ACTIVITY 5.3 - BACKEND FOR ONLINE SHOP

INTRODUCTION

In this activity we will model the backend for an online shop or a shopping App. The data of the shop would be stored in MongoDB. The shop needs **four types of documents**: articles, comments, users and address. **The documents are related between them** as follows:

- The users have an address
- Articles have comments
- Comments are done by users

To optimize the retrieval, it has been decided that the data should be stored in **two collections**: articles and users. This would require the use of a **field in the comment to make reference to the user** author of the comment.

These are the fields for each document.

Article

- id: unique identifier of the article (use ObjectId type)
- Name: name of the article
- Price: price of the article (with decimals)
- Categories: list of words indicating different categories to which the article belongs.
- Comments: list of comments of the article

Comment

- Score: integer between 1 and 5 (control this in the setter, set 1 as min value and 5 as max value whatever the inserted value).
- User id: ObjectId that represents the id of the user that wrote the comment
- Text: the comment content

<u>User</u>

- id: unique identifier of the user(use ObjectId type)
- Name: name of the user
- Email: email of the user
- Address: object of Address class representing the address of the user

Address

- Street
- Number
- City
- Country

Model the POJOs

Write the Java classes to represent each document type.

Keep in mind:

Article constructor :

- Empty
- With arguments name, price and categories. id will be automatically set and comments will be initialized as null.

User constructor :

- Empty
- With arguments name, email and address. id will be automatically set.

For the remaining classes you can code empty and the full arguments constructors.

Build the API

You should create a class called **DataAPI** to hide the complexity of the access to the data of the database. This would allow the developers to access the data in an easier way.

DataAPI class should have several public and static methods to access the data:

- void insertArticle(Article art)
- void insertUser(User us)
- Article findArticle(ObjectId id)
- FindIterable<Article> findArticleByCategory(String cat): returns all the articles that are of the category cat.
- FindIterable<Article> findArticleByName(String str): returns all the articles that contains *str* in its name.
- FindIterable<Article> findArticleInPriceRank(double low, double high): returns all the articles whose price is in the rank [low, high], both inclusive.
- User findUser(ObjectId id)
- FindIterable<User> findUserByCountry(String country): returns all the user who live in the country specified as argument.
- FindIterable<Article> orderByPrice(FindIterable<Article> arts, boolean asc): receives a FindIterable<Article> object and returns it ordered by price

ascending or descending as specified as argument.

- void updateAddress (User us, Address ad)
- void updateEmail(User us, String email)
- void addComment(Article art, Comment newCom): check that newCom.user_id exists as the id of a user in the Users collection. In case of inexistence, do not add the comment but inform that the user does not exist.
- void deleteArticle(Article art): delete an article.
- void deleteUser(User us): delete a user **and also all the comments** whose author is the user.

Also it should have some **static attributes and methods** to manage the connection to the database:

- MongoClient client: **private** property to manage the MongoDB client.
- MongoDatabase db: private property to manage the MongoDB database;
- void init(): **public** method to initialize the MongoDB client and the database. The database is called "act5_3" and it should be able to manage POJOs.
- void close(): public method to close the Mongoclient.

Test that all the methods are working properly. For this you can create a main class that makes use of all methods and checks the result. However, this class will not be considered for assessment.