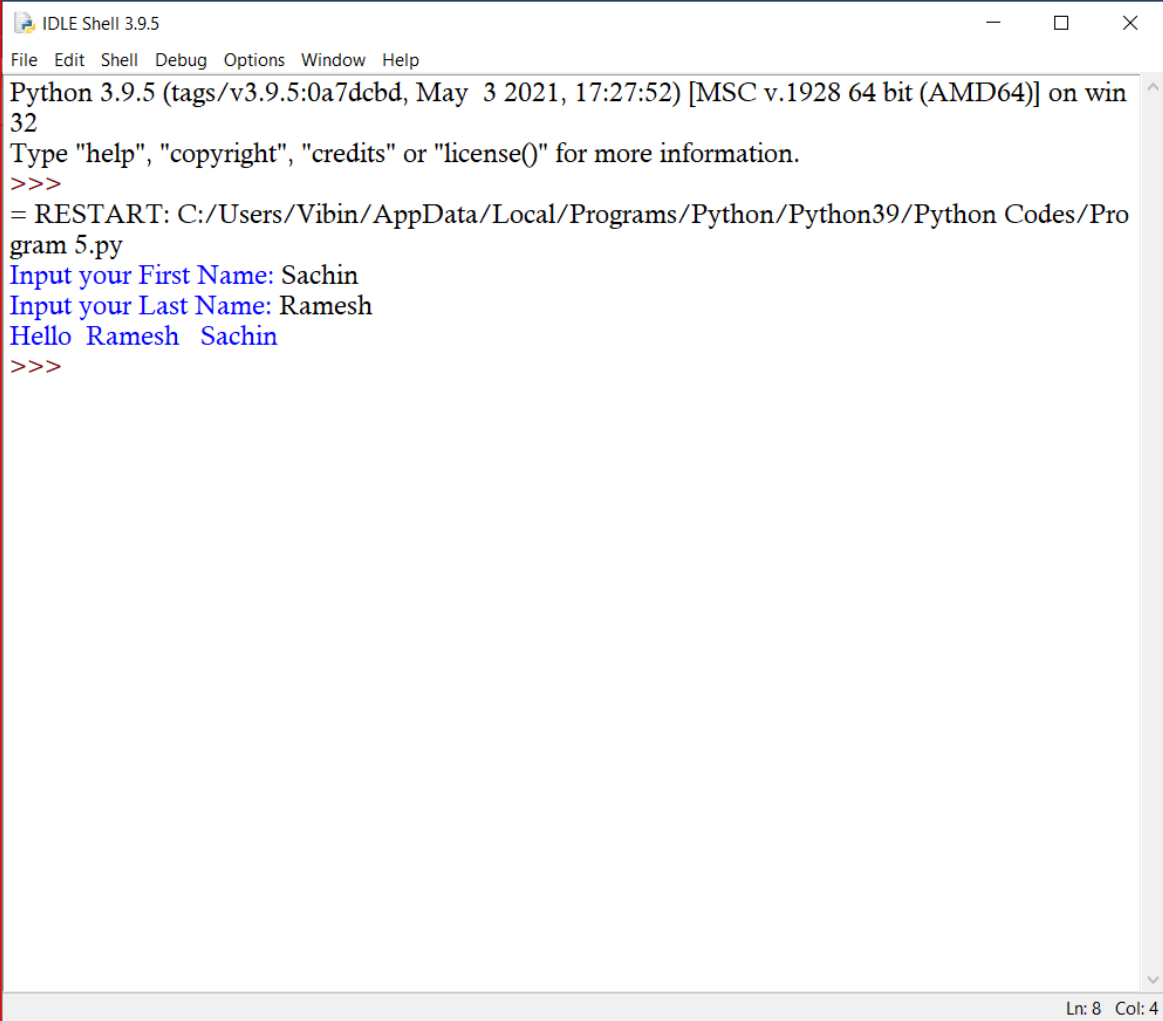
Input your Last Name : Boon

Hello Boon Dany

Code:

```
fn=input("Input your First Name: ")
ln=input("Input your Last Name: ")
print("Hello ",ln," ",fn)
```

Output:



```
IDLE Shell 3.9.5
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcbd, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 5.py
Input your First Name: Sachin
Input your Last Name: Ramesh
Hello Ramesh Sachin
>>>
```

Ln: 8 Col: 4

6. Write a program to prompt the user to enter and display their personal details, such as name, address and mobile number.

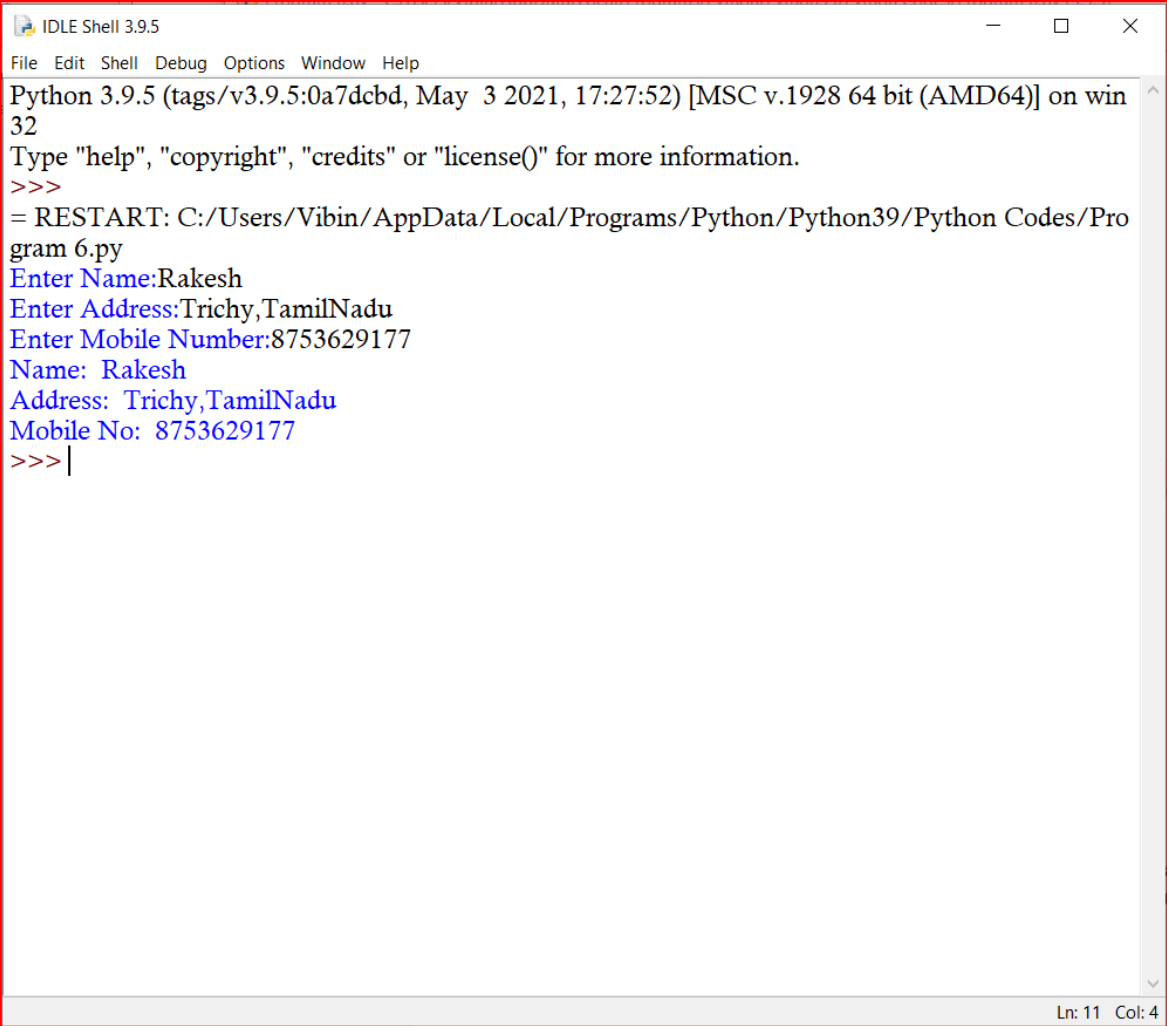
Sample Output:

Enter name:Bill Gates
Enter Address:California, USA
Enter Mobile Number:07146542709
Name: Bill Gates
Address: California, USA
Mobile No: 07146542709

Code:

```
name=input("Enter Name:")  
adr=input("Enter Address:")  
num=int(input("Enter Mobile Number:"))  
print("Name: ",name)  
print("Address: ",adr)  
print("Mobile No: ",num)
```

Output:

A screenshot of the IDLE Shell 3.9.5 window. The window title is "IDLE Shell 3.9.5". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "Shell", "Debug", "Options", "Window", and "Help". The shell area shows the following text: "Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcdb, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32", "Type 'help', 'copyright', 'credits' or 'license()' for more information.", ">>>", "= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 6.py", "Enter Name:Rakesh", "Enter Address:Trichy,TamilNadu", "Enter Mobile Number:8753629177", "Name: Rakesh", "Address: Trichy,TamilNadu", "Mobile No: 8753629177", ">>> |". The status bar at the bottom right shows "Ln: 11 Col: 4".

```
IDLE Shell 3.9.5  
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help  
Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcdb, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32  
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.  
>>>  
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 6.py  
Enter Name:Rakesh  
Enter Address:Trichy,TamilNadu  
Enter Mobile Number:8753629177  
Name: Rakesh  
Address: Trichy,TamilNadu  
Mobile No: 8753629177  
>>> |  
Ln: 11 Col: 4
```

7. Write a program that takes an amount in Indian Rupees as input. You need to find its equivalent in Euro and display it. Assume 1 Euro equals Rs. 80.

Sample Output:

	Input	Output
Test Case 1	20	1600
Test Case 2	50	4000

Code:

```
rup=int(input("Enter the amount in Rupees. "))
print("The Amount in Rupee = ",rup/80," Euro")
```

Output:



```
IDLE Shell 3.9.5
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcdb, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 7.py
Enter the amount in Rupees. 1600
The Amount in Rupee = 20.0 Euro
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 7.py
Enter the amount in Rupees. 4000
The Amount in Rupee = 50.0 Euro
>>> |
```

Ln: 11 Col: 4

8. Write a program to read the radius of a circle and print the area of the circle.

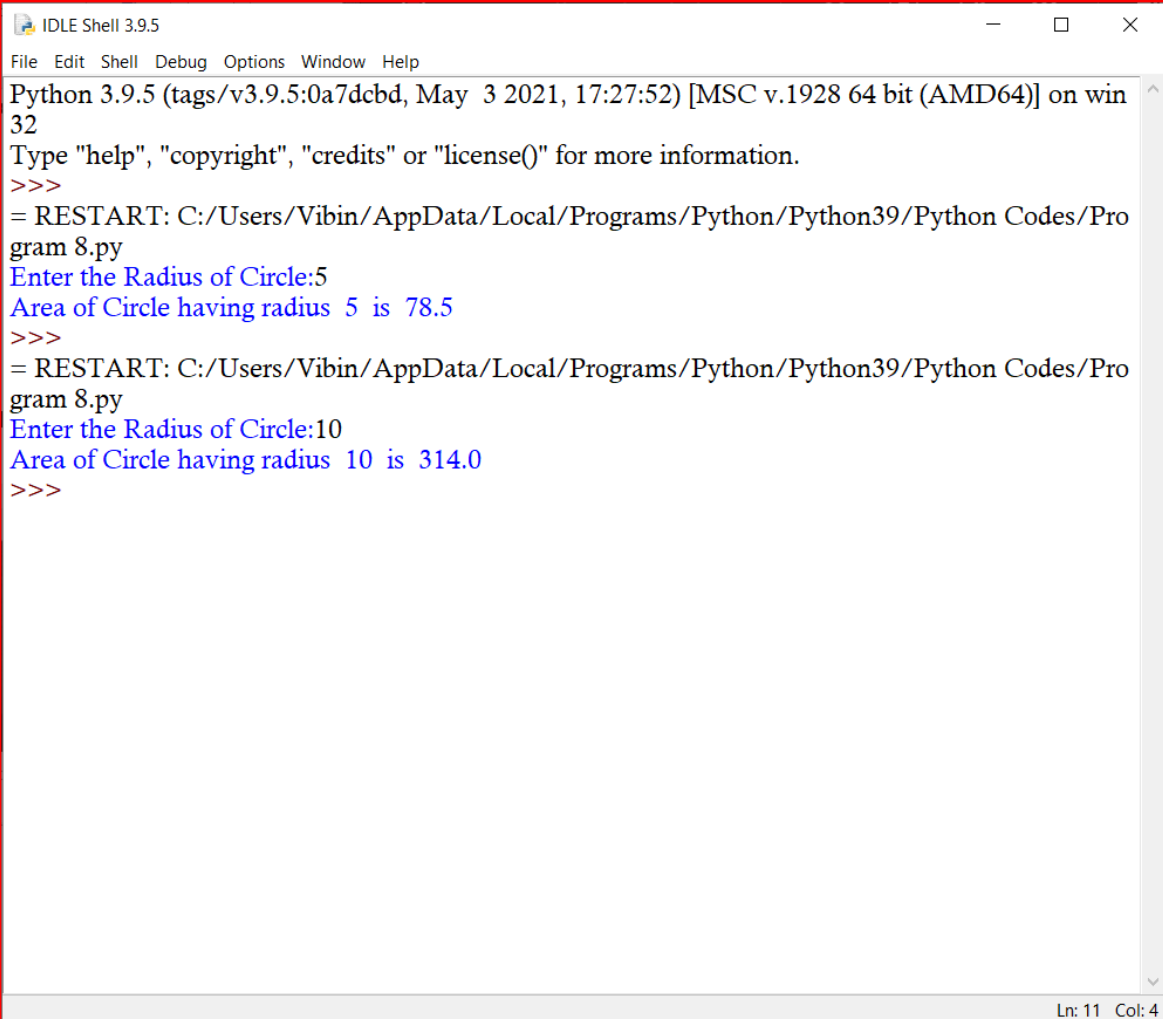
Sample Output:

Enter the radius of Circle:10
area of circle having radius 10 is 314.0

Code:

```
pi=3.14  
r=int(input("Enter the Radius of Circle:"))  
print("Area of Circle having radius ",r," is ",pi*r*r)
```

Output:



The screenshot shows the IDLE Shell 3.9.5 window. The title bar reads 'IDLE Shell 3.9.5'. The menu bar includes 'File', 'Edit', 'Shell', 'Debug', 'Options', 'Window', and 'Help'. The shell text area displays the following content: 'Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcbd, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win 32', 'Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.', and three prompt lines '>>>'. The first prompt is followed by a restart message and the input 'Enter the Radius of Circle:5', resulting in the output 'Area of Circle having radius 5 is 78.5'. The second prompt is followed by another restart message and the input 'Enter the Radius of Circle:10', resulting in the output 'Area of Circle having radius 10 is 314.0'. The third prompt is followed by another restart message. The status bar at the bottom right indicates 'Ln: 11 Col: 4'.

```
Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcbd, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win 32  
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.  
>>>  
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 8.py  
Enter the Radius of Circle:5  
Area of Circle having radius 5 is 78.5  
>>>  
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 8.py  
Enter the Radius of Circle:10  
Area of Circle having radius 10 is 314.0  
>>>  
  
Ln: 11 Col: 4
```

9. Write a program to read the marks of 5 subjects through the keyboard. Find out the aggregate and percentage of marks obtained by the student. Assume maximum marks that can be obtained by a student in each subject are 100.

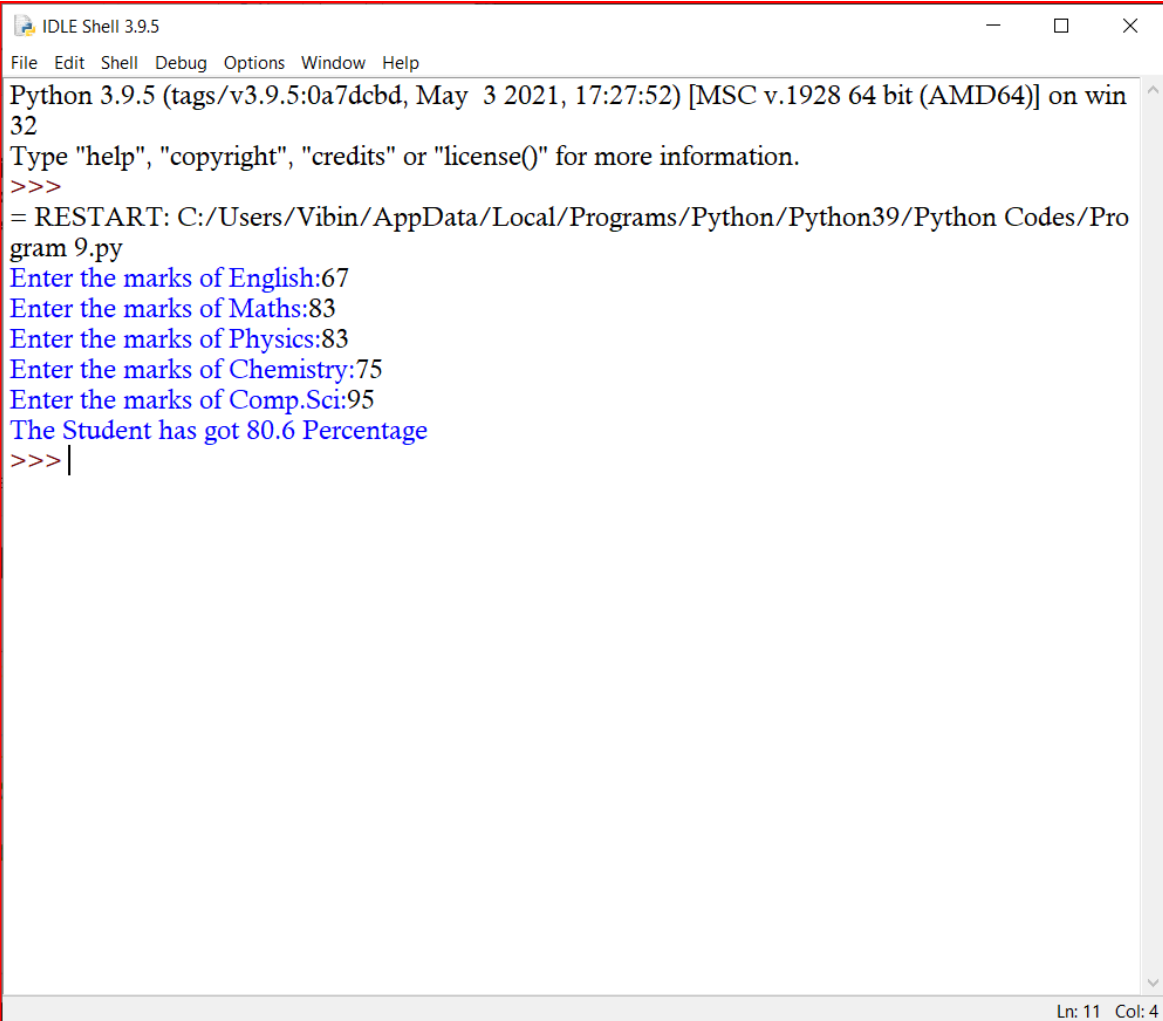
Sample Output:

Enter the marks of English Subject:50
Enter the marks of Science Subject:70
Enter the marks of Geography Subject:90
Enter the marks of History Subject:65
Enter the marks of Physics Subject:76
Student has got 70.19999999999999 Percentage

Code:

```
eng=eval(input("Enter the marks of English:"))  
mat=eval(input("Enter the marks of Maths:"))  
phy=eval(input("Enter the marks of Physics:"))  
che=eval(input("Enter the marks of Chemistry:"))  
com=eval(input("Enter the marks of Comp.Sci:"))  
total=eng+mat+phy+che+com  
print("The Student has got",total/5,"Percentage")
```

Output:



```
IDLE Shell 3.9.5  
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help  
Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcdb, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win  
32  
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.  
>>>  
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Pro  
gram 9.py  
Enter the marks of English:67  
Enter the marks of Maths:83  
Enter the marks of Physics:83  
Enter the marks of Chemistry:75  
Enter the marks of Comp.Sci:95  
The Student has got 80.6 Percentage  
>>> |
```

Ln: 11 Col: 4

10. Write a program to read radius of sphere from user and calculate the volume of sphere. Note: Volume of Sphere = $\frac{4}{3} \times 3.14 \times r^3$

Sample Output:

Enter the radius of Sphere:5

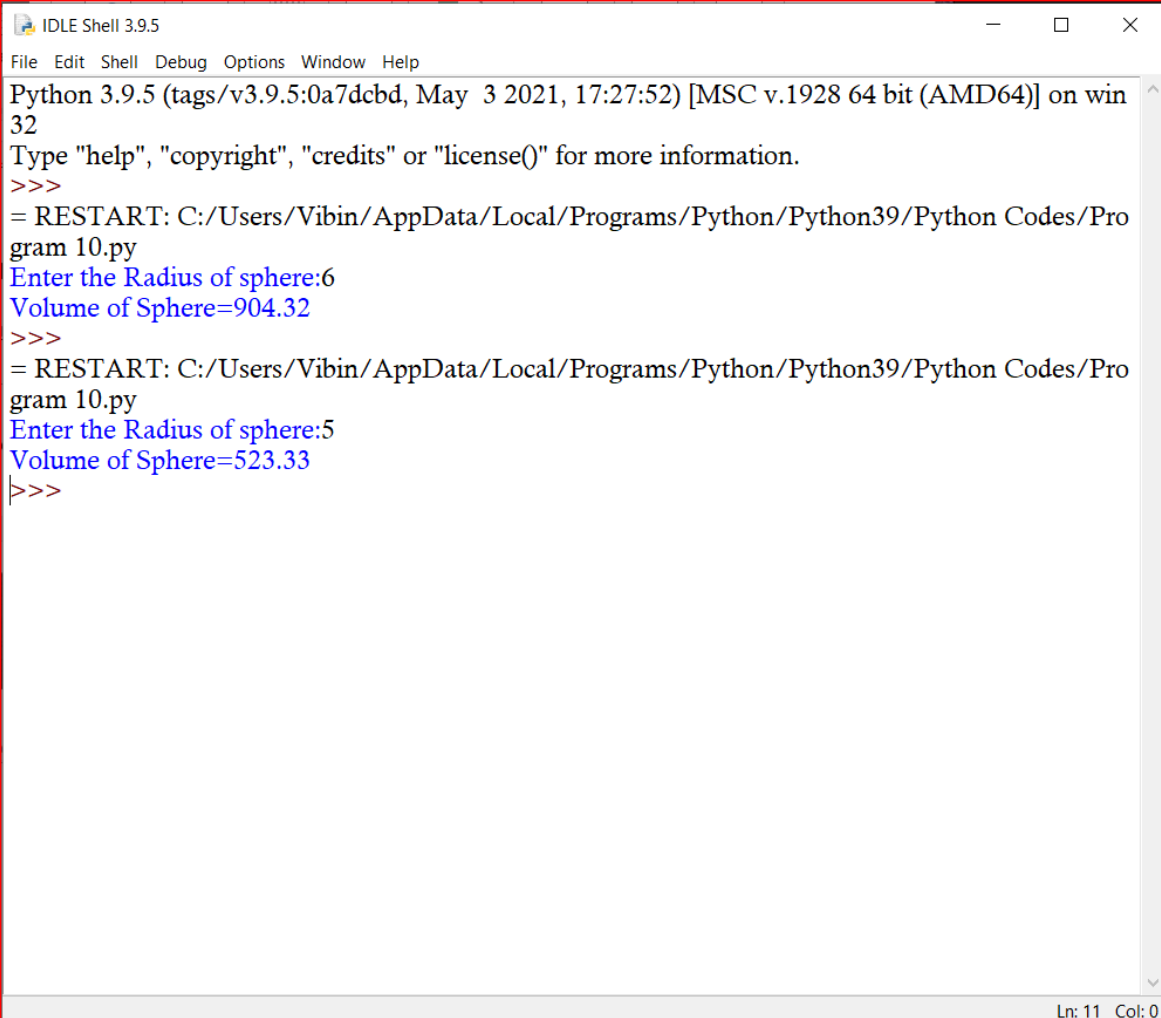
Radius of Sphere: 5.0

Volume of Sphere is: 523.33

Code:

```
pi=3.14
r=float(input("Enter the Radius of sphere:"))
vol=4/3*pi*r**3
print("Volume of Sphere={0:.2f}".format(vol))
```

Output:



The screenshot shows the IDLE Shell 3.9.5 window. The menu bar includes File, Edit, Shell, Debug, Options, Window, and Help. The shell displays the following text:

```
Python 3.9.5 (tags/v3.9.5:0a7dcdb, May 3 2021, 17:27:52) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win
32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Pro
gram 10.py
Enter the Radius of sphere:6
Volume of Sphere=904.32
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Pro
gram 10.py
Enter the Radius of sphere:5
Volume of Sphere=523.33
>>>
```

The status bar at the bottom right indicates "Ln: 11 Col: 0".

11. If ATM contains Indian currency notes of 100, 500, and 2000. To withdraw cash from ATM, the user has to enter number of notes he/she wants of each currency i.e. of 100, 500 and 2000. So write a program calculate total amount withdrawn by person from ATM in terms of rupees.

Sample Output:

Enter the number of 100Rs notes you want to withdraw:5
Enter the number of 500Rs notes you want to withdraw:5
Enter the number of 2000Rs notes you want to withdraw:4
Total Amount Withdrawn = 1100 Rs

Code:

```
a=int(input("Enter the Number of 100 Rs. notes to withdraw:"))
b=int(input("Enter the Number of 500 Rs. notes to withdraw:"))
c=int(input("Enter the Number of 2000 Rs. notes to withdraw:"))
print("Total Amount Withdrawn=Rs.",a*100+b*500+c*2000)
```

Output:

```
In [1]: runfile('C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/
Python39/Python Codes/Program 11.py', wdir='C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/
Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes')

Enter the Number of 100 Rs. notes to withdraw:5

Enter the Number of 500 Rs. notes to withdraw:8

Enter the Number of 2000 Rs. notes to withdraw:2
Total Amount Withdrawn=Rs. 8500
```

12. Write a program to swap value of two variables.

Sample Output:

Enter value of x: 12
Enter value of y: 15
The value of x after swapping: 15
The value of y after swapping: 12

Code:

```
x=int(input("Enter value of x:"))
y=int(input("Enter value of y:"))
x,y=y,x
print ("After Swapping:")
print ("Value of x",x)
print ("Value of y",y)
```

Output:

```
In [2]: runfile('C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/untitled0.py', wdir='C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes')
```

```
Enter value of x:10
```

```
Enter value of y:12
```

```
After Swapping:
```

```
Value of x 12
```

```
Value of y 10
```

13. Write a Python program to get employee wages and number of days worked from user and find Basic Pay, DA, HRA, PF and Net Pay. (Note HRA, DA and PF are 10%,5% and 12% of basic pay respectively.)

Formula for basic pay and net pay calculation:

$\text{basic} = \text{wages} * \text{days}$

$\text{netsalary} = \text{basic} + \text{HRA} + \text{DA} - \text{PF}$

Sample Output:

```
Enter No Days Present:5
```

```
Enter wages per Day:200
```

```
Basic:1000.000000
```

```
HRA:100.000000
```

```
DA:50.000000
```

```
PF:120.000000
```

```
Net Salary:1030.000000
```

Code:

```
wages=eval(input("Enter the Employee Wages:"))
days=eval(input("Enter the no.of days worked:"))
basic=wages*days
hra=10/100*basic
da=5/100*basic
pf=12/100*basic
net=basic+hra+da-pf
print("Basic Pay:",basic)
print("HRA:",hra)
print("DA:",da)
print("PF:",pf)
print("Net Salary:",net)
```

Output:

```
In [6]: runfile('C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 13.py', wdir='C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes')
```

Enter the Employee Wages:630

Enter the no.of days worked:25

Basic Pay: 15750

HRA: 1575.0

DA: 787.5

PF: 1890.0

Net Salary: 16222.5

14. Write a program to compute distance between two points taking input from the user (Pythagorean Theorem)

Sample Output:

Enter x1:10

Enter y1:20

Enter x2:15

Enter y2:19

Distance between two points: 5.0990195135927845

Code:

```
import math
x1=eval(input("Enter x1 value:"))
x2=eval(input("Enter x2 value:"))
y1=eval(input("Enter y1 value:"))
y2=eval(input("Enter y2 value:"))
dis=math.sqrt((x2-x1)**2+(y2-y1)**2)
print("Distance between two points is",dis)
```

Output:

```
In [7]: runfile('C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes/Program 14.py', wdir='C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes')
```

Enter x1 value:9

Enter x2 value:12

Enter y1 value:5

Enter y2 value:8

Distance between two points is 4.242640687119285

15. Write a program initialize the string "hello world" to a variable Str1 and convert the string into upper case.

Code:

```
str="hello world"
print(str.upper())
```

Output:

```
In [9]: runfile('C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/
Python39/Python Codes/Program 15.py', wdir='C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/
Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes')
HELLO WORLD
```

16. Write a program to read a 4 digit number through keyboard and calculate the sum of its digits. (Use % and //)

Sample Output:

```
Enter 4 digit number: 4225
Entered number is: 4225
Sum of all the digits within number 4225 is : 13
```

Code:

```
n=int(input("Enter a 4 digit Number "))
r1=n%10
a1=n//10
r2=a1%10
a2=a1//10
r3=a2%10
a3=a2//10
r4=a3%10
print("Sum of digits of Number {0} is {1}".format(n,r1+r2+r3+r4))
```

Output:

```
In [2]: runfile('C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/
Python39/Python Codes/Program 16.py', wdir='C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/
Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes')
```

```
Enter a 4 digit Number  3758
Sum of digits of Number 3758 is 23
```

```
In [3]: runfile('C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/
Python39/Python Codes/Program 16.py', wdir='C:/Users/Vibin/AppData/
Local/Programs/Python/Python39/Python Codes')
```

```
Enter a 4 digit Number  1234
Sum of digits of Number 1234 is 10
```

KUMARAGURU

COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY

LABORATORY WORKBOOK

Exercise/Experiment Number: 2

Name	VIBIN R
Roll No	20BMC046
Lab Code / Lab	U18CSI2201- PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB
Course / Branch	B.E/B.Tech
Title of the exercise / experiment	Implement simple python programs using interactive and script mode

STEP 1: INTRODUCTION

a) OBJECTIVE OF THE EXERCISE/EXPERIMENT

Develop simple Python program using id() and type().

STEP 2: ACQUISITION

b) Facilities/material required to do the exercise/experiment:

Sl.No.	Facilities/material required	Quantity
1.	Anaconda SPYDER IDE	1

c) Procedure for doing the exercise/experiment:

1.Illustrate the use of id()

a=5

```
print('id of 5 =',id(5))  
id of 5 = 1927572672
```

b=5

```
print('id of 5 =',id(5))  
id of 5 = 1927572672
```

```
print('id of 5 =',id(a))  
id of 5 = 1927572672
```

```
print('id of 5 =',id(b))
```

id of 5 = 1927572672

b=6

print('id of 5 =',id(b))
id of 5 = 1927572704

Result:

```
In [1]: a=5

In [2]: print("id of 5=",id(5))
id of 5= 140713072535456

In [3]: b=5

In [4]: print("id of 5=",id(5))
id of 5= 140713072535456

In [5]: print('id of 5 =',id(a))
id of 5 = 140713072535456

In [6]: print('id of 5 =',id(b))
id of 5 = 140713072535456

In [7]: b=6

In [8]: print('id of 5 =',id(b))
id of 5 = 140713072535488

In [9]: print('id of 6 =',id(b))
id of 6 = 140713072535488
```

2. Illustrate the use of type()

type(2)
int

type(2+5j)
complex

type(True)
bool

type(14.5)
float

type("welcome")
str

Result:

```
In [10]: type(6)
Out[10]: int

In [11]: type(14.78)
Out[11]: float

In [12]: type(5.333333333334)
Out[12]: float

In [13]: type(3+9j)
Out[13]: complex

In [14]: type(False)
Out[14]: bool

In [15]: type('Beautiful')
Out[15]: str
```

3.Illustrate id() and type():

name="abc"

id(name)

Output:

1998482202440

type(name)

Output:

Str

Result:

```
IPython 7.19.0 -- An enhanced Interactive Python.
```

```
In [1]: a="The World is Beautiful!"
```

```
In [2]: print (id(a))
2853476378064
```

```
In [3]: print(type(a))
<class 'str'>
```

```
In [4]: b=4
```

```
In [5]: print("ID:",id(b),"TYPE:",type(b))
ID: 140713072535424 TYPE: <class 'int'>
```


4. Write a program to read an integer as string. Convert the string into integer and display the type of value before and after converting to int.

Sample Output:

Please Enter the number:10
10 and its type is <class 'str'>
10 and its type after converting <class 'int'>

Code:

```
n=input("Enter a Number:")  
print("Entered number is",n,"\nType is",type(n))  
n=int(n)  
print("Type of {0} after Conversion is {1}".format(n,type(n)))
```

Output:

```
In [6]: runfile('C:/Users/Vibin/Python Scripts/Python Codes/Pro 2_1.py',  
wdir='C:/Users/Vibin/Python Scripts/Python Codes')  
  
Enter a Number:67  
Entered number is 67  
Type is <class 'str'>  
Type of 67 after Conversion is <class 'int'>
```