

Tema 5

N1

x_i	$f(x_i)$	$f'(x_i)$	$f''(x_i)$	\dots	$f^{(k)}(x_i)$	$f^{(n)}(x_i)$
0	3	1				
1	0					
2	1	2	1			
3	5					

$$H_m(x), \quad m = \sum_{i=1}^n k_i - 1$$

$$\underbrace{f(x_i; \dots; x_i)}_{k+1} = \frac{f^{(k)}(x_i)}{k!}$$

$$m = 6$$

$$f(x_i; x_i) = \frac{f'(x_i)}{1!}$$

$$f(x_i; x_j) = \frac{f(x_i) - f(x_j)}{x_i - x_j}$$

		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII
0	3	$f(x_0; x_0)$						
0	3		$f(x_0; x_0; x_1)$					
1	0			$f(x_0; x_0; x_1; x_2)$				
2	1				$f(x_0; x_0; x_1; x_2; x_3)$			
2	1					$f(x_0; x_0; x_1; x_2; x_3; x_4)$		
2	1						$f(x_0; x_0; x_1; x_2; x_3; x_4; x_5)$	
3	5							

	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII
0	3	1					
0	3	-4					
1	0	-3					
1	0	2					
2	1	1					
2	1	2					
2	1	$\frac{1}{2}$					
2	1	2					
2	1	$\frac{1}{2}$					
2	1	2					
3	5	4					

$$H_6(x) = 3 + 1 \cdot x - 4 \cdot x^2 + 3 \cdot x^2(x-1) + \frac{7}{4}x^2(x-1)(x-2) - \frac{7}{8} \cdot x^2(x-1)(x-2)^2 -$$

$$-\frac{29}{72} x^2(x-1)(x-2)^3$$

N2

x_0	-1	0	1
$f(x_0)$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$

-1	$\frac{3}{4}$	$" -1$	$f(x_0; x_1)$
0	$-\frac{1}{4}$		$f(x_0; x_1; x_2) = 1$
1	$\frac{3}{4}$	$" 1$	$f(x_1; x_2)$

$$f(x_0; x_1) = \frac{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}}{-1 - 0} = -1$$

$$f(x_1; x_2) = \frac{-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4}}{0 - 1} = 1$$

$$f(x_0; x_1; x_2) = \frac{-1 - 1}{-1 - 1} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} L_2(x) &= \frac{3}{4} - 1 \cdot (x+1) + 1 \cdot (x+1) \cdot x = \\ &= x^2 + x - x - 1 + \frac{3}{4} = x^2 - \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

N3

5,2

0

 $\frac{1}{2,8}$

8

1

 $\frac{1}{2,4}$

$$\frac{0,2}{6,72} = \frac{1}{33,6}$$

$$\frac{3,2}{806,4} = 252$$

$$-\frac{36287}{576}$$

10,4

2

 $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{0,1}{2,4} = \frac{1}{24}$$

 $\frac{1}{144}$

$$\frac{5184}{576} = 9$$

12,4

3

 $\frac{1}{1,6}$

$$\frac{0,1}{1,6} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$\frac{6,4}{460,8} = 72$$

$$\frac{10367}{576}$$

14

4

 $\frac{1}{1,2}$

$$\frac{0,2}{1,92} = \frac{1}{9,6}$$

15,2

5

$$L_5(y) = 0 + \frac{1}{2,8}y + \frac{1}{33,6}y(y-1) + 252 \cdot y \cdot (y-1)(y-2) - \frac{36287}{576}y(y-1)(y-2)(y-3)$$

$$+ 9y(y-1)(y-2)(y-3)(y-4)$$

$$x^* = L_5(7) = \frac{7}{2,8} + \frac{42}{33,6} + 252 \cdot 210 - \frac{36287}{576} \cdot 840 + 9 \cdot 2520 =$$

$$= \frac{10}{4} + 1,25 + 52920 - \underbrace{\frac{1270045}{24}}_{\frac{35}{24}} + 22680 = \frac{15}{4} + \frac{35}{24} + 22680 =$$

$$= \frac{125}{24} + 22680 \approx 22685,208$$

N4 t5.doc 8)

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} , \quad x \in [1, 100] \quad \text{cr. muk.} = 2 , \quad \epsilon = 10^{-4}$$

x_{i-1}, x_i, x_{i+1}

$$|f(x) - L_2(x)| \leq \frac{M_3 h^3}{9\sqrt{3}} < \epsilon$$

$$h \leq \sqrt[3]{\frac{9\sqrt{3}\epsilon}{M_3}}$$

$$M_3 = \sup_{x \in [1, 100]} |f^{(3)}(x)|$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x^{-\frac{2}{3}}}{3}$$

$$f''(x) = -\frac{2x^{-\frac{5}{3}}}{9}$$

$$f'''(x) = \frac{10x^{-\frac{8}{3}}}{27} = \frac{10}{27} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^8}}$$

$$M_3 = \sup_{x \in [1, 100]} \frac{10}{27\sqrt[3]{x^8}} = \frac{10}{27}$$

$$h \leq \sqrt[3]{\frac{9\sqrt{3} \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 27}{10}} = \sqrt[3]{3^{\frac{14}{2}} \cdot 10^{-5}} \approx 0,1614$$