

# Assignment 005: Lab 5: Linux系统调用

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## 一、实验目的

- 1 学习Linux内核的配置和编译；
- 2 深入理解Linux系统调用；
- 3 理解ARM和x86的CPU模式（系统模式、用户模式等）的不同。

## 二、实验器材

### 硬件

- 树莓派板一块；
- 5V/1A电源一个；
- microUSB线一根；

## 三、实验步骤

### 1 下载raspberrypi的源代码

通过 `$git clone https://github.com/raspberrypi/linux.git`

`$git clone https://github.com/raspberrypi/firmware.git`

命令获得raspberrypi的内核代码，耗时较长；

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ git clone https://github.com/raspberrypi/linux.git
Cloning into 'linux'...
remote: Counting objects: 4291705, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (64/64), done.
```

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ git clone https://github.com/raspberrypi/firmware.git
Cloning into 'firmware'...
remote: Counting objects: 195947, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (3084/3084), done.
Receiving objects: 0% (548/195947), 428.01 KiB | 50 KiB/s
```

### 2 提取原有内核配置文件

`$cd linux`

`$sudo zcat /proc/config.gz > .config`

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ cd linux
pi@raspberrypi ~/linux $ sudo zcat /proc/config.gz >.config
pi@raspberrypi ~/linux $
```

### 3 建立系统调用文件

在arch/arm/kernel目录下创建mysyscall.c文件，内容如下：

```
#include <linux/kernel.h>
void hello(void){
    printk("Hello, World!\n");
}
~
~
~
```

#### 4 增加系统调用

在223的位置，修改系统调用，新增CALL(hello)；

```
/* 210 */    CALL(sys_getresuid)
             CALL(sys_setresgid)
             CALL(sys_chown)
             CALL(sys_setuid)
             CALL(sys_setgid)
/* 215 */    CALL(sys_setfsuid)
             CALL(sys_setfsgid)
             CALL(sys_getdents64)
             CALL(sys_pivot_root)
             CALL(sys_mincore)
/* 220 */    CALL(sys_madvise)
             CALL(ABI(sys_fcnt164, sys_oabi_fcnt164))
             CALL(sys_ni_syscall)
             CALL(hello)
             CALL(sys_gettid)
/* 225 */    CALL(ABI(sys_readahead, sys_cabi_readahead))
```

#### 5 修改makefile文件

在 obj-y 后面的加上 mysyscall.o ；

```
CFLAGS_REMOVE_patch.o = -pg
endif

CFLAGS_REMOVE_return_address.o = -pg

#Objext file lists.

obj-y      :=elf.o entry-armv.o entry-common.o irq.o opcodes.o \
             process.o [trace.o return_address.o sched_clock.o \
             setup.o signal.o stacktrace.o sys_arm.o time.o traps.o \
             mysyscall.o

obj-$(CONFIG_DEPRECATED_PARAM_STRCUT) += compat.o

obj-$(CONFIG_LEDS)      += leds.o
obj-$(CONFIG_OC_ETM)    += etm.o
obj-$(CONFIG_CPU_IDLE)  += cpuidle.o
obj-$(CONFIG_ISA_DMA_API) += dma.o
obj-$(CONFIG_FIQ)       += fiq.o fiqasm.o
```

6 使用已有配置配置内核

```
$ make oldconfig
```

7 编译内核

```
$ make
```

8 模块淡妆

```
$ mkdir mods
```

```
$ make modules_install MODULES_INSTALL_PATH=mods
```

```
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/mts_gsm.fw
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/mts_edge.fw
MKDIR    mods/lib.firmware/edgeport
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/edgeport/boot.fw
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/edgeport/boot2.fw
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/edgeport/down.fw
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/edgeport/down2.fw
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/edgeport/down3.fw
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/whiteheat_loader.fw
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/whiteheat.fw
MKDIR    mods/lib.firmware/keyspan_pda
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/keyspan_pda/keyspan_pda.fw
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/keyspan_pda/xircom_pgs.fw
MKDIR    mods/lib.firmware/cpia2
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/cpia2/stv0672_vp4.bin
MKDIR    mods/lib.firmware/yam
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/yam/1200.bin
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/yam/9600.bin
DEPMOD   3.6.11
pi@raspberrypi ~/linux-rpi-3.6.y $
```

9 备份已有内核和固件

```
$ cd ..
```

```
$ mkdir firmware_backup
```

```
$ cd /boot
```

```
$ cp *.elf *.bin *.img *.dat /home/pi/firmware_backup
```

```
MKDIR    mods/lib.firmware/cpia2
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/cpia2/stv0672_vp4.bin
MKDIR    mods/lib.firmware/yam
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/yam/1200.bin
INSTALL mods/lib.firmware/yam/9600.bin
DEPMOD   3.6.11
pi@raspberrypi ~/linux-rpi-3.6.y $ cd ..
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ mkdir firmware_backup
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ cd /boot
pi@raspberrypi /boot $ sudo cp *.elf *.bin *.dat *.img /home/pi/firmware_backup/
pi@raspberrypi /boot $
```

## 10 更新内核和固件

```
$ sudo cp linux-rpi-3.6.y/arch/arm/boot/Image /boot/kernel.img
$ sudo cp -r linux-rpi-3.6.y/mods/lib /
$ cd firmware/boot
$ sudo cp bootcode.bin fixup.dat fixup_cd.dat start.elf /boot
```

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ sudo cp linux-rpi-3.6.y/arch/arm/boot/Image /boot/kernel.img
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ sudo cp -r linux-rpi-3.6.y/mods/lib /
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ cd firmware/boot/
pi@raspberrypi ~/firmware/boot $ sudo cp bootcode.bin fixup.dat fixup_cd.dat start.elf /boot
pi@raspberrypi ~/firmware/boot $ █
```

## 11 重启

```
$ sudo reboot
```

## 12 编写程序测试系统调用，内容如下

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define sys_hello() {_asm_ _volatile_ ("swi 0x900000+223\n\t");} while(0)
int main(void)
{
    sys_hello();
    printf("Hello, MySysCall!\n");
    return 0;
}
~
~
```

## 13 编译运行，在最后一行获得系统调用结果"Hello World!"

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ ./syshello
Hello, MySysCall!
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ dmesg |tail
[  4.670810] VFS: Mounted root (ext4 filesystem) readonly on device 179:2.
[  4.681079] devtmpfs: mounted
[  4.687134] Freeing unused kernel memory: 340K (c07a7000 - c07fc000)
[  6.258032] udevd[159]: starting version 175
[ 12.067392] EXT4-fs (mmcblk0p2): re-mounted. Opts: (null)
[ 13.204277] EXT4-fs (mmcblk0p2): re-mounted. Opts: (null)
[ 14.042355] random: nonblocking pool is initialized
[ 23.433270] smsc95xx 1-1.1:1.0 eth0: hardware isn't capable of remote wakeup
[ 24.845805] smsc95xx 1-1.1:1.0 eth0: link up, 100Mbps, full-duplex, lpa 0x4DE1
[ 31.344241] Adding 102396k swap on /var/swap. Priority:-1 extents:2 across:2134012k SSFS
[ 571.431621] Hello, World!
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ █
```