



Security Assessment

SwapSicle

Verified by Vibranium Audits on 03 October 2023



Vibranium Audits Verified on October 3rd, 2023

Swapsicle

The security assessment was prepared by Vibranium Audits.

Executive Summary

| TYPES | ECOSYSTEM | METHODS |
|-------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| DEFI | Ethereum | Manual Review & Static Analysis |

| LANGUAGE | TIMELINE | KEY COMPONENTS |
|----------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Solidity | Delivered on 03/10/2023 | N/A |

| CODEBASE | COMMITS |
|---|--|
| https://github.com/swapsicledex/swapsicle-v2-contracts/tree/master | b474271943210921947b09bc6e005d55c8316db8 |

Vulnerability Summary

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|----------|------------|
| 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 29 |
| Total Findings | Resolved | Mitigated | Partially Resolved | Acknowledged | Declined | Unresolved |

Critical

Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to the loss of user funds or contract state manipulation by external or internal actors.

High

0 Resolved

High vulnerabilities are usually harder to exploit, requiring specific conditions, or have a more limited scope, but can still lead to the loss of user funds or contract state manipulation by external or internal actors.

Medium

0 Resolved

Medium vulnerabilities are usually limited to state manipulations, but cannot lead to assets loss. Major deviations from best practices are also in this category.

Low

0 Resolved

Low vulnerabilities are related to outdated and unused code or minor gas optimization. These issues won't have a significant impact on code execution, but affect the code quality.

Informational

0 Resolved

Informational errors are often recommendations to improve the style of the code or certain operations to fall within industry best practices. They usually do not affect the overall functioning of the code.

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Disclaimer

CODEBASE | SWAPSICLE

Repository

<https://github.com/swapsicledex/swapsicle-v2-contracts/tree/master>

Commit

b474271943210921947b09bc6e005d55c8316db8

AUDIT SCOPE | SWAPSICLE

5 files audited • 5 files with Acknowledged findings • 0 files with Resolved findings

| ID | Files | Commit Hash |
|-------|---|--|
| ● PCA |  Vulnerabilities under PopsConverter.sol | b474271943210921947b09bc6e005d 55c8316db8 |
| ● ITA |  Vulnerabilities under IceToken.sol | b474271943210921947b09bc6e005d 55c8316db8 |
| ● STA |  Vulnerabilities under SlushToken.sol | b474271943210921947b09bc6e005d 55c8316db8 |
| ● IVA |  Vulnerabilities under IceCreamVan.sol | b474271943210921947b09bc6e005d 55c8316db8 |
| ● ZVA |  Vulnerabilities Under ZombieVan.sol | b474271943210921947b09bc6e005d 55c8316db8 |
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APPROACH & METHODS | SWAPSICLE

This report has been prepared for SWAPSICLE(2023) to discover issues and vulnerabilities in the source code of the SWAPSICLE project as well as any contract dependencies that were not part of an officially recognized library. A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Manual Review and Static Analysis techniques.

The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Assessing the code base to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards.
- Ensuring contract logic meets the specifications and intentions of the client.
- Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders.
- Thorough line-by-line manual review of the entire code base by industry experts.

The security assessment resulted in findings that ranged from critical to informational. We recommend addressing these findings to ensure a high level of security standards and industry practices.

We suggest recommendations that could better serve the project from the security perspective:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Enhance general coding practices for better structures of source codes.
- Review unit tests to cover the possible use cases.
- Review functions for readability, especially for future development work.

FINDINGS | SWAPSICLE



This report has been prepared to discover issues and vulnerabilities for SWAPSICLE. Through this audit, we have uncovered 29 issues ranging from different severity levels. Utilizing the techniques of Manual Review & Static Analysis to complement rigorous manual code reviews, we discovered the following findings:

| ID | Title | Category | Severity | Status |
|--------|-----------------------|---------------|----------|---|
| ZVA-01 | Reentrancy-eth | Logical Issue | High | ● Acknowledged |
| ZVA-02 | Unchecked Transfers | Logical Issue | Critical | ● Acknowledged |
| GSA-01 | Floating Pragma Usage | Logical Issue | Minor | ● Acknowledged |
| PCA-01 | Unchecked Approvals | Logical Issue | Medium | ● Acknowledged |
| PCA-02 | Unchecked Transfers | Logical Issue | Critical | ● Acknowledged |
| IVA-01 | Unchecked Transfers | Logical Issue | Critical | ● Acknowledged |
| STA-01 | Unchecked Transfers | Logical Issue | Critical | ● Acknowledged |

ZVA-01 | Reentrancy-eth

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|---------------|----------|---------------|----------------|
| Logical Issue | ● High | ZombieVan.sol | ● Acknowledged |

■ Description (3 findings)

A reentrancy is a programmatic approach in which an attacker performs recursive withdrawals to steal all Ethers locked in a contract.

Although the 'unstake(..)' function logically implements some measures against reentrancy by setting state variables before making transfer calls etc...

However it is still potentially viable to have a Reentrancy attack happen through :

- stakeToken.transfer(msg.sender, userAmount);
- _claim()
- claim()

```
// Transfer the staked tokens back to the user (and fee to feeAddress)
uint256 userAmount = amount - fee;
stakeToken.transfer(msg.sender, userAmount);

// Update the user's deposit balance and total withdrawals
userDeposits[msg.sender] -= amount;
totalAccumulatedWithdrawals += amount;
totalStaked -= amount;

// Call the claim function to transfer the rewards
_claim();
```

■ Recommendation

Just like in the other smart contracts like 'IceCreamVan.sol', implement Openzeppelin's ReentrancyGuard.sol smart contract with the 'nonReentrant' modifier on the 'withdraw()' function (not needed on _claim() because it's private and it doesn't call withdraw() back.)

ZVA-02
PCA-02
IVA-01
SRA-01

Unchecked Transfers

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|---------------|----------|--|--------------|
| Logical Issue | Critical | Global, but mostly due to the nature of SlushToken.sol | Acknowledged |

Description (12 Findings)

The return value of an external transfer/transferFrom call is not checked, while the tokens do not revert in case of failure and return false. Any deposit or transfer in general will not revert if the transfer fails, and an attacker can call deposit for free or a user could incur losses.

This is mostly due to the SlushToken being based on OFTV2, which in itself is based on ERC20 which does not protect against this potential problem.

Therefore it is recommended to check the return value of transfers before proceeding with any state changes.

Presence in Codebase:

- `IceCreamVan.sweepErc20(IERC20)`
- `IceToken._convert(uint256,address)`
- `IceToken._finalizeRedeem(address,uint256,uint256,uint256) (L400)`
- `IceToken._finalizeRedeem(address,uint256,uint256,uint256) (L418)`
- `PopsConverter.convert(uint256,uint8)`
- `PopsConverter.withdrawToken(IERC20,uint256)`
- `PopsConverter._prepareTransfer(uint256,uint8,uint16)`

Recommendation

As IceToken.sol has 'SafeERC20' implemented, you can either override OFTV2's codebase to implement SafeERC20 and use 'safeTransfer'/'safeTransferFrom', or hardcode the transfer checks with every transfer call.

GSA-01 | Floating Pragma

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|---------------|----------|--------------|----------------|
| Logical Issue | ● Minor | Global Scope | ● Acknowledged |

■ Description (4 findings)

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

■ Recommendation

Use a new specific stable Solidity version e.g 0.8.18, although avoid using the latest version avoiding any potential yet undiscovered bugs.

PCA-01 | Unchecked Approvals

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|---------------|----------|-------------------|--------------|
| Logical Issue | Medium | PopsConverter.sol | Acknowledged |

■ Description (2 Findings)

Similar to the Unchecked Transfers issue, it is needed to check the return value of approve functions to ensure that users do not incur any potential losses.

```
function convert(uint256 popsAmount, uint8 tokenId) external nonReentrant {
    if (tokenId > 1) revert InvalidTokenId();
    if (!conversionAllowed[0][tokenId]) revert ConversionNotAllowed();
    _validatePops(popsAmount);

    (, uint256 targetAmount) = _prepareTransfer(popsAmount, tokenId, 0);
    if (tokenId == 0) {
        slush.transfer(msg.sender, targetAmount); // send SLUSH to the user
    } else {
        slush.approve(address(ice), targetAmount);
        ice.convertTo(targetAmount, msg.sender); // convert SLUSH to ICE for the user
    }

    emit Convert(msg.sender, popsAmount, targetAmount, tokenId);
}

function crossChainConvert(uint256 popsAmount, uint8 tokenId, uint16 chainId)
external payable nonReentrant validateConversion(tokenId, chainId) {
    _validatePops(popsAmount);

    uint16 lzChainId = chainIdToLzChainId[chainId];
    (address tokenAddress, uint256 targetAmount) = _prepareTransfer(popsAmount, tokenId, chainId);
    if (tokenId == 1) {
        slush.approve(address(ice), targetAmount);
        ice.convert(targetAmount); // convert SLUSH to ICE
    }
    IOFTV2(tokenAddress).sendFrom{value: msg.value}(
        address(this), lzChainId, LzLib.addressToBytes32(msg.sender), targetAmount,
        ICommonOFT.LzCallParams(payable(msg.sender), address(0), ""))
;

    emit CrossChainConvert(msg.sender, popsAmount, targetAmount, tokenId, chainId);
}
```

■ Recommendation

Same Recommendation as PCA-02.

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