Project Euler #38: Pandigital multiples

This problem is a programming version of Problem 38 from projecteuler.net

Take the number \$192\$ and multiply it by each of \$1\$, \$2\$, and \$3\$: $$\$192 \times 1 = 192 \setminus 192 \times 2 = 384 \setminus 192 \times 3 = 576\$$

By concatenating each product we get the \$1\$ to \$9\$ pandigital, \$192384576\$. We will call \$192384576\$ the concatenated product of \$192\$ and \$(1,2,3)\$

The same can be achieved by starting with \$9\$ and multiplying by \$1\$, \$2\$, \$3\$, \$4\$, and \$5\$, giving the pandigital, \$918273645\$, which is the concatenated product of \$9\$ and \$(1,2,3,4,5)\$. Let's call 9 as the Multiplier \$M\$

The similar process can be shown for \$1\$ to \$8\$ pandigital also. \$18\$ when multiplied by \$1,2,3,4\$ gives \$18365472\$ which is \$1-8\$ pandigital.

You are given N and K where K = 8 or 9, find the multipliers for that given K below N and print them in ascending order.

Input Format

Input contains two integer \$N\$ and \$K\$.

Output Format

Print the answer corresponding to the test case.

Constraints

\$100 \le N \le 10^5\$ \$8 \le K \le 9\$ \$1 < M\$

Sample Input

100 8

Sample Output

18

78