安装 httpd+php+mysql

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在 PCDuino 上安装 httpd+php+mysql 环境。

实现目的

熟悉树莓派在 linux 下软件的安装; 掌握 httpd、php、mysql 的安装与配置。

实验器材

硬件

pcDuino v2 板一块;

5V/1A 电源一个;

microUSB 线一根;

USB-TTL 串口线一根(FT232RL 芯片或 PL2303 芯片)。

以下为自备(可选)器材:

PC (Windows/Mac OS/Linux) 一台;

以太网线一根 (可能还需要路由器等)。

软件

PC上的 USB-TTL 串口线配套的驱动程序;

PC 上的串口终端软件,如 minicom、picocom、putty等;

PC 上的 SSH 软件,如 putty等。

实验步骤

在 pcDuino 上安装并配置 apache;

验证 apache 已经安装并能成功访问;

在 pcDuino 上安装并配置 php;

写一个 php 脚本验证 php 已经安装成功;

在 pcDuino 上安装并配置 mysql; 写一个 php 脚本访问 mysql,验证 mysql 安装成功。

实验过程与结果分析

本次实验主要使用 apt-get 命令来安装对应服务,方便快捷。

1. 升级 apt-get 源。sudo apt-get update

```
Hit http://raspberrypi.collabora.com wheezy Release.gpg
Hit http://raspberrypi.collabora.com wheezy Release
Hit http://raspberrypi.collabora.com wheezy Release
Hit http://raspberrypi.collabora.com wheezy/rpi armhf Packages
Hit http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy Release.gpg
Hit http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/main armhf Packages
Hit http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/main armhf Packages
Hit http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/contrib armhf Packages
Hit http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/non-free armhf Packages
Hit http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/rpi armhf Packages
Ign http://raspberrypi.collabora.com wheezy/rpi Translation-en_GB
Ign http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/contrib Translation-en_GB
Ign http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/contrib Translation-en_Ign http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/contrib Translation-en_Ign http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/contrib Translation-en_Ign http://mirrordirector.raspbian.org wheezy/main Translation-en_Ign http://mirrordirector.ra
```

2. 安装 apache2,使用命令 apt-get install apache2 安装过程截图:

树莓派的 ip 地址是 192.168.3.2

打开浏览器,访问 http://192.168.3.2/,结果如下,显示 It works! 这是 apache2 的默认页面,证明 apache 安装成功。



3. 安装 php。

使用命令 sudo apt-get install php5

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ sudo apt-get install php5
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following extra packages will be installed:
 apache2-mpm-prefork libapache2-mod-php5 libonig2 libqdbm14 lsof php5-cli php5-common
Suggested packages:
  php-pear
The following packages will be REMOVED:
 apache2-mpm-worker
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 apache2-mpm-prefork libapache2-mod-php5 libonig2 libadbm14 lsof php5 php5-cli php5-common
0 upgraded, 8 newly installed, 1 to remove and 23 not upgraded.
Need to get 6,136 kB of archives.
After this operation, 17.5 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue [Y/n]? Y
0% [Waiting for headers]
```

重启 Apache 服务,开启 php,sudo /etc/init.d/apache2 restart 接下来测试 php 是否正确安装,apache2 的默认主目录是/var/www/sudo vi /var/www/testphp.php 写入一小段 php 脚本

html	
<html></html>	
 <body></body>	
php</th <th></th>	
echo "Hello World!";	
?>	

打开浏览器,访问 http://192.168.3.2/test.php



Hello World!

结果如图所示,证明 php 安装成功。

4. 安装 mysql

使用命令 sudo apt-get install mysql-server

```
pi@raspberrypi - $ sudo apt-get install mysql-server
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following extra packages will be installed:
heirloom-mailx libaioi libdud-mysql-perl libdui-perl libhtml-template-perl libmysqlclient16 mysql-client-5.5 mysql-server-5.5 mysql-server-core-5.5
Suggested packages:
eximi mail-transport-agent libipc-sharedcache-perl libterm-readkey-perl tinyca
Recommended packages:
mailx
The following NEW packages will be installed:
heirloom-mailx libaioi libdud-mysql-perl libdui-perl libhtml-template-perl libmysqlclient16 mysql-client-5.5 mysql-server mysql-server-5.5 mysql-server-core-5.5
0 uppraded, 10 newly installed, 0 to remove and 23 not upgraded.
Need to get 9,880 kB of archives.
After this operation, 90.9 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you won't continue [Y/n]? Y
```

使用命令 sudo apt-get install libapache2-mod-auth-mysql, 安装 apache 的 MySQL 模块。

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ sudo apt-get install libapache2-mod-auth-mysql
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following extra packages will be installed:
   libmysqlclient18 mysql-common
The following NEW packages will be installed:
   libapache2-mod-auth-mysql libmysqlclient18 mysql-common
0 upgraded, 3 newly installed, 0 to remove and 23 not upgraded.
Need to get 726 kB of archives.
```

在使用 sudo apt-get install php5-mysql, 安装 php 的 mysql 模块。

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ sudo apt-get install php5-mysql
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following NEW packages will be installed:
   php5-mysql
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 23 not upgraded.
Need to get 69.2 kB of archives.
After this operation, 220 kB of additional disk space will be used.
```

重启 apache 服务。

现在 mysql 己安装完成,下面写一个 php 脚本来测试 mysql。

直接打开 mysql 创建一个数据库 my_db,并且创建表 Person 并插入一条数据。

之后 vi /var/www/test.php,脚本如下:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<!php
$con = mysql_connect("localhost","root","root");
if (!$con){
```

```
die('Could not connect: '. mysql_error());
}
mysql_select_db("my_db", $con);
$result = mysql_query("SELECT * FROM Person");

while($row = mysql_fetch_array($result))
{
    echo "ID: " . $row['id'] . ",AGE: " . $row['Age'];
    echo "<br/>'>";
}

mysql_close($con);
?>
</body>
</body>
</body></body>
</body>
```

打开浏览器访问: http://192.168.3.2/test.php



ID: 1234,AGE: 20

成功查询表并返回结果,结果符合预期,证明 mysql 成功安装。

感想

这是第一次嵌入式实验。这次实验复习了一下 apache+mysql+php 的经典架构的 安装和测试,并没有做特别的优化处理。初步体会了嵌入式设备的方便,可以十分迅速的建立起一个 php 服务器,而且便携。