Polinomios para factorizar.

Resumen

Ejercicios de polinomios generados automáticamente.

 $x_2=3$ [2], significa que la segunda raíz obtenida es 3 y tiene multiplicidad 2, es decir, el polinomio tiene 2 factores (x-2). Si entre corchetes no aparece ningún número, significa que su multiplicidad es 1.

Nota: Este documento se ha generado automáticamente utilizando Sage, LATEX y sagetex para la integración de las 2 herramientas mencionadas.

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1. Sin polinomios irreducibles de grado 2

1.1. Hasta 0 raices fraccionarias

Polinomios de grado 2

$$\begin{split} P_1(x) &= -x^2 - 4x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -2[2]; \\ P_2(x) &= -2x^2 + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = -1; \\ P_3(x) &= 2x^2 - 8x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3; \\ P_4(x) &= 2x^2 - 2x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -1; \\ P_5(x) &= x^2 - 5x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = 3; \\ P_6(x) &= x^2 - 5x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = 3; \\ P_7(x) &= -x^2 + 2x - 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1[2]; \\ P_8(x) &= 2x^2 - 10x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = 3; \end{split}$$

Polinomios de grado 3

$$\begin{split} P_9(x) &= -2x^3 + 6x^2 + 2x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -1; \\ P_{10}(x) &= -2x^3 + 6x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -1[2]; \\ P_{11}(x) &= x^3 - 7x^2 + 15x - 9 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3[2]; \\ P_{12}(x) &= x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -1; \\ P_{13}(x) &= x^3 - x^2 - 4x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{14}(x) &= x^3 - 7x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -1; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{15}(x) &= 2x^3 - 4x^2 - 2x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -1; \\ P_{16}(x) &= x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -1; \end{split}$$

Polinomios de grado 4

$$\begin{split} P_{17}(x) &= x^4 - 5x^3 + x^2 + 21x - 18 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3[2]; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{18}(x) &= -2x^4 - 6x^3 + 4x^2 + 24x + 16 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -1; x_3 = -2[2]; \\ P_{19}(x) &= -2x^4 + 8x^3 - 4x^2 - 8x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1[2]; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -1; \\ P_{20}(x) &= -2x^4 + 18x^2 + 8x - 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -2[2]; \\ P_{21}(x) &= x^4 - 5x^3 + 2x^2 + 20x - 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{22}(x) &= 2x^4 - 16x^2 + 32 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; x_2 = -2[2]; \\ P_{23}(x) &= 2x^4 + 12x^3 + 26x^2 + 24x + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -1[2]; x_2 = -2[2]; \\ P_{24}(x) &= x^4 - 8x^3 + 23x^2 - 28x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2[2]; x_3 = 3; \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} P_{25}(x) &= -2x^5 + 6x^4 + 4x^3 - 12x^2 - 2x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1[2]; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -1[2]; \\ P_{26}(x) &= -2x^5 - 4x^4 + 18x^3 + 44x^2 - 8x - 48 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -2[3]; \\ P_{27}(x) &= x^5 - 3x^4 - 4x^3 + 16x^2 - 16 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[3]; x_2 = -2; x_3 = -1; \\ P_{28}(x) &= x^5 - 10x^4 + 30x^3 - 135x + 162 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3[4]; x_2 = -2; \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} P_{29}(x) &= 2x^5 - 16x^3 - 12x^2 + 14x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1[2]; \\ P_{30}(x) &= x^5 + 3x^4 - x^3 - 7x^2 + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1[2]; x_2 = -2[2]; x_3 = -1; \\ P_{31}(x) &= x^5 - 4x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -1[3]; \\ P_{32}(x) &= 2x^5 + 6x^4 - 8x^3 - 32x^2 + 32 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -2[3]; \end{split}$$

1.2. Hasta 1 raices fraccionarias

Polinomios de grado 2

$$\begin{split} P_{33}(x) &= 2x^2 - 5x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{34}(x) &= 3x^2 + 5x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -2; \\ P_{35}(x) &= 2x^2 - 3x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{36}(x) &= 3x^2 + x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{2}{3}; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{37}(x) &= 3x^2 + 5x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -2; \\ P_{38}(x) &= 3x^2 + 4x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{2}{3}; x_2 = -2; \\ P_{39}(x) &= 2x^2 + 3x + 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{2}; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{40}(x) &= 3x^2 - 5x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = 2; \end{split}$$

Polinomios de grado 3

$$\begin{split} P_{41}(x) &= 3x^3 + 10x^2 + 9x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -1; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{42}(x) &= 2x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{2}; x_2 = -1[2]; \\ P_{43}(x) &= 3x^3 + 8x^2 + 7x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = -1[2]; \\ P_{44}(x) &= x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -2[2]; \\ P_{45}(x) &= -2x^3 + 14x^2 - 32x + 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; x_2 = 3; \\ P_{46}(x) &= 8x^3 + 21x^2 + 7x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -1; x_2 = -2; x_3 = \frac{3}{8}; \\ P_{47}(x) &= 2x^3 - x^2 - 13x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{48}(x) &= x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -1; \end{split}$$

Polinomios de grado 4

$$\begin{split} P_{49}(x) &= 3x^4 - 7x^3 - 10x^2 + 28x - 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{50}(x) &= -2x^4 + 16x^2 - 32 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; x_2 = -2[2]; \\ P_{51}(x) &= 2x^4 + 5x^3 - 5x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{52}(x) &= 2x^4 - 5x^3 - 8x^2 + 17x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -2; x_4 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{53}(x) &= 2x^4 - 3x^3 - 7x^2 + 12x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -2; x_4 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{54}(x) &= x^4 + x^3 - 7x^2 - 13x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -1[2]; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{55}(x) &= 3x^4 - 11x^3 - x^2 + 19x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = 2; x_3 = 3; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\ P_{56}(x) &= 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1; \\$$

$$P_{57}(x) = 7x^5 + 18x^4 - 23x^3 - 78x^2 - 20x + 24$$
 con raices: $x_1 = \frac{3}{7}$; $x_2 = 2$; $x_3 = 2$

$$-2[2]; x_4 = -1;$$

$$P_{58}(x) = 3x^5 - 20x^4 + 36x^3 + 2x^2 - 39x + 18 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3[2]; x_3 = \frac{2}{3}; x_4 = -1;$$

$$P_{59}(x) = x^5 - x^4 - 8x^3 + 8x^2 + 16x - 16 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2[2]; x_3 = -2[2];$$

$$P_{60}(x) = 3x^5 - 14x^4 + 22x^3 - 12x^2 - x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = 2; x_3 = 1[3];$$

$$P_{61}(x) = 3x^5 - 5x^4 - 19x^3 + 17x^2 + 16x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3; x_3 = \frac{2}{3}; x_4 = -1; x_5 = -2;$$

$$P_{62}(x) = 2x^5 - x^4 - 15x^3 + 10x^2 + 28x - 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{2}; x_2 = 1; x_3 = 2; x_4 = -2[2];$$

$$P_{63}(x) = 7x^5 - 31x^4 + 12x^3 + 112x^2 - 160x + 48 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{7}; x_2 = 2[3]; x_3 = -2;$$

$$P_{64}(x) = 2x^5 - 8x^4 - 6x^3 + 44x^2 - 8x - 48 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -2; x_4 = -1;$$

1.3. Hasta 2 raices fraccionarias

Polinomios de grado 2

$$P_{65}(x) = 7x^2 + 11x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{7}; x_2 = -2;$$

$$P_{66}(x) = -x^2 + x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -2;$$

$$P_{67}(x) = 3x^2 - 7x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3};$$

$$P_{68}(x) = 3x^2 + 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = -2;$$

$$P_{69}(x) = 14x^2 - 13x + 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{7}; x_2 = \frac{1}{2};$$

$$P_{70}(x) = 2x^2 - 5x - 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2};$$

$$P_{71}(x) = 9x^2 + 6x + 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}[2];$$

$$P_{72}(x) = 6x^2 + 5x + 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2};$$

Polinomios de grado 3

$$\begin{split} &P_{73}(x)=3x^3+10x^2+4x-8 \text{ con raices: } x_1=\frac{2}{3}; x_2=-2[2];\\ &P_{74}(x)=4x^3-20x^2+27x-9 \text{ con raices: } x_1=\frac{3}{2}; x_2=3; x_3=\frac{1}{2};\\ &P_{75}(x)=8x^3-11x^2-45x+18 \text{ con raices: } x_1=3; x_2=-2; x_3=\frac{3}{8};\\ &P_{76}(x)=16x^3-14x^2-21x+9 \text{ con raices: } x_1=\frac{3}{2}; x_2=-1; x_3=\frac{3}{8};\\ &P_{77}(x)=6x^3+x^2-5x-2 \text{ con raices: } x_1=-\frac{2}{3}; x_2=1; x_3=-\frac{1}{2};\\ &P_{78}(x)=3x^3-8x^2+3x+2 \text{ con raices: } x_1=-\frac{1}{3}; x_2=2; x_3=1;\\ &P_{79}(x)=6x^3-7x^2+1 \text{ con raices: } x_1=-\frac{1}{3}; x_2=\frac{1}{2}; x_3=1;\\ &P_{80}(x)=6x^3+5x^2-3x-2 \text{ con raices: } x_1=-\frac{1}{2}; x_2=\frac{2}{3}; x_3=-1; \end{split}$$

$$P_{81}(x) = 2x^4 - 13x^3 + 25x^2 - 8x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -\frac{1}{2};$$

$$P_{82}(x) = 8x^4 - 35x^3 - 12x^2 + 153x - 54 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3[2]; x_2 = -2; x_3 = \frac{3}{8};$$

$$P_{83}(x) = 15x^4 - 64x^3 + 93x^2 - 56x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = \frac{2}{3}; x_4 = \frac{3}{5};$$

$$P_{84}(x) = 9x^4 + 9x^3 - 19x^2 - x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; x_4 = 1;$$

$$\begin{split} P_{85}(x) &= 2x^4 - 10x^3 + 4x^2 + 40x - 48 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{86}(x) &= 6x^4 + 5x^3 - 23x^2 - 20x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -\frac{1}{2}; x_4 = -2; \\ P_{87}(x) &= 9x^4 + 36x^3 + 35x^2 - 4x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2[2]; \\ P_{88}(x) &= 6x^4 + 23x^3 + 28x^2 + 13x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; x_3 = -1; x_4 = -2; \end{split}$$

$$P_{89}(x) = 3x^5 - 8x^4 - 24x^3 + 38x^2 + 69x + 18 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = 3[2]; x_3 = -1; x_4 = -2;$$

$$P_{90}(x) = 14x^5 - 27x^4 + 2x^3 + 24x^2 - 16x + 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{7}; x_2 = -1; x_3 = \frac{1}{2}; x_4 = 1[2];$$

$$P_{91}(x) = 15x^5 - 19x^4 - 99x^3 + 43x^2 + 72x - 36 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; x_3 = -1; x_4 = -2; x_5 = \frac{3}{5};$$

$$P_{92}(x) = 9x^5 - 15x^4 - 2x^3 + 14x^2 - 7x + 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1[2]; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}[2]; x_3 = -1;$$

$$P_{93}(x) = 24x^5 + 55x^4 - 88x^3 - 232x^2 - 32x + 48 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -2[2]; x_4 = \frac{3}{8};$$

$$P_{94}(x) = 9x^5 - 9x^4 - 10x^3 + 10x^2 + x - 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -1; x_4 = 1[2];$$

$$P_{95}(x) = 5x^5 - 23x^4 + 2x^3 + 66x^2 + 9x - 27 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3[2]; x_2 = -1[2]; x_3 = \frac{3}{5};$$

$$P_{96}(x) = 3x^5 - 10x^4 - 3x^3 + 38x^2 - 36x + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2[2]; x_3 = \frac{1}{3}; x_4 = -2;$$

1.4. Hasta 3 raices fraccionarias

Polinomios de grado 3

$$\begin{split} P_{97}(x) &= 12x^3 + 23x^2 - 8x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = \frac{3}{4}; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{98}(x) &= 9x^3 - 36x^2 + 29x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = \frac{2}{3}; \\ P_{99}(x) &= 9x^3 + 27x^2 + 20x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{100}(x) &= x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -2[2]; \\ P_{101}(x) &= 168x^3 - 247x^2 + 117x - 18 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{7}; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; x_3 = \frac{3}{8}; \\ P_{102}(x) &= 27x^3 - 9x^2 - 12x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = \frac{2}{3}; \\ P_{103}(x) &= 18x^3 - 27x^2 + 13x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; x_3 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{104}(x) &= 6x^3 + 17x^2 + 11x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; x_3 = -2; \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &P_{105}(x) = 9x^4 - 9x^3 - 22x^2 + 4x + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = 2; x_3 = \frac{2}{3}; x_4 = -1; \\ &P_{106}(x) = 12x^4 + 16x^3 - x^2 - 7x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{2}{3}; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}[2]; x_3 = -1; \\ &P_{107}(x) = 6x^4 - 23x^3 + 19x^2 + 8x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = -\frac{1}{2}; \\ &P_{108}(x) = 6x^4 + x^3 - 41x^2 - 44x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -\frac{1}{2}; x_4 = -2; \\ &P_{109}(x) = 24x^4 - 49x^3 - 113x^2 + 144x - 36 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; x_3 = \frac{3}{8}; x_4 = -2; \\ &P_{110}(x) = 6x^4 - 13x^3 - 18x^2 + 52x - 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{2}; x_2 = 2; x_3 = \frac{2}{3}; x_4 = -2; \end{split}$$

$$P_{111}(x) = 18x^4 + 21x^3 - 46x^2 - 35x - 6$$
 con raices: $x_1 = \frac{3}{2}$; $x_2 = -\frac{1}{3}[2]$; $x_3 = -2$; $P_{112}(x) = 9x^4 - 60x^3 + 118x^2 - 60x + 9$ con raices: $x_1 = 3[2]$; $x_2 = \frac{1}{3}[2]$;

$$P_{113}(x) = 36x^5 - 27x^4 - 100x^3 - 5x^2 + 44x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_3 = \frac{3}{4}; x_4 = 2; x_5 = -1;$$

$$P_{114}(x) = 45x^5 + 3x^4 - 133x^3 + 89x^2 + 8x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; x_3 = 1; x_4 = -2; x_5 = \frac{3}{5};$$

$$P_{115}(x) = 48x^5 + 166x^4 + 83x^3 - 121x^2 - 8x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -2[2]; x_3 = \frac{1}{2}; x_4 = \frac{3}{8};$$

$$P_{116}(x) = 36x^5 - 123x^4 + 16x^3 + 106x^2 - 60x + 9 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = \frac{3}{4}; x_3 = \frac{1}{3}[2]; x_4 = -1;$$

$$P_{117}(x) = 3x^5 - 2x^4 - 31x^3 + 2x^2 + 76x + 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = 2; x_3 = 3; x_4 = -2[2];$$

$$P_{118}(x) = 15x^5 - 29x^4 - 43x^3 + 113x^2 - 68x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = \frac{1}{3}; x_4 = -2; x_5 = \frac{3}{5};$$

$$P_{119}(x) = 9x^5 + 9x^4 - 40x^3 - 40x^2 + 16x + 16 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = 2; x_3 = \frac{2}{3}; x_4 = -1; x_5 = -2;$$

$$P_{120}(x) = 12x^5 - 53x^4 + 57x^3 + 30x^2 - 68x + 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{4}; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; x_3 = 2[2]; x_4 = -1;$$

2. Con polinomios irreducibles de grado 2

2.1. Hasta 0 raices fraccionarias

Polinomios de grado 2

$$\begin{split} P_{121}(x) &= -2x^2 - 8x - 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -2[2]; \\ P_{122}(x) &= x^2 - 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{123}(x) &= -x^2 + 5x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = 3; \\ P_{124}(x) &= -x^2 + x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{125}(x) &= -2x^2 + 8x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3; \\ P_{126}(x) &= -2x^2 + 2x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{127}(x) &= x^2 - 2x - 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{128}(x) &= x^2 - 3x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; \end{split}$$

$$P_{129}(x) = x^3 - x^2 + x - 1$$
 con raices: $x_1 = 1$;
 $P_{130}(x) = x^3 + x^2 + 4x + 4$ con raices: $x_1 = -1$;
 $P_{131}(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x + 4$ con raices: $x_1 = -2$;
 $P_{132}(x) = 2x^3 + 4x^2 + 6x + 12$ con raices: $x_1 = -2$;
 $P_{133}(x) = 2x^3 - 6x^2 + 8x - 24$ con raices: $x_1 = 3$;

$$P_{134}(x) = 2x^3 - 2x^2 + 6x - 6$$
 con raices: $x_1 = 1$;
 $P_{135}(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x + 4$ con raices: $x_1 = -2$;
 $P_{136}(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 2$ con raices: $x_1 = 2$;

$$\begin{split} P_{137}(x) &= -2x^4 + 6x^3 - 10x^2 + 18x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; \\ P_{138}(x) &= x^4 + 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -1; x_2 = -2; \\ P_{139}(x) &= -x^4 + 2x^3 + x^2 + 4x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{140}(x) &= x^4 - 2x^3 + x^2 - 8x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{141}(x) &= -x^4 + 5x^3 - 9x^2 + 15x - 18 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = 3; \\ P_{142}(x) &= x^4 - x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x - 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -2; \\ P_{143}(x) &= -x^4 - 3x^3 - 5x^2 - 9x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -2; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{144}(x) &= x^4 + x^3 + 2x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = -2; \end{split}$$

Polinomios de grado 5

$$P_{145}(x) = x^5 - 5x^4 + 11x^3 - 19x^2 + 24x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2[2];$$

$$P_{146}(x) = x^5 + x^4 - 2x^3 - 2x^2 - 8x - 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -2; x_3 = -1;$$

$$P_{147}(x) = -2x^5 + 6x^4 - 12x^3 + 20x^2 - 18x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1[3];$$

$$P_{148}(x) = x^5 - 8x^4 + 23x^3 - 34x^2 + 42x - 36 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = 3[2];$$

$$P_{149}(x) = x^5 - 2x^4 + x^3 - 2x^2 - 2x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -1;$$

$$P_{150}(x) = 2x^5 - 2x^4 - 6x^3 + 6x^2 - 8x + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 2; x_3 = -2;$$

$$P_{151}(x) = x^5 + 2x^4 - x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = -1; x_3 = -2;$$

$$P_{152}(x) = x^5 + 6x^4 + 14x^3 + 20x^2 + 24x + 16 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -2[3];$$

2.2. Hasta 1 raices fraccionarias

Polinomios de grado 2

$$\begin{split} P_{153}(x) &= -2x^2 + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -2; \\ P_{154}(x) &= x^2 - x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -2; \\ P_{155}(x) &= x^2 + 4x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -2[2]; \\ P_{156}(x) &= 2x^2 - 3x + 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{157}(x) &= 2x^2 + 3x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -2; x_2 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{158}(x) &= x^2 - 4x + 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = 3; \\ P_{159}(x) &= 3x^2 - 2x - 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = 1; \\ P_{160}(x) &= 3x^2 + 2x - 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -1; \end{split}$$

$$P_{161}(x) = 3x^3 - 2x^2 + 9x - 6$$
 con raices: $x_1 = \frac{2}{3}$; $P_{162}(x) = 5x^3 - 3x^2 + 15x - 9$ con raices: $x_1 = \frac{3}{5}$;

$$P_{163}(x) = 3x^3 - x^2 + 6x - 2$$
 con raices: $x_1 = \frac{1}{3}$;
 $P_{164}(x) = 2x^3 - 6x^2 + 2x - 6$ con raices: $x_1 = 3$;
 $P_{165}(x) = 3x^3 - x^2 + 9x - 3$ con raices: $x_1 = \frac{1}{3}$;
 $P_{166}(x) = 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 1$ con raices: $x_1 = \frac{1}{3}$;
 $P_{167}(x) = 3x^3 + x^2 + 6x + 2$ con raices: $x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}$;
 $P_{168}(x) = 4x^3 - 3x^2 + 12x - 9$ con raices: $x_1 = \frac{3}{4}$;

$$\begin{split} P_{169}(x) &= 3x^4 - 4x^3 + 7x^2 - 8x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; \\ P_{170}(x) &= x^4 - 16 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -2; \\ P_{171}(x) &= 3x^4 - 2x^3 + 11x^2 - 8x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = 1; \\ P_{172}(x) &= 2x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x - 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -1; x_2 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{173}(x) &= 3x^4 - 11x^3 + 12x^2 - 22x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; \\ P_{174}(x) &= -2x^4 - 6x^3 - 12x^2 - 24x - 16 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -1; x_2 = -2; \\ P_{175}(x) &= 4x^4 - 11x^3 + 18x^2 - 33x + 18 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{4}; x_2 = 2; \\ P_{176}(x) &= 2x^4 + 2x^3 + 4x - 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = -2; \end{split}$$

Polinomios de grado 5

$$\begin{split} P_{177}(x) &= -2x^5 + 10x^4 - 10x^3 + 2x^2 - 12x - 36 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3[2]; x_2 = -1; \\ P_{178}(x) &= 8x^5 + 21x^4 + 15x^3 + 15x^2 + 7x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -1; x_2 = -2; x_3 = \frac{3}{8}; \\ P_{179}(x) &= x^5 - 3x^4 - 16x + 48 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{180}(x) &= 2x^5 - x^4 - 11x^3 - 7x^2 - 13x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{181}(x) &= 3x^5 - x^4 - 14x^3 - 14x^2 - 40x - 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = 3; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{182}(x) &= 3x^5 - 5x^4 - 10x^3 + 2x^2 - 32x + 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; x_3 = -2; \\ P_{183}(x) &= x^5 + 5x^4 + 10x^3 + 14x^2 + 16x + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -1; x_2 = -2[2]; \\ P_{184}(x) &= 3x^5 + 2x^4 - 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 7x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 1; x_2 = \frac{1}{2}; x_3 = -2; \end{split}$$

2.3. Hasta 2 raices fraccionarias

$$\begin{split} P_{185}(x) &= 6x^2 + 5x + 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{186}(x) &= 3x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; \\ P_{187}(x) &= 3x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}; \\ P_{188}(x) &= 6x^2 - 7x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{2}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{189}(x) &= 6x^2 + 7x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{190}(x) &= 6x^2 + x - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{191}(x) &= 3x^2 - 7x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; \\ P_{192}(x) &= 6x^2 - 5x + 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{2}; \end{split}$$

$$P_{193}(x) = 3x^3 - x^2 + 9x - 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{1}{3};$$

$$P_{194}(x) = 3x^3 + 2x^2 + 12x + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3};$$

$$P_{195}(x) = 2x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{1}{2};$$

$$P_{196}(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -2;$$

$$P_{197}(x) = 3x^3 + x^2 + 9x + 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3};$$

$$P_{198}(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 - 2x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2;$$

$$P_{199}(x) = 2x^3 + x^2 + 4x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{2};$$

$$P_{200}(x) = 2x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x + 16 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -2;$$

Polinomios de grado 4

$$P_{201}(x) = 6x^4 - x^3 + 23x^2 - 4x - 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{2};$$

$$P_{202}(x) = 3x^4 - 7x^3 + 6x^2 - 28x - 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = 3;$$

$$P_{203}(x) = 16x^4 - 14x^3 + 35x^2 - 28x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{8}; x_2 = \frac{1}{2};$$

$$P_{204}(x) = 9x^4 - 3x^3 + 25x^2 - 9x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{2}{3};$$

$$P_{205}(x) = 2x^4 - 3x^3 + 4x^2 - 9x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2};$$

$$P_{206}(x) = 8x^4 - 10x^3 + 19x^2 - 20x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{4}; x_2 = \frac{1}{2};$$

$$P_{207}(x) = 9x^4 - 9x^3 + 38x^2 - 36x + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{2}{3};$$

$$P_{208}(x) = 2x^4 - 3x^3 + 6x^2 - 12x - 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2};$$

Polinomios de grado 5

$$\begin{split} P_{209}(x) &= 6x^5 - 5x^4 + 21x^3 - 18x^2 - 12x + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = 1; x_3 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{210}(x) &= 35x^5 - 141x^4 + 152x^3 - 168x^2 + 117x - 27 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{7}; x_2 = 3; x_3 = \frac{3}{5}; \\ P_{211}(x) &= 2x^5 - 3x^4 - 7x^3 - 22x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 3; x_2 = -2; x_3 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{212}(x) &= 49x^5 - 91x^4 + 198x^3 - 282x^2 + 153x - 27 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{7}[2]; x_2 = 1; \\ P_{213}(x) &= 9x^5 - 9x^4 + 17x^3 - 17x^2 - 2x + 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = 1; \\ P_{214}(x) &= 6x^5 + 5x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 2x - 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -1; x_3 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{215}(x) &= 6x^5 + 5x^4 + 16x^3 + 14x^2 - 6x - 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = -1; x_3 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{216}(x) &= 3x^5 - 14x^4 + 25x^3 - 50x^2 + 52x + 24 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = 2; x_3 = 3; \end{split}$$

2.4. Hasta 3 raices fraccionarias

$$\begin{split} P_{217}(x) &= 2x^3 + x^2 + 6x + 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{218}(x) &= 5x^3 - 3x^2 + 20x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{5}; \\ P_{219}(x) &= 2x^3 - x^2 + 6x - 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ P_{220}(x) &= x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; \\ P_{221}(x) &= 7x^3 - 3x^2 + 14x - 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{7}; \end{split}$$

$$P_{222}(x) = 4x^3 - 3x^2 + 16x - 12$$
 con raices: $x_1 = \frac{3}{4}$;
 $P_{223}(x) = 2x^3 - x^2 + 4x - 2$ con raices: $x_1 = \frac{1}{2}$;
 $P_{224}(x) = 3x^3 + 2x^2 + 9x + 6$ con raices: $x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}$;

$$\begin{split} &P_{225}(x) = 14x^4 - 27x^3 + 51x^2 - 81x + 27 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{2}; x_2 = \frac{3}{7}; \\ &P_{226}(x) = 9x^4 + 17x^2 - 2 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; \\ &P_{227}(x) = 9x^4 + 6x^3 + 10x^2 + 6x + 1 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}[2]; \\ &P_{228}(x) = 4x^4 - 4x^3 + 13x^2 - 16x - 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{2}; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; \\ &P_{229}(x) = -2x^4 + 8x^3 - 16x^2 + 32x - 32 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2[2]; \\ &P_{230}(x) = 9x^4 + 26x^2 - 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; \\ &P_{231}(x) = 9x^4 + 26x^2 - 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; \\ &P_{232}(x) = 9x^4 + 26x^2 - 3 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &P_{233}(x) = 18x^5 - 3x^4 + 29x^3 - 4x^2 - 14x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ &P_{234}(x) = 18x^5 - 9x^4 + 70x^3 - 35x^2 - 8x + 4 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{1}{3}; x_3 = \frac{1}{2}; \\ &P_{235}(x) = 32x^5 - 32x^4 + 90x^3 - 87x^2 - 18x + 27 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{4}[2]; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; \\ &P_{236}(x) = 21x^5 - 37x^4 + 5x^3 - 25x^2 - 16x + 12 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_2 = \frac{3}{7}; x_3 = 2; \\ &P_{237}(x) = 18x^5 - 21x^4 + 5x^3 - 15x^2 - 13x + 6 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = \frac{3}{2}; x_2 = -\frac{2}{3}; x_3 = \frac{1}{3}; \\ &P_{238}(x) = 2x^5 + x^4 - 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 16x - 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = 2; x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}; x_3 = -2; \\ &P_{239}(x) = 27x^5 - 27x^4 + 54x^3 - 50x^2 + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}; x_2 = \frac{2}{3}[2]; \\ &P_{240}(x) = 9x^5 + 30x^4 + 37x^3 + 38x^2 + 28x + 8 \text{ con raices: } x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}[2]; x_2 = -2; \end{split}$$