$$\nabla^2 u = \frac{1}{a^2 \left(\sinh^2 \chi + \cos^2 \theta_3\right)} \left(\frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_3} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_3} \left(\sin^2 \theta_3 \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta_3}\right) + \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \chi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \chi} \left(\cosh^2 \chi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \chi}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{a^2 \sin^2 \theta_3 \cosh^2 \chi} \nabla_{S^2}^2 u = 0$$

Tal que

$$\nabla_{S^2}^2 u = \left[\left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta_2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_2} \left(\sin \theta_2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta_2} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta_1^2} \right]$$

É o Laplaciano na esfera S^2 .

Para realizar a separação de variáveis façamos

$$u(\chi, \theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3) = Y(\theta_1, \theta_2)W(\chi, \theta_3)$$

Aplicando na Equação

$$\nabla^2 u = \frac{Y}{a^2 \left(\sinh^2 \chi + \cos^2 \theta_3\right)} \left(\frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_3} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_3} \left(\sin^2 \theta_3 \frac{\partial W}{\partial \theta_3}\right) + \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \chi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \chi} \left(\cosh^2 \chi \frac{\partial W}{\partial \chi}\right)\right) + \frac{W}{a^2 \sin^2 \theta_3 \cosh^2 \chi} \left(\nabla_{S^2}^2 Y\right) = 0$$

Multiplicando os dois lados por $\frac{a^2 \sin^2 \theta_3 \cosh^2 \chi}{WY}$

$$\frac{\sin^2\theta_3\cosh^2\chi}{W\left(\sinh^2\chi+\cos^2\theta_3\right)}\left(\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta_3}\left(\sin^2\theta_3\frac{\partial W}{\partial\theta_3}\right)+\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\chi}\left(\cosh^2\chi\frac{\partial W}{\partial\chi}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{Y}\left(\nabla_{S^2}^2Y\right)=0$$

Então, tem-se

$$\frac{\sin^2\theta_3\cosh^2\chi}{W\left(\sinh^2\chi+\cos^2\theta_3\right)}\left(\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta_3}\left(\sin^2\theta_3\frac{\partial W}{\partial\theta_3}\right)+\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\chi}\left(\cosh^2\chi\frac{\partial W}{\partial\chi}\right)\right)=-\frac{1}{Y}\left(\nabla_{S^2}^2Y\right)=\lambda_1$$

De modo que chega-se em duas EDPs

$$\frac{\sin^2\theta_3\cosh^2\chi}{W\left(\sinh^2\chi+\cos^2\theta_3\right)}\left(\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta_3}\left(\sin^2\theta_3\frac{\partial W}{\partial\theta_3}\right)+\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\chi}\left(\cosh^2\chi\frac{\partial W}{\partial\chi}\right)\right)=\lambda_1$$

$$\nabla_{S^2}^2Y=-Y\lambda_1$$

Assumindo

$$Y(\theta_1, \theta_2) = \Theta_1(\theta_1)\Theta_2(\theta_2)$$

$$W(\chi, \theta_3) = X(\chi)\Theta_3(\theta_3)$$

Tem-se

0.1 Parte Esférica

A equação $\nabla^2_{S^2} Y = -Y \lambda_1$ fica da seguinte forma

$$\nabla_{S^2}^2 Y = \left[\left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta_2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_2} \left(\sin \theta_2 \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \theta_2} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_2} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial \theta_1^2} \right] = -Y \lambda_1$$

A solução dessa equação é expressa em termos de harmônicos esféricos.

$$Y(\theta_1, \theta_2) = \Theta_1(\theta_1)\Theta_2(\theta_2) = Y_{n-m}(\theta_1, \theta_2)$$

0.2 Analisando a outra EDP

$$\frac{\sin^2\theta_3\cosh^2\chi}{W\left(\sinh^2\chi+\cos^2\theta_3\right)}\left(\frac{X}{\sin^2\theta_3}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta_3}\left(\sin^2\theta_3\frac{\partial\Theta_3}{\partial\theta_3}\right)+\frac{\Theta_3}{\cosh^2\chi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\chi}\left(\cosh^2\chi\frac{\partial X}{\partial\chi}\right)\right)=\lambda_1$$

Multiplica-se os dois lados por $\frac{W(\sinh^2 \chi + \cos^2 \theta_3)}{X\Theta_3 \sin^2 \theta_3 \cosh^2 \chi}$

$$\frac{1}{X\Theta_3} \left(\frac{X}{\sin^2 \theta_3} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_3} \left(\sin^2 \theta_3 \frac{\partial \Theta_3}{\partial \theta_3} \right) + \frac{\Theta_3}{\cosh^2 \chi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \chi} \left(\cosh^2 \chi \frac{\partial X}{\partial \chi} \right) \right) = \lambda_1 \frac{\left(\sinh^2 \chi + \cos^2 \theta_3 \right)}{\sin^2 \theta_3 \cosh^2 \chi}$$

$$\frac{1}{\Theta_3} \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_3} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_3} \left(\sin^2 \theta_3 \frac{\partial \Theta_3}{\partial \theta_3} \right) + \frac{1}{X} \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \chi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \chi} \left(\cosh^2 \chi \frac{\partial X}{\partial \chi} \right) = \lambda_1 \frac{\left(\sinh^2 \chi + \cos^2 \theta_3 \right)}{\sin^2 \theta_3 \cosh^2 \chi}$$

Veja que

$$\frac{\left(\sinh^{2}\chi + \cos^{2}\theta_{3}\right)}{\sin^{2}\theta_{3}\cosh^{2}\chi} = \frac{\sinh^{2}\chi}{\sin^{2}\theta_{3}\cosh^{2}\chi} + \frac{\cos^{2}\theta_{3}}{\sin^{2}\theta_{3}\cosh^{2}\chi} = \frac{\cosh^{2}\chi - 1}{\sin^{2}\theta_{3}\cosh^{2}\chi} + \frac{1 - \sin^{2}\theta_{3}}{\sin^{2}\theta_{3}\cosh^{2}\chi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin^{2}\theta_{3}} - \frac{1}{\sin^{2}\theta_{3}\cosh^{2}\chi} + \frac{1}{\sin^{2}\theta_{3}\cosh^{2}\chi} - \frac{1}{\cosh^{2}\chi} = \frac{1}{\sin^{2}\theta_{3}} - \frac{1}{\cosh^{2}\chi}$$

Então a equação fica

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{\Theta_3}\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta_3}\left(\sin^2\theta_3\frac{\partial\Theta_3}{\partial\theta_3}\right) + \frac{1}{X}\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\chi}\left(\cosh^2\chi\frac{\partial X}{\partial\chi}\right) = \lambda_1\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3} - \lambda_1\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi} \\ &\frac{1}{\Theta_3}\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta_3}\left(\sin^2\theta_3\frac{\partial\Theta_3}{\partial\theta_3}\right) - \lambda_1\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3} + \frac{1}{X}\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\chi}\left(\cosh^2\chi\frac{\partial X}{\partial\chi}\right) + \lambda_1\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi} = 0 \\ &\frac{1}{\Theta_3}\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta_3}\left(\sin^2\theta_3\frac{\partial\Theta_3}{\partial\theta_3}\right) - \lambda_1\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3} = -\frac{1}{X}\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\chi}\left(\cosh^2\chi\frac{\partial X}{\partial\chi}\right) - \lambda_1\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi} = \lambda_2 \end{split}$$

Fica-se com

$$\frac{1}{\Theta_3} \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_3} \frac{d}{d\theta_3} \left(\sin^2 \theta_3 \frac{d\Theta_3}{d\theta_3} \right) - \lambda_1 \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_3} = \lambda_2$$
$$\frac{1}{X} \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \chi} \frac{d}{d\chi} \left(\cosh^2 \chi \frac{dX}{d\chi} \right) + \lambda_1 \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \chi} = -\lambda_2$$

Ou, de outra forma, tem-se

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{\Theta_3}\frac{1}{\sin^2\theta_3}\frac{d}{d\theta_3}\left(\sin^2\theta_3\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\theta_3}\right) - \left(\frac{\lambda_1}{\sin^2\theta_3} + \lambda_2\right) = 0\\ &\frac{1}{X}\frac{1}{\cosh^2\chi}\frac{d}{d\chi}\left(\cosh^2\chi\frac{dX}{d\chi}\right) + \left(\lambda_2 + \frac{\lambda_1}{\cosh^2\chi}\right) = 0 \end{split}$$

0.2.1 Equação para θ_3

$$\frac{1}{\Theta_3} \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_3} \frac{d}{d\theta_3} \left(\sin^2 \theta_3 \frac{d\Theta_3}{d\theta_3} \right) - \left(\lambda_1 \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_3} + \lambda_2 \right) = 0$$

Aplicando troca de variáveis $\xi = \cos \theta_3$

$$sin^2(\theta_3) = 1 - cos^2(\theta_3) = 1 - \xi^2$$

$$\sin^2\theta_3\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\theta_3} = \sin^2\theta_3\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi}\frac{d\xi}{d\theta_3} = -\sin^3(\theta_3)\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi}$$

$$\frac{d}{d\theta_3}\left(\sin^2\theta_3\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\theta_3}\right) = -\frac{d}{d\theta_3}\left(\sin^3(\theta_3)\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi}\right) = -\left(3\cos(\theta_3)\sin^2(\theta_3)\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi} + \sin^3(\theta_3)\frac{d}{d\theta_3}\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi}\right)$$

$$= -\left(3\cos(\theta_3)\sin^2(\theta_3)\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi} + \sin^3(\theta_3)\frac{d}{d\xi}\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\theta_3}\right) = -\left(3\cos(\theta_3)\sin^2(\theta_3)\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi} - \sin^4(\theta_3)\frac{d^2\Theta_3}{d\xi^2}\right)$$
$$= -\sin^2(\theta_3)\left(3\cos(\theta_3)\frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi} - \sin^2(\theta_3)\frac{d^2\Theta_3}{d\xi^2}\right)$$

A equação fica

$$-\frac{1}{\Theta_3} \left(3\cos(\theta_3) \frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi} - \sin^2(\theta_3) \frac{d^2\Theta_3}{d\xi^2} \right) - \left(\lambda_1 \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta_3} + \lambda_2 \right) = 0$$
$$\frac{1}{\Theta_3} \left(3\xi \frac{d\Theta_3}{d\xi} - \left(1 - \xi^2 \right) \frac{d^2\Theta_3}{d\xi^2} \right) + \left(\frac{\lambda_1}{(1 - \xi^2)} + \lambda_2 \right) = 0$$

0.2.2 Equação para χ

$$\frac{1}{X} \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \chi} \frac{d}{d\chi} \left(\cosh^2 \chi \frac{dX}{d\chi} \right) + \left(\lambda_2 + \frac{\lambda_1}{\cosh^2 \chi} \right) = 0$$

Aplicando $\zeta = \sinh \chi$

$$\cosh^2 \chi = 1 + \sinh \chi = 1 + \zeta^2$$

$$\begin{split} \cosh^2\chi\frac{dX}{d\chi} &= \cosh^2\chi\frac{dX}{d\zeta}\frac{d\zeta}{d\chi} = \cosh^3\chi\frac{dX}{d\zeta} \\ \frac{d}{d\chi}\left(\cosh^2\chi\frac{dX}{d\chi}\right) &= \frac{d}{d\chi}\left(\cosh^3\chi\frac{dX}{d\zeta}\right) = 3\cosh^2\chi\sinh\chi\frac{dX}{d\zeta} + \cosh^3\chi\frac{d}{d\chi}\frac{dX}{d\zeta} \\ &= 3\cosh^2\chi\sinh\chi\frac{dX}{d\zeta} + \cosh^3\chi\frac{d}{d\zeta}\frac{dX}{d\zeta} = 3\cosh^2\chi\sinh\chi\frac{dX}{d\zeta} + \cosh^4\chi\frac{d^2X}{d\zeta^2} \\ &= \cosh^2\chi\left(3\sinh\chi\frac{dX}{d\zeta} + \cosh^2\chi\frac{d^2X}{d\zeta^2}\right) \end{split}$$

A equação fica

$$\frac{1}{X}\left(3\zeta\frac{dX}{d\zeta}+\left(1+\zeta^2\right)\frac{d^2X}{d\zeta^2}\right)+\left(\lambda_2+\frac{\lambda_1}{(1+\zeta^2)}\right)=0$$