# 任务10: 浙大校网VPN

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搞定在校网上拨VPN出校。

#### 实现目的

- 1 了解Acadia或RPi或WRTnode中如何对网络进行配置;
- 2 了解Acadia或RPi或WRTnode中如何对VPN进行连接。

#### 硬件

- Acadia或RPi或WRTnode板一块;
- 5V/1A电源一个;
- microUSB线一根;
- USB-TTL串口线一根(FT232RL芯片或PL2303芯片)。 以下为自备(可选)器材:
  - PC (Windows/Mac OS/Linux) 一台;
  - 声卡一个;
  - 以太网线一根(可能还需要路由器等)。软件
  - PC上的USB-TTL串口线配套的驱动程序;
  - PC上的串口终端软件,如minicom、picocom、putty等;
  - PC上的SSH软件,如putty等。

# 软件

- PC上的USB-TTL串口线配套的驱动程序;
- PC上的串口终端软件,如minicom、picocom、putty等;
- PC上的SSH软件,如putty等。

# 实验步骤

1 Acadia设定mac地址

```
root@Acadia:~# sudo ifconfig eth0 down hw ether 3C:97:0E:17:EF:16
root@Acadia:~# sudo ifconfig eth0 up
eth0: Freescale FEC PHY driver [Generic PHY] (mii_bus:phy_addr=1:01, irq=-1)
root@Acadia:~# PHY: 1:01 - Link is Up - 100/Full
root@Acadia:~# ifconfig
         Link encap:Ethernet HWadd 3c:97:0e:17:ef:16
         inet addr:192.168.1.12 Bcast:192.168.1.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
         RX packets:592 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:467 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
         RX bytes:548773 (548.7 KB) TX bytes:30334 (30.3 KB)
         Link encap:Local Loopback
lo
         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
         RX packets:188 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:188 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
         RX bytes:20754 (20.7 KB) TX bytes:20754 (20.7 KB)
```

# 2 设定静态ip,网关,子网掩码

#### root@Acadia:~# sudo vi /etc/network/interfaces

```
# interfaces(5) file used by ifup(8) and ifdown(8)
#iface lo inet loopback

# The loopback interface
auto lo
iface lo inet loopback
auto eth0
iface eth0 inet static
#your static IP
address 222.205.49.45
#your gateway IP
gateway 222.205.49.1
netmask 255.255.255.0
#your network address "family"
network 10.5.1.9
broadcast 192.168.1.255
```

#### 3. 设定DNS

root@Acadia:~# sudo vi /etc/resolv.conf

rameserver 10.10.0.21

#### 3.重启网络

root@Acadia:~# sudo /etc/init.d/networking restart

#### 测试内网成功

```
PING www.nexushd.org (10.13.87.106): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 10.13.87.106: icmp_seq=0 ttl=60 time=33.472 ms
64 bytes from 10.13.87.106: icmp_seq=1 ttl=60 time=151.473 ms
64 bytes from 10.13.87.106: icmp_seq=2 ttl=60 time=60.629 ms
64 bytes from 10.13.87.106: icmp_seq=3 ttl=60 time=14.951 ms
```

#### 4.安装一个xlt2p的包

```
root@Acadia:~# sudo apt-get install xl2tpd
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following extra packages will be installed:
   libpcap0.8 ppp
The following NEW packages will be installed:
   libpcap0.8 ppp xl2tpd
0 upgraded, 3 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 489 kB of archives.
After this operation, 1144 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue [Y/n]?
```

### 5.下载vpn脚本

#### 6.更改路径

```
root@Acadia:~# mv ./vpn-zju /usr/sbin/vpn-zju
```

# 7. 更改权限

```
root@Acadia:~# chmod u+x /usr/sbin/vpn-zju
```

# 8.配置账号

```
root@Acadia:~# vpn-zju -c
rm: cannot remove `/etc/ppp/peers/zjuvpn': No such file or directory
Username: 3120104243@c
Password:
```

# 9.拨号上网

```
root@Acadia:~# sudo vpn-zju
[MSG] Disconnecting VPN ... Done!

tail: cannot open `/var/log/zjuvpn' for reading: No such file or directory
[MSG] Trying to bring up vpn... 0
[LOG] pppd: Couldn't open the /dev/ppp device: No such file or directory
[MSG] Trying to bring up vpn... 1
[MSG] Trying to bring up vpn... 2
[MSG] Trying to bring up vpn... 3
[MSG] Trying to bring up vpn... 3
```

#### 10.测试外网数据

```
PING www.a.shifen.com (115.239.210.27): 56 data bytes
Request timeout for icmp_seq 0
64 bytes from 115.239.210.27: icmp_seq=1 ttl=53 time=184.452 ms
64 bytes from 115.239.210.27: icmp_seq=2 ttl=53 time=441.325 ms
Request timeout for icmp_seq 3
Request timeout for icmp_seq 4
Request timeout for icmp_seq 5
Request timeout for icmp_seq 6
64 bytes from 115.239.210.27: icmp_seq=7 ttl=53 time=8.771 ms
```

### 成功。

#### 感想:

学习了一下浙大校网VPN在嵌入式上的使用。 深入理解了linux下的网路配置的方法。 通过学习这次实验,让我们更加方便的进入嵌入式的学习。