

Full DOE Model Analysis Summary

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Model Fit Statistics

Metric	Value
R-squared	0.3897
Adjusted R-squared	0.3718
F-statistic	21.72
p-value (F-statistic)	< 0.001
Total Parameters	820
Significant Terms (p ≤ 0.05)	31
Residual Std. Error	1.3208
Degrees of Freedom (Model)	437
Degrees of Freedom (Residual)	7382

ANOVA Table (Type I - Sequential)

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F-stat	p-value
Transceiver Mfr	9	3416.87	379.65	217.44	<0.001
Rack Unit	40	420.47	10.51	6.02	<0.001
Fan Speed Range	1	1.65	1.65	0.95	0.331
Mfr × Rack Unit	360	4773.00	13.26	7.59	<0.001
Mfr × Fan Speed	27	47.09	1.74	1.00	0.456
Rack Unit × Fan Speed	40	82.57	2.06	1.18	0.200
Mfr × Rack × Fan	360	627.61	1.74	1.00	0.496
Residual (Pure Error)	7382	12869.75	1.74	N/A	N/A

Lack-of-Fit Test (Using Pure Error)

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F-statistic	p-value
Lack of Fit	0	0	N/A	0.000	1.000
Pure Error	7382	12869.75	1.743	N/A	N/A
Total Error	7382	12869.75	1.743	N/A	N/A

Model Interpretation

- **Model Significance:** The full model is highly significant ($F = 21.72$, $p < 0.001$), indicating that the factors have a significant effect on Interface Temperature.
- **Primary Effects:** Transceiver Manufacturer is the most significant factor ($F = 217.44$), followed by the interaction between Manufacturer and Rack Unit ($F = 7.59$).
- **Model Fit:** $R^2 = 0.3897$ indicates that approximately 39% of the variance in Interface Temperature is explained by the model factors and their interactions.
- **Lack of Fit:** The perfect fit ($F = 0$, $p = 1.0$) indicates the model is capturing the systematic relationships in the data with no significant lack of fit against pure error.
- **Interactive Effects:** The significant Manufacturer \times Rack Unit interaction suggests that the effect of transceiver manufacturer on temperature depends on the rack unit location.