Case Study in `ggplot2`

*Paul Intrevado*

August 02, 2018

Question 1

The `reshape2` package contains a dataset named `tips`, which contains information on dining trasactions. Summary of the data follows:

```
## Observations: 244
## Variables: 7
## $ total_bill <dbl> 16.99, 10.34, 21.01, 23.68, 24.59, 25.29, 8.77, 26....
## $ tip        <dbl> 1.01, 1.66, 3.50, 3.31, 3.61, 4.71, 2.00, 3.12, 1.9...
## $ sex        <fct> Female, Male, Male, Male, Female, Male, Male, Male,...
## $ smoker     <fct> No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No,...
## $ day        <fct> Sun, Sun, Sun, Sun, Sun, Sun, Sun, Sun, Sun, Sun, S...
## $ time       <fct> Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Din...
## $ size       <int> 2, 3, 3, 2, 4, 4, 2, 4, 2, 2, 2, 4, 2, 4, 2, 2, 3, ...
```
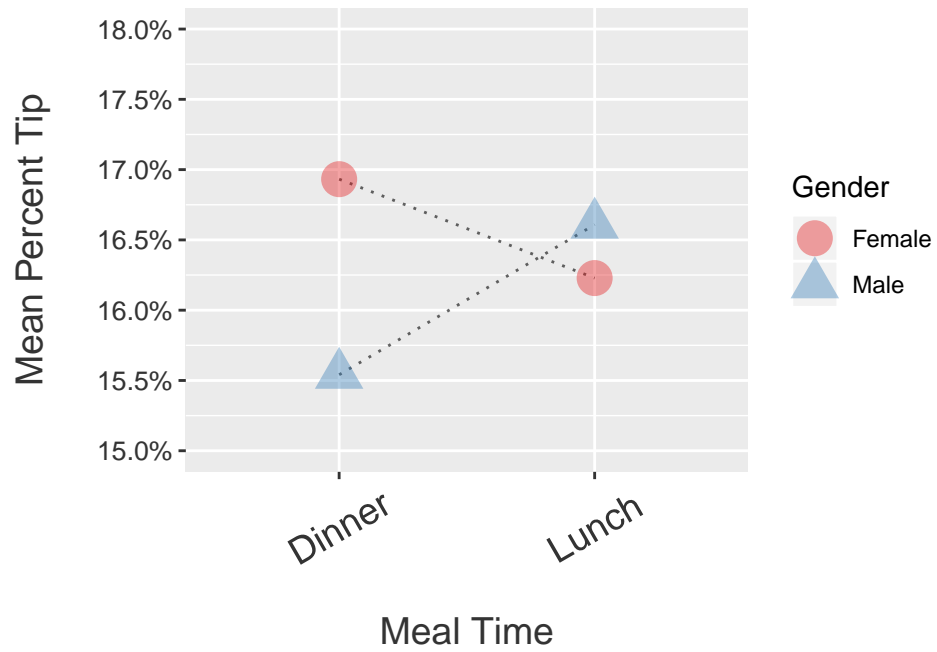
Create the following graphs:

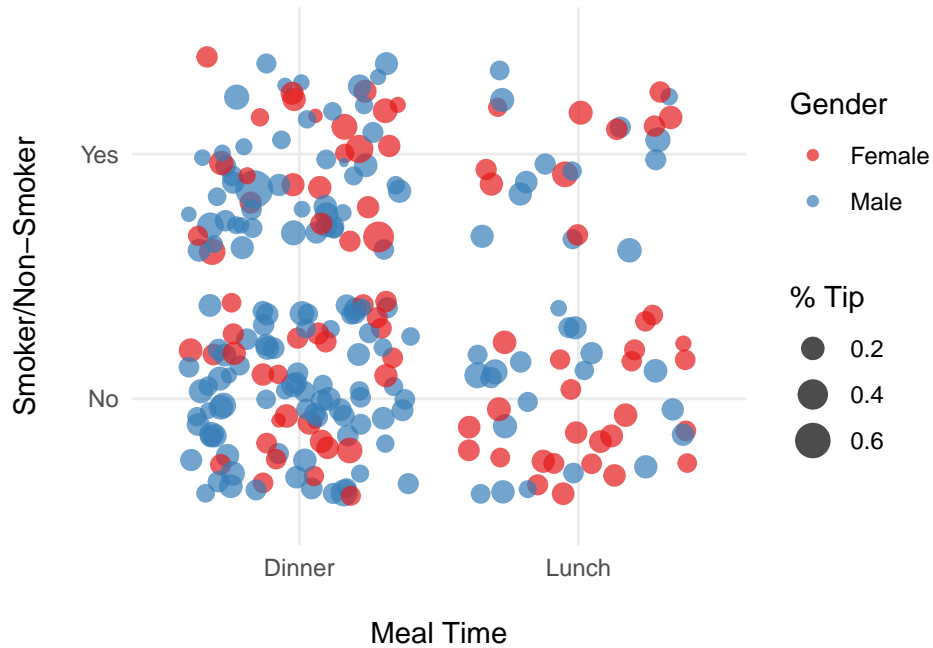(a) Plot `time` on x-axis, total_bill on the y-axis, colored by `smoker` and shaped by `sex`.
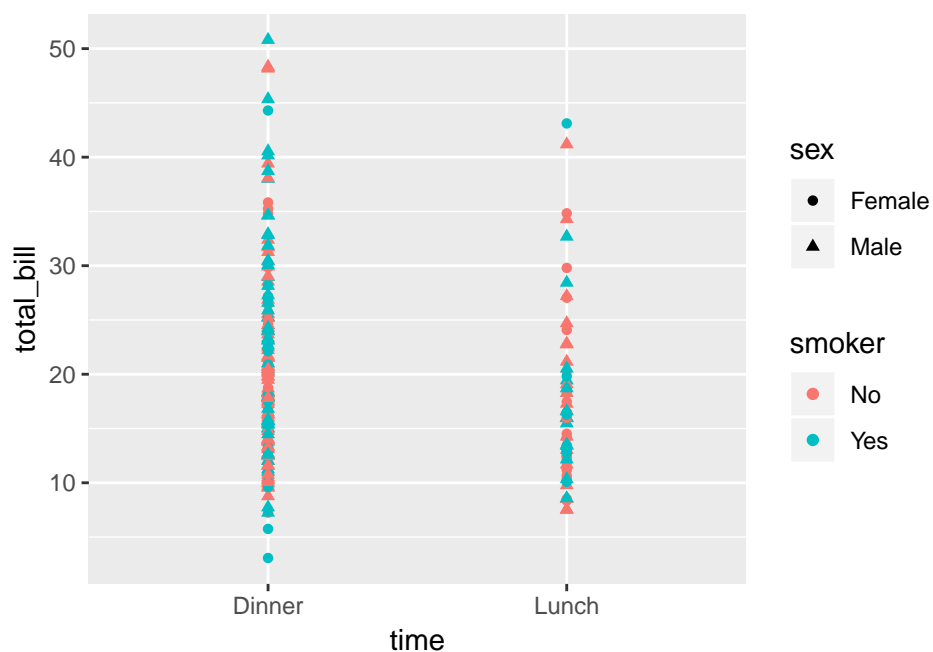
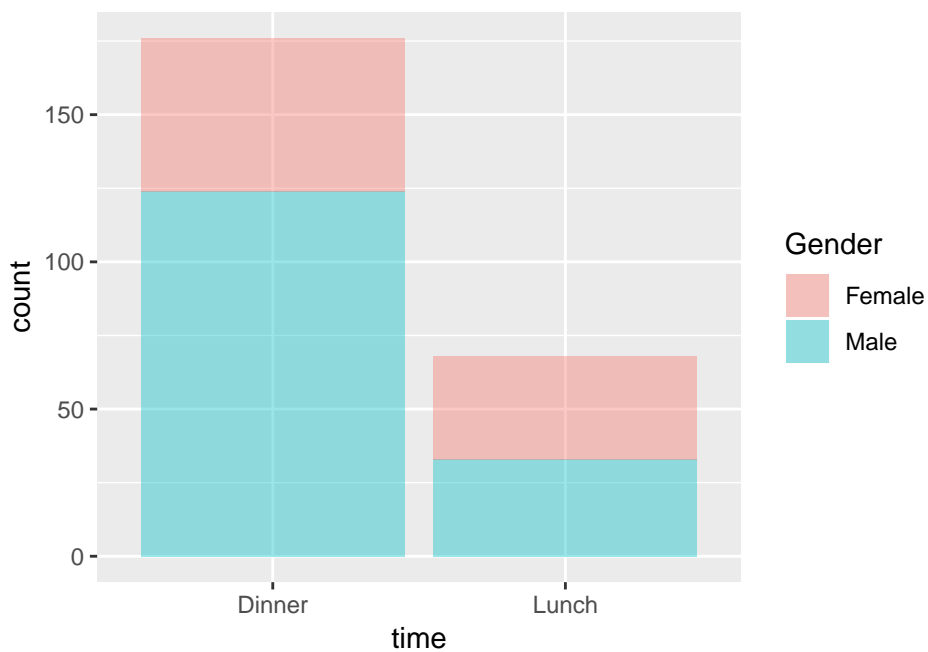(b) `jitter` the previous plot so points are more visible
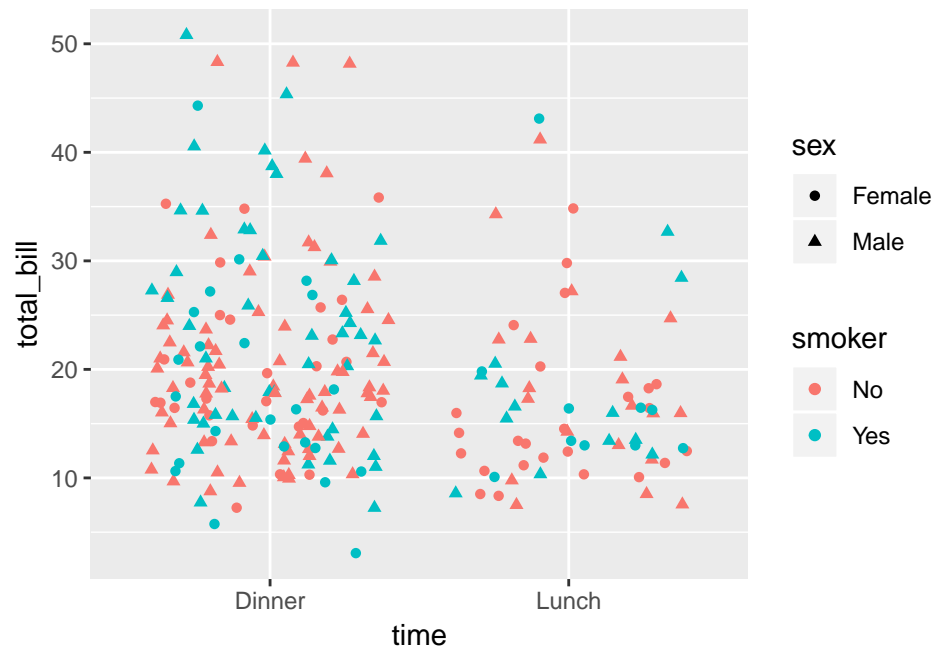
(c) Create a graph with `time` on the x-axis, mean `tip` on the y-axis, shaped and coloured by `sex`.
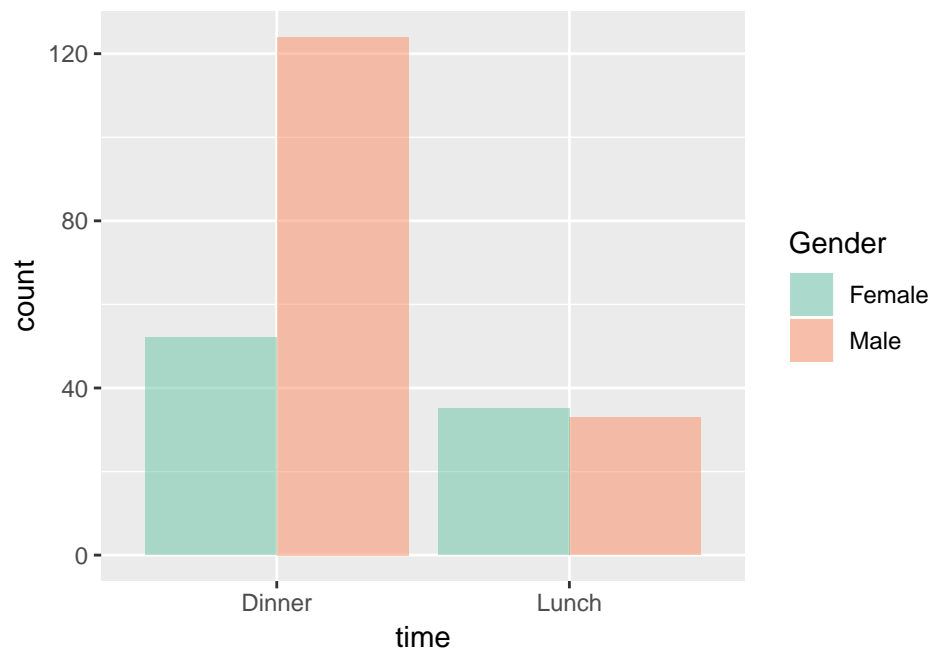
(d) Create a graph with `time` on the x-axis, `smoker` on the y-axis, colored by `sex` and sized by `prctTip`, with a minimalist `theme`.
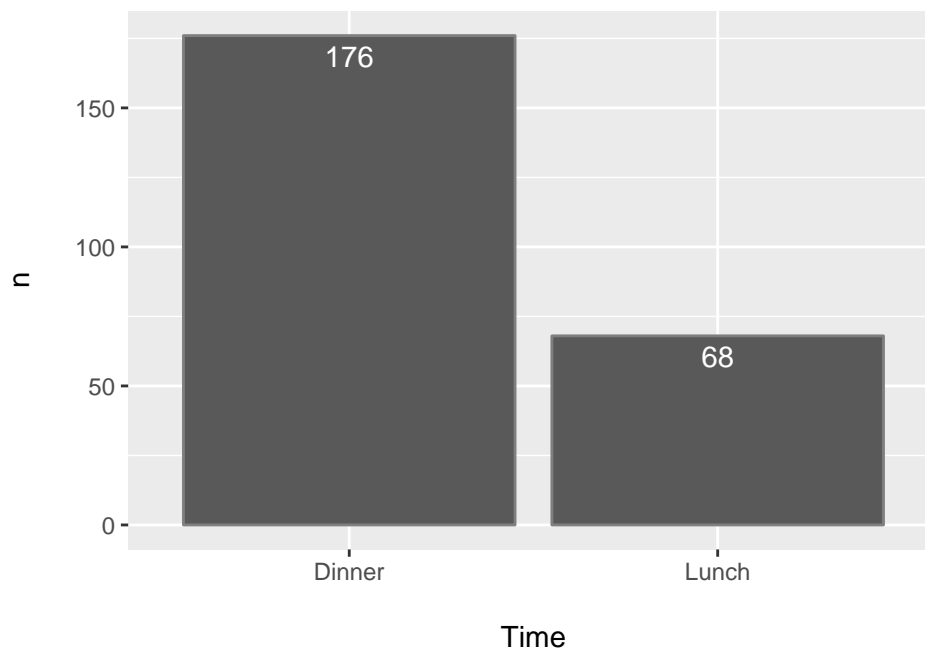

(e) Create a stacked bar graph with `time` on x-axis, `count` on the y-axis, filled by `sex`.

(f) Create a `dodge`d bar graph with `time` on x-axis, `count` on the y-axis, filled by `sex`.

(g) Create a bar graph with `time` on x-axis, `count` on the y-axis, and include the values of each bar.
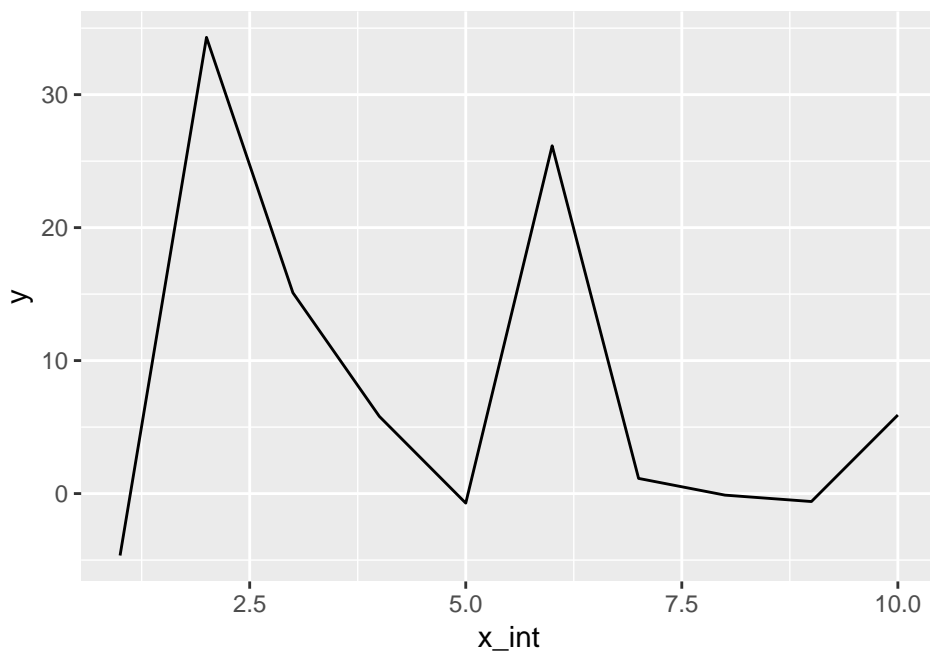
Question 2
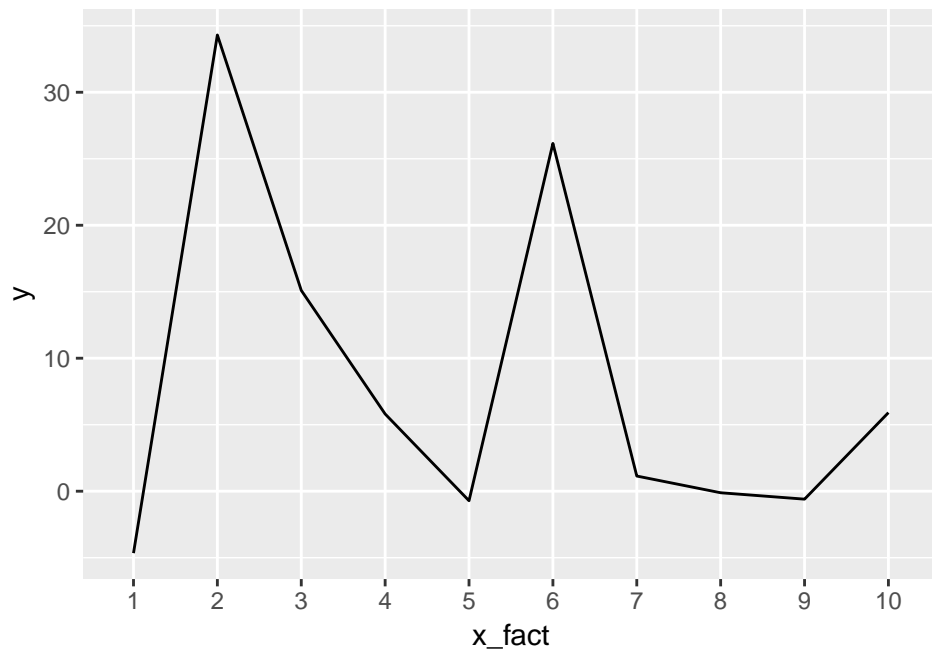
Create some fictional data using the following code:

```
set.seed(22)
x_int <- seq(10)
x_fact <- factor(seq(10))
y <- rnorm(10, 2, 13)
myDF <- data_frame(x_int, x_fact, y)
```

Note the `types` of each of the columns in `myDF`.

(a) Create a line graph with `x_int` on the x-axis and `y` on the y-axis.

(b) Create a line graph with **x_fact** on the x-axis and **y** on the y-axis.
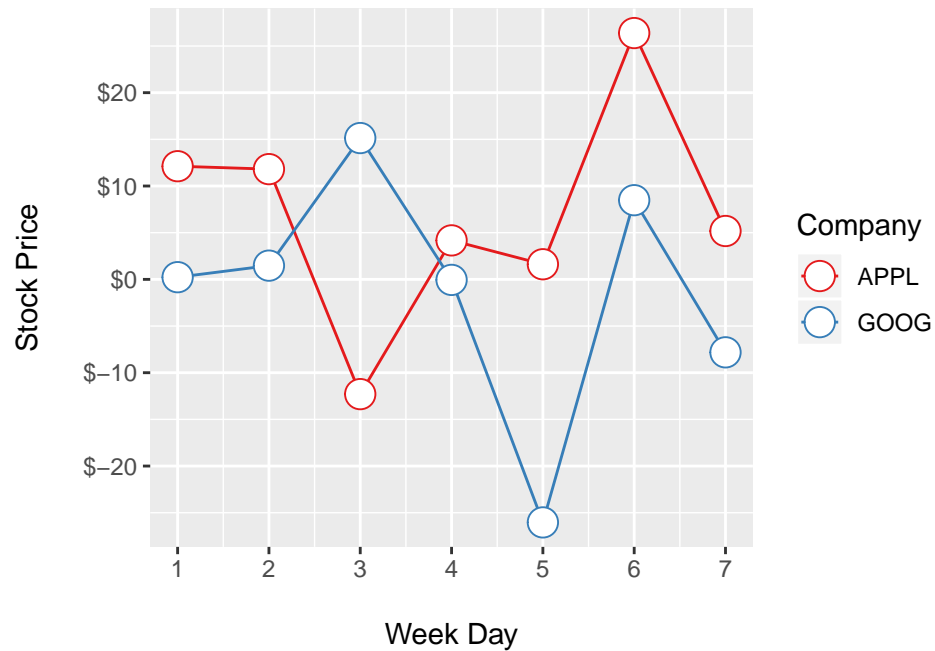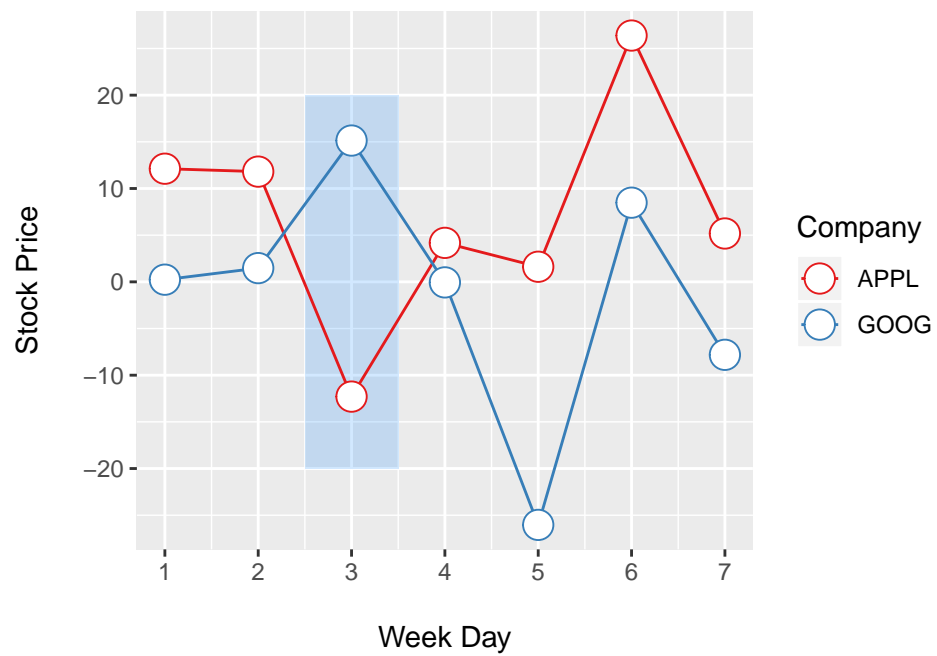
Question 3

Create some fictional data using the following code:

```r
set.seed(33)
day <- rep(seq(7), 2)
stockPrice <- rnorm(14, 2, 13)
company <- c(rep("GOOG", 7), rep("APPL", 7))
myDF <- data_frame(day, stockPrice, company)
```

(a) Create a line and point graph with `day` on the x-axis and `stockPrice` on the y-axis, grouped by `company`.

(b) Add a shaded blue bar to the previous graph, as shown.

Question 4

Create some fictional data using the following code:

```
set.seed(44)
year <- seq(1990, 2000)
numMovieReleases <- round(abs(rnorm(11, 2, 10)))
genre <- factor(sample(size = 11, c("Horror", "Drama", "SciFi"),
    replace = T))
myDF <- data_frame(year, numMovieReleases, genre)
```

Create an area graph with `year` on the x-axis and `numMovieRelases` on the y-axis.
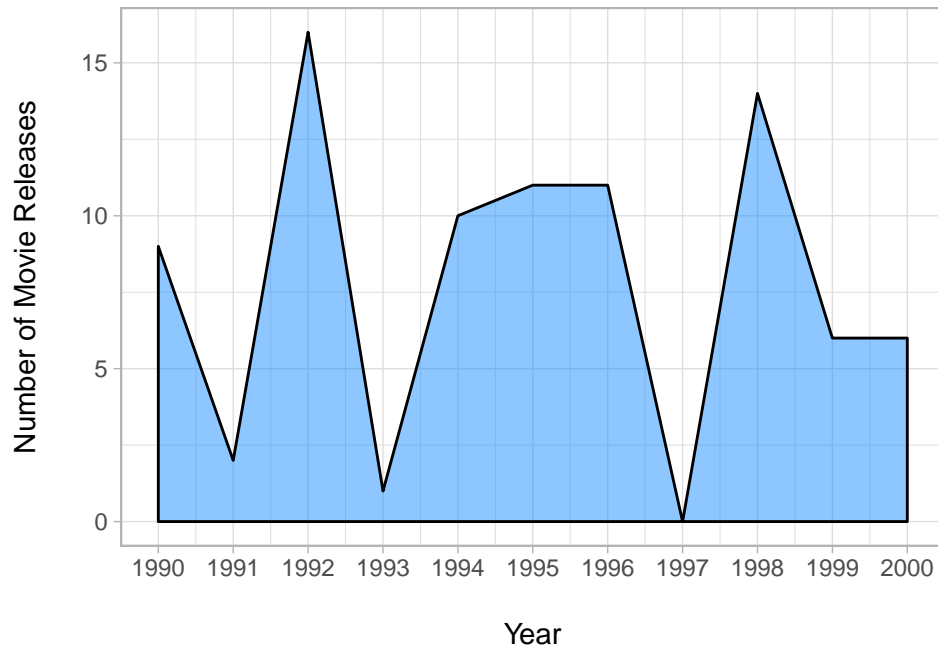
Question 5

The `hflights` package contains a dataset named `hflights`, which provides information on 227,496 flights in 2011 leaving from Houston-based airports. How many flights departed per month? From IAH? From HOU? Create the following charts.

(a) Create a bar graph with `Origin` on the x-axis, `Frequency` on the y-axis, with `dodge`d bars for each month.
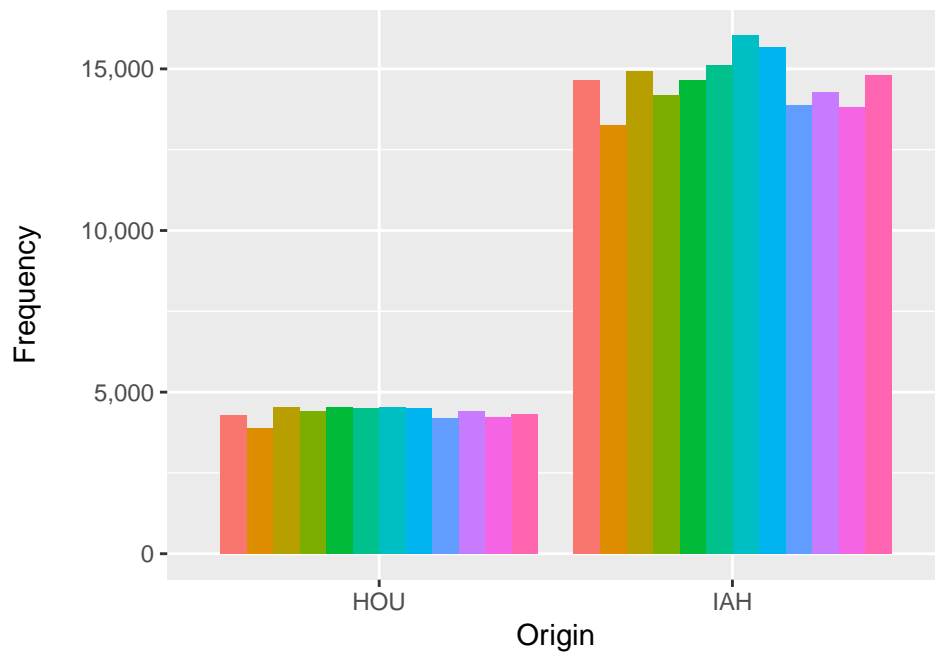
(b) Create a bar graph with `Month` on the x-axis, `Frequency` on the y-axis, with `dodge`d bars for each `Origin`.
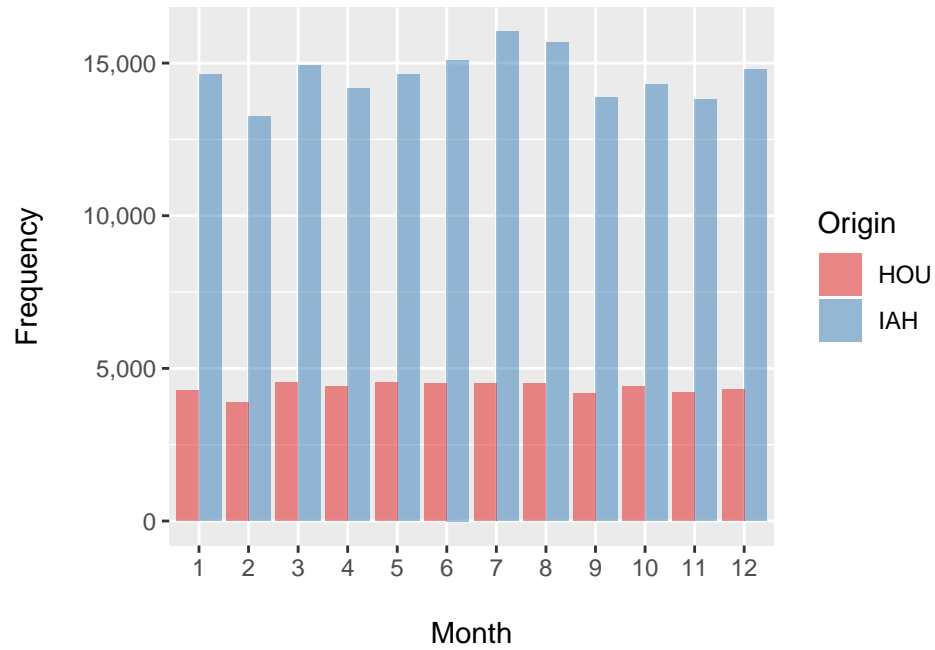
(c) Generate a line graph with `Month` on the x-axis, `Frequency` on the y-axis, by `Origin`, and include a `dotted` horizontal line indicating the mean `Frequency` for each `Origin`, using a minimalist `theme`.
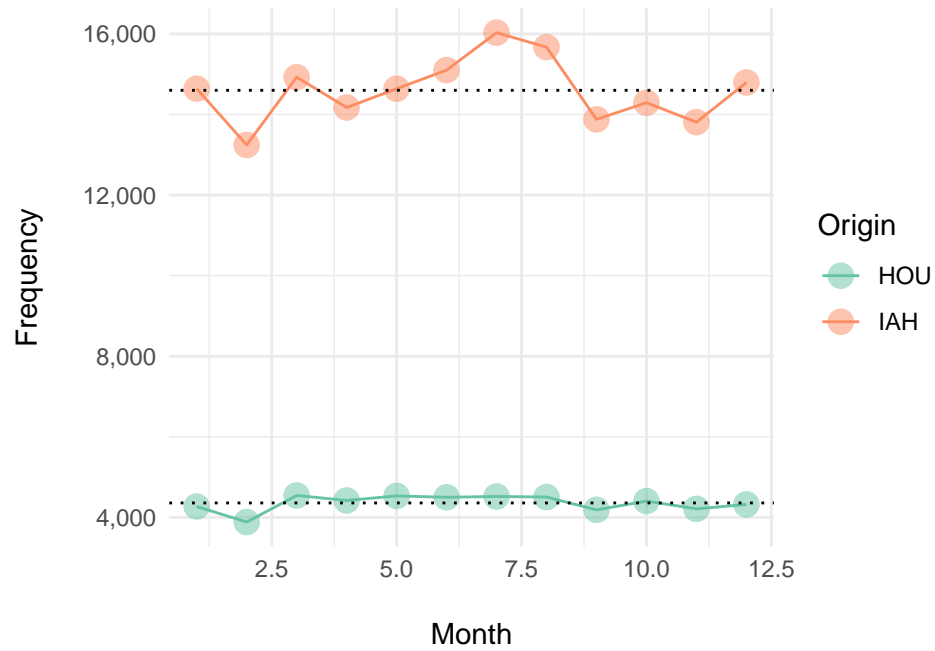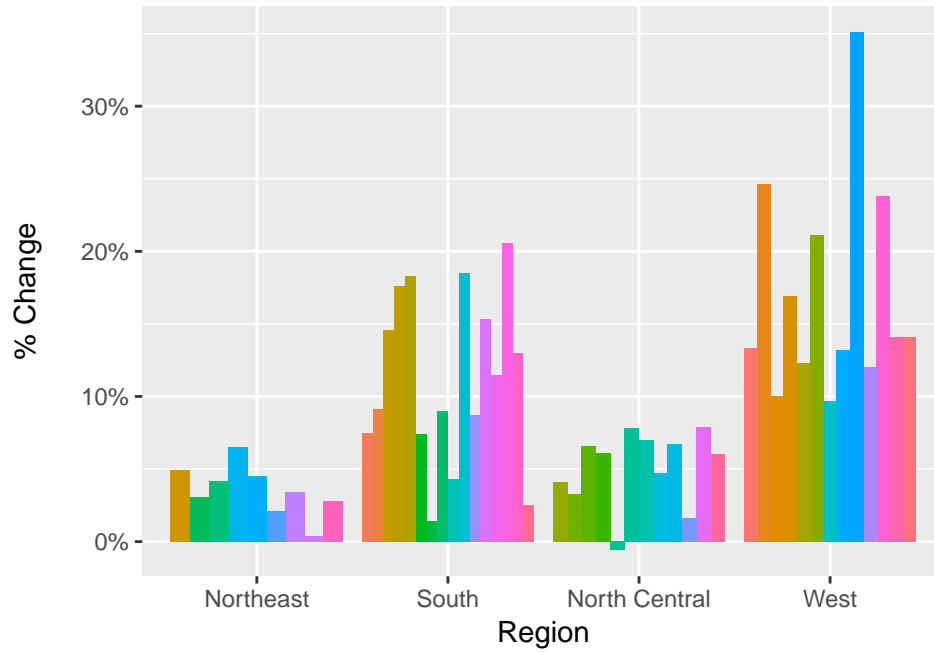
Question 6

The `gcookbook` package contains a dataset named `uspopchange`, which provides information on recent population changes in US States. We are interested in graphing the chnage in population across all states. Create the following graphs.
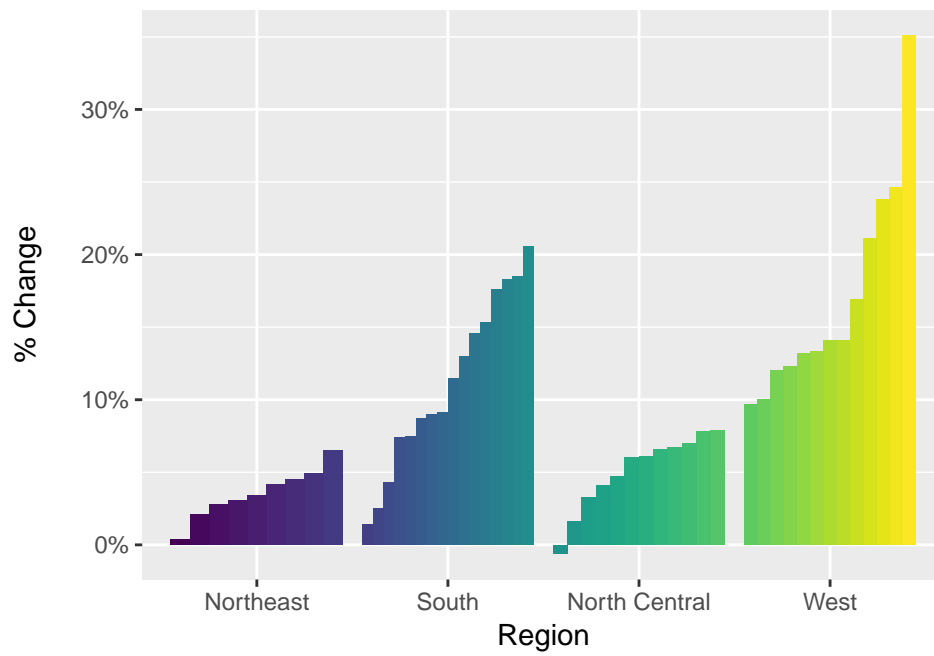
(a) Create a bar plot with `Percent Chnage` on the y-axis, `State` on the x-axis.
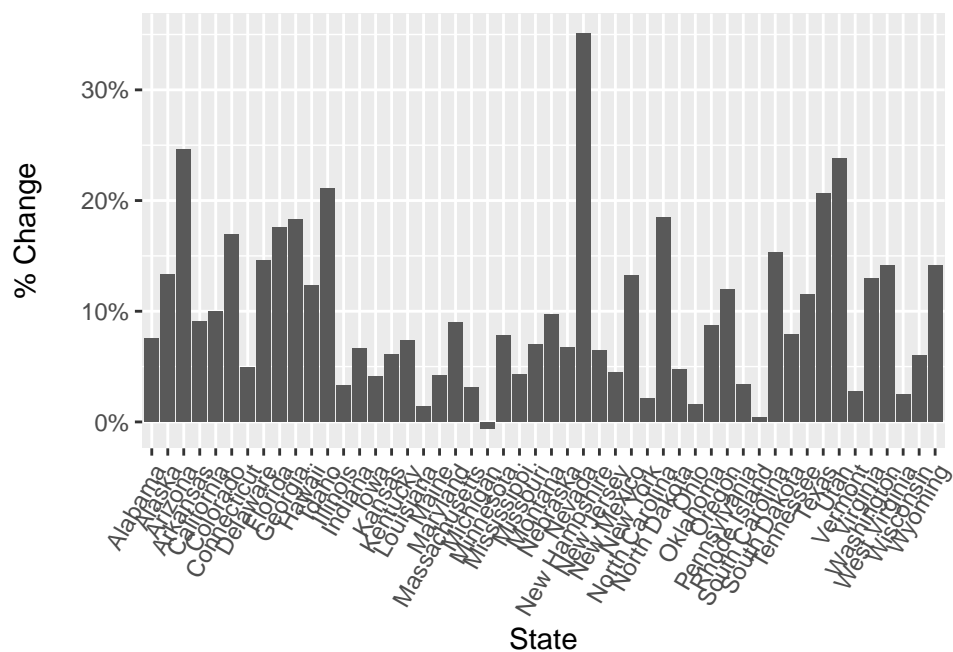
(b) Create a bar plot with `Percent Chnage` on the y-axis, `Region` on the x-axis, `dodge`d by state.

(c) Create a bar plot with `Percent Chnage` on the y-axis, `Region` on the x-axis, `dodge`d by state, arranged from lowest to highest within in `Region`.
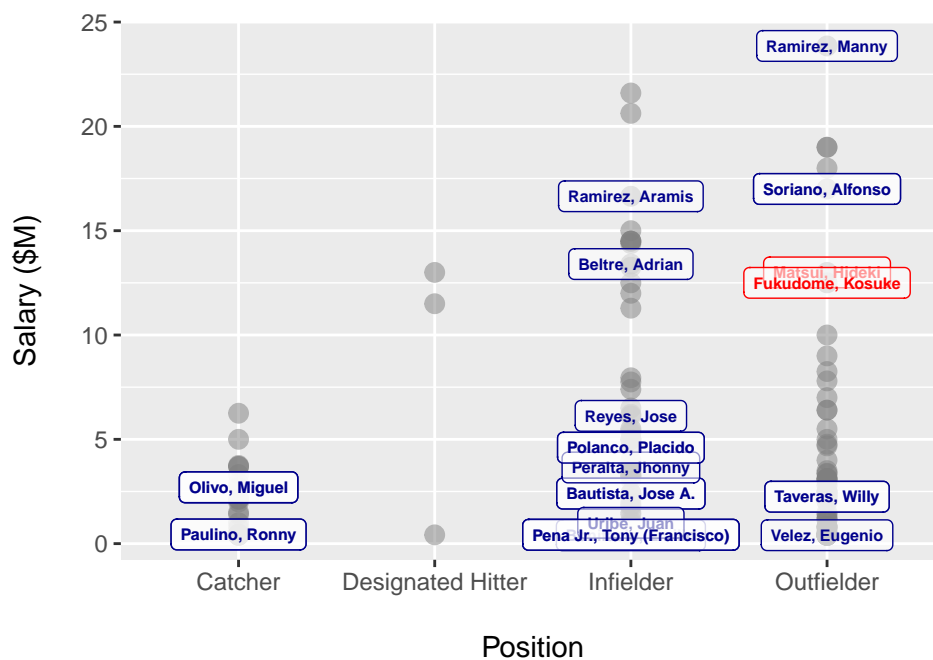
Question 7

Import the data set `mlb_01.csv` from the course DropBox folder.

(a) Generate a boxplot, with `Position.Name` on the x-axis, `Salary` in millions of dollars on the y-axis, and include, for each `Position.Name`, a marker indicating the mean `Salary`.
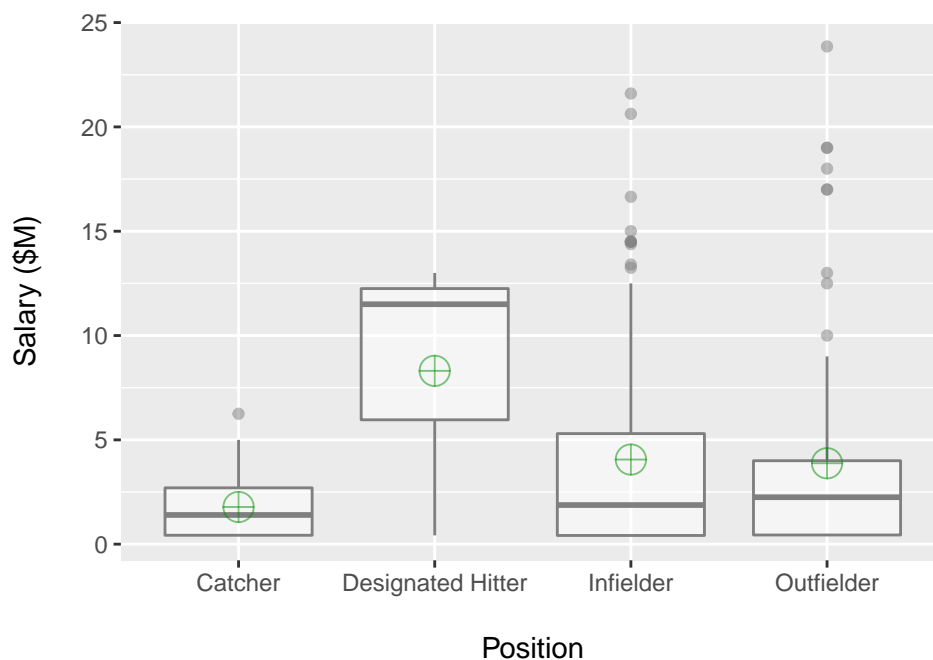
(b) Generate a sactter plot, with `Position.Name` on the x-axis, `Salary` in millions of dollars on the y-axis, and include, red `labels` for all Japanese players and blue `labels` for all Dominican players.

Question 8

Generate fictional stock data including `year` and `stockPrice` using teh following code:

```
set.seed(99)
myDF <- data.frame(year = sample(1965:2015, 10000, replace = T),
    stockPrice = rnorm(10000, 10, 2))
```

Generate a line graph with the mean `stockPrice` per `year` on the y-axis, the `year` on the x-axis, and include a `ribbon` that outlines the `min` and `max stockPrice` for a given year.