Educational Deep Learning Network

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.2

1 Todo List	1
2 Class Index	3
2.1 Class List	3
3 File Index	5
3.1 File List	5
4 Class Documentation	7
4.1 Categorization Class Reference	7
4.1.1 Detailed Description	7
4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	7
4.1.2.1 Categorization() [1/4]	7
4.1.2.2 Categorization() [2/4]	8
4.1.2.3 Categorization() [3/4]	8
4.1.2.4 Categorization() [4/4]	8
4.1.3 Member Function Documentation	8
4.1.3.1 close_enough() [1/2]	8
4.1.3.2 close_enough() [2/2]	9
4.1.3.3 normalize()	9
4.1.3.4 probabilities()	9
4.1.3.5 size()	9
4.2 dataItem Class Reference	10
4.2.1 Detailed Description	10
4.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	10
4.2.2.1 dataItem() [1/3]	10
4.2.2.2 dataltem() [2/3]	11
4.2.2.3 dataltem() [3/3]	11
4.2.3 Member Function Documentation	11
4.2.3.1 data_size()	11
4.2.3.2 data_values()	11
4.2.3.3 label_size()	11
4.2.3.4 label_values()	12
4.2.4 Member Data Documentation	12
4.2.4.1 data	12
4.2.4.2 label	12
4.3 Dataset Class Reference	12
4.3.1 Detailed Description	13
4.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	13
4.3.2.1 Dataset() [1/3]	13
4.3.2.2 Dataset() [2/3]	14
4.3.2.3 Dataset() [3/3]	14
4.3.3 Member Function Documentation	14

4.3.3.1 batch()	 14
4.3.3.2 data()	 14
4.3.3.3 data_size()	 15
4.3.3.4 data_vals()	 15
4.3.3.5 inputs()	 15
4.3.3.6 item()	 16
4.3.3.7 label_size()	 16
4.3.3.8 label_vals()	 16
4.3.3.9 labels()	 17
4.3.3.10 push_back()	 17
4.3.3.11 readTest()	 17
4.3.3.12 set_lowerbound()	 18
4.3.3.13 set_number()	 18
4.3.3.14 shuffle()	 18
4.3.3.15 size()	 19
4.3.3.16 split()	 19
4.3.3.17 stack()	 19
4.3.3.18 stacked_data_vals()	 20
4.3.3.19 stacked_label_vals()	 20
4.3.4 Member Data Documentation	 20
4.3.4.1 path	 20
4.4 Layer Class Reference	 21
4.4.1 Detailed Description	 22
4.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	 22
4.4.2.1 Layer() [1/2]	 22
4.4.2.2 Layer() [2/2]	 22
4.4.3 Member Function Documentation	 22
4.4.3.1 allocate_batch_specific_temporaries()	 22
4.4.3.2 backward()	 23
4.4.3.3 forward()	 23
4.4.3.4 input() [1/2]	 24
4.4.3.5 input() [2/2]	 24
4.4.3.6 input_size()	 24
4.4.3.7 intermediate()	 24
4.4.3.8 output_size()	 24
4.4.3.9 set_activation() [1/3]	 24
4.4.3.10 set_activation() [2/3]	 25
4.4.3.11 set_activation() [3/3]	 25
4.4.3.12 set_number()	 25
4.4.3.13 set_topdelta()	 25
4.4.3.14 set_uniform_biases()	 26
4.4.3.15 set_uniform_weights()	 26

4.4.3.16 update_dw()	. 26
4.4.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation	. 26
4.4.4.1 Net	. 26
4.4.5 Member Data Documentation	. 27
4.4.5.1 activation_name	. 27
4.5 Matrix Class Reference	. 27
4.5.1 Detailed Description	. 28
4.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	. 28
4.5.2.1 Matrix() [1/2]	. 28
4.5.2.2 Matrix() [2/2]	. 28
4.5.3 Member Function Documentation	. 28
4.5.3.1 addvh()	. 29
4.5.3.2 axpy()	. 29
4.5.3.3 colsize()	. 29
4.5.3.4 data() [1/2]	. 29
4.5.3.5 data() [2/2]	. 30
4.5.3.6 meanv()	. 30
4.5.3.7 mmp()	. 30
4.5.3.8 mvp()	. 31
4.5.3.9 mvpt()	. 31
4.5.3.10 nelements()	. 31
4.5.3.11 normf()	. 32
4.5.3.12 notinf()	. 32
4.5.3.13 notnan()	. 32
4.5.3.14 operator*()	. 32
4.5.3.15 operator+()	. 33
4.5.3.16 operator-() [1/2]	. 33
4.5.3.17 operator-() [2/2]	. 33
4.5.3.18 operator/()	. 33
4.5.3.19 operator=()	. 34
4.5.3.20 outerProduct()	. 34
4.5.3.21 rowsize()	. 34
4.5.3.22 show()	. 34
4.5.3.23 square()	. 35
4.5.3.24 transpose()	. 35
4.5.3.25 values() [1/2]	. 35
4.5.3.26 values() [2/2]	. 35
4.5.3.27 zeros()	. 35
4.5.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation	. 36
4.5.4.1 operator*	. 36
4.5.4.2 operator/	. 36
4.6 Net Class Reference	. 36

4.6.1 Detailed Description
4.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
4.6.2.1 Net() [1/2]
4.6.2.2 Net() [2/2]
4.6.3 Member Function Documentation
4.6.3.1 accuracy()
4.6.3.2 addLayer()
4.6.3.3 allocate_batch_specific_temporaries()
4.6.3.4 at() [1/2]
4.6.3.5 at() [2/2]
4.6.3.6 backlayer() [1/2]
4.6.3.7 backlayer() [2/2]
4.6.3.8 backPropagate()
4.6.3.9 calculate_initial_delta()
4.6.3.10 calculateLoss()
4.6.3.11 create_output_batch()
4.6.3.12 decay()
4.6.3.13 feedForward() [1/2]
4.6.3.14 feedForward() [2/2]
4.6.3.15 info()
4.6.3.16 inputsize()
4.6.3.17 layer()
4.6.3.18 learning_rate()
4.6.3.19 loadModel()
4.6.3.20 momentum()
4.6.3.21 optimizer()
4.6.3.22 outputsize()
4.6.3.23 push_layer()
4.6.3.24 RMSprop()
4.6.3.25 saveModel()
4.6.3.26 set_decay()
4.6.3.27 set_learning_rate()
4.6.3.28 set_lossfunction()
4.6.3.29 set_momentum()
4.6.3.30 set_optimizer()
4.6.3.31 set_uniform_biases()
4.6.3.32 set_uniform_weights()
4.6.3.33 SGD()
4.6.3.34 show()
4.6.3.35 train()
4.6.4 Member Data Documentation
4.6.4.1 optimize

4.7 Vector Class Reference	52
4.7.1 Detailed Description	52
4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	52
4.7.2.1 Vector() [1/4]	53
4.7.2.2 Vector() [2/4]	53
4.7.2.3 Vector() [3/4]	53
4.7.2.4 Vector() [4/4]	53
4.7.3 Member Function Documentation	53
4.7.3.1 add()	54
4.7.3.2 copy_from()	54
4.7.3.3 data() [1/2]	54
4.7.3.4 data() [2/2]	54
4.7.3.5 operator*()	54
4.7.3.6 operator+()	55
4.7.3.7 operator-() [1/2]	55
4.7.3.8 operator-() [2/2]	55
4.7.3.9 operator/()	55
4.7.3.10 operator/=()	56
4.7.3.11 operator=()	56
4.7.3.12 operator[]() [1/2]	56
4.7.3.13 operator[]() [2/2]	56
4.7.3.14 positive()	56
4.7.3.15 set_ax()	57
4.7.3.16 show()	57
4.7.3.17 size()	57
4.7.3.18 square()	57
4.7.3.19 values() [1/2]	57
4.7.3.20 values() [2/2]	58
4.7.3.21 zeros()	58
4.7.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation	58
4.7.4.1 Matrix	58
4.7.4.2 operator*	58
4.7.4.3 operator	59
4.7.4.4 VectorBatch	59
4.7.5 Member Data Documentation	59
4.7.5.1 c	59
4.7.5.2 r	59
4.8 VectorBatch Class Reference	60
4.8.1 Detailed Description	61
4.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	61
4.8.2.1 VectorBatch() [1/4]	61
4.8.2.2 VectorBatch() [2/4]	62

4.8.2.3 VectorB	atch() [3/4] .	 	 	 	 	62
4.8.2.4 VectorB	atch() [4/4] .	 	 	 	 	63
4.8.3 Member Function	Documentation	 	 	 	 	63
4.8.3.1 add_veo	ctor()	 	 	 	 	63
4.8.3.2 addh()		 	 	 	 	64
4.8.3.3 allocate	()	 	 	 	 	64
4.8.3.4 at() .		 	 	 	 	65
4.8.3.5 batch_s	ize()	 	 	 	 	65
4.8.3.6 copy_fro	om()	 	 	 	 	66
4.8.3.7 data() [1/3]	 	 	 	 	66
4.8.3.8 data() [2/3]	 	 	 	 	66
4.8.3.9 data() [3/3]	 	 	 	 	66
4.8.3.10 display	<u>(</u> ()	 	 	 	 	67
4.8.3.11 extract	_vector()	 	 	 	 	67
4.8.3.12 get_co	l()	 	 	 	 	68
4.8.3.13 get_ro	w()	 	 	 	 	68
4.8.3.14 get_ve	ctor()	 	 	 	 	68
4.8.3.15 get_ve	ctorObj()	 	 	 	 	68
4.8.3.16 hadam	nard()	 	 	 	 	69
4.8.3.17 item_s	ize()	 	 	 	 	69
4.8.3.18 meanh	n()	 	 	 	 	69
4.8.3.19 nelem	ents()	 	 	 	 	70
4.8.3.20 normf()	 	 	 	 	70
4.8.3.21 notinf()	 	 	 	 	70
4.8.3.22 notnar	n()	 	 	 	 	71
4.8.3.23 operat	or*()	 	 	 	 	71
4.8.3.24 operat	or-() [1/2]	 	 	 	 	71
4.8.3.25 operat	or-() [2/2]	 	 	 	 	71
4.8.3.26 operat	or/()	 	 	 	 	72
4.8.3.27 operat	or=()	 	 	 	 	72
4.8.3.28 outer2	()	 	 	 	 	72
4.8.3.29 positiv	e()	 	 	 	 	73
4.8.3.30 resize()	 	 	 	 	73
4.8.3.31 scaleb	y()	 	 	 	 	73
4.8.3.32 set_ba	tch_size()	 	 	 	 	74
4.8.3.33 set_co	l()	 	 	 	 	74
4.8.3.34 set_ite	m_size()	 	 	 	 	75
4.8.3.35 set_ro	w()	 	 	 	 	75
4.8.3.36 set_ve	ctor()	 	 	 	 	75
4.8.3.37 show()		 	 	 	 	76
4.8.3.38 size()		 	 	 	 	76
4.8.3.39 v2mp()	 	 	 	 	76

4.8.3.40 v2mtp()	77
4.8.3.41 v2tmp()	77
4.8.3.42 vals_vector() [1/2]	78
4.8.3.43 vals_vector() [2/2]	78
4.8.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation	78
4.8.4.1 Matrix	78
4.8.4.2 operator*	78
4.8.4.3 operator/	79
4.8.4.4 Vector	79
5 File Documentation	81
5.1 configure.py	81
5.2 dataset.cpp	81
5.3 dataset.h	84
5.4 funcs.cpp	85
5.5 funcs.h	89
5.6 layer.cpp	90
5.7 layer.h	92
5.8 Make.inc	94
5.9 matrix.cpp	94
5.10 matrix.h	95
5.11 matrix_impl_blis.cpp	96
5.12 matrix_impl_reference.cpp	98
5.13 net.cpp	100
5.14 net.h	106
5.15 net_mpi.cpp	107
5.16 test_linear.cpp	108
5.17 test_mnist.cpp	110
5.18 test_mpi.cpp	112
5.19 test_posneg.cpp	114
5.20 trace.cpp	115
5.21 trace.h	116
5.22 unittest.cpp	116
5.23 vector.cpp	118
5.24 vector.h	120
5.25 vector2.cpp	121
5.26 vector2.h	124
5.27 vector_impl_blis.cpp	126
5.28 vector_impl_reference.cpp	127
5.29 vectorbatch_impl_blis.cpp	128
5.30 vectorbatch_impl_reference.cpp	130
Index	135

Chapter 1

Todo List

```
Member Net::addLayer (int I, acFunc activation)
    this one probably has to go

Member Net::calculate_initial_delta (VectorBatch &result, VectorBatch &gTruth)
    stuff to be done?

Member VectorBatch::add_vector (const std::vector< float > &v)
    use the allocate method

Member VectorBatch::set_batch_size (int n)
    should be private, maybe eliminated?

Member VectorBatch::set_col (int j, const std::vector< float > &v)
    rename to set_vector?

Member VectorBatch::set_item_size (int n)
    should be private, maybe eliminated?
```

2 Todo List

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

gorization	. 7
ltem	. 10
set	. 12
r	. 21
ix	. 27
	. 36
or	. 52
orBatch	. 60

4 Class Index

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

configure.py	??
dataset.cpp	??
dataset.h	??
funcs.cpp	??
funcs.h	??
layer.cpp	??
layer.h	??
Make.inc	??
matrix.cpp	??
matrix.h	??
matrix_impl_blis.cpp	??
matrix_impl_reference.cpp	??
net.cpp	??
net.h	??
net_mpi.cpp	??
test_linear.cpp	??
test_mnist.cpp	??
test_mpi.cpp	??
test_posneg.cpp	??
trace.cpp	??
trace.h	??
unittest.cpp	??
vector.cpp	??
vector.h	??
vector2.cpp	??
vector2.h	??
vector_impl_blis.cpp	??
vector_impl_reference.cpp	??
vectorbatch_impl_blis.cpp	??
vootorbatch impli reference onn	22

6 File Index

Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 Categorization Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- Categorization (Vector v)
- Categorization (std::vector< float > p)
- Categorization (int n)
- Categorization (int n, int i)
- const std::vector< float > & probabilities () const
- int size () const
- void normalize ()
- bool close_enough (const Categorization &approx) const
- bool close_enough (const std::vector< float > &approx) const

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 68 of file vector.h.

4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.2.1 Categorization() [1/4]

4.1.2.2 Categorization() [2/4]

```
Categorization::Categorization ( std::vector < float > p ) \quad [inline] \\  \label{eq:categorization}  \mbox{Definition at line 74 of file vector.h.} \\  \mbox{00075} \qquad : \_probabilities(p) \ \{\};
```

4.1.2.3 Categorization() [3/4]

4.1.2.4 Categorization() [4/4]

4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

4.1.3.1 close_enough() [1/2]

4.1.3.2 close_enough() [2/2]

```
bool Categorization::close_enough (
                const std::vector< float > & approx ) const [inline]
Definition at line 92 of file vector.h.
00092
00093
           assert( size() == approx.size() );
00094
           //return _probabilities==approx;
00095
           bool close{true};
           for ( int i=0; i<size(); i++) {
  close = close and</pre>
00096
00097
00098
           ( ( _probabilities.at(i) == approx.at(i) )
  or ( approx.at(i) == 0. and ( std::abs(_probabilities.at(i)) < 1.e-5 ) )</pre>
00099
00100
             or (std::abs((_probabilities.at(i)-approx.at(i))/approx.at(i))<1.e-5)
00101
00102
00103
           return close;
00104
        };
```

4.1.3.3 normalize()

```
void Categorization::normalize ( ) [inline]
```

Definition at line 84 of file vector.h.

```
00084
00085 auto it = std::max_element(_probabilities.begin(), _probabilities.end());
00086 std::fill(_probabilities.begin(), _probabilities.end(), 0);
00087 *it = 1;
00088 };
```

4.1.3.4 probabilities()

```
const std::vector< float > & Categorization::probabilities ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 82 of file vector.h.

```
00082 { return _probabilities; };
```

4.1.3.5 size()

```
int Categorization::size ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 83 of file vector.h.

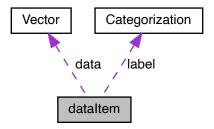
```
00083 { return _probabilities.size(); };
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· vector.h

4.2 dataItem Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for dataItem:



Public Member Functions

- dataItem (Vector data, Categorization label)
- dataItem (float data, Categorization label)
- dataItem (std::vector< float > indata, std::vector< float > outdata)
- int data_size () const
- const std::vector< float > & data_values () const
- int label_size () const
- const std::vector< float > & label_values () const

Public Attributes

- · Vector data
- Categorization label

4.2.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 22 of file dataset.h.

4.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.2.2.1 dataItem() [1/3]

4.2.2.2 dataItem() [2/3]

std::vector< float > outdata) [inline]

: data(Vector(indata)), label(Categorization(outdata)) {};

4.2.3 Member Function Documentation

Definition at line 32 of file dataset.h.

4.2.3.1 data_size()

```
int dataItem::data_size ( ) const [inline]

Definition at line 34 of file dataset.h.

00034 { return data.size(); };
```

4.2.3.2 data_values()

```
const std::vector< float > & dataItem::data_values ( ) const [inline]

Definition at line 35 of file dataset.h.
00035 { return data.values(); };
```

4.2.3.3 label_size()

```
int dataItem::label_size ( ) const [inline]

Definition at line 36 of file dataset.h.
00036 { return label.size(); };
```

4.2.3.4 label_values()

```
const std::vector< float > & dataItem::label_values ( ) const [inline]

Definition at line 37 of file dataset.h.
00037 { return label.probabilities(); };
```

4.2.4 Member Data Documentation

4.2.4.1 data

Vector dataItem::data

Definition at line 24 of file dataset.h.

4.2.4.2 label

Categorization dataItem::label

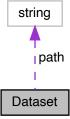
Definition at line 26 of file dataset.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· dataset.h

4.3 Dataset Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for Dataset:



Public Member Functions

- Dataset (int n)
- Dataset (std::vector< dataItem >)
- void set lowerbound (int b)
- void set_number (int b)
- void push_back (dataItem it)
- int size () const
- int data_size () const
- int label size () const
- · dataItem item (int i) const
- const Vector & data (int i) const
- const std::vector< float > data_vals (int i) const
- const std::vector< float > label_vals (int i) const
- std::vector< float > stacked_data_vals (int i) const

Same, of the stacked object.

std::vector< float > stacked_label_vals (int i) const

Same, of the stacked object.

- const auto & inputs () const
- const auto & labels () const
- int readTest (std::string dataPath)
- void shuffle ()
- std::vector< Dataset > batch (int n) const
- void stack ()
- std::pair < Dataset, Dataset > split (float trainFraction) const

Public Attributes

· std::string path

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 40 of file dataset.h.

4.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.3.2.1 Dataset() [1/3]

```
Dataset::Dataset ( ) [inline]
```

Definition at line 49 of file dataset.h. $00049 \ {}$ };

4.3.2.2 Dataset() [2/3]

```
Dataset::Dataset (
             int n)
Definition at line 33 of file dataset.cpp.
                     : nclasses(n) {
       assert(n>=0);
00035 };
4.3.2.3 Dataset() [3/3]
Dataset::Dataset (
            std::vector < dataItem > dv)
```

Definition at line 37 of file dataset.cpp.

```
00038
    for ( const auto& v : dv )
```

4.3.3 Member Function Documentation

4.3.3.1 batch()

```
std::vector< Dataset > Dataset::batch (
         int n ) const
Definition at line 178 of file dataset.cpp.
00178
                                               {
00179
00180
      std::vector<Dataset> batches;
      int nitems = size(), itemsize = data_size();
00182
      int nbatches = nitems/batch_size + ( nitems%batch_size>0 ? 1 : 0 );
00189
00190
       batches.push_back(batch);
00191 }
00192
     return batches;
```

4.3.3.2 data()

00194 }

```
const Vector & Dataset::data (
            int i) const
```

Get the i-th data object

Definition at line 92 of file dataset.cpp.

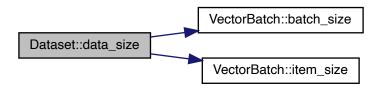
```
00093
       throw( string("Do not use Dataset::data") );
00094
      // return _items.at(i).data;
00095 };
```

4.3.3.3 data_size()

```
int Dataset::data_size ( ) const
```

What is the size of the feature vector in this dataset?

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.3.4 data_vals()

```
\label{eq:const_vector} \mbox{const vector} < \mbox{float} > \mbox{Dataset::data\_vals (} \\ \mbox{int } i \mbox{) const}
```

Get the features of i-th data object

```
Definition at line 99 of file dataset.cpp.

00099

00100 return dataBatch.extract_vector(i);

00101 };
```

4.3.3.5 inputs()

```
const auto & Dataset::inputs ( ) const [inline]
Definition at line 75 of file dataset.h.
00075 { return dataBatch; };
```

4.3.3.6 item()

4.3.3.7 label_size()

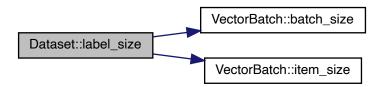
```
int Dataset::label_size ( ) const
```

What is the number of categories in the labels of this dataset?

```
Definition at line 83 of file dataset.cpp.
```

```
00083
00084    if (labelBatch.batch_size() == 0)
00085         throw( string("Can not get label size for empty dataset") );
00086    return labelBatch.item_size();
00087 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.3.8 label_vals()

```
const vector< float > Dataset::label_vals ( int i ) const
```

Get the categorization of i-th data object

```
Definition at line 105 of file dataset.cpp.
00105
00106    return labelBatch.extract_vector(i);
00107 };
```

4.3.3.9 labels()

```
const auto & Dataset::labels ( ) const [inline]

Definition at line 76 of file dataset.h.
00076 { return labelBatch; };
```

4.3.3.10 push back()

Add a new data item, and check its consistency with previous items

Definition at line 48 of file dataset.cpp.

```
00049
00050
00051
00052
00053
00054
     if (nclasses==0)
00055
       nclasses = it.label_size();
00056
      dataBatch.add_vector( it.data_values() );
00057
      labelBatch.add_vector( it.label_values() );
00058
     //_items.push_back(it);
00059 };
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.3.11 readTest()

```
int Dataset::readTest (
                  std::string dataPath )
Definition at line 120 of file dataset.cpp.
00121
            * This reader is specifically for a modified MNIST dataset which * does not include the file header, metadata, etc. * Link to the dataset: http://cis.jhu.edu/~sachin/digit/digit.html
00122
00123
00124
00125
             * I chose this dataset for now to make it easy to read the data;
00126
             \star in later iterations I will generalize the read function, maybe OpenCV support
00127
00128
00129
            FILE *file;
00130
            std::string fileName;
00131
            uint8_t temp[IMSIZE * IMSIZE]; // Image buffer to read data into
```

```
for (int dataid = 0; dataid < 10; dataid++) {
    fileName = dataPath + "/data" + std::to_string(dataid); // Put together the path
    file = fopen(fileName.c_str(), "r");</pre>
00133
00134
00135
00136
                         if (!file) { // File checking
   cout « "Error opening file" « endl;
00137
00138
00139
                                return -2; // Arbitrary error code
00140
                         for (int k = 0; k < 1000; k++) {
    Vector imageVec(IMSIZE * IMSIZE, 0); // initialize matrix to be read into
    fread(temp, 1, IMSIZE * IMSIZE, file); // Read 28*28 into buffer</pre>
00141
00142
00143
00144
00145
                                for (int i = 0; i < IMSIZE; i++) {</pre>
00146
                                       for (int j = 0; j < IMSIZE; j++) {</pre>
                                              // Transfer from buffer into matrix
00147
                            float *i_data = imageVec.data();
*( i_data + i * IMSIZE + j ) // imageVec.vals[i * IMSIZE + j]
= static_cast<float>( temp[i * IMSIZE + j] );
00148
00149
00150
00151
00152
                                fseek(file, k * IMSIZE * IMSIZE, SEEK_SET); // Seek to the kth image bytes
00153
00154
00155
                         Categorization label(10,dataid);
00156
                                \label{eq:dataItem} \begin{array}{l} \texttt{dataItem} \ x \ = \ \{\texttt{imageVec}, \ \texttt{label}\}; \ // \ \texttt{Initialize} \ \texttt{an} \ \texttt{item} \ \texttt{with} \ \texttt{the} \ \texttt{data} \ \texttt{and} \ \texttt{the} \ \texttt{label} \ \texttt{in} \ \texttt{it} \\ \texttt{push\_back} \ (x); \ // \ \texttt{Store} \ \texttt{in} \ \texttt{the} \ \texttt{vector} \\ \end{array}
00157
00158
00159
00160
                         fclose(file);
00161
00162
00163
                  return 0;
00164 }
```

4.3.3.12 set_lowerbound()

Definition at line 42 of file dataset.cpp.

00042 { lowerbound = b; };

4.3.3.13 set_number()

Definition at line 43 of file dataset.cpp.

00043 { number = b; };

4.3.3.14 shuffle()

```
void Dataset::shuffle ( )
```

Definition at line 167 of file dataset.cpp.

```
00167
00168 std::random_device r;
00169 std::seed_seq seed{r(), r(), r(), r(), r(), r(), r(), r()}; // Seed
00170 std::mt19937 engl(seed); // Randomizer engine
00171
00172 throw( string("shuffling doesn't work") );
00173 // std::shuffle(begin(_items), end(_items), engl); // Shuffle the dataset
00174 return; // todo add return codes instead of printing
00175 }
```

4.3.3.15 size()

4.3.3.16 split()

```
std::pair< Dataset, Dataset > Dataset::split (
               float trainFraction ) const
Definition at line 220 of file dataset.cpp.
00220
          int dataset_size = size(); // _items.size();
00221
00222
          int testSize{0},trainSize;
00223
          while (true) {
00224
           trainSize= ceil( static_cast<float>( dataset_size ) * trainFraction);
00225
            testSize = dataset_size - trainSize;
00226
            if ( testSize>0 ) break;
00227
            trainFraction *= .9;
00228
         }
00229
00230
          auto random_index = permutation(dataset_size);
00231
          Dataset trainSplit;
00232
          if (trace_progress())
           cout « "split into " « trainSize « "+" « testSize « endl;
00233
00234
          for (int i=0; i<trainSize; i++) {</pre>
          const auto& di = item( random_index[i] );
trainSplit.push_back(di);
00235
00236
00237
00238
          Dataset testSplit;
00239
          for (int i=trainSize; i<trainSize+testSize; i++) {</pre>
00240
          const auto& di = item( random_index[i] );
00241
            testSplit.push_back(di);
00242
00243
00244
          return std::make_pair(trainSplit,testSplit);
```

4.3.3.17 stack()

00245 }

```
void Dataset::stack ( )
```

Definition at line 196 of file dataset.cpp.

```
{ // Stacks vectors horizontally (column-wise) in a Matrix object
00197
         throw( string("Stacking no longer needed") );
00198
           //dataBatch = VectorBatch( data_size(), size(), 0);
           //labelBatch = VectorBatch( label_size(), size(), 0);
00199
00200
           dataBatch = VectorBatch( size(),    data_size(), 0);
labelBatch = VectorBatch( size(), label_size(), 0);
00201
00202
00203
00204
           for (int j = 0; j < size(); j++) {
00205
               //dataBatch.set_col( j,data_vals(j) );
00206
               dataBatch.set_row( j, data_vals(j) );
00207
           }
00208
00209
           for (int j = 0; j < size(); j++) {</pre>
00210
                //labelBatch.set_col( j,label_vals(j) );
00211
               labelBatch.set_row( j, label_vals(j) );
00212
00213 }
```

4.3.3.18 stacked_data_vals()

```
\label{eq:const} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{float} > \mbox{Dataset::stacked\_data\_vals (} \\ \mbox{int } i \mbox{) const}
```

Same, of the stacked object.

Definition at line 109 of file dataset.cpp.

```
00109
00110 throw( string("Do not use Dataset::stacked_data_vals") );
00111 return dataBatch.get_row(i);
00112 };
```

4.3.3.19 stacked_label_vals()

```
\label{local_vals} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{float} > \mbox{Dataset::stacked\_label\_vals} \mbox{ (} \\ \mbox{int} \mbox{ $i$ ) const}
```

Same, of the stacked object.

Definition at line 115 of file dataset.cpp.

```
00115
00116 throw( string("Do not use Dataset::stacked_label_vals") );
00117 return labelBatch.get_row(i);
00118 };
```

4.3.4 Member Data Documentation

4.3.4.1 path

```
std::string Dataset::path
```

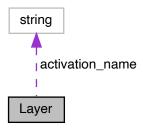
Definition at line 73 of file dataset.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · dataset.h
- · dataset.cpp

4.4 Layer Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for Layer:



Public Member Functions

- · Layer (int insize, int outsize)
- · Layer & set_uniform_weights (float)
- Layer & set_uniform_biases (float)
- auto & input ()
- · const auto & input () const
- Layer & set_number (int n)
- int input_size () const
- int output_size () const
- void set_recursive_deltas (Vector &, const Layer &, const Layer &)
- void set topdelta (const VectorBatch &, const VectorBatch &)
- void allocate_batch_specific_temporaries (int batchsize)
- void forward (const VectorBatch &, VectorBatch &)
- · const VectorBatch & intermediate () const
- void backward (const VectorBatch &delta, const Matrix &W, const VectorBatch &prev)
- void backward_update (const VectorBatch &, const VectorBatch &, bool=false)
- void update_dw (const VectorBatch &delta, const VectorBatch &prevValues)
- void set_activation (acFunc f)
- Layer & set_activation (std::function< void(const VectorBatch &, VectorBatch &) > apply, std::function< void(const VectorBatch &, VectorBatch &) > activate, std::string name=std::string("custom"))
- Layer & set_activation (std::function< float(const float &) > activate_pt, std::function< float(const float &) > gradient_pt, std::string name=std::string("custom"))

Public Attributes

std::string activation name {"custom"}

Friends

• class Net

4.4.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 25 of file layer.h.

4.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
4.4.2.1 Layer() [1/2]
Layer::Layer ( )
Definition at line 21 of file layer.cpp.
4.4.2.2 Layer() [2/2]
Layer::Layer (
                 int insize,
                 int outsize )
Definition at line 22 of file layer.cpp.
00023
        : weights ( Matrix (outsize, insize, 1) ),
           dw ( Matrix(outsize,insize, 0) ),
//dW( Matrix(outsize,insize, 0) ),
dw_velocity( Matrix(outsize,insize, 0) ),
00024
00025
00026
           biases ( Vector (outsize, 1 ) ),
00027
00028
            // biased_product( Vector(outsize, 0) ),
00029
            activated( Vector(outsize, 0) ),
00030
            d_activated( Vector(outsize, 0) ),
           delta( VectorBatch(outsize,1) ),
// biased_productm( VectorBatch(outsize,insize,0) ),
00031
00032
00033
                  activated_batch( VectorBatch(outsize, 1, 0) ),
                   d_activated_batch ( VectorBatch(outsize,insize, 0) ),
00034
00035
           db( Vector(insize, 0) ),
```

4.4.3 Member Function Documentation

dl(VectorBatch(insize, 1)),
db_velocity(Vector(insize, 0)) {};

// delta_mean(Vector(insize, 0)),

00036

00037

00038

4.4.3.1 allocate batch specific temporaries()

```
void Layer::allocate_batch_specific_temporaries (
              int batchsize )
Definition at line 43 of file layer.cpp.
00043
00044
       const int insize = weights.colsize(), outsize = weights.rowsize();
00045
00046
       biased_batch.allocate( batchsize, outsize );
00047
       input_batch.allocate( batchsize,insize );
00048
       // activated_batch.allocate( batchsize,outsize );
00049
       d_activated_batch.allocate( batchsize,outsize );
00050
       dl.allocate( batchsize, outsize );
00051
       delta.allocate( batchsize, outsize );
00052 };
```

4.4.3.2 backward()

```
void Layer::backward (
             const VectorBatch & delta,
             const Matrix & W,
             const VectorBatch & prev )
Definition at line 133 of file layer.cpp.
00134
00135
00136
       // compute delta ell
00137
       activate_gradient_batch(prev_output, d_activated_batch);
00138
       prev_delta.v2mtp( W, dl );
00140
        // delta = Dl . sigma
00141
       if (trace_progress())
        cout « "L-" « layer_number « " delta\n";
00142
       delta.hadamard( d_activated_batch,dl ); // Derivative of the current layer
00143
00144
00145
       // prev_output.outer2( delta, dw );
      // if (trace_scalars())
// cout « "L-" « layer_number « " dw: "
00146
00147
             00148
00149
00150
       update_dw(delta, prev_output);
00151
       // weights.axpy( 1.,dw );
       // db = delta.meanh();
00152
00153
       // biases.add( db );
00154 }
```

4.4.3.3 forward()

Definition at line 99 of file layer.cpp.

```
00099
00100
       assert( input.batch_size() == output.batch_size() );
00101
       if (trace_progress()) {
         00102
00103
00104
00105
       allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(input.batch_size());
00106
00107
       input_batch.copy_from(input);
00108
       if (trace_progress()) {
00109
         assert( input_batch.notnan() ); assert( input_batch.notinf() );
00110
         assert( weights.notnan() ); assert( weights.notinf() );
00111
00112
       input_batch.v2mp( weights, biased_batch );
00113
       if (trace_progress()) {
00114
         assert( biased_batch.notnan() ); assert( biased_batch.notinf() );
00115
00116
00117
       biased_batch.addh(biases); // Add the bias
00118
       if (trace progress()) {
00119
         assert( biased_batch.notnan() ); assert( biased_batch.notinf() );
00120
00121
00122
       apply_activation_batch(biased_batch, output);
       //cout \ll "layer output: " \ll output.data()[0] \ll "\n";
00123
00124
       if (trace_progress()) {
00125
         assert( output.notnan() ); assert( output.notinf() );
00126
00127
       //return activated_batch;
00128 }
```

```
4.4.3.4 input() [1/2]
auto & Layer::input ( ) [inline]
Definition at line 47 of file layer.h.
00047 { return input_batch; };
4.4.3.5 input() [2/2]
const auto & Layer::input ( ) const [inline]
Definition at line 48 of file layer.h.
00048 { return input_batch; };
4.4.3.6 input_size()
int Layer::input_size ( ) const [inline]
Definition at line 75 of file layer.h.
00075 { return weights.colsize(); };
4.4.3.7 intermediate()
const VectorBatch & Layer::intermediate ( ) const
Definition at line 131 of file layer.cpp.
00131 { return biased_batch; };
4.4.3.8 output size()
int Layer::output_size ( ) const [inline]
Definition at line 76 of file layer.h.
00076 { return weights.rowsize(); };
4.4.3.9 set_activation() [1/3]
void Layer::set_activation (
                acFunc f)
Definition at line 54 of file layer.cpp.
00054
00055
        activation = f;
        apply_activation_batch = apply_activation<VectorBatch>.at(f);
activate_gradient_batch = activate_gradient<VectorBatch>.at(f);
00056
```

00057 00058 };

4.4.3.10 set_activation() [2/3]

```
Layer & Layer::set_activation (
             std::function< float(const float &) > activate_pt,
              std::function< float(const float &) > gradient_pt,
              std::string name = std::string("custom") )
Definition at line 60 of file layer.cpp.
00065
00066
         set_activation
00067
00068
          [activate_pt] ( const VectorBatch& i, VectorBatch& o ) -> void {
00069
              batch_activation( activate_pt,i,o ); },
00070
          [gradient_pt] ( const VectorBatch& i, VectorBatch& o ) -> void {
00071
             batch_activation( gradient_pt,i,o ); },
00072
          name );
00073
       return *this;
00074 };
4.4.3.11 set_activation() [3/3]
Layer & Layer::set_activation (
              std::function< void(const VectorBatch &, VectorBatch &) > apply,
              std::function< void(const VectorBatch &, VectorBatch &) > activate,
              std::string name = std::string("custom") )
Definition at line 76 of file layer.cpp.
00079
       activation = acFunc::RELU;
00080
       apply_activation_batch = apply;
activate_gradient_batch = activate;
00081
00082
00083
       return *this;
00084 };
4.4.3.12 set_number()
Layer & Layer::set_number (
             int n ) [inline]
Definition at line 72 of file layer.h.
00072 { layer_number = n; return *this; };
4.4.3.13 set_topdelta()
void Layer::set_topdelta (
             const VectorBatch & gTruth,
             const VectorBatch & output )
Definition at line 168 of file layer.cpp.
00168
00169
         // top delta ell is different
00170
00171
        activate_gradient_batch(output, d_activated_batch);
00172
        dl = output - gTruth;
00173
        dl.scaleby( 1.f / gTruth.batch_size() );
                  = Dl . sigma
00174
        // delta
00175
        delta.hadamard( d_activated_batch,dl );
00176
        00177
00179
```

// update_dw(delta, prev_output);

00180

00181 };

4.4.3.14 set_uniform_biases()

4.4.3.15 set_uniform_weights()

Layer & Layer::set_uniform_weights (

4.4.3.16 update_dw()

void Layer::update_dw (

00164 db = delta.meanh(); 00165 biases.add(db);

4.4.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

4.4.4.1 Net

00166 }

```
friend class Net [friend]
```

Definition at line 26 of file layer.h.

4.5 Matrix Class Reference 27

4.4.5 Member Data Documentation

4.4.5.1 activation name

```
std::string Layer::activation_name {"custom"}
```

Definition at line 101 of file layer.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- layer.h
- · layer.cpp

4.5 Matrix Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- Matrix (int nRows, int nCols, int rand)
- std::vector< float > & values ()
- const std::vector< float > & values () const
- float * data ()
- const float * data () const
- int nelements () const
- int rowsize () const
- int colsize () const
- Matrix transpose () const
- void show () const
- void mvpt (const Vector &x, Vector &y) const
- void mvp (const Vector &x, Vector &y) const
- void addvh (const Vector &y)
- · void mmp (const Matrix &x, Matrix &y) const
- void outerProduct (const Vector &x, const Vector &y)
- Vector meanv ()
- void zeros ()
- void square ()
- float normf () const
- bool notnan () const
- · bool notinf () const
- Matrix operator- ()
- Matrix & operator= (const Matrix &m2)
- Matrix operator+ (const Matrix &m2) const
- Matrix operator* (const Matrix &m2)
- Matrix operator/ (const Matrix &m2)
- Matrix operator- (const Matrix &m2)
- void axpy (float a, const Matrix &x)

Friends

- Matrix operator* (const float &c, const Matrix &m)
- Matrix operator/ (const Matrix &m, const float &c)

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 22 of file matrix.h.

4.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.5.2.1 Matrix() [1/2]

```
Matrix::Matrix ( )
```

Definition at line 22 of file matrix.cpp.

4.5.2.2 Matrix() [2/2]

```
Matrix::Matrix (
    int nRows,
    int nCols,
    int rand = 0 )
```

Definition at line 26 of file matrix_impl_blis.cpp.

```
00027
00028
             : r(nRows), c(nCols) {
         mat = vector<float>(nRows * nCols);
float scal_fac = 0.05; // randomize between (-1;1)
00029
00030
00031
         if (random==0) {
00032
             float zero = 0.0;
00033
            bli_ssetm( BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, 0, BLIS_NONUNIT_DIAG, BLIS_DENSE,
00034
                    r, c, &zero, &mat[0], c, 1);
         } else if (random==1) {
00035
           00036
00037
00038
00039
         }
00040 }
```

4.5.3 Member Function Documentation

4.5.3.1 addvh()

4.5.3.2 axpy()

```
void Matrix::axpy ( \label{eq:float} \begin{tabular}{ll} float $a$, \\ & const $\mathtt{Matrix} \& $x$ ) \end{tabular}
```

Definition at line 121 of file matrix_impl_blis.cpp.

4.5.3.3 colsize()

```
int Matrix::colsize ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 39 of file matrix.h.

```
00039 { return c; };
```

4.5.3.4 data() [1/2]

```
float * Matrix::data ( )
```

Definition at line 34 of file matrix.cpp.

```
00034 { return mat.data(); };
```

4.5.3.5 data() [2/2]

```
const float * Matrix::data ( ) const
```

Definition at line 35 of file matrix.cpp.

```
00035 { return mat.data(); };
```

4.5.3.6 meanv()

```
Vector Matrix::meanv ( )
```

Definition at line 116 of file matrix.cpp.

```
{ // Returns a vector of column-wise means
00116
            Vector mean(r, 0);
00118
            float avg;
for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
00119
                avg = 0.0;
for (int j = 0; j < c; j++) {
  avg += mat[i * c + j];
00120
00121
00122
00124
                mean.vals[i] = avg;
00125
00126
            return mean;
00127 }
```

4.5.3.7 mmp()

Definition at line 105 of file matrix_impl_blis.cpp.

```
00105
                                                                              { // In place matrix matrix multiplication
00106
              assert( c==x.r );
00107
              assert( r==y.r );
00108
              assert( x.c==y.c);
00109
             float alpha = 1.0;
float beta = 0.0;
00110
00111
             // m = r, n = x.c, k = c
//printf("BLIS gemm %dx%dx%d\n",r,x.c,c);
bli_sgemm( BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE,
00112
00113
00114
                       r, x.c, c, &alpha, const_cast<float*>(&mat[0]),
//c, 1, &t.mat[0],
c, 1, const_cast<float*>( x.data() ),
00115
00116
00117
00118
                       x.c, 1, &beta, &y.mat[0], x.c, 1);
00119 }
```

4.5 Matrix Class Reference 31

4.5.3.8 mvp()

```
void Matrix::mvp (
             const Vector & x,
             Vector & y ) const
Definition at line 61 of file matrix_impl_blis.cpp.
00061
00062
        assert( c==x.size() );
assert( r==y.size() );
00063
00064
00065
        float alpha = 1.0;
00066
        float beta = 0.0;
        00067
00068
00069
00070
00071
00072
               1, &beta, &y.vals[0], 1 );
00073
00074 }
```

4.5.3.9 mvpt()

```
Definition at line 76 of file matrix_impl_blis.cpp.
```

```
00076
00077
             assert( r==x.size() );
00078
             assert( c==y.size() );
00079
            float alpha = 1.0;
float beta = 0.0;
//printf("BLIS gemv %dx%d\n",c,r);
bli_sgemv( BLIS_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE,
08000
00081
00082
00083
00084
                     r, c, &alpha, const_castfloat*>(&mat[0]), // test if r and c need to be flipped
                     //c, 1, &t.vals[0],
c, 1, const_cast<float*>( x.data() ),
00085
00086
00087
                     1, &beta, &y.vals[0], 1 );
00088 }
```

4.5.3.10 nelements()

```
int Matrix::nelements ( ) const [inline]
```

```
Definition at line 35 of file matrix.h.

00035 {
00036 return mat.size();
00037 };
```

4.5.3.11 normf()

```
float Matrix::normf ( ) const
```

Definition at line 132 of file matrix_impl_blis.cpp.

```
00133 float norm;

00134 auto r = rowsize(), c = colsize();

00135 const auto mval = values().data();

00136 bli_snormfv( r*c, const_cast<float*>(mval), 1, &norm );

00137 return norm;

00138 };
```

4.5.3.12 notinf()

```
bool Matrix::notinf ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 60 of file matrix.h.

4.5.3.13 notnan()

```
bool Matrix::notnan ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 54 of file matrix.h.

```
00054
00055
return all_of
00056 ( mat.begin(), mat.end(),
00057 [] (float e) { return not isnan(e); }
00058 );
00059 }
```

4.5.3.14 operator*()

Definition at line 82 of file matrix.cpp.

4.5 Matrix Class Reference 33

4.5.3.15 operator+()

4.5.3.16 operator-() [1/2]

```
Matrix Matrix::operator- ( )
```

Definition at line 99 of file matrix.cpp.

4.5.3.17 operator-() [2/2]

Definition at line 54 of file matrix.cpp.

4.5.3.18 operator/()

Definition at line 91 of file matrix.cpp.

4.5.3.19 operator=()

4.5.3.20 outerProduct()

```
void Matrix::outerProduct (  {\tt const\ Vector\ \&\ x,}   {\tt const\ Vector\ \&\ y\ )}
```

Definition at line 91 of file matrix_impl_blis.cpp.

```
00092
          assert(x.size() == r);
          assert( y.size() == c );
float val = 1.0;
00093
00094
00095
00096
          //printf("BLIS gemm (outer) %dx%d\n",r,c);
00097
          bli_sgemm( BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_TRANSPOSE,
00098
                  r, c, 1, &val,
00099
                   const_cast < float *> (x.data()), 1, 1,
                   const_cast<float*>(y.data()), c, 1, &val, &mat[0], c, 1);
00100
00101
00102 }
```

4.5.3.21 rowsize()

```
int Matrix::rowsize ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 38 of file matrix.h.

```
00038 { return r; };
```

4.5.3.22 show()

```
void Matrix::show ( ) const
```

Definition at line 53 of file matrix_impl_blis.cpp.

```
00053 {
00054
00055 char e[5] = "";
00056 char format[8] = "%4.4f";
00057 bli_sprintm( e, r, c, const_cast<float*>(&mat[0]), c, 1, format, e );
00058 }
```

4.5 Matrix Class Reference 35

4.5.3.23 square()

4.5.3.24 transpose()

Matrix Matrix::transpose () const

Definition at line 42 of file matrix impl blis.cpp.

4.5.3.25 values() [1/2]

```
std::vector< float > & Matrix::values ( ) [inline]
```

Definition at line 31 of file matrix.h.

```
00031 { return mat; };
```

4.5.3.26 values() [2/2]

```
const std::vector< float > & Matrix::values ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 32 of file matrix.h.

```
00032 { return mat; };
```

4.5.3.27 zeros()

```
void Matrix::zeros ( )
```

Definition at line 130 of file matrix.cpp.

```
00130 {
00131 std::fill(mat.begin(), mat.end(), 0);
00132 }
```

4.5.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

4.5.4.1 operator*

4.5.4.2 operator/

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · matrix.h
- · matrix.cpp
- · matrix_impl_blis.cpp
- · matrix impl reference.cpp

4.6 Net Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- Net (int s)
- Net (const Dataset &d)
- void addLayer (int I, acFunc activation)
- void addLayer (int I, std::function< float(const float &) > activate_pt, std::function< float(const float &) > gradient_pt, std::string name=std::string("custom"))
- void addLayer (int I, std::function< void(const VectorBatch &, VectorBatch &) > apply_activation_batch, std::function< void(const VectorBatch &, VectorBatch &) > activate_gradient_batch, std::string name=std ::string("custom"))

- · void push_layer (const Layer &layer)
- int outputsize () const
- · int inputsize (int layer) const
- · VectorBatch create_output_batch (int batchsize)
- · Layer & backlayer ()
- · const Layer & backlayer () const
- · const Layer & layer (int i) const
- · const Layer & at (int i) const
- Layer & at (int i)
- void show ()
- · Categorization output vector () const
- const VectorBatch & outputs () const
- void set_lossfunction (lossfn lossFuncName)
- · void set uniform weights (float)
- void set_uniform_biases (float)
- void feedForward (const Vector &, Vector &)
- void feedForward (const VectorBatch &, VectorBatch &)
- · void allocate batch specific temporaries (int batchsize)
- void calcGrad (Dataset data)
- void calcGrad (VectorBatch data, VectorBatch labels)
- · void backPropagate (const Vector &input, const Vector &gTruth, const Vector &output)
- void backPropagate (const VectorBatch &input, const VectorBatch &gTruth, const VectorBatch &output)
- void calculate initial delta (VectorBatch &result, VectorBatch &gTruth)
- void SGD (float Ir, float momentum)
- void RMSprop (float Ir, float momentum)
- void set_learning_rate (float lr)
- float learning_rate () const
- void set_decay (float d)
- float decay () const
- void set_momentum (float m)
- float momentum () const
- void set_optimizer (int m)
- int optimizer () const
- · void train (const Dataset &train, const Dataset &test, int epochs, int batchSize)
- float calculateLoss (const Dataset &testSplit)
- float accuracy (const Dataset &valSet)
- void saveModel (std::string path)
- void loadModel (std::string path)
- · void info ()

Public Attributes

std::vector< std::function< void(float Ir, float momentum) >> optimize

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 26 of file net.h.

4.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.6.2.1 Net() [1/2]

4.6.2.2 Net() [2/2]

4.6.3 Member Function Documentation

4.6.3.1 accuracy()

```
float Net::accuracy (
               const Dataset & valSet )
Definition at line 407 of file net.cpp.
00407
00408
        if (trace_progress())
  cout « "Accuracy calculation\n";
00409
00410
00411
        int correct = 0;
00412
        int incorrect = 0;
00413
00414
        assert( test_set.size()>0 );
        const auto& test_inputs = test_set.inputs();
const auto& test_labels = test_set.labels();
00415
00416
00417
        assert( test_inputs.batch_size() == test_labels.batch_size() );
00418
        assert( test_inputs.batch_size()>0 );
00419
00420
                allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(test_inputs.batch_size());
00421
        if (trace_arrays()) {
            cout « "inputs:\n"; test_inputs.show();
00422
00423
00424
        assert( test_inputs.normf()!=0.f );
00425
        auto output_batch = this->create_output_batch(test_labels.batch_size());
00426
        feedForward(test_inputs,output_batch);
00427
        if (trace_arrays()) {
            cout « "outputs:\n"; output_batch.show();
00428
00429
00430
        assert ( output_batch.notnan() );
00431
00432
        for(int idx=0; idx < output_batch.batch_size(); idx++ ) {</pre>
00433
            Vector oneItem = output_batch.get_vectorObj(idx);
00434
            Categorization result( oneItem );
00435
            result.normalize();
00436
            if ( result.close_enough( test_labels.extract_vector(idx) ) ) {
```

4.6.3.2 addLayer()

```
void Net::addLayer (
          int 1,
          acFunc f )
```

Add a layer from indexed activation function

Todo this one probably has to go

```
Definition at line 89 of file net.cpp.
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.3.3 allocate_batch_specific_temporaries()

Resize temporaries to reflect current batch size

```
Definition at line 346 of file net.cpp.
```

```
00346
00347 #ifdef DEBUG
00348 cout « "allocating temporaries for batch size " « batchsize « endl;
00349 #endif
00350 for ( auto& layer : layers )
00351 layer.allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(batchsize);
00352 }
```

4.6.3.4 at() [1/2]

```
Layer & Net::at (

int i) [inline]

Definition at line 79 of file net.h.
```

00079 { return layers.at(i); };

4.6.3.5 at() [2/2]

Definition at line 78 of file net.h. 00078 { return layers.at(i); };

4.6.3.6 backlayer() [1/2]

4.6.3.7 backlayer() [2/2]

```
const Layer & Net::backlayer ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 75 of file net.h.

```
00075 {
00076 assert(layers.size()>0); return layers.back(); };
```

4.6.3.8 backPropagate()

Full back propagation sweep

Definition at line 199 of file net.cpp.

```
00200
00201
        if (layers.size() ==1) {
  throw(string("single layer case does not work"));
00202
00203
00204
             // const VectorBatch& prev = input;
00205
             // layers.back().update_dw(delta, prev);
00206
             // return;
00207
        } else {
00208
00209
           if (trace_progress()) cout « "Layer-" « layers.back().layer_number « "\n";
           layers.back().set_topdelta( gTruth,output );
00210
00211
           const VectorBatch& prev = layers.back().input();
00212
           layers.back().update_dw(layers.back().delta, prev);
00213
00214
           for (unsigned i = layers.size() - 2; i > 0; i--) {
00215
00216
             if (trace_progress()) cout « "Layer-" « layers.at(i).layer_number « "\n";
00217
             layers.at(i).backward
00218
             ( layers.at(i+1).delta, layers.at(i+1).weights, layers.at(i).input());
00219
00220
           if (trace_progress()) cout « "Layer-" « layers.at(0).layer_number « "\n";
layers.at(0).backward(layers.at(1).delta, layers.at(1).weights, input);
00221
00222
00223
00224
00225 }
```

4.6.3.9 calculate initial delta()

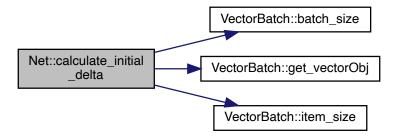
Set up delta values for back propagation

Todo stuff to be done?

Definition at line 178 of file net.cpp.

```
00178
00179
           VectorBatch d_loss = d_lossFunction( gTruth, input);
00180
           if (layers.back().activation_name == "SoftMax" ) { // Softmax derivative function
00181
               Matrix jacobian( input.item_size(), input.item_size(), 0 );
00182
00183
               for(int i = 0; i < input.batch_size(); i++ ) {</pre>
00184
                 auto one_column = input.get_vector(i);
00185
                 jacobian = smaxGrad_vec( one_column );
                 Vector one_vector( jacobian.rowsize(), 0 );
Vector one_grad = d_loss.get_vectorObj(i);
00186
00187
                 jacobian.mvp( one_grad, one_vector );
00188
00189
                 layers.back().d_activated_batch.set_vector(one_vector,i);
00190
00191
00192
           /\star Will add the rest of the code here, not done yet
00193
00194 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



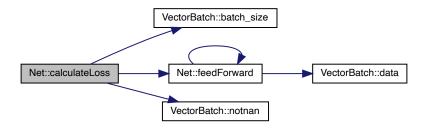
4.6.3.10 calculateLoss()

Calculate the los function as sum of losses of the individual data point.

Definition at line 359 of file net.cpp.

```
00359
00360
00361 #ifdef DEBUG
00362
          cout « "Loss calculation\n";
00363 #endif
          // \quad {\tt allocate\_batch\_specific\_temporaries\,(testSplit.inputs\,()\,.batch\_size\,()\,)\,;}
00364
          VectorBatch result = this->create_output_batch( testSplit.inputs().batch_size() );
feedForward( testSplit.inputs(),result );
00365
00366
00367
          assert( result.notnan() );
00368
00369
             float loss = 0.0;
00370
             auto tmp_labels = testSplit.labels();
             if (trace_arrays()) {
  cout « "Compare results\n"; result.show();
00371
00372
00373
               cout « " to label\n"; tmp_labels.show();
00374
00375
             for (int vec=0; vec<result.batch_size(); vec++) { // iterate over all items</pre>
00376
               const auto& one_result = result.extract_vector(vec); // VLE figure out const span !!!
             auto one_label = tmp_labels.get_vector(vec); // VLE light out
auto one_label = tmp_labels.get_vector(vec);
assert( one_result.size() == one_label.size() );
for (int i=0; i < one_result.size(); i++) { // Calculate loss of result
auto this_label = one_label[i], this_result = one_result[i];</pre>
00377
00378
00379
00380
00381
             assert( not std::isnan(this_label) );
00382
             assert( not std::isnan(this_result) );
00383
             auto oneloss = lossFunction( this_label, this_result );
00384
             assert ( not std::isnan(oneloss) );
00385
             loss += oneloss;
00386
00387
00388
             const int bs = result.batch_size();
             assert( bs>0 );
auto scale = 1.f / static_cast<float>(bs);
00389
00390
00391
             loss = loss * scale;
00392
00393
             return loss;
00394 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.3.11 create_output_batch()

4.6.3.12 decay()

```
float Net::decay ( ) const [inline]
Definition at line 117 of file net.h.
00117 { return _decay; };
```

4.6.3.13 feedForward() [1/2]

Feed a single vector input forward through the network This first converts the vector to a batch, so it is not efficient.

Definition at line 155 of file net.cpp.

```
00155

VectorBatch input_batch(input), output_batch(input_batch);

00157 feedForward(input_batch,output_batch);

00158 const auto& in_data = input_batch.data();

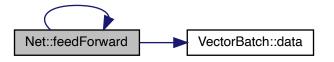
00159 const auto& out_data = output_batch.data();

00160 // cout « "net forward: " « in_data[0] « " -> " « out_data[0] « "\n";

00161 output.copy_from( output_batch );

00162 };
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



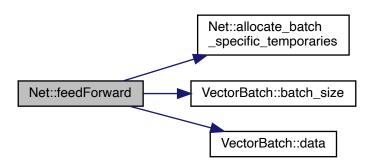
4.6.3.14 feedForward() [2/2]

Feed an input forward through the network The input here is a batch of vectors

Definition at line 126 of file net.cpp.

```
00126
00127
        if (trace_progress())
  cout « "Feed forward batch of size " « input.batch_size() « endl;
00128
00129
        allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(input.batch_size());
00130
00131
        if (layers.size() == 1) {
00132
          layers.front().forward(input,output);
          //cout \!\!\! "single layer output: " \!\!\! output.data()[0] \!\!\! "\n";
00133
00134
       } else {
         00135
00136
00137
          for (unsigned i = 1; i<layers.size()-1; i++) {</pre>
00138
00139
           layers.at(i).forward
          (layers.at(i).input(),
  layers.at(i+1).input()
00140
00141
00142
          );
00143
00144
          layers.back().forward(layers.back().input(),output);
00145
          cout « "last layer : "
          « layers.back().input().data()[0] « " -> " « output.data()[0] « "\n";
00146
00147
00148 };
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.3.15 info()

```
void Net::info ( )
Definition at line 515 of file net.cpp.
                cout « "Model infon-----n";
00516
00517
                for ( auto 1 : layers ) {
   cout « "Weights: " « l.output_size() « " x " « l.input_size() « "\n";
   cout « "Biases: " « l.biases.size() « "\n";
   cout « "Activation: " « l.activation_name « "\n";
00518
00519
00520
00522
                      // switch (l.activation) {
00523
                     // switch (1.activation) {
// case RELU: cout « "RELU\n"; break;
// case SIG: cout « "sigmoid\n"; break;
// case SMAX: cout « "Softmax\n"; break;
// case NONE: break;
00524
00525
00526
00527
00528
00529
                      cout « "----\n";
00530
               }
```

4.6.3.16 inputsize()

00531 00532 }

4.6.3.17 layer()

4.6.3.18 learning_rate()

```
float Net::learning_rate ( ) const [inline]

Definition at line 112 of file net.h.
```

4.6.3.19 loadModel()

```
void Net::loadModel (
                 std::string path )
Definition at line 486 of file net.cpp.
00487
           std::ifstream file(path);
00488
           std::string buffer;
00489
00490
           int no_layers;
00491
           file.read( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&no_layers), sizeof(no_layers) );
00492
00493
00494
           layers.resize(no_layers);
00495
           for ( int i=0; i < layers.size(); i++ ) {
                int insize, outsize;
00496
                file.read( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&outsize), sizeof(int) );
file.read( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&insize), sizeof(int) );
00497
00498
00499
00500
                file.read( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&layers[i].activation), sizeof(int) );
00501
00502
                layers[i].weights = Matrix( outsize, insize, 0 );
                float *w_data = layers[i].weights.data();
file.read(reinterpret_cast<char *>( w_data ), //(&layers[i].weights.mat[0]),
00503
00504
00505
                       sizeof(temp) * insize*outsize);
00506
                layers[i].biases = Vector( outsize, 0 );
00507
                float *b_data = layers[i].biases.data();
file.read(reinterpret_cast<char *>( b_data ), //(&layers[i].biases.vals[0]),
00508
00509
00510
                       sizeof(temp) * layers[i].biases.size());
00511
           }
00512 }
```

4.6.3.20 momentum()

```
float Net::momentum ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 122 of file net.h.

```
00122 { return _momentum; };
```

4.6.3.21 optimizer()

```
int Net::optimizer ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 127 of file net.h.

```
00127 { return _optimizer; };
```

4.6.3.22 outputsize()

```
int Net::outputsize ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 56 of file net.h.

4.6.3.23 push_layer()

Push a layer as last layer of a network

Definition at line 76 of file net.cpp.

4.6.3.24 RMSprop()

Definition at line 256 of file net.cpp.

```
00256
           for (int i = 0; i < layers.size(); i++) {</pre>
00257
                // Get average over all the gradients
Matrix deltaWsq = layers.at(i).dw;
Vector deltaBsq = layers.at(i).db;
00258
00259
00260
00261
           // Gradient step
00262
               deltaWsq.square(); // dW^2
deltaBsq.square(); // db^2
00263
00264
00265
                // Sdw := m*Sdw + (1-m) * dW^2
00266
00267
           layers.at(i).dw_velocity = momentum * layers.at(i).dw_velocity + (1 - momentum) * deltaWsq;
00268
                layers.at(i).db_velocity = momentum * layers.at(i).db_velocity + (1 - momentum) * deltaBsq;
00269
          Matrix sqrtSdw = layers.at(i).dw_velocity;
    std::for_each(sqrtSdw.values().begin(), sqrtSdw.values().end(),
00270
00271
00272
                     [](auto &n) {
00273
                    n = sqrt(n);
00274
                    if (n==0) n=1-1e-7;
00275
                     });
00276
           Vector sqrtSdb = layers.at(i).db_velocity;
00277
               std::for_each(sqrtSdb.values().begin(), sqrtSdb.values().end(),
00278
                      [](auto &n) {
00279
                    n = sqrt(n);
00280
                    if (n==0) n= 1-1e-7;
00281
                      });
00282
                // W := W - lr * dW / sqrt(Sdw)
00283
00284
                layers.at(i).weights = layers.at(i).weights - lr * layers.at(i).dw / sqrtSdw;
                layers.at(i).biases = layers.at(i).biases - lr * layers.at(i).db / sqrtSdb;
00285
00286
00287
                // Reset the values of delta sums
00288
                layers.at(i).dw.zeros();
00289
                layers.at(i).db.zeros();
00290
00291 }
```

4.6.3.25 saveModel()

Write the model to file

```
Definition at line 453 of file net.cpp.
00454
00455
           1. Size of matrix m \times n, activation function
00456
           2. Values of weight matrix
           3. Values of bias vector
00457
00458
           4. Repeat for all layers
00459
00460
           std::ofstream file;
00461
           file.open( path, std::ios::binary );
00462
00463
           float temp;
           int no_layers = layers.size();
00464
00465
           file.write( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&no_layers), sizeof(no_layers) );
           for ( auto 1 : layers ) {
00466
00467
               int insize = 1.input_size(), outsize = 1.output_size();
               file.write( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&outsize), sizeof(int) );
file.write( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&insize), sizeof(int) );
00468
00469
00470
               file.write( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&1.activation), sizeof(int) );
00471
00472
               const auto& weights = 1.weights;
00473
               file.write(reinterpret_cast<const char *>(weights.data()), sizeof(float)*weights.nelements());
               // const float* weights_data = 1.weights.data();
// file.write(reinterpret_cast<char *>(&weights_data), sizeof(temp)*insize*outsize);
00474
00475
00476
00477
               const auto& biases = 1.biases;
00478
               file.write(reinterpret_cast<const char*>(biases.data()), sizeof(float) * biases.size());
00479
               //file.write(reinterpret_cast<char *>(&l.biases.vals[0]), sizeof(temp) * 1.biases.size());
00480
00481
           cout « endl;
00482
00483
           file.close();
```

4.6.3.26 set_decay()

00484 }

Definition at line 116 of file net.h.

```
00116 { _decay = d; };
```

4.6.3.27 set_learning_rate()

Definition at line 111 of file net.h.

```
00111 { _lr=lr; };
```

4.6.3.28 set_lossfunction()

Set an indexed loss function

```
Definition at line 100 of file net.cpp.
```

```
00100
00101 lossFunction = lossFunctions.at(lossFuncName);
00102 d_lossFunction = d_lossFunctions.at(lossFuncName);
00103 };
```

4.6.3.29 set_momentum()

Definition at line 121 of file net.h.

```
00121 { _momentum = m; };
```

4.6.3.30 set_optimizer()

Definition at line 126 of file net.h.

```
00126 { _optimizer = m; };
```

4.6.3.31 set_uniform_biases()

```
void Net::set_uniform_biases ( float v )
```

Initialize biases of all layers to a uniform value

Definition at line 116 of file net.cpp.

```
00116

00117 for (auto& 1 : layers )

00118 l.set_uniform_biases(v);

00119 };
```

4.6.3.32 set_uniform_weights()

Initialize weights of all layers to a uniform value

Definition at line 108 of file net.cpp.

4.6.3.33 SGD()

Stochastic Gradient Descent algorithm

Definition at line 230 of file net.cpp.

```
00230
00231
            assert( layers.size()>0 );
            int samplesize = layers.front().input().batch_size();
00233
            for (int i = 0; i < layers.size(); i++) {</pre>
00234
                 // Normalize gradients to avoid exploding gradients
            Matrix deltaW = layers.at(i).dw / static_cast<float>(samplesize);
    Vector deltaB = layers.at(i).db / static_cast<float>(samplesize);
00235
00236
00237
00238
                 // Gradient descent
00239
                 if (momentum > 0.0) {
                      layers.at(i).dw_velocity = momentum * layers.at(i).dw_velocity - lr * deltaW;
//layers.at(i).weights = layers.at(i).weights + layers.at(i).dw_velocity;
00240
00241
                 layers.at(i).weights.axpy( 1.f,layers.at(i).dw_velocity );
00242
00243
               //layers.at(i).weights = layers.at(i).weights - lr * deltaW;
layers.at(i).weights.axpy( -lr,deltaW );
00244
00245
00246
00247
00248
                 layers.at(i).biases = layers.at(i).biases - lr * deltaB;
00249
00250
                 // Reset the values of delta sums
00251
                 layers.at(i).dw.zeros();
00252
                 layers.at(i).db.zeros();
00253
            }
00254 }
```

4.6.3.34 show()

```
void Net::show ( )
```

Show the weights of all layers

Definition at line 167 of file net.cpp.

4.6.3.35 train()

```
void Net::train (
                 const Dataset & train.
                 const Dataset & test,
                 int epochs,
                 int batchSize )
Definition at line 300 of file net.cpp.
00301
00302
00303
            const int Optimizer = optimizer();
00304
           cout « "Optimizing with
00305
           switch (Optimizer) {
           case sgd: cout « "Stochastic Gradient Descent\n"; break;
case rms: cout « "RMSprop\n"; break;
00306
00307
00308
00309
00310
           std::vector<Dataset> batches = train_data.batch(batchSize);
00311
           float lrInit = learning_rate();
00312
           const float momentum_value = momentum();
00313
00314
           for (int i_epoch = 0; i_epoch < epochs; i_epoch++) {
    // Iterate through the entire dataset for each epoch
    cout « endl « "Epoch " « i_epoch+1 « "/" « epochs « endl;</pre>
00315
00316
             float current_learning_rate = lrInit; // Reset the learning rate to undo decay
00317
00318
           for (int j = 0; j < batches.size(); j++) {
// Iterate through all batches within dataset</pre>
00319
00320
           auto& batch = batches.at(j);
00321
00322 #ifdef DEBUG
00323
           cout \text{``.} batch \text{```} \text{``} \text{``'} \text{``} batches.size() \text{``'} of size \text{```} batch.size() \text{``'} \n";
00324 #endif
00325
           // allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(batch.size());
00326
           VectorBatch batch_output( batch.inputs().item_size(),batch.size() );
00327
            feedForward(batch.inputs(),batch output);
00328
           backPropagate(batch.inputs(),batch.labels(),batch_output);
00329
00330
                // User chosen optimizer
00331
                current_learning_rate = current_learning_rate / (1 + decay() * j);
00332
                optimize.at(Optimizer)(current_learning_rate, momentum_value);
00333
00334
00335
             auto loss = calculateLoss(test_data);
00336
             cout « " Loss: " « loss « endl;
             auto acc = accuracy(test_data);
cout « " Accuracy on trest set: " « acc « endl;
00337
00338
00339
00340
00341 }
```

4.6.4 Member Data Documentation

4.6.4.1 optimize

```
std::vector< std::function< void(float lr, float momentum) > > Net::optimize

Initial value:
{
    [this] ( float lr, float momentum ) { SGD(lr, momentum); },
    [this] ( float lr, float momentum ) { RMSprop(lr, momentum); }
}
```

Definition at line 128 of file net.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- net.h
- net.cpp

4.7 Vector Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- Vector (int n)
- Vector (std::vector< float > vals)
- Vector (int size, int init)
- int size () const
- void show ()
- void add (const Vector &v1)
- void set_ax (float a, Vector &x)
- std::vector< float > & values ()
- const std::vector< float > & values () const
- void copy_from (const VectorBatch &)
- float * data ()
- const float * data () const
- void zeros ()
- void square ()
- float & operator[] (int i)
- float operator[] (int i) const
- Vector operator- ()
- Vector & operator= (const Vector &m2)
- Vector operator+ (const Vector &m2)
- Vector operator* (const Vector &m2)
- Vector operator/ (const Vector &m2)
- Vector operator/= (float x)
- Vector operator- (const Vector &m2)
- bool positive () const

Test that all elements are positive.

Public Attributes

- int r
- int c =1

Friends

- class VectorBatch
- class Matrix
- Vector operator- (const float &c, const Vector &m)
- Vector operator* (const float &c, const Vector &m)

4.7.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 23 of file vector.h.

4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.7.2.1 Vector() [1/4]

```
Vector::Vector ( )

Definition at line 27 of file vector.cpp.
00027
00028 }
```

4.7.2.2 Vector() [2/4]

4.7.2.3 Vector() [3/4]

4.7.2.4 Vector() [4/4]

Definition at line 24 of file vector_impl_blis.cpp.

4.7.3 Member Function Documentation

```
4.7.3.1 add()
```

00105 }

```
void Vector::add (
               const Vector & v1 )
Definition at line 36 of file vector_impl_blis.cpp.
        assert(v1.size() ==this->size());
00037
00038
       bli_saddv(BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, size(), const_cast<float*>(&v1.vals[0]), 1, &vals[0], 1);
00039 }
4.7.3.2 copy_from()
void Vector::copy_from (
               const VectorBatch & batch )
Definition at line 38 of file vector.cpp.
00039
          const auto& batch_vals = batch.data();
00040
          assert( batch.nelements()>=vals.size() );
          for (int i=0; i<vals.size(); i++) {
vals[i] = batch_vals[i];</pre>
00041
00042
00043
00044 };
4.7.3.3 data() [1/2]
float * Vector::data ( ) [inline]
Definition at line 42 of file vector.h.
00042 { return vals.data(); };
4.7.3.4 data() [2/2]
const float * Vector::data ( ) const [inline]
Definition at line 43 of file vector.h.
00043 { return vals.data(); };
4.7.3.5 operator*()
Vector Vector::operator* (
              const Vector & m2 )
Definition at line 99 of file vector.cpp.
00099
                                                { // Hadamard product
00100
          Vector out(m2.size(), 0);
00101
          for (int i = 0; i < m2.size(); i++) {</pre>
00102
             out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] * m2.vals[i];
00103
          return out;
00104
```

4.7.3.6 operator+()

4.7.3.7 operator-() [1/2]

```
Vector Vector::operator- ( )
```

Definition at line 115 of file vector.cpp.

4.7.3.8 operator-() [2/2]

Definition at line 66 of file vector.cpp.

```
00066
00067    assert(m2.size() == this->size());
00068    Vector out(m2.size(),0);
00069    for (int i=0;i<m2.size();i++) {
00070        out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] - m2.vals[i];
00071    }
00072    return out;
00073 }
```

4.7.3.9 operator/()

Definition at line 107 of file vector.cpp.

4.7.3.10 operator/=()

4.7.3.11 operator=()

Definition at line 50 of file vector.cpp.

```
00050

00051 vals = m2.vals;

00052 return *this;

00053 }
```

 $\{\ //\ {\tt Overloading the = operator}\$

4.7.3.12 operator[]() [1/2]

Definition at line 46 of file vector.h.

```
00046 { return vals[i]; };
```

4.7.3.13 operator[]() [2/2]

```
float Vector::operator[] (
          int i ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 47 of file vector.h.

```
00047 { return vals[i]; };
```

4.7.3.14 positive()

```
bool Vector::positive ( ) const [inline]
```

Test that all elements are positive.

Definition at line 60 of file vector.h.

```
00060
00061     return all_of
00062     ( vals.begin(), vals.end(),
00063     [] (float e) { return e>0; }
00064     );
00065  }
```

4.7.3.15 set_ax()

4.7.3.16 show()

00046 }

```
void Vector::show ( )
```

Definition at line 55 of file vector_impl_blis.cpp.

4.7.3.17 size()

```
int Vector::size ( ) const
```

Definition at line 30 of file vector.cpp.

```
00030 { return vals.size(); };
```

4.7.3.18 square()

```
void Vector::square ( )
```

Definition at line 46 of file vector.cpp.

4.7.3.19 values() [1/2]

```
std::vector< float > & Vector::values ( ) [inline]
```

Definition at line 39 of file vector.h.

```
00039 { return vals; };
```

4.7.3.20 values() [2/2]

```
const std::vector< float > & Vector::values ( ) const [inline]
Definition at line 40 of file vector.h.
00040 { return vals; };
```

4.7.3.21 zeros()

```
void Vector::zeros ( )
```

Definition at line 49 of file vector_impl_blis.cpp.

```
00049
00051
             float zero = 0.0;
             \label{eq:bliselements} bli\_ssetv(\ BLIS\_NO\_CONJUGATE,\ size(),\ \&zero,\ \&vals[0],\ 1\ );\ //\ Set\ all\ values\ to\ 0
00052
00053 }
```

{

4.7.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

4.7.4.1 Matrix

```
friend class Matrix [friend]
```

Definition at line 25 of file vector.h.

4.7.4.2 operator*

return o;

00088 00089

00090 }

```
Vector operator* (
             const float & c,
              const Vector & m ) [friend]
Definition at line 84 of file vector.cpp.
00084
00085
          Vector o=m;
          for (int i=0;i<m.size();i++) {</pre>
00086
         o.vals[i] = c * o.vals[i];
}
00087
```

4.7.4.3 operator-

4.7.4.4 VectorBatch

```
friend class VectorBatch [friend]
```

Definition at line 24 of file vector.h.

4.7.5 Member Data Documentation

4.7.5.1 c

```
int Vector::c =1
```

Definition at line 35 of file vector.h.

4.7.5.2 r

```
int Vector::r
```

Definition at line 35 of file vector.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · vector.h
- · vector.cpp
- vector_impl_blis.cpp
- vector_impl_reference.cpp

4.8 VectorBatch Class Reference

Public Member Functions

• VectorBatch (int itemsize)

Construct and set the vector size.

- VectorBatch (int nRows, int nCols, bool rand=false)
- VectorBatch (const Vector &)

Construct from a single vector.

void allocate (int, int)

resize the vals array

- int size () const
- void resize (int m, int n)

resize the values vector

· float normf () const

Frobenius norm.

· bool positive () const

Test that all elements are positive.

• bool notnan () const

Test that there are no NaN elements.

· bool notinf () const

Test that there are no Inf elements.

• int item_size () const

The size of any vector in the batch.

void set_item_size (int n)

Set the vector size.

int batch_size () const

How many vectors are there in this batch.

void set_batch_size (int n)

Set the batch size.

• int nelements () const

Total number of eleements in the whole batch.

std::vector < float > & vals_vector ()

Return the values vector, for write.

- const std::vector< float > & vals_vector () const

Return the values vector, for read only.

• float * data ()

Return the float data. This is for the BLAS interface.

• const float * data () const

Return the float data. This is for the BLAS interface.

const float * data (int disp) const

Return the float data with an offset. This is for the BLAS interface.

- void v2mp (const Matrix &x, VectorBatch &y) const
- void v2tmp (const Matrix &x, VectorBatch &y) const
- void v2mtp (const Matrix &x, VectorBatch &y) const
- void outer2 (const VectorBatch &x, Matrix &y) const
- void add_vector (const std::vector< float > &v)

Extend the batch with a new vector.

· float at (int i, int j) const

Return element i of the j'th vector in the batch, with bound checking.

void set_col (int j, const std::vector< float > &v)

Copy a vector into batch j.

- std::vector< float > get_col (int j) const
- void set_row (int j, const std::vector< float > &v)
- std::vector< float > get row (int j) const
- std::vector< float > extract vector (int v) const
- std::vector< float > get_vector (int v) const
- void set vector (const Vector &v, int j)

Copy vector elements into vector j of this batch.

- void set_vector (const std::vector< float > &v, int j)
- · Vector get vectorObj (int j) const

Extract one vector from the batch.

- · void show () const
- void display (std::string) const

Crude output.

· void copy_from (const VectorBatch &in)

Copy a whole batch into this one.

- void addh (const Vector &y)
- void addh (const VectorBatch &y)
- · Vector meanh () const
- VectorBatch operator- ()
- VectorBatch & operator= (const VectorBatch &m2)
- void hadamard (const VectorBatch &m1, const VectorBatch &m2)
- VectorBatch operator* (const VectorBatch &m2)
- VectorBatch operator/ (const VectorBatch &m2)
- void scaleby (float)
- VectorBatch operator- (const VectorBatch &m2) const

Friends

- class Matrix
- · class Vector
- VectorBatch operator/ (const VectorBatch &m, const float &c)
- VectorBatch operator* (const float &c, const VectorBatch &m)

4.8.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 32 of file vector2.h.

4.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.8.2.1 VectorBatch() [1/4]

4.8.2.2 VectorBatch() [2/4]

Construct and set the vector size.

```
Definition at line 38 of file vector2.cpp.

00038

00039 allocate(0,vs);

00040 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.2.3 VectorBatch() [3/4]

```
VectorBatch::VectorBatch (
    int nRows,
    int nCols,
    bool rand = false )
```

Definition at line 29 of file vectorbatch_impl_blis.cpp.

```
00029
00030
          allocate(nRows,nCols);
00031
          const int r=nRows, c=nCols;
00032
00033
          float scal_fac = 0.05; // randomize between (-scal;scal)
          if (not random) {
00035
             float zero = 0.0;
00036
            bli_ssetm( BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, 0, BLIS_NONUNIT_DIAG, BLIS_DENSE,
         r, c, &zero, &vals[0], c, 1);
} else if (random){
bli_srandm(0, BLIS_DENSE, r, c, &vals[0], c, 1);
bli_sscalm(BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, 0, BLIS_NONUNIT_DIAG, BLIS_DENSE,
00037
00038
00039
00040
00041
                 r, c, &scal_fac, &vals[0], c, 1);
00042
00043 }
```

4.8.2.4 VectorBatch() [4/4]

```
\label{eq:VectorBatch} \mbox{VectorBatch (} \\ \mbox{const Vector & $v$ )}
```

Construct from a single vector.

Definition at line 43 of file vector2.cpp.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.3 Member Function Documentation

4.8.3.1 add_vector()

```
void VectorBatch::add_vector (  {\tt const \ std::vector} < {\tt float} \ > \ \& \ v \ )
```

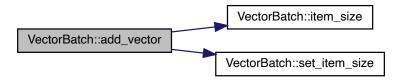
Extend the batch with a new vector.

Todo use the allocate method

Definition at line 83 of file vector2.cpp.

```
00083
00084
        const int Nelements = vals.size();
        const int vector_length = v.size();
if (Nelements==0)
00085
00086
00087
          set_item_size(vector_length);
00088
        else {
        assert( vector_length==item_size() );
00089
00090
          assert( Nelements%vector_length==0 );
00091
        const int m = Nelements/vector_length;
00092
00093
        vals.resize(Nelements+vector_length); nvectors++;
00094
        for (int i = 0; i < vector_length; i++) {</pre>
00095
          vals.at( m * vector_length + i ) = v.at(i);
       };
00096
00097 };
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.3.2 addh()

4.8.3.3 allocate()

resize the vals array

Definition at line 52 of file vector2.cpp.

```
00052

00053 // we allow a batchsize of zero

00054 assert(batchsize>=0);

00055 assert(itemsize>0);

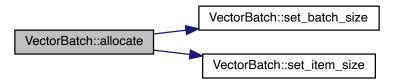
00056 vals.resize(batchsize*itemsize);

00057 set_batch_size(batchsize);

00058 set_item_size(itemsize);

00059 };
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.3.4 at()

Return element i of the j'th vector in the batch, with bound checking.

```
Definition at line 120 of file vector2.h.
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.3.5 batch_size()

```
int VectorBatch::batch_size ( ) const [inline]
```

How many vectors are there in this batch.

```
Definition at line 87 of file vector2.h. 00087 { return nvectors; };
```

4.8.3.6 copy_from()

Copy a whole batch into this one.

Definition at line 155 of file vector2.h.

```
00155
00156    assert( vals.size() ==in.vals.size() );
00157    std::copy( in.vals.begin(),in.vals.end(),vals.begin() );
00158    // for ( int i=0; i<vals.size(); i++)
00159    // vals[i] = in.vals[i];
00160 };</pre>
```

4.8.3.7 data() [1/3]

```
float * VectorBatch::data ( ) [inline]
```

Return the float data. This is for the BLAS interface.

```
Definition at line 102 of file vector2.h. 00102 { return vals.data(); };
```

4.8.3.8 data() [2/3]

```
const float * VectorBatch::data ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the float data. This is for the BLAS interface.

```
Definition at line 104 of file vector2.h. 00104 { return vals.data(); };
```

4.8.3.9 data() [3/3]

Return the float data with an offset. This is for the BLAS interface.

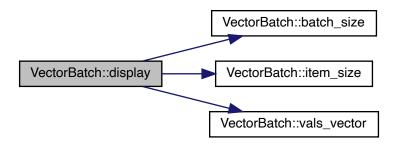
```
Definition at line 106 of file vector2.h. 00106 { return vals.data()+disp; };
```

4.8.3.10 display()

Crude output.

Definition at line 62 of file vector2.cpp.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.3.11 extract_vector()

4.8.3.12 get_col()

4.8.3.13 get_row()

```
std::vector< float > VectorBatch::get_row (
    int j ) const
```

Definition at line 116 of file vector2.cpp.

```
00116
00117    assert( j<batch_size() );
00118    const int n = item_size();
00119    std::vector<float> row(n);
00120    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
00121        row.at(i) = vals.at( j * n + i );
00122    return row;
00123    };</pre>
```

4.8.3.14 get_vector()

Definition at line 144 of file vector2.cpp.

```
00144 (00145 return extract_vector(v); (00146 );
```

4.8.3.15 get_vectorObj()

Extract one vector from the batch.

```
Definition at line 141 of file vector2.h.
```

4.8.3.16 hadamard()

```
void VectorBatch::hadamard (
                 const VectorBatch & m1,
                 const VectorBatch & m2 )
Definition at line 232 of file vector2.cpp.
00232
         const int r = item_size(), c = batch_size();
assert( r==m1.item_size() ); assert( c==m1.batch_size() );
00233
00234
00235
         assert( r==m2.item_size() ); assert( c==m2.batch_size() );
00236
00237
         const auto& m1vals = m1.vals_vector();
00238
         const auto& m2vals = m2.vals_vector();
00239
         for (int i=0; i<r*c; i++) {</pre>
          vals.at(i) = mlvals.at(i) * m2vals.at(i);
if ( isinf(vals.at(i)) )
00240
00241
00242
              cout « "inf from " « m1vals.at(i) « " * " « m2vals.at(i) « "\n";
00243
00244
         assert( ml.notinf() ); assert( ml.notnan() ); assert( ml.normf()!=0.f );
assert( m2.notinf() ); assert( m2.notnan() ); assert( m2.normf()!=0.f );
assert( this->notinf() ); assert( this->notnan() ); assert( this->normf()!=0.f );
00245
00246
00247
00248
00249
         if (trace_scalars()) {
         00250
00251
00252
00253 }
```

4.8.3.17 item size()

```
int VectorBatch::item_size ( ) const [inline]
```

The size of any vector in the batch.

```
Definition at line 83 of file vector2.h.
00083 { return vector_size; };
```

4.8.3.18 meanh()

```
Vector VectorBatch::meanh ( ) const
```

```
Definition at line 183 of file vector2.cpp.
```

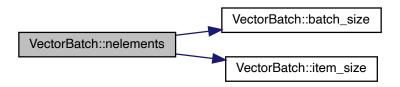
```
{ // Returns a vector of row-wise means
00183
         const int r = item_size(), c = batch_size();
00184
        Vector mean(r, 0);
for (int i=0; i<r; i++) {</pre>
00185
00186
         float avg = 0.f;
for ( int j=0; j<c; j++ ) {
00187
00188
00189
             avg += vals.at( INDEXc(i,j,r,v) );
00190
00191
          mean.vals[i] = avg/static_cast<float>( item_size() );
00192
00193
        return mean;
00194 }
```

4.8.3.19 nelements()

```
int VectorBatch::nelements ( ) const [inline]
```

Total number of eleements in the whole batch.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.3.20 normf()

```
float VectorBatch::normf ( ) const [inline]
```

Frobenius norm.

```
Definition at line 53 of file vector2.h.
```

4.8.3.21 notinf()

```
bool VectorBatch::notinf ( ) const [inline]
```

Test that there are no Inf elements.

```
Definition at line 76 of file vector2.h.
```

4.8.3.22 notnan()

```
bool VectorBatch::notnan ( ) const [inline]
```

Test that there are no NaN elements.

```
Definition at line 69 of file vector2.h.
```

4.8.3.23 operator*()

Definition at line 221 of file vector2.cpp.

```
00221
                                                                      { // Hadamard product
00222
         assert( item_size() == m2.item_size() );
00223
         assert( batch_size() ==m2.batch_size() );
         const int c = m2.item_size(), r = m2.batch_size();
00224
        VectorBatch out(r, c, 0);
for (int i = 0; i < nelements(); i++) {</pre>
00225
00226
00227
                out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] * m2.vals[i];
00228
00229
           return out:
00230 }
```

4.8.3.24 operator-() [1/2]

VectorBatch VectorBatch::operator- ()

Definition at line 272 of file vector2.cpp.

```
00272
00273     VectorBatch result = *this;
00274     for (int i = 0; i < nelements(); i++) {
00275         result.vals[i] = -vals[i];
00276     }
00277
00278     return result;
00279 };</pre>
```

4.8.3.25 operator-() [2/2]

Definition at line 210 of file vector2.cpp.

```
00210
00211     assert( item_size() == m2.item_size() );
00212     assert( batch_size() == m2.batch_size() );
00213     const int c = m2.item_size(), r = m2.batch_size();
00214     VectorBatch out(r, c, 0);
00215     for (int i = 0; i < r * c; i++) {
00216          out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] - m2.vals[i];
00217     }
00218     return out;
00219 }
```

4.8.3.26 operator/()

```
VectorBatch VectorBatch::operator/ (
                const VectorBatch & m2 )
Definition at line 255 of file vector2.cpp.
00255
                                                                        { // Hadamard product
         const int c = m2.item_size(), r = m2.batch_size();
assert( item_size() == c );
00256
00257
00258
         assert( batch_size() == r );
        VectorBatch out(r, c, 0);
for (int i = 0; i < nelements(); i++) {</pre>
00260
00261
          out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] / m2.vals[i];
00262
        return out;
00263
00264 }
4.8.3.27 operator=()
VectorBatch & VectorBatch::operator= (
                const VectorBatch & m2 )
Definition at line 200 of file vector2.cpp.
                                                                        { // Overloading the = operator
00201
         set_item_size( m2.item_size() );
00202
         set_batch_size( m2.batch_size() );
00203
        this->vals = m2.vals; // IM Since we're using vectors we can just use the assignment from that
00204
00205
        return *this;
00207 }
4.8.3.28 outer2()
void VectorBatch::outer2 (
                 const VectorBatch & x,
                 Matrix & y) const
Definition at line 163 of file vectorbatch impl blis.cpp.
00163
00164
         yr = item_size(), yc = batch_size(), // column storage
mr = m.rowsize(), mc = m.colsize(), // row storage
xr = x.item_size(), xc = x.batch_size(); // column
00165
00166
00167
00168
00169
        if (trace_scalars())
00170
         cout « "outer product "
           « xr « "x" « xc
« " & "
00171
00172
           « yr « "x" « yc
« " => " « mr « "x" « mc
00173
00174
00175
            « endl;
00176
00177
        assert( yc==xc );
00178
        assert( xr==mr );
00179
         assert ( yr==mc );
        const auto& xvals = x.vals_vector().data();
const auto& yvals = vals_vector().data();
00180
00181
00182
                      mmat = m.values().data();
        auto
00183
        float alpha = 1.0;
float beta = 0.0;
00184
00185
        bli_sgemm( BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_TRANSPOSE,
00186
00187
                mr, mc, yc,
00188
                 &alpha,
00189
                 const_cast<float*>(xvals), /* rsa,csa */ 1,xr,
00190
                 const_cast<float*>(yvals), /* rsb,csb */ 1,yr,
00191
                 &beta.
                                                /* rsc,csc */ mc,1
00192
                 mmat,
00193
                 );
00194
00195 }
```

4.8.3.29 positive()

```
bool VectorBatch::positive ( ) const [inline]
```

Test that all elements are positive.

4.8.3.30 resize()

```
void VectorBatch::resize (
          int m,
          int n ) [inline]
```

resize the values vector

```
Definition at line 49 of file vector2.h.

00049 {
00050 nvectors = m; set_item_size(n); //r = m; c = n;
00051 vals.resize(m*n); };
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.3.31 scaleby()

4.8.3.32 set_batch_size()

```
void VectorBatch::set_batch_size (
          int n ) [inline]
```

Set the batch size.

Todo should be private, maybe eliminated?

```
Definition at line 89 of file vector2.h. 00089 { nvectors = n; };
```

4.8.3.33 set_col()

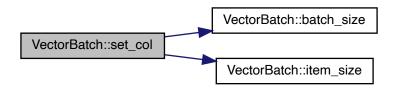
Copy a vector into batch j.

Todo rename to set_vector?

Definition at line 74 of file vector2.cpp.

```
00074
00075    assert( j<batch_size() );
00076    assert( v.size() == item_size() );
00077    for (int i = 0; i<nvectors; i++) {
00078      vals.at( j + vector_size * i ) = v.at(i);
00079    };
00080 };</pre>
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.3.34 set_item_size()

Set the vector size.

Todo should be private, maybe eliminated?

```
Definition at line 85 of file vector2.h. 00085 { vector_size = n; };
```

4.8.3.35 set_row()

Definition at line 108 of file vector2.cpp.

4.8.3.36 set_vector()

```
void VectorBatch::set_vector (  \mbox{const Vector \& } v, \\ \mbox{int } j \mbox{ )}
```

Copy vector elements into vector j of this batch.

```
Definition at line 150 of file vector2.cpp.
```

```
00150 {
00151 set_vector( v.vals,j );
00152 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.3.37 show()

```
void VectorBatch::show ( ) const
```

Definition at line 54 of file vectorbatch impl blis.cpp.

4.8.3.38 size()

```
int VectorBatch::size ( ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 47 of file vector2.h.

```
00047 { return vals.size(); };
```

4.8.3.39 v2mp()

Definition at line 69 of file vectorbatch_impl_blis.cpp.

```
00070
         xr = item_size(), xc = batch_size(), // column storage
mr = m.rowsize(), mc = m.colsize(), // row storage
yr = y.item_size(), yc = y.batch_size(); // column
00071
00072
00073
00074
00075
         if (trace_scalars())
         cout « "matrix vector product "
00076
            « mr « "x" « mc
« " & "
00077
00078
            00079
08000
00081
            « endl;
00082
00083
         assert( xc==yc );
00084
         assert( yr==mr );
00085
         assert ( mc==xr );
00086
        const auto& mmat = m.values().data();
const auto& xvals = vals_vector().data();
00087
88000
00089
         auto yvals
                              = y.vals_vector().data();
00090
00091
         float alpha = 1.0;
00092
         float beta = 0.0;
         bli_sgemm( BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE,
00093
00094
                 yr,yc,mc,
00095
                  &alpha,
                  const_cast<float*>(mmat), /* rsa,csa */ mr,1,
const_cast<float*>(xvals), /* rsb,csb */ 1,xr,
00096
00097
00098
                 &beta,
                  yvals,
                                                   /* rsc,csc */ 1,yr
00100
                  );
00101 }
```

4.8.3.40 v2mtp()

```
void VectorBatch::v2mtp (
                  const Matrix & x,
                   {\tt VectorBatch \& y ) const}
Definition at line 120 of file vectorbatch_impl_blis.cpp.
00120
00121
          const int
          xr = item_size(), xc = batch_size(), // column storage
mr = m.rowsize(), mc = m.colsize(), // row storage
00122
00123
00124
            yr = y.item_size(), yc = y.batch_size(); // column
00125
00126
         if (trace_scalars())
          cout « "matrix transpose vector product "
00127
             « mr « "x" « mc
00128
             « " & "
00129
            « xr « "x" « xc
« " => " « yr « "x" « yc
00130
00131
00132
             « endl;
00133
00134
         assert ( xc==yc );
         assert( yr==mc );
assert( mr==xr );
00135
00136
00137
         const auto& mmat = m.values().data();
const auto& xvals = vals_vector().data();
00138
00139
                        yvals = y.vals_vector().data();
00140
         auto
00141
00142
         float alpha = 1.0;
00143
          float beta = 0.0;
00144
         bli_sgemm( BLIS_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE,
00145
                  yr,yc,mr,
00146
                   &alpha,
                  const_cast<float*>(mmat), /* rsa,csa */ mc,1,
const_cast<float*>(xvals), /* rsb,csb */ 1,xr,
00147
00148
00149
                  &beta,
00150
                  yvals,
00151
00152
         if (trace_progress()) {
         assert( this->notinf() ); assert( this->notnan() ); assert( this->normf()!=0.f );
assert( m.notinf() ); assert( m.notnan() ); assert( m.normf()!=0.f );
assert( y.notinf() ); assert( y.notnan() ); assert( y.normf()!=0.f );
00153
00154
00155
00156
00157
```

4.8.3.41 v2tmp()

00158 }

Definition at line 103 of file vectorbatch_impl_blis.cpp.

```
00103
00104
00105
              const int c = batch_size(), r = item_size();
00106
             assert( r==x.rowsize() );
             assert( c==y.batch_size() );
00107
00108
             assert( x.colsize() == y.item_size() );
00109
00110
             float alpha = 1.0;
00111
             float beta = 0.0;
00112
              //printf("BLIS gemm %dx%dx%d\n",r,x.colsize(),c);
             bli_sgemm( BLIS_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE,
    c, x.colsize(), r, &alpha, const_cast<float*>(&vals[0]),
    c, 1, const_cast<float*>( x.data() ),
    x.colsize(), 1, &beta, &y.vals[0], x.colsize(), 1);
00113
00114
00115
00116
00117 }
```

4.8.3.42 vals_vector() [1/2]

```
std::vector< float > & VectorBatch::vals_vector ( ) [inline]
```

Return the values vector, for write.

```
Definition at line 98 of file vector2.h. 00098 { return vals; };
```

4.8.3.43 vals_vector() [2/2]

```
const std::vector< float > & VectorBatch::vals_vector ( ) const [inline]
```

Return the values vector, for read only.

```
Definition at line 100 of file vector2.h. 00100 { return vals; };
```

4.8.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

4.8.4.1 Matrix

```
friend class Matrix [friend]
```

Definition at line 33 of file vector2.h.

4.8.4.2 operator*

```
\begin{tabular}{lll} VectorBatch & operator* ( & const float & $c$, & \\ & const VectorBatch & $m$ ) & [friend] \end{tabular}
```

Definition at line 289 of file vector2.cpp.

4.8.4.3 operator/

4.8.4.4 Vector

```
friend class Vector [friend]
```

Definition at line 34 of file vector2.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · vector2.h
- · vector2.cpp
- vectorbatch_impl_blis.cpp
- vectorbatch_impl_reference.cpp

Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 configure.py

```
00001 #!/usr/bin/env python3
00002
00003 import re
00004 import sys
00005
00006 def usage():
      print("Usage: configure.py [ --blis BLIS_DIR ]")
00007
           sys.exit(0)
8,000
00009
00010 args = sys.argv[1:]
00011 if len(args) == 0:
        print("No Make.inc generated")
00012
           usage()
00014
00015
00019
00020 makeinc = open("Make.inc","w")
00021 while len(args)>0:
00022 a,args = args[0],args[1:]
00023 if not re.match(r'--',a):
         usage()
elif re.match(r'--blis',a):
00024
00025
          if len(args) == 0:
    print("Missing blis argument")
00026
00027
                    sys.exit(1)
00029
00030
                   b, args = args[0], args[1:]
                   if re.match(r'--',b):
    print(f"Probably missing blis argument: «{b}»")
    sys exit(1)
00031
00032
00033
                         svs.exit(1)
                   makeinc.write(f"""CXX=clang++ -std=c++17 -fopenmp
                    USE_BLIS=1
00036 BLIS_INC_DIR={b}/include
00037 BLIS_LIB_DIR={b}/lib
00038 """)
00039 else:
00040 p:
            print(f"Unknown option {a}")
sys.exit(1)
00041
00042
```

5.2 dataset.cpp

```
00014 #include <iostream>
00015 using std::cout;
00016 using std::endl;
00017 #include <string>
00018 using std::string;
00019 #include <vector>
00020 using std::vector;
00021
00022 #include <cstdio>
00023 #include <cassert>
00024 #include <algorithm>
00025 using std::for_each;
00026 #include <random>
00027
00028 #include "dataset.h"
00029 #include "trace.h"
00030
00031 #define IMSIZE 28
00032
00033 Dataset::Dataset( int n ) : nclasses(n) {
00034
       assert(n>=0);
00035 };
00036
00037 Dataset::Dataset( std::vector<dataItem> dv ) {
00038 for ( const auto& v : dv )
00039
         push_back(v);
00040 };
00041
00042 void Dataset::set_lowerbound( int b ) { lowerbound = b; };
00043 void Dataset::set number( int b ) { number = b; };
00044
00048 void Dataset::push_back(dataItem it) {
00049
       if (nclasses>0 and it.label_size()!=nclasses) {
         00050
00051
00052
         throw( string("Fail to add item to dataset") );
00054
       if (nclasses==0)
00055
         nclasses = it.label_size();
00056
       dataBatch.add_vector( it.data_values() );
00057
       labelBatch.add_vector( it.label_values() );
00058
       //_items.push_back(it);
00059 };
00060
00061 dataItem Dataset::item(int i) const {
00062
      return dataItem( data_vals(i),label_vals(i) );
00063 };
00064
00065 int Dataset::size() const {
00066 int ds = dataBatch.batch_size(), ls = labelBatch.batch_size();
00067 assert(ds==ls);
00068
       return ds;
00069 }
00070
00074 int Dataset::data_size() const {
00075 if (dataBatch.batch_size()==0)
00076
         throw( string("Can not get data size for empty dataset") );
00077
       return dataBatch.item_size();
00078 };
00079
00083 int Dataset::label_size() const {
00084 if (labelBatch.batch_size() == 0)
         throw( string("Can not get label size for empty dataset") );
00085
00086 return labelBatch.item_size();
00087 }
00088
00092 const Vector& Dataset::data(int i) const {
00093 throw( string("Do not use Dataset::data") );
       // return _items.at(i).data;
00095 };
00099 const vector<float> Dataset::data_vals(int i) const {
00100
       return dataBatch.extract_vector(i);
00101 };
00105 const vector<float> Dataset::label_vals(int i) const {
00106 return labelBatch.extract_vector(i);
00107 };
00109 vector<float> Dataset::stacked_data_vals(int i) const {
00110 throw( string("Do not use Dataset::stacked_data_vals") );
00111
       return dataBatch.get_row(i);
00112 };
00115 vector<float> Dataset::stacked_label_vals(int i) const {
00116 throw( string("Do not use Dataset::stacked_label_vals") );
00117
       return labelBatch.get_row(i);
00118 };
00119
```

5.2 dataset.cpp 83

```
00120 int Dataset::readTest(std::string dataPath) {
            \star This reader is specifically for a modified MNIST dataset which
00122
00123
            \star does not include the file header, metadata, etc.
00124
            * Link to the dataset: http://cis.jhu.edu/~sachin/digit/digit.html
00125
            * I chose this dataset for now to make it easy to read the data:
           * in later iterations I will generalize the read function, maybe OpenCV support
00126
00127
00128
           FILE *file;
00129
           std::string fileName;
00130
           uint8_t temp[IMSIZE * IMSIZE]; // Image buffer to read data into
00131
           for (int dataid = 0; dataid < 10; dataid+) {
    fileName = dataPath + "/data" + std::to_string(dataid); // Put together the path</pre>
00132
00133
00134
                file = fopen(fileName.c_str(), "r");
00135
00136
               if (!file) { // File checking
   cout « "Error opening file" « endl;
00137
00138
00139
                    return -2; // Arbitrary error code
00140
00141
                for (int k = 0; k < 1000; k++) {
                    Vector imageVec(IMSIZE * IMSIZE, 0); // initialize matrix to be read into
fread(temp, 1, IMSIZE * IMSIZE, file); // Read 28*28 into buffer
00142
00143
00144
00145
                    for (int i = 0; i < IMSIZE; i++) {</pre>
00146
                       for (int j = 0; j < IMSIZE; j++) {</pre>
00147
                             // Transfer from buffer into matrix
00148
                  float *i_data = imageVec.data();
                  *( i_data + i * IMSIZE + j ) // imageVec.vals[i * IMSIZE + j]
00149
                   = static_cast<float>( temp[i * IMSIZE + j] );
00150
00151
00152
00153
                    fseek(file, k * IMSIZE * IMSIZE, SEEK\_SET); // Seek to the kth image bytes
00154
00155
               Categorization label(10.dataid);
00156
00157
                    dataItem x = {imageVec, label}; // Initialize an item with the data and the label in it
00158
                    push_back(x); // Store in the vector
00159
00160
00161
               fclose(file);
00162
00163
           return 0;
00164 }
00165
00166
00167 void Dataset::shuffle() {
00168
           std::random_device r;
           std::seed_seq seed{r(), r(), r(), r(), r(), r(), r(), r()}; // Seed
00169
           std::mt19937 eng1(seed); // Randomizer engine
00171
00172
           throw( string("shuffling doesn't work") );
           // std::shuffle(begin(_items), end(_items), engl); // Shuffle the dataset
return; // todo add return codes instead of printing
00173
00174
00175 }
00176
00177
00178 std::vector<Dataset> Dataset::batch(int batch_size) const {
00179
00180
         std::vector<Dataset> batches:
         int nitems = size(), itemsize = data_size();
00181
00182
         int nbatches = nitems/batch_size + ( nitems%batch_size>0 ? 1 : 0 );
00183
         for (int b=0; b<nbatches; b++) {</pre>
00184
           int first = b*batch_size, last= std::min( (b+1)*batch_size,nitems );
00185
           Dataset batch; //(itemsize,last-first);
00186
           batch.set_lowerbound(first); batch.set_number(b);
           for (int i=first; i<last; i++) {
  batch.push_back( item(i) );</pre>
00187
00188
00189
00190
           batches.push_back(batch);
00191
00192
00193
         return batches;
00194 }
00195
00196 void Dataset::stack() { // Stacks vectors horizontally (column-wise) in a Matrix object
       throw( string("Stacking no longer needed") );
  //dataBatch = VectorBatch( data_size(), size(), 0);
00197
00198
00199
           //labelBatch = VectorBatch( label_size(), size(), 0);
00200
           dataBatch = VectorBatch( size(),    data_size(), 0);
labelBatch = VectorBatch( size(), label_size(), 0);
00201
00202
00203
00204
           for (int j = 0; j < size(); j++) {
00205
                //dataBatch.set_col( j,data_vals(j) );
00206
               dataBatch.set_row( j, data_vals(j) );
```

```
00207
          }
00208
00209
          for (int j = 0; j < size(); j++) {
00210
              //labelBatch.set_col( j,label_vals(j) );
00211
              labelBatch.set_row( j, label_vals(j) );
00212
          }
00213 }
00214
00215
00219 /* forward definition, see below */ vector<int> permutation(int N);
00220 std::pair < Dataset, Dataset > Dataset::split(float trainFraction) const {
         int dataset_size = size(); // _items.size();
00221
00222
          int testSize{0},trainSize;
00223
         while (true) {
00224
           trainSize= ceil( static_cast<float>( dataset_size ) * trainFraction);
            testSize = dataset_size - trainSize;
00225
00226
            if ( testSize>0 ) break;
00227
           trainFraction *= .9;
00229
00230
          auto random_index = permutation(dataset_size);
00231
          Dataset trainSplit;
          if (trace_progress())
  cout « "split into " « trainSize « "+" « testSize « endl;
00232
00233
00234
          for (int i=0; i<trainSize; i++) {</pre>
00235
          const auto& di = item( random_index[i] );
00236
            trainSplit.push_back(di);
00237
00238
          Dataset testSplit;
          for (int i=trainSize; i<trainSize+testSize; i++) {</pre>
00239
           const auto& di = item( random_index[i] );
00240
00241
            testSplit.push_back(di);
00242
00243
00244
          return std::make_pair(trainSplit,testSplit);
00245 }
00246
00247 vector<int> permutation(int N) {
00248
00249
        std::random_device r;
00250
        std::default_random_engine generator; // {r()};
00251
       std::uniform_int_distribution<> distribution(0, N-1);
00252
00253
        vector<int> numbers(N);
00254
       for (int i=0; i<N; i++)</pre>
00255
         numbers[i] = i;
00256
00257
        for (int pass=0; pass<N; pass++) {</pre>
        int
00258
          i = distribution(generator),
00259
00260
            j = distribution(generator);
00261
          int t = numbers[i]; numbers[i] = numbers[j]; numbers[j] = t;
00262
00263
00264
        return numbers;
00265 }
```

5.3 dataset.h

```
00002 *****************************
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of 00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00013
00014 #ifndef CODE DATASET H
00015 #define CODE DATASET H
00016 //#include "matrix.h"
00017 #include "vector2.h"
00018 #include "vector.h"
00019 #include <vector>
00020 #include <iostream>
00021
00022 class dataItem{
00023 public: // should really be done through friends private:
       Vector data; // Data matrix
```

5.4 funcs.cpp 85

```
//Vector label; // Label
           Categorization label; // Label
00026
00027 public:
00028
      dataItem( Vector data, /* Vector */ Categorization label)
00029
          : data(data), label(label) {};
00030
        dataItem( float data, Categorization label)
          : data( std::vector<float>(data) ), label(label) {};
00032
        dataItem( std::vector<float> indata,std::vector<float> outdata )
00033
          : data( Vector(indata) ), label( Categorization(outdata) ) {};
        int data_size() const { return data.size(); };
const std::vector<float>& data_values() const { return data.values(); };
00034
00035
00036
        int label_size() const { return label.size(); };
00037
        const std::vector<float>& label_values() const { return label.probabilities(); };
00038 };
00039
00040 class Dataset {
00041 private:
00042 int nclasses{0};
        // std::vector<dataItem> _items; // All the data: {data, label}
00044 private:
           VectorBatch dataBatch;
00045
00046
          VectorBatch labelBatch;
00047
        int lowerbound{0}, number{0};
00048 public:
00049
        Dataset() {};
00050
        Dataset( int n );
00051
        Dataset( std::vector<dataItem> );
00052
00053
        void set_lowerbound( int b );
00054
        void set_number( int b );
00055
        void push back(dataItem it);
00056
        int size() const;
00057
        int data_size() const;
00058
        int label_size() const;
00059
00060
        dataItem item(int i) const;
        // const dataItem& at(int i) const { return _items.at(i); };
// dataItem& at(int i) { return _items.at(i); };
00061
00062
00063
        const Vector& data(int i) const;
        const std::vector<float> data_vals(int i) const;
const std::vector<float> label_vals(int i) const;
00064
00065
        std::vector<float> stacked_data_vals(int i) const;
std::vector<float> stacked_label_vals(int i) const;
00066
00067
00068
        // const Categorization& label(int i) const { return _items.at(i).label; };
00069
00070
        // const std::vector<dataItem>& items() const { return _items; };
00071
        //const Vector& label(int i) const { return items.at(i).label; };
00072
00073
           std::string path; // Path of the dataset
00074 public:
        const auto& inputs() const { return dataBatch; };
00076
        const auto& labels() const { return labelBatch; };
00077
00078
           int readTest(std::string dataPath); // Read modified MNIST Dataset
00079
           void shuffle(); // Mix the dataset
08000
           std::vector<Dataset> batch(int n) const; // Divides the dataset into n batches
00081
           void stack();
00082
           std::pair<Dataset,Dataset> split(float trainFraction) const; // Train-test split
00083 };
00084
00085
00086 #endif //CODE DATASET H
```

5.4 funcs.cpp

```
00001 /****************************
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00011 *****************************
00012
00013
00014 #include "funcs.h"
00015 #include "trace.h"
00016
00017 #include <iostream>
00018 using std::cout;
```

```
00019 using std:: endl;
00020 #include <iomanip
00021 using std::boolalpha;
00022
00023 #include <algorithm>
00024 #include <numeric>
00025 using std::accumulate;
00026 #include <functional
00027 using std::function;
00028 #include <vector>
00029 using std::vector;
00030
00031 #include <cmath>
00032 #include <cassert>
00033
00035 void relu_io(const VectorBatch &mm, VectorBatch &a) {
00036
00037
        VectorBatch m (mm);
        assert( a.item_size() == m.item_size() );
00039
        assert( a.batch_size() == m.batch_size() );
        auto& avals = a.vals_vector();
const auto& mvals = m.vals_vector();
00040
00041
        avals.assign(mvals.begin(),mvals.end());
const float alpha = 0.01; // used for leaky relu, for regular relu, set alpha to 0.0
for (int i = 0; i < m.batch_size() * m.item_size(); i++) {
    // values will be 0 if negative, and equal to themselves if positive
00042
00043
00044
00045
00046
           if (avals.at(i) < 0)</pre>
           avals.at(i) *= alpha;
//cout « i « ":" « avals.at(i) « endl;
00047
00048
00049
00050 #ifdef DEBUG
00051 m.display("Apply RELU to");
00052 a.display("giving");
         a.display("giving");
00053 #endif
00054 }
00055
00056 //codesnippet netsigmoid
00057 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00059 void sigmoid_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a) {
00060
00061
           const auto& mvals = m.vals_vector();
00062
           auto& avals = a.vals_vector();
00063
           avals.assign(mvals.begin(), mvals.end());
           // for (int i = 0; i < m.batch_size() * m.item_size(); i++) {
// avals[i] = 1 / (1 + exp(-avals[i])) *
00064
00065
           // }
00066
00067
           for ( auto& e: avals ) {
            e = 1.f / (1.f + exp(-e));
if (e<1.e-5) e = 1.e-5;
00068
00069
             if (e>1-1.e-5) e = 1-1.e-5;
00070
00071
00072
           if (trace_scalars()) {
00073
             bool limit{true};
00074
              float min{2.f}, max{-1.f};
00075
              for_each( avals.begin(), avals.end(),
00076
               [&min,&max,&limit] (auto e) {
                 assert( not isinf(e) ); assert( not isnan(e) );
00078
                  if (e < min) min = e; if (e > max) max = e;
00079
                  limit = limit && e>0 && e<1;
08000
00081
               ) :
             00082
00083
00084
             assert( limit );
00085
00086 }
00087 //codesnippet end
00088
00090 void softmax_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a) {
00092
         const int vector_size = a.item_size(), batch_size = a.batch_size();
00093
         assert( vector_size==m.item_size() );
00094
         assert( batch_size==m.batch_size() );
00095
         vector<float> nB(batch size,0);
00096
         vector<float> mVectorBatch(batch_size,-99);
00097
00098
         // compute software independently for each vector j
         for (int j = 0; j < batch_size; j++) {
   // copy a vector from m into temporary aj
   auto aj = a.extract_vector(j);</pre>
00099
00100
00101
00102
           const auto& mj = m.extract vector(j);
00103
           std::copy( mj.begin(), mj.end(), aj.begin() );
00104
           // find the max
00105
           mVectorBatch.at(j) = *max_element( aj.begin(), aj.end() );
00106
           for_each( aj.begin(),aj.end(),
           [=] ( auto& x ) { x -= mVectorBatch.at(j); } );
for_each( aj.begin(), aj.end(),
00107
00108
```

5.4 funcs.cpp 87

```
[] ( auto& x ) { x = exp(x); } );
00110
           nB.at(j) = accumulate( aj.begin(), aj.end(), 0 );
          if ( nB.at(j)==0 ) throw("softmax aj is zero");
for_each( aj.begin(), aj.end(),
00111
00112
          [=] ( auto& x ) { x /= nB.at(j); } );
for_each( aj.begin(),aj.end(),
00113
00114
00115
                     [] ( auto& x ) {
00116
                   if (x \le 1e-7)
                   x = 1e-7;
if (x \ge 1 - 1e-7)
x = 1 - 1e-7;
00117
00118
00119
00120
                     } );
00121
          a.set vector( aj, j );
00122
00123
00124 #ifdef DEBUG
00125 assert(a.positive());
00126 m.display("Apply SoftMAX to");
        a.display("giving");
00128 #endif
00129 }
00130
00135 void softmax_io( const Vector& input, Vector& output ) {
          VectorBatch input_batch(input), output_batch(input_batch);
00136
00137
          softmax_io(input_batch,output_batch);
00138
          output.copy_from( output_batch );
00139 };
00140
00141 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00143 void linear_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a) {
00144
          a.vals_vector().assign(m.vals_vector().begin(),m.vals_vector().end());
00145 }
00146
00147 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00149 void reluGrad_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a) {
00150 assert(a.item_size() == m.item_size());
        auto& avals = a.vals_vector();
const auto& mvals = m.vals_vector();
00151
00153
        avals.assign(mvals.begin(), mvals.end());
00154
        float alpha = 0.01;
        for ( auto &e : avals) {
  if (e<=0)
00155
00156
          e = alpha;
else
00157
00158
            e = 1.0;
00159
00160
00161
        if (trace_progress()) {
00162
        assert( a.normf()!=0.f );
00163
          assert(a.notinf());
00164
          assert ( a.notnan() );
00165
        }
00166 }
00167
00168 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00170 void sigGrad_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a) {
00171
          assert( m.size() == a.size() );
00173
          const auto& mvals = m.vals_vector();
00174
          auto& avals = a.vals_vector();
00175
00176
          avals.assign(mvals.begin(), mvals.end());
00177
          for ( auto &e : avals )
00178
            e = e * (1.0 - e);
00179
           if (trace_scalars())
00180
            cout « "sigmoid grad " « m.normf() « " => " « a.normf() « "\n";
00181 }
00182
00183 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00185 void smaxGrad_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a) {
00186 assert( m.size() == a.size() );
00187
        throw("Unimplemented smaxGrad_io");
00188 }
00189
00190 #include <limits>
00192 void nan_io(const VectorBatch &mm, VectorBatch &a) {
00193
00194
        VectorBatch m (mm);
00195
        assert( a.item_size() ==m.item_size() );
00196
        assert( a.batch_size() == m.batch_size() );
        auto& avals = a.vals_vector();
for (int i = 0; i < a.batch_size() * a.item_size(); i++) {</pre>
00197
00198
00199
            avals.at(i) = std::numeric_limits<float>::signaling_NaN();
00200
00201 }
00202
00204 #ifdef USE GSL
00205 Matrix smaxGrad vec( const gsl::span<float> &v)
```

```
00207 Matrix smaxGrad_vec( const std::vector<float> &v)
00208 #endif
00209 {
00210
          Matrix im(v.size(),1,0); // Input but converted to a matrix
00211
00212
          for (int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){</pre>
00213
           float *i_data = im.data();
00214
            *( i_data +i ) // im.mat[i]
00215
          = v[i];
00216
          }
00217
00218
          Matrix dM = im;
00219
00220
          Matrix diag(dM.rowsize(),dM.rowsize(),0);
00221
          for (int i=0, j=0; i < diag.rowsize() * diag.colsize(); i += diag.rowsize() +1, j++) {</pre>
00222
00223
               // identity * dM
            float *d_data = diag.data(), *m_data = dM.data();
00225
            *( d_data+i ) // diag.mat[i]
00226
          = *( m_data+j ); //dM.mat[j];
00227
00228
          // S_(i,j) dot S_(i,k)
Matrix dMT = dM.transpose();
00229
00230
00231
00232
          Matrix S(dM.rowsize(),dMT.colsize(),0);
          dM.mmp(dMT, S);
im = diag - S; // Jacobian
00233
00234
00235
          return im;
00236
00237 }
00238
00239
00240 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00241 void linGrad_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a) {
          assert( m.size() == a.size() );
00242
          std::fill(a.vals_vector().begin(), a.vals_vector().end(), 1.0); // gradient of a linear function
00244 }
00245
00247 float id_pt(const float& x) {
         return x;
00248
00249 }
00250
00252 float relu_pt( const float& x ) {
00253
        float y;
00254
        if (x < 0)
       y = 0.;
else
00255
00256
00257
           y = x;
00258
        return y;
00259 }
00260
00262 float relu_slope_pt( const float& x ) {
00263 const float alpha = 0.01;
00264
       if (x < 0)
            return x * alpha;
00266
       else
00267
            return x;
00268 }
00269
00271 float sigmoid_pt( const float& x ) {
00272     float y = 1.f / ( 1.f + exp( -x ) );
00273
          if (y<1.e-5)
00274
          return 1.e-5;
00275
          else if (y>1-1.e-5)
00276
          return 1-1.e-5;
00277
          else
00278
          return y;
00279 }
00280
00285 void batch_activation
00286
        ( function< float(const float&) > pointwise,const VectorBatch &i,VectorBatch &o,bool by_vector ) {
00287
00288
        assert( i.item_size() == o.item_size() );
        assert( i.batch_size() == o.batch_size() );
00289
00290
        const auto& ivals = i.vals_vector();
00291
        auto& ovals = o.vals_vector();
00292
        ovals.assign(ivals.begin(),ivals.end());
        if (by_vector) {
  throw("need to think about by-vector activation");
00293
00294
00295
          for ( int v=0; v<o.batch_size(); v++ ) {</pre>
00296
             auto vec = o.get_vector(v);
00297
             for_each( vec.begin(), vec.end(), pointwise );
00298
            o.set_vector(vec, v);
00299
00300
        } else {
```

5.5 funcs.h 89

5.5 funcs.h

```
00002
       00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00011 ******************************
00012
00013
00014 #ifndef SRC_FUNCS_H
00015 #define SRC_FUNCS_H
00016
00017 #include <functional>
00018
00019 #include "matrix.h"
00020 #include "vector.h"
00021 #include "vector2.h"
00022
00023 #ifdef USE_GSL
00024 #include "gsl/gsl-lite.hpp"
00025 #endif
00026
00027 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00028 void relu_io
                      (const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &v);
00029 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00030 void sigmoid_io (const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &v);
00031 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00032 void softmax_io (const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &v);
00033 void softmax_io( const Vector& input, Vector& output );
00034 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00035 void linear_io (const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &v);
00036 void nan_io (const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &v);
00038 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00039 void reluGrad_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a);
00040 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00041 void sigGrad_io (const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a);
00042 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00043 void smaxGrad_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a);
00044 //template <typename VectorBatch>
00045 void linGrad_io (const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a);
00046
00047 #ifdef USE GSL
00048 Matrix smaxGrad_vec( const gsl::span<float> &v);
00049 #else
00050 Matrix smaxGrad_vec( const std::vector<float> &v);
00051 #endif
00052
00053 enum acFunc{RELU, SIG, SMAX, NONE};
00054
00055 static inline std::vector< std::string > activation_names{ 00056    "ReLU", "Sigmoid", "SoftMax", "Linear" };
00057
00058 template <typename V>
00059 static inline std::vector< std::function< void(const V&, V&) >> apply_activation{
00060 [] (const V &v, V &a) { relu_io(v,a); },
00061 [] (const V &v, V &a) { sigmoid_io(v,a); },
00062 [] (const V &v, V &a) { softmax_io(v,a); },
00063
          [] ( const V &v, V &a ) { linear_io(v,a); }
00064 };
00065
00066 template <typename V>
00067 static inline std::vector< std::function< void(const V&, V&) >> activate_gradient{
00068 [] ( const V &m, V &v ) { reluGrad_io(m,v); },
```

```
[] ( const V &m, V &v ) { sigGrad_io(m,v); },
            [] ( const V &m, V &v ) { smaxGrad_io(m,v); },
[] ( const V &m, V &v ) { linGrad_io(m,v); }
00070
00071
00072 };
00073
00074 enum lossfn{cce, mse}; // categorical cross entropy, mean squared error
00075 inline static std::vector< std::function< float( const float& groundTruth, const float& result) >>
        lossFunctions{
        [] ( const float &gT, const float &result ) {
00076
00077
           assert(result>0.f);
         return gT * log(result); }, // Categorical Cross Entropy
[] ( const float &gT, const float &result ) {
  return pow(gT - result, 2); }, // Mean Squared Error
00078
00079
00080
00081 };
00082
00083 inline static std::vector< std::function< VectorBatch(, VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) >> d_lossFunctions
         [] ( VectorBatch &gT, VectorBatch &result ) -> VectorBatch {
00084
           std::cout « "Ambiguous operator\n" ; throw(27);
00085
            //return -gT / ( result/ static_cast<float>( result.batch_size() ) );
00086
00087
00088
         [] ( VectorBatch &gT, VectorBatch &result ) -> VectorBatch {
         std::cout « "Ambiguous operator\n"; throw(27);
//return -2 * ( gT-result) / static_cast<float>( result.batch_size() );
00089
00090
00091
         },
00092 };
00093
00094 float id_pt( const float &x );
00095 float relu_pt( const float &x );
00096 float relu_slope_pt( const float &x );
00097 float sigmoid_pt( const float &x );
00098 void batch_activation
00099
           ( std::function< float(const float&) > pointwise,
00100
              const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &o, bool=false );
00101
00102 #endif //SRC FUNCS H
```

5.6 layer.cpp

```
00002
      ***************
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00011 *****************************
00012
      00014 #include "layer.h"
00015 #include "trace.h"
00016
00017 #include <iostream>
00018 using std::cout;
00019 using std::endl;
00020
00021 Layer::Layer() {};
00022 Layer::Layer(int insize,int outsize)
       : weights( Matrix(outsize,insize,1) ),
00023
         dw ( Matrix(outsize,insize, 0) ),
//dW( Matrix(outsize,insize, 0) ),
00024
         dw
00026
         dw_velocity( Matrix(outsize,insize, 0) ),
00027
         biases( Vector(outsize, 1 ) ),
         // biased_product( Vector(outsize, 0) ),
activated( Vector(outsize, 0) ),
00028
00029
         d_activated( Vector(outsize, 0) ),
00030
         delta( VectorBatch(outsize, 1) ),
00031
00032
         // biased_productm( VectorBatch(outsize,insize,0) ),
00033
               activated_batch( VectorBatch(outsize,1, 0) ),
00034
              d_activated_batch ( VectorBatch(outsize, insize, 0) ),
         db( Vector(insize, 0) ),
00035
         // delta_mean( Vector(insize, 0) ),
dl( VectorBatch(insize, 1) ),
00036
00037
00038
         db_velocity( Vector(insize, 0) ) {};
00039
00040 /*
00041 \,\, * Resize temporaries to reflect current batch size 00042 \,\, */
00043 void Layer::allocate batch specific temporaries(int batchsize) {
      const int insize = weights.colsize(), outsize = weights.rowsize();
```

5.6 layer.cpp 91

```
00045
00046
        biased_batch.allocate( batchsize,outsize );
00047
        input_batch.allocate( batchsize,insize );
00048
        // activated_batch.allocate( batchsize,outsize );
00049
        d_activated_batch.allocate( batchsize,outsize );
00050
        dl.allocate ( batchsize, outsize );
        delta.allocate( batchsize, outsize );
00051
00052 };
00053
00054 void Layer::set_activation(acFunc f) {
00055
       activation = f;
        apply_activation_batch = apply_activation<VectorBatch>.at(f);
00056
       activate_gradient_batch = activate_gradient<VectorBatch>.at(f);
00057
00058 };
00059
00060 Layer& Layer::set_activation
00061
00062
           std::function< float(const float&) > activate_pt,
           std::function< float(const float&) > gradient_pt,
00063
           std::string name
00064
00065
00066
          set_activation
00067
           [activate_pt] ( const VectorBatch& i, VectorBatch& o ) -> void {
00068
           batch_activation(activate_pt,i,o); },
[gradient_pt] ( const VectorBatch& i, VectorBatch& o ) -> void {
00069
00070
00071
               batch_activation( gradient_pt,i,o ); },
           name );
00072
00073
        return *this;
00074 };
00075
00076 Layer& Layer::set_activation
00077
        ( std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > apply,
00078
            std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > activate,
00079
            std::string name ) {
08000
       activation = acFunc::RELU;
       apply_activation_batch = apply;
activate_gradient_batch = activate;
00081
00082
00083
        return *this:
00084 };
00085
00086 Layer& Layer::set_uniform_weights(float v) {
00087 for ( auto& e : weights.values() )
00088
         e = v;
00089
        return *this;
00090 };
00091
00092 Layer& Layer::set_uniform_biases(float v) {
00093
       for ( auto& e : biases.values() )
00094
         e = v;
00095
        return *this;
00096 };
00097
00098 //codesnippet layerforward
00099 void Layer::forward( const VectorBatch& input, VectorBatch& output) {
00100
       assert( input.batch size() == output.batch size() );
        if (trace_progress()) {
         00102
00103
00104
00105
00106
        allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(input.batch_size());
00107
        input_batch.copy_from(input);
        if (trace_progress()) {
00108
00109
         assert(input_batch.notnan()); assert(input_batch.notinf());
00110
         assert( weights.notnan() ); assert( weights.notinf() );
00111
00112
        input_batch.v2mp( weights, biased_batch );
00113
        if (trace progress()) {
00114
         assert( biased_batch.notnan() ); assert( biased_batch.notinf() );
00115
00116
00117
        biased_batch.addh(biases); // Add the bias
00118
        if (trace_progress()) {
00119
         assert (biased batch.notnan()); assert (biased batch.notinf());
00120
00121
        apply_activation_batch(biased_batch, output); //cout \ll "layer output: " \ll output.data()[0] \ll "\n";
00122
00123
00124
        if (trace progress()) {
00125
         assert( output.notnan() ); assert( output.notinf() );
00126
00127
        //return activated_batch;
00128 }
00129 //codesnippet end
00130
00131 const VectorBatch& Laver::intermediate() const { return biased batch: };
```

```
00132
00133 void Layer::backward
00134
         (const VectorBatch &prev_delta, const Matrix &W, const VectorBatch &prev_output) {
00135
00136
       // compute delta ell
00137
       activate gradient batch (prev output, d activated batch);
00138
       prev_delta.v2mtp( W, dl );
00139
00140
        // delta = Dl . sigma
       if (trace_progress())
  cout « "L-" « layer_number « " delta\n";
00141
00142
       delta.hadamard( d_activated_batch,dl ); // Derivative of the current layer
00143
00144
00145
       // prev_output.outer2( delta, dw );
00146
       // if (trace_scalars())
       // cout « "L-" « layer_number « " dw: "
// « delta.normf() « "x" « prev_output.normf() « " => " « dw.normf() « "\n";
00147
00148
00149
00150
       update_dw(delta, prev_output);
00151
       // weights.axpy( 1.,dw );
       // db = delta.meanh();
00152
00153
       // biases.add( db );
00154 }
00155
00156 void Layer::update_dw( const VectorBatch &delta, const VectorBatch& prev_output) {
      prev_output.outer2( delta, dw );
00157
00158
        if (trace_scalars())
00159
        cout « "L-" « layer_number « " dw: "
           00160
00161
00162
       // Delta W = delta here X activated prevous
00163
       weights.axpy(1.,dw);
00164
       db = delta.meanh();
00165
      biases.add( db );
00166 }
00167
00168 void Layer::set topdelta( const VectorBatch& gTruth,const VectorBatch& output ) {
00169
          // top delta ell is different
00170
00171
        activate_gradient_batch(output, d_activated_batch);
        dl = output - gTruth;
dl.scaleby( 1.f / gTruth.batch_size() );
00172
00173
00174
        // delta = Dl . sigma
00175
        delta.hadamard( d_activated_batch,dl );
00176
       if (trace_scalars())
00177
         cout « "L-" « layer_number « " top delta: "
00178
           00179
        // update_dw(delta, prev_output);
00180
00181 };
```

5.7 layer.h

```
00001 /****************************
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00012
      00013
00014 #ifndef SRC_LAYER_H
00015 #define SRC_LAYER_H
00016
00017 #include <functional>
00018
00019 #include "vector.h"
00020 //#include "matrix.h"
00021 #include "funcs.h"
00022 #include "vector2.h"
00023
00024 class Net; // forward definition for friending
00025 class Layer {
00026 friend class Net;
00027 public:
00028
      /*
00029
         * Construction
00030
```

5.7 layer.h 93

```
Layer();
          Layer(int insize, int outsize);
00032
00033
          Layer& set_uniform_weights(float);
00034
          Layer& set_uniform_biases(float);
00035
00036
          * Forward stuff
00038
00039 private: // but note that Net is a 'friend' class!
          Vector biases; // Biases which come before the layer
00040
00041
          acFunc activation; // Activation functions of the layer
00042
          // Vector\ biased\_product;\ //\ Values\ in\ the\ layer\ n\ after\ multiplying\ vals\ from\ n-1\ and\ weights
00043
          Matrix weights; // Weights which come before the layer
00044
          Vector activated;
00045
          VectorBatch input_batch, biased_batch; //,activated_batch;
00046 public:
          auto& input() { return input_batch; };
00047
00048
          const auto& input() const { return input_batch; };
00050
          * Backward stuff
00051
00052
00053 private:
          VectorBatch delta, wdelta, dl, Dscale;
00054
00055
          Vector d_activated; // for backpropagation
          //VectorBatch biased_productm;
00056
00057
          VectorBatch d_activated_batch;
00058
          Matrix dw;
                           // cumulative dw
          Matrix dw_velocity; // For SGD with Momentum, RMSprop
00059
00060
          Vector db_velocity;
                            // cumulative deltas
00061
          Vector db;
00062
00063
          //Vector delta_mean; // mean of the deltas used in batch training
00064 public:
00065
00066
          * Stats
00067
          */
00069 private:
00070
          int layer_number{-1};
00071 public:
00072
          Layer& set_number(int n) { layer_number = n; return *this; };
00073
00074 public:
00075
         int input_size() const { return weights.colsize(); };
00076
          int output_size() const { return weights.rowsize(); };
00077
             void set_initial_deltas( const Matrix&, const Vector& );
00078
         void set_recursive_deltas( Vector &, const Layer&, const Layer& );
          void set_topdelta( const VectorBatch&, const VectorBatch& );
00079
          void allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(int batchsize);
08000
00082
00083
          * Action
00084
00085
          void forward( const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch& );
00086
          const VectorBatch& intermediate() const;
          void backward(const VectorBatch &delta, const Matrix &W, const VectorBatch &prev);
00088
          void backward_update( const VectorBatch&, const VectorBatch& ,bool=false );
00089
          void update_dw(const VectorBatch &delta, const VectorBatch& prevValues);
00090
00091
00092
00093
          * Activation function
00094
00095 private:
00096
        std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > apply_activation_batch{
        [] (const VectorBatch &v, VectorBatch &a) { nan_io(v,a); } };
std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > activate_gradient_batch{
00097
00098
00099
         [] ( const VectorBatch &v, VectorBatch &a ) { nan_io(v,a); } };
00100 public:
00101
        std::string activation_name{"custom"};
00102
        void set_activation(acFunc f);
00103
        Layer& set_activation
            ( std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > apply,
00104
00105
          std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > activate,
00106
          std::string name=std::string("custom")
00107
00108
          Layer& set_activation
00109
00110
             std::function< float(const float&) > activate pt,
             std::function< float(const float&) > gradient_pt,
00111
00112
             std::string name=std::string("custom")
00113
00114 };
00115
00116
00117 #endif //SRC_LAYER_H
```

5.8 Make.inc

```
00001 USE_BLIS=0
00002 BLIS_INC_DIR=/Users/eijkhout/Installation/blis/installation-git/include
00003 BLIS_LIB_DIR=/Users/eijkhout/Installation/blis/installation-git/lib
00004
00005 USE_GSL=0
00006 GSL_INC_DIR=../gsl-lite/include
00007
00008 CXX = clang++ -g -std=c++17 -fopenmp
00009 CXXOPTS = ${HOME}/Installation/cxxopts/installation
00010
00011 DEBUG = 0
```

5.9 matrix.cpp

```
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00013
00014 #include "matrix.h"
00015 #include <iostream>
00016 #include <vector>
00017 #include <algorithm>
00018 #include <cassert>
00019
00020 using std::vector;
00021
00022 Matrix::Matrix() { // Default constructor
      r = 0;
00023
00024
        c = 0;
00025
        mat.clear();
00026 }
00027
00028 // void Matrix::flatten() { // Matrices are initialized in a coalesced flat 1D representation, so
     changing the dimension values are enough
00029 // r = r * c;
00030 // c = 1;
00031 // }
00032
00033
00034 float* Matrix::data() { return mat.data(); };
00035 const float* Matrix::data() const { return mat.data(); };
00036
00037 Matrix &Matrix::operator=(const Matrix &m2) { // Overloading the = operator
       r = m2.r;
00038
        c = m2.c;
00039
00040
00041
        this->mat = m2.mat; // IM Since we're using vectors we can just use the assignment from that
00042
00043
        return *this;
00044 }
00045
00046 Matrix Matrix::operator+(const Matrix &m2) const {
        Matrix out(m2.r, m2.c, 0);

for (int i = 0; i < m2.r * m2.c; i++) {
00047
00048
00049
            out.mat[i] = this->mat[i] + m2.mat[i];
00050
00051
        return out:
00052 }
00053
00054 Matrix Matrix::operator-(const Matrix &m2) {
      Matrix out(m2.r, m2.c, 0);
for (int i = 0; i < m2.r * m2.c; i++) {</pre>
00055
00056
           out.mat[i] = this->mat[i] - m2.mat[i];
00057
00058
00059
        return out;
00060 }
00061
00062
00063
00064 Matrix operator*(const float &c, const Matrix &m) {
00065
      Matrix o = m;
00066
        assert(o.mat.size()==o.r*o.c);
```

5.10 matrix.h 95

```
for (int i = 0; i < o.r * o.c; i++) {</pre>
00068
             o.mat[i] = c * o.mat[i];
00069
           return o:
00070
00071 }
00072
00073 Matrix operator/(const Matrix &m, const float &c) {
           Matrix o = m;
for (int i = 0; i < o.r * o.c; i++) {
00074
00075
               o.mat[i] = o.mat[i] / c;
00076
00077
00078
           return o:
00079 }
08000
00081
00082 Matrix Matrix::operator*(const Matrix &m2) { // Hadamard product
00083
           Matrix out(m2.r, m2.c, 0);
           assert(out.mat.size() == m2.r * m2.c);

for (int i = 0; i < m2.r * m2.c; i++) {
00084
00086
               out.mat[i] = this->mat[i] * m2.mat[i];
00087
00088
           return out;
00089 }
00090
00091 Matrix Matrix::operator/(const Matrix &m2) { // Hadamard product
         Matrix out(m2.r, m2.c, 0);
for (int i = 0; i < m2.r * m2.c; i++) {</pre>
00093
00094
             out.mat[i] = this->mat[i] / m2.mat[i];
00095
00096
           return out:
00097 }
00098
00099 Matrix Matrix::operator-() {
          Matrix result = *this;
for (int i = 0; i < r * c; i++) {
    result.mat[i] = -mat[i];</pre>
00100
00101
00102
00103
00105
           return result;
00106 };
00107
00108 void Matrix::addvh(const Vector &y) {
          for (int j = 0; j < c; j++) {
    for (int i = 0; i < y.size(); i++) {</pre>
00109
00110
00111
                   mat[j + c * i] += y.vals[i];
00112
00113
           }
00114 }
00115
00116 Vector Matrix::meanv() { // Returns a vector of column-wise means
           Vector mean(r, 0);
           float avg;
for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
00118
00119
             avg = 0.0;

for (int j = 0; j < c; j++) {

avg += mat[i * c + j];
00120
00121
00122
00124
               mean.vals[i] = avg;
00125
00126
           return mean;
00127 }
00128
00129
00130 void Matrix::zeros() {
00131
          std::fill(mat.begin(), mat.end(), 0);
00132 }
00133
00134 void Matrix::square() {
00135
           std::for_each(mat.begin(), mat.end(), [](auto &n) { n *= n;});
00136 }
```

5.10 matrix.h

```
00013
00014 #ifndef CODE MAT H
00015 #define CODE MAT H
00016
00017 #include <vector>
00018 #include "vector.h"
00019 //#include "vector2.h"
00020 #include <initializer_list>
00021
00022 class Matrix{
00023 private: // should really become private
00024
          std::vector<float> mat;
00025
           int r;
00026
           int c;
00027 public:
00028
           Matrix();
           Matrix(int nRows, int nCols, int rand);
           // for mpl
00030
00031
           std::vector<float> &values() { return mat; };
00032
           const std::vector<float> &values() const { return mat; };
           float* data() ;
const float* data() const;
00033
00034
00035
           int nelements() const {
00036
             return mat.size();
00037
00038
           int rowsize() const { return r; };
00039
           int colsize() const { return c; };
00040
           Matrix transpose() const;
00041
           void show() const;
00042
           //void flatten();
           void mvpt( const Vector &x, Vector &y ) const;
void mvp( const Vector &x, Vector &y ) const;
00043
00044
00045
           void addvh( const Vector &y); // Add a vector to each column
00046
00047
           void mmp( const Matrix &x, Matrix &y) const;
void outerProduct( const Vector &x, const Vector &y );
00049
           Vector meanv();
00050
           void zeros();
00051
           void square();
00052
           float normf() const;
00053
00054
           bool notnan() const {
00055
             return all_of
00056
            ( mat.begin(), mat.end(),
00057
             [] (float e) { return not isnan(e); }
00058
           );
00059
00060
           bool notinf() const {
00061
             return all_of
00062
           ( mat.begin(), mat.end(),
00063
             [] (float e) { return not isinf(e); }
00064
           );
00065
00066
           //vector2 methods
           // Moving these to VectorBatch object
00068
           //void mv2p( const VectorBatch &x, VectorBatch &y) const;
00069
            //void mv2pt( const VectorBatch &x, VectorBatch &y ) const;
00070
           //void outer2( const VectorBatch &x, const VectorBatch &y );
00071
00072
00073
           Matrix operator-(); // Unary negate operator
           Matrix& operator=(const Matrix& m2); // Copy constructor
Matrix operator+(const Matrix &m2) const; // Element-wise addition
00074
00075
           Matrix operator*(const Matrix &m2); // Hadamard Product Element-wise multiplication
Matrix operator/(const Matrix &m2); // Element-wise division
Matrix operator-(const Matrix &m2); // Element-wise subtraction
00076
00077
00078
          friend Matrix operator*(const float &c, const Matrix &m); // for constant-matrix multiplication friend Matrix operator/(const Matrix &m, const float &c); // for matrix-constant division
00079
00081
        void axpy( float a, const Matrix &x );
00082
00083 };
00084
00085
00086
00087 #endif
```

5.11 matrix_impl_blis.cpp

```
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00011 ******************************
00013
00014 #include "matrix.h"
00015 #include <iostream>
00016 #include <vector>
00017 #include <algorithm>
00018 #include <cassert>
00019
00020 using std::vector;
00021
00022 #ifdef BLISNN
00023 #include "blis/blis.h"
00024 #endif
00025
00026 Matrix::Matrix(int nRows, int nCols, int random = 0)
00027
              : r(nRows), c(nCols) {
00028
00029
         mat = vector<float>(nRows * nCols);
00030
          float scal_fac = 0.05; // randomize between (-1;1)
00031
         if (random==0) {
              float zero = 0.0:
00032
             bli_ssetm(BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, 0, BLIS_NONUNIT_DIAG, BLIS_DENSE,
00033
00034
                     r, c, &zero, &mat[0], c, 1);
00035
         } else if (random==1) {
             bli_srandm(0, BLIS_DENSE, r, c, &mat[0], c, 1);
bli_sscalm( BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, 0, BLIS_NONUNIT_DIAG, BLIS_DENSE,
00036
00037
00038
                      r, c, &scal_fac, &mat[0], c, 1);
00039
          }
00040 }
00041
00042 Matrix Matrix::transpose() const {
00043
         Matrix result(c, r, 0); // Initialize a new matrix with inverted dimension values
00044
00045
          // m = r, n = c
         // rs = 1, cs = m, rsf = 1, csf = n
00046
          //printf("BLIS copy %dx%d\n",c,r);
00047
00048
          bli_scopym( 0, BLIS_NONUNIT_DIAG, BLIS_DENSE, BLIS_TRANSPOSE,
00049
              c, r, const_cast<float*>(&mat[0]), c, 1, &result.mat[0], r, 1);
00050
          return result;
00051 }
00052
00053 void Matrix::show() const {
00054
00055
          char e[5] = "";
          char format[8] = "%4.4f";
00056
00057
         bli_sprintm( e, r, c, const_cast<float*>(&mat[0]), c, 1, format, e );
00058 }
00059
00060
00061 void Matrix::mvp(const Vector &x, Vector &y) const {
00062
       assert( c==x.size() );
00063
         assert( r==y.size() );
00064
00065
         float alpha = 1.0;
00066
         float beta = 0.0;
00067
          //printf("BLIS gemv %dx%d\n",c,r);
00068
          bli_sgemv( BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE,
00069
                 r, c, &alpha, const_cast<float*>(&mat[0]),
                 c, 1, const_cast<float*>( x.data() ) /* &t.vals[0] */,
// c, 1, &t.vals[0] ,
00070
00071
                 1, &beta, &y.vals[0], 1);
00072
00073
00074 }
00075
00076 void Matrix::mvpt(const Vector &x, Vector &y) const {
00077
         assert ( r==x.size() );
         assert( c==y.size() );
00078
00079
08000
          float alpha = 1.0;
00081
          float beta = 0.0;
         //printf("BLIS gemv %dx%d\n",c,r);
bli_sgemv( BLIS_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE,
00082
00083
                r, c, &alpha, const_cast<float*>(&mat[0]), // test if r and c need to be flipped
00084
00085
                 //c, 1, &t.vals[0],
                 c, 1, const_cast<float*>( x.data() ),
1, &beta, &y.vals[0], 1 );
00086
00087
00088 }
00089
00090
```

```
00091 void Matrix::outerProduct(const Vector &x, const Vector &y) {
         assert( x.size() == r );
00093
          assert(y.size() == c);
00094
          float val = 1.0;
00095
00096
          //printf("BLIS gemm (outer) %dx%d\n",r,c);
          bli_sgemm( BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_TRANSPOSE,
00098
                  r, c, 1, &val,
00099
                   const_cast<float*>(x.data()), 1, 1,
00100
                  const_cast<float*>(y.data()), c, 1, &val, &mat[0], c, 1);
00101
00102 }
00103
00104
00105 void Matrix::mmp(const Matrix &x, Matrix &y) const { // In place matrix matrix multiplication
         assert( c==x.r );
assert( r==y.r );
00106
00107
00108
          assert(x.c==y.c);
00109
00110
          float alpha = 1.0;
00111
          float beta = 0.0;
          // m = r, n = x.c, k = c
//printf("BLIS gemm %dx%dx%d\n",r,x.c,c);
00112
00113
          bli_sgemm( BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE,
00114
00115
                 r, x.c, c, &alpha, const_cast<float*>(&mat[0]),
                 //c, 1, &t.mat[0],
00116
00117
                 c, 1, const_cast<float*>( x.data() ),
00118
                 x.c, 1, &beta, &y.mat[0], x.c, 1);
00119 }
00120
00121 void Matrix::axpy( float a,const Matrix &x ) {
       assert( r==x.r );
assert( c==x.c );
00122
00123
00124
        const int n = nelements();
00125
       assert( n==x.nelements() );
00126
00127
       bli saxpyv( BLIS NO CONJUGATE,
                n, &a, const_cast<float*>( x.data() ),1,
00129
                data(),1);
00130 };
00131
00132 float Matrix::normf() const {
00133
       float norm;
00134
        auto r = rowsize(), c = colsize();
        const auto mval = values().data();
00135
00136
       bli_snormfv( r*c, const_cast<float*>(mval), 1, &norm );
00137
       return norm;
00138 };
```

5.12 matrix_impl_reference.cpp

```
00002 ******************************
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00012
00014 #include "matrix.h"
00015 #include <iostream>
00016 #include <vector>
00017 #include <algorithm>
00018 #include <cassert>
00019
00020 using std::vector;
00021
00022 Matrix::Matrix(int nRows, int nCols, int random = 0)
00023
       : r(nRows), c(nCols) {
00024
00025
       mat = vector<float>(nRows * nCols);
00026
       int i, j;
00027
       if (random==0) {
00028
         std::fill(mat.begin(), mat.end(), 0);
00029
       } else if (random==1) {
00030
        //std::fill(mat.begin(), mat.end(), .5);
        for (i=0; i<nRows * nCols;i++){
    //mat[i] = -0.1 + static_cast <float> (rand()) /( static_cast <float>(RAND_MAX/(0.1-(-0.1))));
00031
```

```
mat[i] = -0.1 + static_cast <float> (rand()) /( static_cast <float>(RAND_MAX) );
00034
00035
00036
00037 }
00038
00039 Matrix Matrix::transpose() const {
00040
           Matrix result(c, r, 0); // Initialize a new matrix with inverted dimension values
            int i1, i2; // Old and new index
for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < c; j++) {
        i1 = i * c + j; // Old indexing
        i2 = j * r + i; // New indexing</pre>
00041
00042
00043
00044
00045
00046
00047
                      result.mat[i2] = mat[i1]; // Move transposed values to new array
00048
           }
00049
00050
           return result;
00052 }
00053
00054 void Matrix::show() const {
00055
            int i, j;
for (i = 0; i < r; i++) {
   for (j = 0; j < c; j++) {</pre>
00056
00057
00058
00059
                      std::cout « mat[i * c + j] « ' ';
00060
00061
                 std::cout « std::endl;
00062
00063
           std::cout « std::endl;
00064
00065 }
00066
00067
00068 void Matrix::mvp(const Vector &x, Vector &y) const {
00069
           assert( c==x.size() );
            assert( r==y.size() );
00071
            for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) {</pre>
                float sum = 0.0;
for (int j = 0; j < c; j++) {
00072
00073
00074
                     sum += x.vals[j] * mat[i * c + j];
00075
00076
                y.vals[i] = sum;
00077
00078
00079 }
08000
00081 void Matrix::mvpt(const Vector &x, Vector &v) const {
00082
          assert( r==x.size() );
00083
            assert( c==y.size() );
00084
            for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
                float sum = 0.0;

for (int j = 0; j < c; j++) {

   sum += x.vals[j] * mat[i * c + j];
00085
00086
00087
00088
00089
                y.vals[i] = sum;
00090
00091
00092 }
00093
00094
00095 void Matrix::outerProduct(const Vector &x, const Vector &y) {
00096
         assert( x.size() == r );
00097
            assert(y.size() == c);
00098
            float val = 1.0;
            for (int i = 0; i < x.size(); i++) {
   for (int j = 0; j < y.size(); j++) {
      mat[i * c + j] = x.vals[i] * y.vals[j];</pre>
00099
00100
00101
00102
                }
00103
           }
00104
00105 }
00106
00107 void Matrix::mmp(const Matrix &x, Matrix &y) const {
00108
         assert( c==x.r );
00109
            assert( r==y.r );
00110
            assert(x.c==y.c);
00111
            float sum;
            for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) { // Matrix multiplication subroutine for (int j = 0; j < x.c; j++) { sum = 0.0;
00112
00113
00114
00115
                      for (int k = 0; k < x.r; k++) {
                           sum += mat[i * c + k] * x.mat[k * x.c + j];
00116
00117
                     y.mat[i * y.c + j] = sum;
00118
00119
```

```
00120
          }
00121 }
00122
00123 void Matrix::axpy( float a,const Matrix &x ) {
00124 assert(r==x.r);
        assert( c==x.c );
00125
        const int n = nelements();
00126
00127
        assert( n==x.nelements() );
00128
        float *ydata = this->data();
00129
       const auto& xdata = x.data();
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
00130
00131
       ,___ i-o; i<n; i++) {
  ydata[i] += a * xdata[i];
}</pre>
00132
00133
00134
00135 };
00136
00137 float Matrix::normf() const {
00138    float norm{0.f};
        // auto r = rowsize(), c = colsize();
00139
00140
        // const auto mval = values().data();
00141
        for ( auto e : values() )
00142
         norm += e*e;
00143
        return sqrt (norm);
00144 };
```

5.13 net.cpp

```
00001 /****************************
00002
      ****************
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00013
00014 #include <iostream>
00015 using std::cout;
00016 using std::endl;
00017 #include <fstream>
00018
00019 #include <algorithm>
00020 #include <string>
00021 using std::string;
00022
00023 #include <cmath>
00024
00025 #include "vector.h"
00026 #include "net.h"
00027 #include "trace.h"
00028
00029 Net::Net(int s) { // Input vector size
       this->inR = s;
this->inC = 1;
00030
00031
00032
         samples = 0;
00033 }
00034
00035 Net::Net( const Dataset &data ) {
00036 this->inR = data.data_size(); //data.items.at(0).data.size(); 00037 this->inC = 1;
00038 samples = 0;
00039 }
00040
00044 void Net::addLayer( int outputsize,
00045
                std::function< float(const float&) > activate_pt,
00046
                 std::function< float(const float&) > gradient_pt,
                 string name ) {
00047
00048
         addLaver
00049
         ( outputsize,
          [activate_pt] ( const VectorBatch& i, VectorBatch& o ) -> void {
00050
              batch_activation( activate_pt,i,o ); },
00051
           [gradient_pt] ( const VectorBatch& i, VectorBatch& o ) -> void {
00052
00053
              batch_activation( gradient_pt,i,o ); },
00054
           name );
00055 };
00056
00060 void Net::addLayer( int outputsize,
                 std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > apply_activation_batch,
```

5.13 net.cpp 101

```
00062
                   std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > activate_gradient_batch,
00063
                   string name
00064
                   ) {
          \ensuremath{//} Initialize layer object and add the necessary parameters
00065
00066
          Layer layer(inputsize(layers.size()), outputsize);
00067
          layer.set_activation(apply_activation_batch,activate_gradient batch);
          layer.set_number( layers.size() );
00069
          layer.activation_name = name;
00070
          push_layer(layer);
00071 };
00072
00076 void Net::push_layer( const Layer& layer ) {
00077
          if (trace_progress())
00078
          cout « "Creating layer " « layers.size()
               " of size " « layer.output_size() « "x" « layer.input_size()
// « " with " « name « " activation"
00079
00080
              //
              « endl:
00081
00082
          layers.push_back(layer);
00083 };
00089 void Net::addLayer(int 1, acFunc f) {
00090
       addLayer( 1,
00091
              apply_activation<VectorBatch>.at(f),
00092
              activate_gradient<VectorBatch>.at(f),
00093
              activation_names.at(f)
00094
00095 }
00096
00100 void Net::set_lossfunction( lossfn lossFuncName ) {
00101
       lossFunction = lossFunctions.at(lossFuncName);
       d_lossFunction = d_lossFunctions.at(lossFuncName);
00102
00103 };
00104
00108 void Net::set_uniform_weights(float v) {
00109
       for ( auto& 1 : layers )
00110
          1.set_uniform_weights(v);
00111 };
00112
00116 void Net::set_uniform_biases(float v) {
00117 for ( auto& 1 : layers )
00118
          1.set_uniform_biases(v);
00119 };
00120
00125 //codesnippet netforward
00126 void Net::feedForward( const VectorBatch& input, VectorBatch& output ) {
00127
       if (trace_progress())
00128
          cout « "Feed forward batch of size " « input.batch_size() « endl;
00129
        allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(input.batch_size());
00130
00131
        if (lavers.size()==1) {
         layers.front().forward(input,output);
//cout « "single layer output: " « output.data()[0] « "\n";
00132
00133
00134
         00135
00136
00137
00139
            layers.at(i).forward
00140
          (layers.at(i).input(),
00141
           layers.at(i+1).input()
00142
           );
00143
00144
          layers.back().forward(layers.back().input(),output);
00145
          cout « "last layer : "
00146
           « layers.back().input().data()[0] « " -> " « output.data()[0] « "\n";
00147
00148 };
00149 //codesnippet end
00150
00155 void Net::feedForward( const Vector& input, Vector& output )
00156
          VectorBatch input_batch(input), output_batch(input_batch);
00157
          feedForward(input_batch,output_batch);
          const auto& in_data = input_batch.data();
const auto& out_data = output_batch.data();
// cout « "net forward: " « in_data[0] « " -> " « out_data[0] « "\n";
00158
00159
00160
          output.copy_from( output_batch );
00161
00162 };
00163
00167 void Net::show() {
         for (unsigned i = 0; i < layers.size(); i++) {
   cout « "Layer " « i « " weights" « endl;</pre>
00168
00169
              layers.at(i).weights.show();
00171
00172 }
00173
00178 void Net::calculate_initial_delta(VectorBatch &input, VectorBatch &gTruth) {
00179
          VectorBatch d loss = d lossFunction( gTruth, input);
```

```
if (layers.back().activation_name == "SoftMax" ) { // Softmax derivative function
00181
00182
               Matrix jacobian( input.item_size(), input.item_size(), 0 );
               for(int i = 0; i < input.batch_size(); i++ ) {
  auto one_column = input.get_vector(i);</pre>
00183
00184
00185
                  jacobian = smaxGrad_vec( one_column );
                  Vector one_vector( jacobian.rowsize(), 0 );
00186
00187
                 Vector one_grad = d_loss.get_vectorObj(i);
00188
                  jacobian.mvp( one_grad, one_vector );
00189
                 layers.back().d_activated_batch.set_vector(one_vector,i);
00190
00191
00192
           /* Will add the rest of the code here, not done yet
00193
00194 }
00195
00199 void Net::backPropagate
00200
           (const VectorBatch &input, const VectorBatch output, const VectorBatch &gTruth) {
00202
        if (layers.size() == 1) {
00203
          throw(string("single layer case does not work"));
00204
             // const VectorBatch& prev = input;
             // layers.back().update_dw(delta, prev);
00205
00206
             // return:
00207
        } else {
00208
00209
           if (trace_progress()) cout « "Layer-" « layers.back().layer_number « "\n";
00210
          layers.back().set_topdelta( gTruth,output );
00211
           const VectorBatch& prev = layers.back().input();
           layers.back().update_dw(layers.back().delta, prev);
00212
00213
00214
           for (unsigned i = layers.size() - 2; i > 0; i--) {
   if (trace_progress()) cout « "Layer-" « layers.at(i).layer_number « "\n";
00215
00216
00217
             layers.at(i).backward
00218
             (layers.at(i+1).delta, layers.at(i+1).weights, layers.at(i).input());
00219
00220
00221
           if (trace_progress()) cout « "Layer-" « layers.at(0).layer_number « "\n";
00222
           layers.at(0).backward(layers.at(1).delta, layers.at(1).weights, input);
00223
00224
00225 }
00226
00230 void Net::SGD(float lr, float momentum) {
00231
           assert( layers.size()>0 );
00232
           int samplesize = layers.front().input().batch_size();
00233
           for (int i = 0; i < layers.size(); i++) {</pre>
00234
               // Normalize gradients to avoid exploding gradients
           Matrix deltaW = layers.at(i).dw / static_cast<float>(samplesize);
00235
               Vector deltaB = layers.at(i).db / static_cast<float>(samplesize);
00237
00238
               // Gradient descent
00239
               if (momentum > 0.0) {
                   layers.at(i).dw_velocity = momentum * layers.at(i).dw_velocity - lr * deltaW;
//layers.at(i).weights = layers.at(i).weights + layers.at(i).dw_velocity;
00240
00241
00242
               layers.at(i).weights.axpy( 1.f, layers.at(i).dw_velocity );
00243
             //layers.at(i).weights = layers.at(i).weights - lr * deltaW;
layers.at(i).weights.axpy( -lr,deltaW );
00244
00245
00246
00247
00248
               layers.at(i).biases = layers.at(i).biases - lr * deltaB;
00249
00250
               // Reset the values of delta sums
00251
               layers.at(i).dw.zeros();
00252
               layers.at(i).db.zeros();
00253
           }
00254 }
00255
00256 void Net::RMSprop(float lr, float momentum) {
           for (int i = 0; i < layers.size(); i++)</pre>
00257
               // Get average over all the gradients
Matrix deltaWsq = layers.at(i).dw;
Vector deltaBsq = layers.at(i).db;
00258
00259
00260
00261
00262
           // Gradient step
00263
               deltaWsq.square(); // dW^2
               deltaBsq.square(); // db^2
00264
               // Sdw := m*Sdw + (1-m) * dW^2
00265
00266
00267
           layers.at(i).dw_velocity = momentum * layers.at(i).dw_velocity + (1 - momentum) * deltaWsq;
00268
               layers.at(i).db_velocity = momentum * layers.at(i).db_velocity + (1 - momentum) * deltaBsq;
00269
00270
          Matrix sqrtSdw = layers.at(i).dw_velocity;
               std::for_each(sqrtSdw.values().begin(), sqrtSdw.values().end(),
00271
00272
                      [](auto &n) {
```

5.13 net.cpp 103

```
n = sqrt(n);
00274
                  if (n==0) n= 1-1e-7;
00275
                     });
00276
          Vector sqrtSdb = layers.at(i).db_velocity;
00277
             std::for_each(sqrtSdb.values().begin(), sqrtSdb.values().end(),
00278
                    [](auto &n) {
00279
                   n = sqrt(n);
00280
                  if (n=0) n=1-1e-7;
00281
                    });
00282
00283
              // W := W - lr * dW / sqrt(Sdw)
              layers.at(i).weights = layers.at(i).weights - lr * layers.at(i).dw / sqrtSdw;
00284
              layers.at(i).biases = layers.at(i).biases - lr * layers.at(i).db / sqrtSdb;
00285
00286
00287
               // Reset the values of delta sums
00288
              layers.at(i).dw.zeros();
00289
              layers.at(i).db.zeros();
00290
          }
00291 }
00292
00293 // this function no longer used
00294 // void Net::calcGrad(VectorBatch data, VectorBatch labels) {
00295 //
             feedForward(data);
00296 //
             backPropagate(data, labels);
00297 // }
00298
00299
00300 void Net::train( const Dataset &train_data,const Dataset &test_data,
00301
               int epochs, int batchSize ) {
00302
00303
          const int Optimizer = optimizer();
00304
          cout « "Optimizing with ";
00305
          switch (Optimizer) {
00306
          case sgd: cout « "Stochastic Gradient Descent\n"; break;
          case rms: cout « "RMSprop\n"; break;
00307
00308
00309
00310
          std::vector<Dataset> batches = train_data.batch(batchSize);
00311
          float lrInit = learning_rate();
00312
          const float momentum_value = momentum();
00313
00314
          for (int i_epoch = 0; i_epoch < epochs; i_epoch++) {</pre>
            // Iterate through the entire dataset for each epoch cout « endl « "Epoch " « i_epoch+1 « "/" « epochs « endl;
00315
00316
            float current_learning_rate = lrInit; // Reset the learning rate to undo decay
00317
00318
00319
            for (int j = 0; j < batches.size(); j++) {</pre>
          \ensuremath{//} Iterate through all batches within dataset
00320
          auto& batch = batches.at(j);
00321
00322 #ifdef DEBUG
00323
          cout \text{``.} batch \text{``.} batch \text{``.} batches.size() \text{``.} of size \text{``.} batch.size() \text{``.} \n";
00324 #endif
00325
          // allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(batch.size());
00326
          VectorBatch batch_output( batch.inputs().item_size(),batch.size() );
00327
          feedForward(batch.inputs(),batch_output);
00328
          backPropagate(batch.inputs(),batch.labels(),batch_output);
00329
00330
               // User chosen optimizer
00331
              current_learning_rate = current_learning_rate / (1 + decay() * j);
00332
              optimize.at(Optimizer)(current_learning_rate, momentum_value);
00333
00334
00335
            auto loss = calculateLoss(test_data);
00336
            cout « " Loss: " « loss « endl;
00337
            auto acc = accuracy(test_data);
            cout « " Accuracy on trest set: " « acc « endl;
00338
00339
00340
00341 }
00346 void Net::allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(int batchsize) {
00347 #ifdef DEBUG
00348
       cout « "allocating temporaries for batch size " « batchsize « endl;
00349 #endif
00350
       for ( auto& layer : layers )
00351
          layer.allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(batchsize);
00352 }
00353
00358 //codesnippet netloss
00359 float Net::calculateLoss(const Dataset &testSplit) {
00360
00361 #ifdef DEBUG
00362
        cout « "Loss calculation\n";
00363 #endif
00364
        // \quad {\tt allocate\_batch\_specific\_temporaries\,(testSplit.inputs\,()\,.batch\_size\,())\,;}
00365
        VectorBatch result = this->create_output_batch( testSplit.inputs().batch_size() );
00366
       feedForward( testSplit.inputs(), result );
```

```
assert( result.notnan() );
00368
00369
          float loss = 0.0;
00370
           auto tmp_labels = testSplit.labels();
          if (trace_arrays()) {
  cout « "Compare results\n"; result.show();
00371
00372
             cout « " to label\n"; tmp_labels.show();
00373
00374
00375
           for (int vec=0; vec<result.batch_size(); vec++) { // iterate over all items</pre>
00376
            const auto& one_result = result.extract_vector(vec); // VLE figure out const span !!!
             auto one_label = tmp_labels.get_vector(vec);
00377
           assert( one_result.size() == one_label.size() );
for (int i=0; i<one_result.size(); i++) { // Calculate loss of result
auto this_label = one_label[i], this_result = one_result[i];</pre>
00378
00379
00380
00381
           assert( not std::isnan(this_label) );
00382
           assert( not std::isnan(this_result) );
00383
           auto oneloss = lossFunction( this_label, this_result );
00384
           assert( not std::isnan(oneloss) );
00385
           loss += oneloss;
00386
             }
00387
00388
           const int bs = result.batch_size();
00389
           assert( bs>0 );
           auto scale = 1.f / static_cast<float>(bs);
00390
00391
           loss = loss * scale;
00392
00393
           return loss;
00394 }
00395 //codesnippet end
00396
00397
00398 #if 0
00399
          const auto& result_vals = result.vals_vector();
00400
           const auto& label_vals = testSplit.labelBatch.vals_vector();
           for (int j = 0; j < result.r * result.c; j++) {
  loss += lossFunction( label_vals[j], result_vals[j] );</pre>
00401
00402
00403
00404 #else
00405 #endif
00406
00407 float Net::accuracy( const Dataset &test_set ) {
       if (trace_progress())
  cout « "Accuracy calculation\n";
00408
00409
00410
00411
        int correct = 0;
00412
        int incorrect = 0;
00413
00414
        assert( test_set.size()>0 );
00415
        const auto& test_inputs = test_set.inputs();
const auto& test_labels = test_set.labels();
00416
        assert(test_inputs.batch_size() ==test_labels.batch_size());
00417
00418
        assert( test_inputs.batch_size()>0 );
00419
00420
                 allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(test_inputs.batch_size());
00421
        if (trace_arrays()) {
             cout « "inputs:\n"; test_inputs.show();
00422
00423
00424
        assert( test_inputs.normf()!=0.f );
00425
         auto output_batch = this->create_output_batch(test_labels.batch_size());
00426
         feedForward(test_inputs,output_batch);
00427
        if (trace_arrays()) {
             cout « "outputs:\n"; output_batch.show();
00428
00429
00430
        assert( output_batch.notnan() );
00431
00432
         for(int idx=0; idx < output_batch.batch_size(); idx++ ) {</pre>
             Vector oneItem = output_batch.get_vectorObj(idx);
00433
00434
             Categorization result (oneItem);
00435
             result.normalize();
00436
             if ( result.close_enough( test_labels.extract_vector(idx) ) ) {
00437
             correct++;
00438
             } else {
00439
             incorrect++;
00440
00441
00442
        assert( correct+incorrect==test_set.size() );
00443
00444
        float acc = static_cast<float>( correct ) / static_cast<float>( test_set.size() );
00445
        return acc;
00446 }
00447
00448
00449
00453 void Net::saveModel(std::string path) {
00454
           1. Size of matrix m \mathbf{x} n, activation function
00455
00456
           2. Values of weight matrix
```

5.13 net.cpp 105

```
3. Values of bias vector
00458
                  4. Repeat for all layers
00459
00460
                  std::ofstream file;
00461
                  file.open( path, std::ios::binary );
00462
00463
                  float temp;
00464
                   int no_layers = layers.size();
00465
                  file.write( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&no_layers), sizeof(no_layers) );
00466
                  for ( auto 1 : layers ) {
                         int insize = l.input_size(), outsize = l.output_size();
00467
                         file.write( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&outsize), sizeof(int) );
file.write( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&insize), sizeof(int) );
00468
00469
00470
                         file.write( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&l.activation), sizeof(int) );
00471
00472
                         const auto& weights = 1.weights;
00473
                         file.write(reinterpret_cast<const char *>(weights.data()), sizeof(float)*weights.nelements());
00474
                          // const float* weights_data = 1.weights.data();
                         // file.write(reinterpret_cast<char *>(&weights_data), sizeof(temp)*insize*outsize);
00476
00477
                          const auto& biases = 1.biases;
00478
                         file.write(reinterpret_cast<const char*>(biases.data()), sizeof(float) * biases.size());
00479
                         //file.write(reinterpret_cast<char *>(&1.biases.vals[0]), sizeof(temp) * 1.biases.size());
00480
00481
                  cout « endl;
00482
00483
                  file.close();
00484 }
00485
00486 void Net::loadModel(std::string path) {
00487
                 std::ifstream file(path);
00488
                  std::string buffer;
00489
00490
00491
                  file.read( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&no_layers), sizeof(no_layers) );
00492
00493
                  float temp;
00494
                  layers.resize(no_layers);
00495
                  for ( int i=0; i < layers.size(); i++ ) {</pre>
00496
                          int insize, outsize;
00497
                          file.read( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&outsize), sizeof(int) );
00498
                         file.read( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&insize), sizeof(int) );
00499
00500
                         file.read( reinterpret_cast<char *>(&layers[i].activation), sizeof(int) );
00501
00502
                         layers[i].weights = Matrix( outsize, insize, 0 );
00503
                          float *w_data = layers[i].weights.data();
00504
                          file.read(reinterpret_cast<char *>( w_data ), //(&layers[i].weights.mat[0]),
00505
                                    sizeof(temp) * insize*outsize);
00506
00507
                         layers[i].biases = Vector( outsize, 0 );
00508
                          float *b_data = layers[i].biases.data();
00509
                          file.read(reinterpret_cast<char *>( b_data ), //(&layers[i].biases.vals[0]),
00510
                                    sizeof(temp) * layers[i].biases.size());
00511
                  }
00512 }
00514
00515 void Net::info() {
00516
                 cout « "Model info\n----\n";
00517
                 for ( auto 1 : layers ) {
   cout « "Weights: " « l.output_size() « " x " « l.input_size() « "\n";
   cout « "Biases: " « l.biases.size() « "\n";
   cout « "Activation: " « l.activation_name « "\n";
00518
00519
00520
00521
00522
00523
                         // switch (l.activation)
                         // case RELU: cout « "RELU\n"; break;
// case SIG: cout « "Sigmoid\n"; break;
00524
00525
                         // case SMAX: cout « "Softmax\n"; break;
00527
                         // case NONE: break;
// }
00528
                         cout « "----\n";
00529
00530
                  }
00531
00532 }
00533
00534 void loadingBar(int currBatch, int batchNo, float acc, float loss) {
                 cout « "[";
int pos = 50 * currBatch/(batchNo-1);
00535
00536
                 for (int k=0; k < 50; ++k) {
    for (x < pos) cout « "=";
    else if (k == pos) cout « ">";
    else cout « " ";
00537
00539
00540
00541
                  \verb"cout "" " " " int(float(currBatch)/float(batchNo-1)*100) " " " " " " loss: " " loss: " " acc: " acc: " " acc:
00542
                   \r":
```

00001 /***********************

```
00543 cout « std::flush; 00544 }
```

5.14 net.h

```
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
      **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00011 *****************************
      *************************
00012
00013
00014 #ifndef CODE NET H
00015 #define CODE_NET_H
00016
00017 #include <vector>
00018 #include "vector.h"
00019 #include "matrix.h"
00020 #include "dataset.h"
00021 #include "layer.h"
00022 #include <cmath>
00023
00024 enum opt{sgd, rms}; // Gradient descent, RMSprop
00025
00026 class Net {
00027 private:
         int inR; // input dimensions
00029
          int inC;
00030
          int samples;
          std::vector<Layer> layers;
00031
          std::function<float( const float& groundTruth, const float& result)> lossFunction{
00032
00033
           [] ( const float& groundTruth, const float& result) -> float {
          throw(std::string("no loss function defined")); } };
std::function<VectorBatch( VectorBatch& groundTruth, VectorBatch& result )> d_lossFunction{
00034
00035
          [] ( VectorBatch& groundTruth, VectorBatch& result ) -> VectorBatch { throw(std::string("no d_lossfunction defined")); } };
00036
00037
00038 public:
          Net(int s); // input shape
00039
          Net ( const Dataset &d );
00041
          void addLayer(int 1, acFunc activation); // length of the dense layer
00042
          void addLayer( int 1,
00043
                  std::function< float(const float&) > activate_pt,
00044
                  std::function< float(const float&) > gradient_pt,
                  std::string name=std::string("custom")
00045
00046
          void addLayer( int 1,
00047
                 std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > apply_activation_batch, std::function< void(const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch&) > activate_gradient_batch,
00048
00049
00050
                  std::string name=std::string("custom")
00051
                 );
00052
          void push_layer( const Layer& layer );
00053
00054
          * Stats
00055
           */
00056
          int outputsize() const {
00057
          assert( layers.size()>0 );
00058
          return layers.back().output_size();
00060
          int inputsize( int layer ) const {
00061
          assert(layer>=0); assert(layer<=layers.size());</pre>
00062
          if (layers.empty())
00063
              return inR; // Input's row size for the first layer
00064
          else
00065
              return layers.at(layer-1).output_size(); // Previous layer's row size
00066
00067
          VectorBatch create_output_batch( int batchsize ) {
00068
          return VectorBatch( outputsize(),batchsize );
00069
          };
00070
00071
           * Direct layer access
00072
00073
          Layer& backlayer() {
00074
          assert(layers.size()>0); return layers.back(); };
00075
          const Layer& backlayer() const {
          assert(layers.size()>0); return layers.back(); };
const Layer& layer(int i) const { return layers.at(i); };
00076
00077
          const Layer& at(int i) const { return layers.at(i); };
```

5.15 net mpi.cpp 107

```
Layer& at(int i) { return layers.at(i); };
00080
00081
          void show(); // Show all weights
00082
          Categorization output_vector() const;
00083
          const VectorBatch &outputs() const;
00084
          void set_lossfunction( lossfn lossFuncName );
          void set_uniform_weights(float);
00086
          void set_uniform_biases(float);
00087
00088
          //void feedForward( const Vector& );
00089
          void feedForward( const Vector&, Vector& );
00090
          //void feedForward( const VectorBatch& );
00091
          void feedForward( const VectorBatch&, VectorBatch& );
00092
00093
          void allocate_batch_specific_temporaries(int batchsize);
00094
          void calcGrad(Dataset data);
          void calcGrad(VectorBatch data, VectorBatch labels);
00095
00096
00097
          void backPropagate(const Vector &input, const Vector &gTruth, const Vector &output);
00098
          void backPropagate(const VectorBatch &input, const VectorBatch &gTruth, const VectorBatch
00099
00100
          void calculate initial delta ( VectorBatch & result, VectorBatch & gTruth);
00101
          void SGD(float lr, float momentum);
00102
          void RMSprop(float lr, float momentum);
00104
00105
        * Various settings
*/
00106
00107
00108 private:
00109
        float _lr{0.05};
00110 public:
00111
        void set_learning_rate(float lr) { _lr=lr; };
00112
        float learning_rate() const { return _lr; };
00113 private:
        float _decay{0.05}; // high decay causes very small training
00114
00115 public:
00116
       void set_decay(float d) { _decay = d; };
00117
        float decay() const { return _decay; };
00118 private:
00119
        float _momentum{0.0}; // 0.9 works well
00120 public:
00121
        void set_momentum(float m) { _momentum = m; };
00122
        float momentum() const { return _momentum; };
00123 private:
00124
        int _optimizer;
00125 public:
        void set_optimizer(int m) { _optimizer = m; };
00126
        int optimizer() const { return _optimizer; };
std::vector< std::function< void(float lr, float momentum) >> optimize{
00127
00128
00129
         [this] ( float lr, float momentum ) { SGD(lr, momentum); },
00130
          [this] ( float lr, float momentum ) { RMSprop(lr, momentum); }
00131
00132
00133
        void train( const Dataset& train, const Dataset& test, int epochs, int batchSize);
00134 #if MPINN
00135
          void trainmpi(Dataset &trainData, Dataset &testData, float lr, int epochs, opt Optimizer, lossfn
       lossFunc, int batchSize, float momentum = 0.0, float decay = 0.0);
00136 #endif
00137
          float calculateLoss(const Dataset &testSplit);
00138
          float accuracy ( const Dataset& valSet );
00139
00140
00141
          void saveModel(std::string path);
00142
          void loadModel(std::string path);
00143
00144
          void info();
00145 };
00147 void loadingBar(int currBatch, int batchNo, float acc, float loss);
00148
00149 #endif //CODE_NET_H
```

5.15 net mpi.cpp

```
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00012
      ***********************
00013
00014 #include <mpl/mpl.hpp>
00015
00016 void Net::trainmpi(Dataset &data, Dataset &testData, float lr, int epochs, opt Optimizer, lossfn
       lossFuncName, int batchSize, float momentum, float decay) {
00017
          const mpl::communicator &comm_world(mpl::environment::comm_world());
00018
           lossFunction = lossFunctions.at(lossFuncName);
          int rank = comm_world.rank();
int size = comm_world.size();
00019
00020
           if(rank==0) {
00021
           std::cout « "Optimizing with ";
00022
00023
            switch (Optimizer) {
            case sgd: sdd::cout « "Stochastic Gradient Descent\n"; break;
case rms: std::cout « "RMSprop\n"; break;
00024
00026
             }
00027
00028
           int ssize = batchSize;//data.items.size();
00029
          std::vector<Dataset> batches = data.batch(ssize);
          for (int i = 0; i < batches.size(); i++) {</pre>
00030
00031
              batches.at(i).stack(); // Put batch items into one matrix
00032
00033
00034
          float loss, acc;
00035
           float lrInit = lr;
00036
00037
           for (int i_epoch = 0; i_epoch < epochs; i_epoch++) {</pre>
00038
                Iterate through the entire dataset for each epoch
00039
             if(rank==0)
00040
               std::cout « std::endl « "Epoch " « i_epoch+1 « "/" « epochs;
             lr = lrInit; // Reset the learning rate to undo decay
int batchStart = batches.size() * rank / comm_world.size();
00041
00042
00043
             int batchEnd = batches.size() * (rank + 1) / comm_world.size();
00045
             for(int idx=batchStart; idx<batchEnd; idx++) {</pre>
00046
              calcGrad(batches.at(idx).dataBatch, batches.at(idx).labelBatch);
00047
               for(auto &layer : this->layers)
                 mpl::contiguous_layout<float> dw_layout(layer.dw.r * layer.dw.c);
mpl::contiguous_layout<float> db_layout(layer.db.size());
00048
00049
00050
                 if(rank==0) {
                   Matrix tempdw(layer.dw.r, layer.dw.c, 0);
00051
00052
                   Vector tempdb(layer.db.size(), 0);
                   Matrix currdw = layer.dw;
Vector currdb = layer.db;
00053
00054
                   comm_world.reduce(mpl::plus<float>(), 0, tempdw.data(), layer.dw.data(), dw_layout);
comm_world.reduce(mpl::plus<float>(), 0, tempdb.data(), layer.db.data(), db_layout);
00055
00056
                   layer.dw = layer.dw + currdw; // IM the on-rank values get discarded when reducing, or may
00057
       be a misinterpretation on my side
                  layer.db = layer.db + currdb;
layer.dw = layer.dw / size;
00058
00059
00060
                   layer.db = layer.db / size;
00061
                } else {
00062
                  comm_world.reduce(mpl::plus<float>(), 0, layer.dw.data(), dw_layout);
00063
                   comm_world.reduce(mpl::plus<float>(), 0, layer.db.data(), db_layout);
00064
00065
00066
               comm world.barrier(); //sync before processing the next batch
               if(rank==0) {
    lr = lr / (1 + decay * idx);
00067
00068
00069
                   optimize.at(Optimizer)(lr, momentum);
00070
00071
            }
00072
          }
00073 }
```

5.16 test_linear.cpp

5.16 test linear.cpp 109

```
00013
00014 #include <iostream>
00015 #include <chrono>
00016 #include <vector>
00017 #include <time.h>
00018
00019 #include "cxxopts.hpp"
00020
00021 #include "net.h"
00022 #include "dataset.h"
00023 #include "vector.h"
00024 #include "funcs.h"
00025 #include "trace.h"
00026
00027 using namespace std;
00028
00029 int main(int argc, char **argv) {
00030
               srand(time(NULL));
        try {
00032
00033
           using myclock = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock;
00034
           // IM attempt to use cxxopts to specify location cxxopts::Options options("EduDL", "FFNNs w BLIS");
00035
00036
00037
00038
           options.add_options()
00039
              ("h,help", "usage information")
              ("1,levels", "Number of levels in the network",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("2"))
("s,sizes", "Sizes of the levels",cxxopts::value<std::vector<int>())
00040
00041
              ("o,optimizer", "Optimizer to be used, 0: SGD, 1:
00042
        RMSprop",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("0"))
00043
              ("e,epochs", "Number of epochs to train the network", cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("1"))
              ("r,learningrate", "Learning rate for the optimizer",
00044
        cxxopts::value<float>()->default_value("0.001"))
        ("b,batchsize", "Batch size for the training data", cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("5"))
   ("t,tracing","Level of tracing: 0=default 1=scalars
2=arrays",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("0"))
00045
00046
00047
00048
00049
           auto result = options.parse(argc,argv);
00050
           if (result.count("help"))
00051
             std::cout « options.help() « std::endl;
00052
             return 1;
00053
00054
00055
           std::vector<int> level_sizes{12,12};
00056
00057
           if (result.count("sizes")) {
             level_sizes = result["s"].as< std::vector<int> >();
00058
           } else if (result.count("levels")) {
00059
              int number_of_levels = result["1"].as<int>();
00060
00061
              level_sizes = std::vector<int>(number_of_levels,12);
00062
00063
           set_trace_level( result["t"].as<int>() );
00064
00065
           int network_optimizer = result["o"].as<int>();
            int epochs = epochs = result["e"].as<int>();
00066
00067
           float lr = result["r"].as<float>();
00068
           int batchSize = result["b"].as<int>();
00069
00070
00071
           * Input data set:
             * y = 2 x + 1 
 */
00072
00073
00074
           cout « "Creating data set\n";
00075
           Dataset data(1);
           for (int input=0; input<5; input++) {</pre>
00076
00077
             float x = 1.f + 1.f*input, y = 2*x+1;
             std::vector<float> i(1,x), o(1,y);
00078
00079
              dataItem thisitem{i,o};
08000
             data.push_back(thisitem);
00081
00082
           cout « "Number of data points: " « data.size() « endl; // Show size
00083
           //
                  data.stack();
00084
00085
00086
             /*
00087
              * First test a perfect net
00088
00089
             Net test net ( data ):
00090
             test_net.addLayer(1,NONE);
00091
              test_net.set_uniform_weights(1.f);
00092
              test_net.set_uniform_biases(0.f);
00093
             test_net.set_lossfunction(mse);
00094
             auto loss = test_net.calculateLoss(data);
cout « " Loss: " « loss « endl;
00095
00096
```

```
auto acc = test_net.accuracy(data);
00098
               std::cout « "Accuracy: " « acc « "\n";
00099
               test_net.info();
00100
00101
               auto [train data, test data] = data.split(0.9);
00102
               assert(train_data.data_size()!=0);
00103
               assert( test_data.data_size()!=0 );
00104
                cout « "Initial accuracy: " « test_net.accuracy(test_data) « "\n";
               test_net.train(train_data,test_data, epochs, batchSize);
cout « "Final Accuracy over test data: " « acc « "\n";
00105
00106
00107
00108
00109
          } catch ( string e ) {
  cout « "Error «" « e « "» \n";
00110
00111
          } catch ( std::out_of_range ) {
  cout « "Out of range error\n";
00112
00113
         cout w out of range effor(n,
} catch (...) {
  cout w "Uncaught exception\n";
00114
00116
00117
00118
             return 0;
00119 }
```

5.17 test_mnist.cpp

```
00002
00003
       ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of 00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00011 *****************************
00013
00014 /*
00015 * A simple test neural network
00016 *
00017 * Test data set: http://cis.jhu.edu/~sachin/digit/digit.html
00018 */
00020 #include <iostream>
00021 using std::cout;
00022 using std::endl;
00023 #include <chrono>
00024 #include <string>
00025 using std::string;
00026 #include <vector>
00027 using std::vector;
00028 #include <time.h>
00029
00030 #include "cxxopts.hpp"
00031
00032 #include "net.h"
00032 #include "dataset.h"
00034 #include "vector.h"
00035 #include "trace.h"
00036
00037 using namespace std;
00038 static int trace_level;
00039
00040 #if 1
00041 int main(int argc,char **argv){
00042
00043
            using myclock = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock;
00044
00045
            // IM attempt to use cxxopts to specify location cxxopts::Options options("EduDL", "FFNNs w BLIS");
00046
00047
00048
            options.add_options()
00049
               ("h,help", "usage information")
("d,dir", "Dataset directory",cxxopts::value<std::string>())
00050
               ("1,levels", "Number of levels in the network",cxxopts::value<int>(("s,sizes","Sizes of the levels",cxxopts::value<std::vector<int»())
00051
                               "Number of levels in the network",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("2"))
00052
        ("o,optimizer", "Optimizer to be used, 0: SGD, 1:

RMSprop",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("0"))

("e,epochs", "Number of epochs to train the network", cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("1"))

("r,learningrate", "Learning rate for the optimizer",
cxxopts::value<float>()->default_value("0.001"))
00053
00054
00055
```

5.17 test_mnist.cpp 111

```
00056
             ("b,batchsize", "Batch size for the training data", cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("256"))
             ("t,tracing", "Level of tracing: 0=default 1=scalars
00057
       2=arrays", cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("0"))
00058
           ;
00059
00060
          auto result = options.parse(argc,argv);
          if (result.count("help")) {
00061
00062
            cout « options.help() « endl;
00063
            return 1;
00064
00065
00066
          std::vector<int> level sizes{12,12};
00067
00068
          if (result.count("sizes"))
00069
            level_sizes = result["s"].as< std::vector<int> >();
00070
             if (result.count("levels")) {
00071
          cout « "Option for number of levels ignored when level sizes are given" « endl;
00072
00073
          } else if (result.count("levels")) {
00074
            int number_of_levels = result["1"].as<int>();
00075
            level_sizes = std::vector<int>(number_of_levels,12);
00076
00077
00078
          set_trace_level( result["t"].as<int>() );
00079
          int network_optimizer = result["o"].as<int>();
           int epochs = epochs = result["e"].as<int>();
00080
00081
          float lr = result["r"].as<float>();
00082
          int batchSize = result["b"].as<int>();
00083
00084
00085
          * Input data set handling
00086
00087
          if (!result.count("dir")) {
00088
            cout " "Must specify directory with -d/--dir option" « endl;
00089
            return 1;
00090
00091
          string mnist loc = result["dir"].as<string>();
00092
          Dataset data;
00093
          data.readTest(mnist_loc.data()); // Placed MNIST in a neighbor directory
00094
00095
          // Parent
                |__mnist
00096
          11
          11
                       |_data0
00097
00098
00099
                       |_data9
00100
00101
                       |_test.cpp [You are here]
00102
00103
00104
          cout « "Dataset size: " « data.size() « endl; // Show size
00105
00106
          Net test_net(data);
00107
          if (level_sizes.size()==2) {
00108
            test_net.addLayer(16, RELU);
            test_net.addLayer(10, SIG ); //SMAX);
00109
00110
          } else {
00111
            for ( auto level_size : level_sizes ) {
00112
          cout « "Adding level of size " « level_size « endl;
00113
          test_net.addLayer(level_size, RELU);
00114
00115
            test net.addLayer(10, SIG); //SMAX);
00116
00117
00118
          test_net.set_learning_rate(lr);
00119
          test_net.set_decay(0.0);
00120
          test_net.set_momentum(0.9);
00121
          test_net.set_optimizer(network_optimizer);
00122
            test_net.set_uniform_weights(.5f);
test_net.set_uniform_biases(.1f);
00123
00124
            test_net.set_lossfunction(mse);
00125
00126
00127
           * Train / Test
00128
00129
          auto start time = myclock::now();
          auto [train_data,test_data] = data.split(0.8);
cout « "Initial accuracy: " « test_net.accuracy(test_data) « "\n";
00130
00131
00132
00133
          test_net.train(train_data,test_data, epochs, batchSize);
00134
          auto duration = myclock::now()-start_time;
00135
00136
00137
           microsec_duration = std::chrono::duration_cast<std::chrono::microseconds>(duration).count(),
00138
            seconds = microsec_duration/1000000,
          micros = microsec_duration - 1000000*seconds;
while (micros>=1000) micros /= 10;
00139
00140
00141
          auto acc = test_net.accuracy(test_data);
```

```
cout « "Final Accuracy over test data: " « acc « "\n"
                   attained in " « seconds « "." « micros « " sec" « "\n";
00143
00144
00145
          test_net.saveModel("weights.bin");
00146
          test_net.info();
00147
       } catch ( string e ) {
  cout « "ERROR «" « e « "»\n";
00148
00149
        } catch ( std::out_of_range ) {
  cout « "Uncaught out of range error\n";
00150
00151
        } catch ( ... ) {
  cout « "Uncaught exception\n";
00152
00153
00154
00155
00156
          return 0;
00157 }
00158 #else
00159 int main(){
00160
           VectorBatch a(3,4,1); // Two feature vectors, each vector sized 4
00161
00162
          VectorBatch b(3,5,1);
00163
          a.show();
00164
00165
          Net model(4);
00166
          model.addLayer(2, RELU);
          model.addLayer(5,SMAX);
00167
00168
00169
          model.show();
00170
          model.feedForward(a);
00171
          model.backPropagate(a, b);
00172
00173
           return 0;
00174 }
00175 #endif
```

00001 /*********************

5.18 test_mpi.cpp

```
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00011 *****************************
00013
00014 #include <iostream>
00015 #include <chrono>
00016 #include <vector>
00017 #include <time.h>
00018
00019 #include "cxxopts.hpp"
00020
00021 #include "net.h"
00022 #include "dataset.h"
00023
00024 #include <mpl/mpl.hpp>
00025 using namespace \operatorname{std};
00026
00027 #if 0
00028 int main(){
         srand(time(NULL));
00029
00030
00031
         Net bar(0);
00032
         bar.loadModel("weights.bin");
00033
         bar.info();
00034
00035
          return 0;
00036 }
00037 #else
00038 int main(int argc,char **argv){
00039     using myclock = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock;
00040
         srand(time(NULL));
00041
00042
          const mpl::communicator &comm_world(mpl::environment::comm_world());
         // IM attempt to use cxxopts to specify location
cxxopts::Options options("EduDL", "FFNNs w BLIS");
00043
00044
00045
00046
          options.add_options()
```

5.18 test mpi.cpp 113

```
("h,help","usage information")
("d,dir", "Dataset directory",cxxopts::value<std::string>())
00048
             ("1,levels", "Number of levels in the network",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("2")) ("s,sizes","Sizes of the levels",cxxopts::value<std::vector<int>())
00049
00050
             ("o,optimizer", "Optimizer to be used, 0: SGD, 1:
00051
       RMSprop",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("0"))
              ("e,epochs", "Number of epochs to train the network", cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("1"))
00052
00053
              ("r,learningrate", "Learning rate for the optimizer",
        cxxopts::value<float>()->default_value("0.001"))
00054
             ("b,batchsize", "Batch size for the training data", cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("256"))
00055
00056
00057
           auto result = options.parse(argc,argv);
00058
           if (result.count("help")) {
00059
             std::cout « options.help() « std::endl;
00060
             return 1;
00061
00062
00063
           std::vector<int> level_sizes{12,12};
00064
00065
           if (result.count("sizes"))
             level_sizes = result["s"].as< std::vector<int> >();
00066
           } else if (result.count("levels")) {
  int number_of_levels = result["l"].as<int>();
00067
00068
00069
             level_sizes = std::vector<int>(number_of_levels,12);
00070
00071
00072
           int network_optimizer = result["o"].as<int>();
00073
00074
           int epochs = epochs = result["e"].as<int>();
00075
00076
           float lr = result["r"].as<float>();
00077
00078
           int batchSize = result["b"].as<int>();
00079
08000
00081
           * Input data set handling
00082
            */
00083
           if (!result.count("dir")) {
00084
            std::cout « "Must specify directory with -d/--dir option" « std::endl;
00085
             return 1;
00086
00087
           string mnist_loc = result["dir"].as<string>();
00088
           //std::cout « mnist_loc « std::endl;
00089
00090
           data.readTest(mnist_loc.data()); // Placed MNIST in a neighbor directory
00091
00092
           // Parent
00093
                |__mnist
           11
00094
           //
                        | data0
00095
                        |_data9
00096
00097
                 |__src
00098
                        |_test.cpp [You are here]
00099
00100
           if(comm world.rank()==0)
00101
            cout « data.items.size() « endl; // Show size
00102
00103
           data.shuffle();
00104
                 Vector v1 = data.items.at(0).data;
Vector gT = data.items.at(0).label;
00105
00106
           11
00107
00108
           Net test_net(data); //v1.size());
00109
           //test_net.addLayer(256, RELU);
00110
           //test_net.addLayer(64, RELU);
00111
           //test_net.addLayer(32, RELU);
00112
           if (level_sizes.size()==2) {
00113
            test_net.addLayer(16, RELU);
00114
             test_net.addLayer(10, SMAX);
00115
           } else {
           for ( auto level_size : level_sizes ) {
std::cout « "Adding level of size " « level_size « std::endl;
00116
00117
           test_net.addLayer(level_size,RELU);
00118
00119
00120
             test_net.addLayer(10, SMAX);
00121
00122
00123
           auto [trainSplit,testSplit] = data.split(0.95);
00124
           if(comm world.rank()==0)
           std::cout « "Split " « trainSplit.items.size() « " " « testSplit.items.size() « "\n"; auto start_time = myclock::now();
00125
00126
           std::cout « test_net.accuracy(data) « "\n";
00127
00128
00129
           test_net.trainmpi(trainSplit,testSplit,
           lr, epochs, (opt)network_optimizer, cce, batchSize, 0.9);
00130
00131
```

```
comm_world.barrier();
          auto duration = myclock::now()-start_time;
00133
00134
          auto microsec_duration = std::chrono::duration_cast<std::chrono::microseconds>(duration);
00135
00136
          if (comm world.rank()==0) {
          std::cout « "\nFinal Accuracy over all data: " « test_net.accuracy(data) « "\n"
00137
                      attained in " « microsec_duration.count() « "usec" « "\n";
00138
00139
00140
           test_net.saveModel("weights.bin");
00141
           test_net.info();
         }
00142
00143
          return 0:
00144 }
00145 #endif
```

5.19 test_posneg.cpp

```
00001 /****************************
00002 *******************************
00003
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00013
00014 #include <iostream>
00015 #include <chrono>
00016 #include <vector>
00017 #include <time.h>
00018
00019 #include "cxxopts.hpp"
00020
00021 #include "net.h"
00022 #include "dataset.h"
00023 #include "vector.h"
00024 #include "funcs.h"
00025 #include "trace.h"
00026
00027 using namespace std;
00029 int main(int argc,char **argv){
00030
00031
00032
           using myclock = std::chrono::high resolution clock;
00033
00034
           // IM attempt to use cxxopts to specify location
           cxxopts::Options options("EduDL", "FFNNs w BLIS");
00036
00037
           options.add_options()
00038
              ("h,help", "usage information")
             ("1,levels", "Number of levels in the network",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("2"))
("s,sizes", "Sizes of the levels",cxxopts::value<std::vector<int»())
("o,optimizer", "Optimizer to be used, 0: SGD, 1:
00039
00040
00041
        RMSprop",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("0"))
        ("e,epochs", "Number of epochs to train the network", cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("1"))
    ("r,learningrate", "Learning rate for the optimizer",
cxxopts::value<float>()->default_value("0.001"))
00042
00043
             ("b, batchsize", "Batch size for the training data", cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("5")) ("t,tracing", "Level of tracing: 0=default 1=scalars
00044
00045
        2=arrays",cxxopts::value<int>()->default_value("0"))
00046
00047
00048
           auto result = options.parse(argc,argv);
if (result.count("help")) {
00049
00050
             std::cout « options.help() « std::endl;
00051
             return 1;
00052
00053
00054
           std::vector<int> level sizes{12,12};
00055
00056
           if (result.count("sizes")) {
             level_sizes = result["s"].as< std::vector<int> >();
00057
00058
           } else if (result.count("levels")) {
             int number_of_levels = result["1"].as<int>();
00059
             level_sizes = std::vector<int>(number_of_levels,12);
00060
00061
00062
00063
           set_trace_level( result["t"].as<int>() );
```

5.20 trace.cpp 115

```
int network_optimizer = result["o"].as<int>();
          int epochs = epochs = result["e"].as<int>();
float lr = result["r"].as<float>();
00065
00066
          int batchSize = result["b"].as<int>();
00067
00068
00069
00070
          * Input data set handling
00071
00072
          Dataset data(2);
          for (float item=-99.5; item<100; item+=1) {
   if (item<0) {</pre>
00073
00074
00075
          // negative numbers are yes/no
00076
          dataItem thisitem{std::vector<float>{item}, std::vector<float>{1,0}};
00077
          data.push_back(thisitem);
00078
            } else {
00079
           // positive numbers are no/yes
          dataItem thisitem{std::vector<float>{item},std::vector<float>{0,1}};
08000
00081
          data.push_back(thisitem);
00082
00083
00084
          cout « "Dataset size: " « data.size() « endl; // Show size
00085
00086
          Net test_net( data );
00087
          if (level_sizes.size()==2) {
00088
            test_net.addLayer(16, RELU);
             test_net.addLayer(2, SIG); // SMAX );
00089
00090
          for ( auto level_size : level_sizes ) {
std::cout « "Adding level of size " « level_size « std::endl;
00091
00092
          test_net.addLayer(level_size, RELU);
00093
00094
00095
            test_net.addLayer(2, SIG); // SMAX );
00096
00097
00098
          test_net.set_learning_rate(lr);
00099
          test_net.set_decay(0.9);
          test_net.set_momentum(0.9);
00100
00101
          test_net.set_optimizer(network_optimizer);
00102
          test_net.set_lossfunction(mse);
00103
00104
          auto start_time = myclock::now();
          auto [train_data,test_data] = data.split(0.9);
cout « "Initial accuracy: " « test_net.accuracy(test_data) « "\n";
00105
00106
00107
00108
          test_net.train(train_data,test_data, epochs, batchSize);
00109
          auto duration = myclock::now()-start_time;
          00110
00111
00112
00113
00114
          //test_net.saveModel("weights.bin");
00115
          test_net.info();
00116
        } catch ( string e ) {
  cout « "Error «" « e « "» \n";
00117
00118
        } catch ( std::out_of_range ) {
00119
          cout « "Out of range error\n";
00121
        } catch ( ... ) {
00122
          cout « "Uncaught exception\n";
00123
00124
00125
          return 0;
00126 }
```

5.20 trace.cpp

```
00018 void set_trace_level(int ell) { trace_level = ell; };
00019 bool trace_progress() { return trace_level>=1; };
00020 bool trace_scalars() { return trace_level>=2; };
00021 bool trace_arrays() { return trace_level>=3; };
```

5.21 trace.h

5.22 unittest.cpp

```
00002
      ***************
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing' 00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00013
00014 #include <iostream>
00015 using std::cout;
00016 #include <vector>
00017 using std::vector;
00018
00019 #define CATCH_CONFIG_MAIN
00020 #include "catch2/catch_all.hpp"
00021
00022 #include "funcs.h"
00023 #include "net.h"
00024
00025 TEST_CASE( "functions", "[1]" ) {
00026 /*
      * ReLU is linear >0, zero <0 */
00027
00028
      {
00029
       auto highpass = [] ( const float &x ) -> float {
00030
          return relu_pt(x); };
00031
         auto x = GENERATE(-5., -.5, .5, 2.5);
00033
         float y;
00034
         REQUIRE_NOTHROW( y = highpass(x));
00035
         if (x<0)
          REQUIRE( y==Catch::Approx(0.) );
00036
00037
00038
          REQUIRE ( y == Catch:: Approx(x) );
00039
00040
00041
       * relu_slope avoids zero'ing the negative inputs
00042
00043
        */
00044
00045
        auto leak = [] ( const float &x ) -> float {
00046
          return relu_slope_pt(x); };
00047
         auto x = GENERATE(-5., -.5, .5, 2.5);
         float y;
REQUIRE_NOTHROW( y = leak(x) );
00048
00049
00050
         if (x<0)
00051
          REQUIRE ( y<0 );
00052
```

5.22 unittest.cpp 117

```
REQUIRE( y==Catch::Approx(x) );
00054
00055 }
00056
00057 TEST_CASE( "batch activation","[2]" ) {
00058    Vector values( vector<float>{1,2,.5} ), maxes(3);
         REQUIRE_NOTHROW( softmax_io( values, maxes ) );
00060
         REQUIRE( maxes.positive() );
         const auto& maxvalues = maxes.values();
INFO( "maxes: " « maxvalues[0] « "," « maxvalues[1] « "," « maxvalues[2] );
00061
00062
         auto maxit = maxvalues.begin();
00063
         REQUIRE_NOTHROW( maxit = find( maxvalues.begin(), maxvalues.end(),
00064
00065
                          *max_element( maxvalues.begin(), maxvalues.end() ) );
00066
         REQUIRE( maxit!=maxvalues.end() );
00067
         int maxloc{-1};
00068
         REQUIRE_NOTHROW( maxloc = distance( maxvalues.begin(), maxit ) );
00069
         REQUIRE ( maxloc==1 );
00070 }
00071
00072 TEST_CASE( "scalar layer","[layer][11]" ) {
00073
           Layer multiply(1,1);
00074
           REQUIRE_NOTHROW
00075
00076
            multiply
00077
            .set_uniform_weights(1.)
00078
            .set_uniform_biases(0.)
00079
            .set_activation(
                     [] (const float &x ) -> float { return id_pt(x); },
[] (const float &x ) -> float { return 1; },
00080
00081
                      "id"
00082
00083
00084
             );
00085
           float input_number = 2.5f;
00086
           VectorBatch
           scalar_in( Vector( vector<float>( {input_number} ) ) ),
scalar_out( Vector( vector<float>( {1.2f} ) ) );
00087
00088
00089
           REQUIRE( scalar_in.batch_size() == 1 );
           REQUIRE( scalar_in.item_size() == 1 );
00091
           REQUIRE( scalar_out.batch_size() == 1 );
00092
           REQUIRE( scalar_out.item_size() == 1 );
00093
           REQUIRE( multiply.input_size() == 1 );
00094
           REQUIRE( multiply.output_size() == 1 );
00095
           float correct result;
           SECTION( "identity" ) {
00096
00097
           correct_result = input_number;
00098
00099
           SECTION( "scale by 2" ) {
           float multiplier = 2.f;
00100
           REQUIRE_NOTHROW( multiply.set_uniform_weights(multiplier) );
correct_result = multiplier * input_number;
00101
00102
00103
00104
           SECTION( "shift by 2" ) {
00105
           float shift = 2.f;
00106
           REQUIRE_NOTHROW( multiply.set_uniform_biases(shift) );
00107
           correct_result = shift + input_number;
00108
00109
           REQUIRE_NOTHROW( multiply.forward(scalar_in, scalar_out) );
00110
           REQUIRE( scalar_out.at(0,0) ==Catch::Approx( correct_result ) );
00111 }
00112
00113 TEST_CASE( "highpass net: batch version", "[net][21]" ) {
00114
         Net highpass(1);
00115
         REQUIRE_NOTHROW( highpass.addLayer
00116
00117
                    [] (const float &x ) \rightarrow float { return relu_pt(x); },
                    [] (const float &x ) -> float { return x; }, "highpass" ) );
00118
00119
         REQUIRE_NOTHROW( highpass.backlayer()
00120
00121
                   .set_uniform_weights(1.)
00122
                   .set_uniform_biases(0.)
00123
        );
VectorBatch input(1,1),output(1,1);
00124
00125
         auto x = GENERATE(-.5, -5, .5, 1.5);
00126
         input.data()[0] = x;
         REQUIRE_NOTHROW( highpass.feedForward(input,output) );
00127
         auto y = output.data()[0];
INFO( "Input = " « x « "-> output = " « y );
00128
00129
         if ( x>0 )
00130
00131
             REQUIRE ( y>0 );
00132
         else
00133
             REQUIRE ( y==Catch::Approx(0.0) );
00134 }
00135
00136 TEST_CASE( "highpass net: vector version", "[net][22]" ) {
00137
         Net highpass(1);
         REQUIRE_NOTHROW( highpass.addLayer
00138
00139
                   (1.
```

```
[] (const float &x ) -> float { return relu_pt(x); },
                  [] (const float &x ) -> float { return x; }, "highpass" ) );
00141
00142
        REQUIRE_NOTHROW( highpass.backlayer()
00143
00144
                 .set_uniform_weights(1.)
00145
                  .set uniform biases(0.)
00146
                 );
00147
        Vector input(1),output(1);
00148
        auto x = GENERATE(-.5, -5, .5, 1.5);
00149
        input[0] = x;
        00150
00151
        if ( x>0 )
00152
00153
            REQUIRE ( output [0] > 0 );
00154
00155
            REQUIRE( output[0] == Catch:: Approx(0.0) );
00156 }
00157
00158 TEST_CASE( "low pass net: vector version", "[net][23]" ) {
        Net lowpass(1);
00160
        REQUIRE_NOTHROW( lowpass.addLayer
                 (1,
00161
                  [] (const float &x ) -> float { return relu_pt(1-x); },
[] (const float &x ) -> float { return x; },
"lowpass" ) );
00162
00163
00164
       REQUIRE_NOTHROW( lowpass.backlayer()
00165
00166
                 .set_uniform_weights(1.)
00167
                 .set_uniform_biases(0.)
00168
                 );
       Vector input(1),output(1);
00169
00170
        auto x = GENERATE(-.5, -5, .5, 1.5);
00171
        input[0] = x;
00172
        REQUIRE_NOTHROW( lowpass.feedForward(input,output) );
00173
        INFO( "Input = " « input[0] « "-> output = " « output[0] );
        if ( x<1 )
00174
            REQUIRE ( output [0]>0 );
00175
00176
        else
            REQUIRE( output[0] == Catch:: Approx(0.0) );
00178 }
00179
```

5.23 vector.cpp

```
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00012
     *******************
00013
00014 #include <algorithm>
00015 #include <iostream>
00016 #include <cassert>
00017
00018 #include "vector.h"
00019 #include "vector2.h"
00020
00021 /*
00022 * These are the vector routines that do not have a optimized implementation, 00023 * such as using BLIS.
00024 */
00025
00026
00027 Vector::Vector(){
00028 }
00029
00030 int Vector::size() const { return vals.size(); };
00031
00032 Vector::Vector( std::vector<float> vals )
00033 : vals(vals) {
00034 r = vals.size();
00035 c = 1;
00036 };
00037
00038 void Vector::copy_from( const VectorBatch& batch ) {
      const auto& batch_vals = batch.data();
00039
        assert( batch.nelements()>=vals.size() );
```

5.23 vector.cpp 119

```
for (int i=0; i<vals.size(); i++) {</pre>
00042
           vals[i] = batch_vals[i];
00043
00044 };
00045
00046 void Vector::square() {
          std::for_each(vals.begin(), vals.end(), [](auto &n) {n*=n;});
00048 }
00049
00050 Vector& Vector::operator=(const Vector &m2) { // Overloading the = operator
00051
          vals = m2.vals;
00052
          return *this:
00053 }
00054
00055 // Note: no element-wise, non destructive operations in BLIS, so no implementations for those yet
00056 // There are element wise operations in MKL I believe 00057 Vector Vector::operator+(const Vector &m2) {
          assert(m2.size()==this->size());
00058
           Vector out(m2.size(),0);
00060
           for (int i=0;i<m2.size();i++)</pre>
00061
             out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] + m2.vals[i];
00062
           return out:
00063
00064 }
00065
00066 Vector Vector::operator-(const Vector &m2) {
00067
           assert(m2.size()==this->size());
00068
           Vector out(m2.size(),0);
00069
           for (int i=0;i<m2.size();i++) {</pre>
              out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] - m2.vals[i];
00070
00071
00072
           return out;
00073 }
00074
00075
00076 Vector operator-(const float &c, const Vector &m) {
00077
          Vector o=m;
           for (int i=0;i<m.size();i++) {</pre>
00079
              o.vals[i] = c - o.vals[i];
08000
00081
           return o;
00082 }
00083
00084 Vector operator*(const float &c, const Vector &m) {
           Vector o=m;
00085
00086
           for (int i=0;i<m.size();i++) {</pre>
00087
              o.vals[i] = c * o.vals[i];
00088
00089
           return o:
00090 }
00091
00092 Vector Vector::operator/=( float c ) {
00093
          for (int i=0;i<vals.size();i++) {</pre>
00094
             vals[i] = vals[i] / c;
00095
00096
           return *this;
00097 }
00098
00099 Vector Vector::operator*(const Vector &m2) { // Hadamard product
          Vector out(m2.size(), 0);
for (int i = 0; i < m2.size(); i++) {</pre>
00100
00101
               out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] * m2.vals[i];
00102
00103
00104
           return out;
00105 }
00106
00107 Vector Vector::operator/(const Vector &m2) { // Element wise division
          Vector out(m2.size(), 0);
for (int i = 0; i < m2.size(); i++) {</pre>
00108
00109
              out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] / m2.vals[i];
00110
00111
00112
           return out;
00113 }
00114
00115 Vector Vector::operator-() {
00116
          Vector result = *this;
00117
           for (int i = 0; i < size(); i++) {</pre>
00118
               result.vals[i] = -vals[i];
00119
00120
00121
           return result;
00122 };
```

5.24 vector.h

```
00001 /****************************
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00012
00013
00014 #ifndef SRC_VECTOR_H
00015 #define SRC_VECTOR_H
00016 #include <algorithm>
00017 #include <vector>
00018 #include <cassert>
00019 #include <cmath>
00020
00021 class VectorBatch; // forward for friending
00022 class Matrix; // forward for friending
00023 class Vector {
00024 friend class VectorBatch;
00025
       friend class Matrix;
00026 private:
00027
          std::vector<float> vals;
00028 public:
00029
          Vector();
          Vector( int n )
00031
           : vals(std::vector<float>(n)) {};
00032
          Vector( std::vector<float> vals );
00033
          Vector(int size, int init);
00034
          int size() const;
          int r; int c=1; /* VLE these need to go! */
00035
00036
          void show();
          void add( const Vector &v1);
00037
00038
          void set_ax( float a, Vector &x );
00039
          std::vector<float>& values() { return vals; };
00040
          const std::vector<float>& values() const { return vals; };
00041
          void copy_from( const VectorBatch& );
float *data() { return vals.data(); };
00042
          const float *data() const { return vals.data(); };
00043
00044
           void zeros();
00045
          void square();
          float& operator[](int i) { return vals[i]; };
float operator[](int i) const { return vals[i]; };
00046
00047
           Vector operator-(); // Unary negate operator
00048
          Vector& operator=(const Vector& m2); // Copy constructor
00049
          Vector operator*(const Vector &m2); // Element-wise addition
Vector operator*(const Vector &m2); // Hadamard Product Element-wise multiplication
Vector operator/(const Vector &m2); // Element-wise division
00050
00051
00052
          Vector operator/=(float x):
00053
          Vector operator-(const Vector &m2); // Element-wise subtraction
00054
          friend Vector operator-(const float &c, const Vector &m); // for constant friend Vector operator*(const float &c, const Vector &m); // for constant-matrix multiplication
00055
00056
00057
          //friend Vector operator/(const Vector &m, const float &c); // for matrix-constant division
00058
00060
        bool positive() const {
00061
         return all_of
00062
            ( vals.begin(), vals.end(),
00063
           [] (float e) { return e>0; }
00064
00065
        }
00066 };
00067
00068 class Categorization {
00069 private:
00070
        std::vector<float> _probabilities;
00071 public:
00072
        Categorization ( Vector v )
00073
          : _probabilities(v.values()) {};
00074
        Categorization( std::vector<float> p)
          : _probabilities(p) {};
00076
        Categorization(int n)
00077
          : _probabilities( std::vector<float>(n) ) {};
00078
        {\tt Categorization(int\ n,int\ i)}
00079
          : _probabilities( std::vector<float>(n) ) {
08000
          _probabilities.at(i) = 1.;
00081
00082
        const std::vector<float>@ probabilities() const { return _probabilities; };
00083
        int size() const { return _probabilities.size(); };
00084
        void normalize() {
00085
          auto it = std::max_element(_probabilities.begin(), _probabilities.end());
00086
          std::fill(_probabilities.begin(), _probabilities.end(), 0);
```

5.25 vector2.cpp 121

```
00087
           *it = 1;
00088
00089
         bool close_enough( const Categorization& approx ) const {
00090
          return close_enough( approx.probabilities() );
00091
00092
         bool close enough ( const std::vector<float>& approx ) const {
          assert( size() == approx.size() );
00094
           //return _probabilities==approx;
00095
           bool close{true};
00096
           for ( int i=0; i<size(); i++) {</pre>
00097
             close = close and
00098
           ( ( _probabilities.at(i) == approx.at(i) )
            or (approx.at(i) ==0. and (std::abs(_probabilities.at(i))<1.e-5))
or (std::abs(_probabilities.at(i)-approx.at(i))/approx.at(i))<1.e-5)
00099
00100
00101
00102
00103
           return close:
00104
        };
00105 };
00107 #endif //SRC_VECTOR_H
```

5.25 vector2.cpp

```
00001 /*********************
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00013
00014 #include <iostream>
00015 using std::cout;
00016 using std::endl;
00017 #include <iomanip>
00018 using std::setprecision;
00019 #include <string>
00020 using std::string;
00021 #include <vector>
00022 #include <algorithm>
00023 #include <cassert>
00024 using std::vector;
00025
00026 #include "trace.h"
00027 #include "vector2.h"
00029 /*
00030 ^{\star} These are the vector batch routines that do not have a optimized implementation, 00031 ^{\star} such as using BLIS. 00032 ^{\star}/
00033
00034 VectorBatch::VectorBatch() { // Default constructor
00035 }
00036
00038 VectorBatch::VectorBatch(int vs) {
00039
      allocate(0, vs);
00040 }
00043 VectorBatch::VectorBatch( const Vector& v ) {
       int s = v.size();
00044
00045
         allocate(1,s);
         copy( v.vals.begin(), v.vals.end(), vals.begin() );
00046
00047
        // for ( int i=0; i<s; i++ )
00048
         // vals[i] = v[i];
00049 };
00050
00052 void VectorBatch::allocate(int batchsize,int itemsize) {
00053 \hspace{0.1cm} // we allow a batchsize of zero
00054
      assert(batchsize>=0);
00055
      assert(itemsize>0);
00056
      vals.resize(batchsize*itemsize);
00057
       set_batch_size(batchsize);
00058
       set_item_size(itemsize);
00059 1:
00060
00062 void VectorBatch::display( string header) const {
     cout « header « "\n";
```

```
for (int j=0; j<batch_size(); j++) {</pre>
00065
        for (int i=0; i<item_size(); i++)</pre>
00066
            cout « setprecision(5)
00067
            « vals_vector().at( INDEXc(i,j,item_size(),batch_size()) )
00068
00069
         cout « "\n";
00070
       }
00071 };
00072
00074 void VectorBatch::set_col(int j,const std::vector<float> &v ) {
for (int i = 0; i < nvectors; i++) {</pre>
00077
00078
          vals.at( j + vector_size * i ) = v.at(i);
00079
00080 };
00081
00083 void VectorBatch::add vector( const std::vector<float> &v ) {
00084
       const int Nelements = vals.size();
        const int vector_length = v.size();
00085
00086
        if (Nelements==0)
00087
          set_item_size(vector_length);
00088
        else (
00089
        assert ( vector length==item size() );
00090
         assert ( Nelements % vector_length == 0 );
00091
00092
        const int m = Nelements/vector_length;
00093
        vals.resize(Nelements+vector_length); nvectors++;
00094
        for (int i = 0; i < vector_length; i++) {</pre>
00095
         vals.at( m * vector_length + i ) = v.at(i);
00096
       };
00097 };
00098
00099 std::vector<float> VectorBatch::get_col(int j) const {
00100 assert( j<batch_size() );
00101
        const int c = item_size();
        std::vector<float> col(c);
00102
       for (int i=0; i<c; i++)
00104
         col.at(i) = vals.at(j + c*i);
00105
       return col;
00106 };
00107
00108 void VectorBatch::set_row( int j, const std::vector<float> &v ) {
00109
       const int c = item_size();
       assert( v.size()==c );
00110
00111
        for (int i = 0; i < c; i++) {</pre>
00112
         vals.at(j * c + i) = v.at(i);
00113
       };
00114 }
00115
00116 std::vector<float> VectorBatch::get_row(int j) const {
00117 assert( j<batch_size() );
00118
        const int n = item_size();
       std::vector<float> row(n);
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  row.at(i) = vals.at( j * n + i );</pre>
00119
00120
00121
00122
        return row;
00123 };
00124
00125 std::vector<float> VectorBatch::extract_vector(int j) const {
00126   assert( j<batch_size() );
00127   const int m = item_size()</pre>
       const int m = item_size();
00128
       std::vector<float> v(m);
00129
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)</pre>
00130
         v.at(i) = vals.at( INDEXc(i,j,m,batch_size()) ); // (j * n + i );
00131
       return v;
00132
       // return get_row(v);
00133 };
00134 #ifdef USE_GSL
00135 gsl::span<float> VectorBatch::get_vector(int v) {
00136 const int c = item_size();
00137
        return gsl::span<float>( &vals[v*c], c );
00138 };
00139 // const gsl::span<float> VectorBatch::get_vector(int v) const {
00140 // const int c = item_size();
00141 // return gsl::span<float>( data(v*c) /* &vals[v*c] */, c );
00142 // };
00143 #else
00144 std::vector<float> VectorBatch::get_vector(int v) const {
00145
       return extract_vector(v);
00146 };
00147 #endif
00148
00150 void VectorBatch::set_vector( const Vector &v, int j) {
00151
       set_vector( v.vals, j );
00152 }
00153
```

5.25 vector2.cpp 123

```
00155 void VectorBatch::set_vector( const vector<float> &v, int j) {
      const int c = item_size();
00157
        assert( v.size()==c );
00158
        for (int i=0; i<c; i++)</pre>
00159
          vals.at(j*c+i) = v.at(i);
00160 }
00161
00162 void VectorBatch::addh(const Vector &y) { // Add y to every row
00163 const int r = item_size(), c = batch_size();
00164
        assert( r==y.size() );
        for (int j=0; j<c; j++) {
  for (int i=0; i<r; i++) {
00165
00166
00167
             vals.at( INDEXc(i,j,r,c) ) += y.vals[i];
00168
00169
00170 }
00171
00172 // void VectorBatch::add(const VectorBatch &v) { // Add y to every row
00173 //
          const int r = item_size(), c = batch_size();
00174 //
            assert( r==y.size() );
00175 //
            asserr( c==y.batch_size() );
            for (int j=0; j<c; j++) {
  for (int i=0; i<r; i++) {
00176 //
00177 //
00178 //
                vals.at( INDEXc(i,j,r,c) ) += y.vals.at( INDEXc(i,j,r,c) );
00179 //
              }
00180 // }
00181 // }
00182
00183 Vector VectorBatch::meanh() const { // Returns a vector of row-wise means
00184
        const int r = item_size(), c = batch_size();
00185
         Vector mean(r, 0);
        for (int i=0; i<r; i++) {
  float avg = 0.f;
  for ( int j=0; j<c; j++ ) {</pre>
00186
00187
00188
           . .... j o, j < j ++ ) {
avg += vals.at( INDEXc(i,j,r,v) );
}</pre>
00189
00190
00191
          mean.vals[i] = avg/static_cast<float>( item_size() );
00192
00193
        return mean;
00194 }
00195
00196
00197 /*
00198 * VLE dangerous. et rid of this one
00199 */
00200 VectorBatch &VectorBatch::operator=(const VectorBatch &m2) { // Overloading the = operator
00201
       set_item_size( m2.item_size() );
00202
        set_batch_size( m2.batch_size() );
00203
00204
        this->vals = m2.vals: // IM Since we're using vectors we can just use the assignment from that
00205
00206
00207 }
00208
00209
00210 VectorBatch VectorBatch::operator-(const VectorBatch &m2) const {
       assert( item_size() == m2.item_size() );
00212
        assert( batch_size() == m2.batch_size() );
00213
         const int c = m2.item_size(), r = m2.batch_size();
        VectorBatch out(r, c, 0);
  for (int i = 0; i < r * c; i++) {</pre>
00214
00215
00216
               out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] - m2.vals[i];
00217
00218
           return out;
00219 }
00220
00221 VectorBatch VectorBatch::operator*(const VectorBatch &m2) { // Hadamard product
00222
        assert(item size() == m2.item size());
        assert( batch_size() == m2.batch_size() );
00223
00224
         const int c = m2.item_size(), r = m2.batch_size();
00225
        VectorBatch out(r, c, 0);
00226
        for (int i = 0; i < nelements(); i++) {</pre>
00227
               out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] * m2.vals[i];
00228
           }
00229
           return out;
00230 }
00231
00232 void VectorBatch::hadamard(const VectorBatch& m1,const VectorBatch& m2) {
        const int r = item_size(), c = batch_size();
assert( r==ml.item_size() ); assert( c==ml.batch_size() );
assert( r==m2.item_size() ); assert( c==m2.batch_size() );
00233
00234
00235
00236
00237
         const auto& mlvals = ml.vals_vector();
00238
         const auto& m2vals = m2.vals_vector();
        for (int i=0; i<r*c; i++) {
  vals.at(i) = mlvals.at(i) * m2vals.at(i);</pre>
00239
00240
           if ( isinf(vals.at(i)) )
00241
```

```
cout « "inf from " « mlvals.at(i) « " * " « m2vals.at(i) « "\n";
00243
00244
          if (trace_progress()) {
           assert( ml.notinf() ); assert( ml.notnan() ); assert( ml.normf()!=0.f );
assert( m2.notinf() ); assert( m2.notnan() ); assert( m2.normf()!=0.f );
assert( this->notinf() ); assert( this->norman() ); assert( this->normf()!=0.f );
00245
00246
00247
00248
00249
00250
          cout « "delta: '
             « ml.normf() « "x" « m2.normf() « " => " « this->normf() « "\n";
00251
00252
00253 }
00254
00255 VectorBatch VectorBatch::operator/(const VectorBatch &m2) { // Hadamard product
00256
         const int c = m2.item_size(), r = m2.batch_size();
00257
         assert( item_size() ==c );
00258
         assert( batch_size() == r );
         VectorBatch out(r, c, 0);
for (int i = 0; i < nelements(); i++) {</pre>
00259
00260
00261
           out.vals[i] = this->vals[i] / m2.vals[i];
00262
00263
         return out;
00264 }
00265
00266 void VectorBatch::scaleby(float f) {
00267 for (int i = 0; i < nelements(); i++) {
00268
           vals[i] *= f;
00269
00270 }
00271
00272 VectorBatch VectorBatch::operator-() {
           VectorBatch result = *this;
for (int i = 0; i < nelements(); i++) {</pre>
00274
00275
                result.vals[i] = -vals[i];
00276
00277
00278
           return result;
00279 };
00280
00281 VectorBatch operator/(const VectorBatch &m, const float &c) {
           VectorBatch o = m;
for (int i = 0; i < m.nelements(); i++) {
    o.vals[i] = o.vals[i] / c;
}</pre>
00282
00283
00284
00285
00286
            return o;
00287 }
00288
00289 VectorBatch operator*(const float &c, const VectorBatch &m) {
            VectorBatch o = m;
for (int i = 0; i < m.nelements(); i++) {</pre>
00290
00291
00292
                o.vals[i] = o.vals[i] * c;
00293
00294
            return o;
00295 }
```

5.26 vector2.h

```
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00012
00013
00014 #ifndef CODE_VEC2_H
00015 #define CODE_VEC2_H
00016
00017 #include <vector>
00018 #include "vector.h"
00019 #include "matrix.h"
00020 #include <iostream>
00021 #ifdef BLISNN
00022 #include "blis/blis.h"
00023 #endif
00024
00025 #ifdef USE_GSL
00026 #include "gsl/gsl-lite.hpp"
```

5.26 vector2.h 125

```
00027 #endif
00028
00029 #define INDEXr(i,j,m,n) (i) \star (n) + (j)
00030 #define INDEXc(i,j,m,n) (i)+(j) \star (m)
00031
00032 class VectorBatch{
00033 friend class Matrix;
00034 friend class Vector;
00035
00036 private: //private:
      std::vector<float> vals;
00037
00038
        int nvectors{0}, vector_size{0};
00039 public:
00040
           VectorBatch();
00041
           VectorBatch( int itemsize );
00042
           \ensuremath{//} this one is in the blis/reference file
           VectorBatch(int nRows, int nCols, bool rand=false);
VectorBatch( const Vector& );
00043
00044
           void allocate(int,int);
00046
00047
           int size() const { return vals.size(); };
00049
           void resize(int m,int n) {
00050
             nvectors = m; set_item_size(n); //r = m; c = n;
00051
             vals.resize(m*n); };
00053
           float normf() const {
00054
            float norm{0.f}; int count{0};
             for ( auto e : vals ) {
00055
00056
           norm += e*e; count++;
00057
00058
             //std::cout « "norm squared over " « count « " elements: " « norm « "\n";
00059
             return sqrt (norm);
00060
00062
           bool positive() const {
00063
             return all_of
00064
           ( vals.begin(), vals.end(),
             [] (float e) { return e>0; }
00065
00066
           );
00067
00069
           bool notnan() const {
00070
             return all_of
00071
           ( vals.begin(), vals.end(),
00072
             [] (float e) { return not isnan(e); }
00073
00074
00076
           bool notinf() const {
00077
             return all_of
00078
           ( vals.begin(), vals.end(),
00079
             [] (float e) { return not isinf(e); }
08000
           );
00081
00083
           int item_size() const { return vector_size; };
00085
           void set_item_size(int n) { vector_size = n; };
00087
           int batch_size() const { return nvectors; };
00089
           void set_batch_size(int n) { nvectors = n; };
00091
           int nelements() const {
00092
            int n = vals.size();
             assert( n==item_size()*batch_size() );
00094
             return n;
00095
00096
00098
           std::vector<float>& vals_vector() { return vals; };
00100
           const std::vector<float>& vals_vector() const { return vals; };
00102
           float *data() { return vals.data(); };
00104
           const float *data() const { return vals.data(); };
00106
           const float *data( int disp ) const { return vals.data()+disp; };
00107
00108
00109
           void v2mp( const Matrix &x, VectorBatch &v) const;
           void v2tmp(const Matrix &x, VectorBatch &y) const;
void v2mtp(const Matrix &x, VectorBatch &y) const;
00110
00111
00112
           void outer2( const VectorBatch &x, Matrix &y ) const;
00113
00114
        void add_vector( const std::vector<float> &v );
00115
00116
00117
           * Indexing
00118
00120
           float at(int i,int j) const {
           assert( i>=0 ); assert( i<vector_size );
assert( j>= 0 ); assert( j<nvectors );
return *data( i + j*vector_size );</pre>
00121
00122
00123
           };
00125
           void set_col(int j,const std::vector<float> &v );
00126
           std::vector<float> get_col(int j) const;
00127
           void set_row( int j, const std::vector<float> &v );
           std::vector<float> get_row(int j) const;
std::vector<float> extract_vector(int v) const;
00128
00129
```

```
00130 #ifdef USE_GSL
00131 gsl::span<float> get_vector(int v);
00132
         // const gsl::span<float> get_vector(int v) const;
        void set_vector( const gsl::span<float> &v, int j);
00133
00134 #else
00135
        std::vector<float> get vector(int v) const;
00136 #endif
00137
        void set_vector( const Vector &v, int j);
00138
        void set_vector( const std::vector<float>&v, int j);
00139
00141
        Vector get_vectorObj(int j) const {
00142
          Vector vec(vector size);
00143
          std::copy( vals.begin()+j*vector_size, vals.begin()+(j+1)*vector_size,
00144
                 vec.vals.begin());
          // for (int i = 0; i < vector_size; i++ )
00145
00146
          // vec.vals.at(i) = vals.at( j * vector_size + i );
00147
          return vec:
00148
00149
00150
00151
        void show() const;
00152
        void display(std::string) const;
00153
        void copy_from( const VectorBatch& in ) {
00155
00156
          assert(vals.size() == in.vals.size());
00157
          std::copy( in.vals.begin(),in.vals.end(),vals.begin() );
00158
          // for ( int i=0; i<vals.size(); i++)</pre>
00159
          // vals[i] = in.vals[i];
00160
00161
00162
        void addh(const Vector &v);
00163
         void addh(const VectorBatch &y);
00164
        Vector meanh() const;
00165
00166
        VectorBatch operator-(); // Unary negate operator
        VectorBatch& operator=(const VectorBatch& m2); // Copy constructor void hadamard(const VectorBatch& m1,const VectorBatch& m2);
00167
00168
         VectorBatch operator*(const VectorBatch &m2); // Hadamard Product Element-wise multiplication
00169
00170
        VectorBatch operator/(const VectorBatch &m2); // Element-wise division
00171
        void scaleby( float );
00172
        VectorBatch operator-(const VectorBatch &m2) const; // Element-wise subtraction
        friend VectorBatch operator/(const VectorBatch &m, const float &c); // for matrix-constant division friend VectorBatch operator*(const float &c, const VectorBatch &m); // for matrix-constant division
00173
00174
00175 };
00176
00177
00178 #endif
00179
00180 #if 0
00181 // hm. this doesn't work
        friend void relu_io (const Vector &i, Vector &v);
        friend void sigmoid_io (const Vector &i, Vector &v);
00183
00184
        friend void softmax_io (const Vector &i, Vector &v);
       friend void none_io (const Vector &i, Vector &v);
friend void reluGrad_io(const Vector &m, Vector &a);
00185
00186
        friend void sigGrad_io (const Vector &m, Vector &a);
00187
        friend void relu_io (const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &v);
00189
00190
        friend void sigmoid_io (const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &v);
00191
        friend void softmax_io (const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &v);
                                (const VectorBatch &i, VectorBatch &v);
00192
        friend void none io
        friend void reluGrad_io(const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a);
00193
00194
        friend void sigGrad_io (const VectorBatch &m, VectorBatch &a);
00195 #endif
00196
```

5.27 vector_impl_blis.cpp

```
00016 #include <iostream>
00017
00018 #include <cassert>
00019
00020 #ifdef BLISNN
00021 #include "blis/blis.h"
00022 #endif
00023
00024 Vector::Vector(int s, int init) {
00025
       vals = std::vector<float>(s);
00026
00027
       float scal_fac = 0.05;
00028
       if (init==0) {
00029
        float zero = 0.0;
          bli_ssetv( BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, s, &zero, &vals[0], 1);
00030
00031 } else if (init==1)
         bli_srandv(s, &vals[0], 1);
00032
         bli_sscalv( BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, s, &scal_fac, &vals[0], 1 );
00033
00034 }
00035
00036 void Vector::add( const Vector &v1 ) {
00037
      assert(v1.size()==this->size());
00038
       bli_saddv( BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, size(), const_cast<float*>(&v1.vals[0]), 1, &vals[0], 1);
00039 }
00040
00041 void Vector::set_ax( float a, Vector &x) {
       assert(x.size()==this->size());
00042
00043
00044
          float b = static_cast<float>(a);
00045
          bli_sscal2v(BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, this->size(), &b, &x.vals[0], 1, & (this->vals)[0], 1);
00046 }
00047
00048
00049 void Vector::zeros() {
00050
00051
          float zero = 0.0;
00052
          bli_ssetv( BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, size(), &zero, &vals[0], 1 ); // Set all values to 0
00053 }
00054
00055 void Vector::show() {
00056
          char sp[8] = " ";
00057
          char format[8] = "%4.4f";
00058
00059
          bli_sprintm( sp, size(), 1, &vals[0], 1, size(), format, sp );
00060 }
00061
00062
```

5.28 vector_impl_reference.cpp

```
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00011 *****************************
00013
00014 #include <algorithm>
00015 #include "vector.h"
00016 #include <iostream>
00017
00018 #include <cassert>
00019
00020 Vector::Vector(int s, int init) {
00021
        r = s;
00022
      vals = std::vector<float>(s);
00023
     if (init==0) {
00024
       std::fill(vals.begin(), vals.end(), 0);
      }else if (init==1) {
  for (int i=0; i<size(); i++) {</pre>
00025
00026
         vals[i] = -0.1 + static_cast <float> (rand()) / ( static_cast <float> (RAND_MAX/(0.1-(-0.1))));
00027
00028
00029
00030
00031 }
00032
00033 void Vector::add( const Vector &v1 ) {
```

```
assert(v1.size()==this->size());
00035
       for (int i=0; i<size(); i++){</pre>
00036
         vals[i] += v1.vals[i];
00037
00038 }
00039
00040 void Vector::set_ax( float a, Vector &x) {
00041 assert(x.size() == this->size());
00042
        for (int i=0; i<size(); i++){</pre>
00043
              vals[i] = a * x.vals[i];
00044
00045
00046 }
00047
00048
00049 void Vector::zeros() {
         std::fill(vals.begin(), vals.end(),0);
00050
00051
00053
00054 void Vector::show() {
00055
         int i;
          for (i=0;i<size();i++) {</pre>
00056
              std::cout « vals[i] « '\n';
00057
00058
00059
          std::cout « '\n';
00060
00061 }
00062
00063
```

5.29 vectorbatch_impl_blis.cpp

```
00003 ****
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00010 ****
00011 *****************************
00013
00014 #include <iostream>
00015 using std::cout;
00016 using std::endl;
00017 #include <vector>
00018 using std::vector;
00010 dsing std..vector,
00019 #include <algorithm>
00020 #include "trace.h"
00021
00022 #include "trace.h"
00023 #include "vector2.h"
00024
00025 #ifdef BLISNN
00026 #include "blis/blis.h"
00027 #endif
00028
00029 VectorBatch::VectorBatch(int nRows, int nCols, bool random) {
00030 allocate(nRows,nCols);
00031 const int r=nRows, c=nd
       const int r=nRows, c=nCols;
00032
00033
        float scal_fac = 0.05; // randomize between (-scal;scal)
        if (not random) {
  float zero = 0.0;
  bli_ssetm( BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, 0, BLIS_NONUNIT_DIAG, BLIS_DENSE,
00034
00035
00036
00037
                r, c, &zero, &vals[0], c, 1);
       } else if (random) {
       bli_srandm(0, BLIS_DENSE, r, c, &vals[0], c, 1);
bli_sscalm(BLIS_NO_CONJUGATE, 0, BLIS_NONUNIT_DIAG, BLIS_DENSE,
00039
00040
00041
              r, c, &scal_fac, &vals[0], c, 1);
00042
       }
00043 }
00045 // VectorBatch VectorBatch::transpose() const {
             const int c = batch\_size(), r = item\_size();
VectorBatch result(c, r, 0); // Initialize a new matrix with inverted dimension values
00046 //
00047 //
00048
00049 //
         bli_scopym( 0, BLIS_NONUNIT_DIAG, BLIS_DENSE, BLIS_TRANSPOSE,
                  c, r, const_cast<float*>(&vals[0]), c, 1, &result.vals[0], r, 1);
```

```
00051 //
             return result;
00052 // }
00053
00054 void VectorBatch::show() const {
00055
00056
          const int c = batch_size(), r = item_size();
          char e[5] = "";
00058
          char forvals[8] = \%4.4f;
00059
          bli_sprintm( e, r, c, const_cast<float*>(&vals[0]), c, 1, forvals, e );
00060 }
00061
00062
00063 /*
00064 * For explanation of the BLIS routines, see
00065 * https://github.com/flame/blis/blob/master/docs/BLISTypedAPI.md#gemm
00066 * and
00067 * https://github.com/flame/blis/blob/master/docs/BLISTypedAPI.md#computational-function-reference
00068 */
00069 void VectorBatch::v2mp(const Matrix &m, VectorBatch &y) const {
00070
       const int
        00071
                                                    // column storage
00072
                                                     // row storage
         yr = y.item_size(), yc = y.batch_size(); // column
00073
00074
00075
        if (trace_scalars())
00076
         cout « "matrix vector product "
          « mr « "x" « mc
« " & "
00077
00078
          « " => " « Yr « "X" « YC
00079
00080
00081
          « endl:
00082
00083
       assert( xc==yc );
00084
       assert( yr==mr );
00085
       assert ( mc==xr );
00086
00087
       const auto& mmat = m.values().data();
       const auto& xvals = vals_vector().data();
00088
00089
       auto yvals
                          = y.vals_vector().data();
00090
00091
       float alpha = 1.0;
        float beta = 0.0;
00092
        bli_sgemm( BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE,
00093
00094
               yr,yc,mc,
00095
               &alpha,
00096
               const_cast<float*>(mmat), /* rsa,csa */ mr,1,
00097
               const_cast<float*>(xvals), /* rsb,csb */ 1,xr,
               &beta,
00098
00099
               vvals.
                                           /* rsc.csc */ 1.vr
00100
               );
00101 }
00102
00103 void VectorBatch::v2tmp(const Matrix &x, VectorBatch &y) const {
00104
          const int c = batch_size(), r = item_size();
00105
00106
          assert( r==x.rowsize() );
          assert( c==y.batch_size() );
00108
          assert( x.colsize() == y.item_size() );
00109
00110
          float alpha = 1.0;
          float beta = 0.0;
00111
          //printf("BLIS gemm %dx%dx%d\n",r,x.colsize(),c);
00112
00113
          bli_sgemm( BLIS_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE,
                c, x.colsize(), r, &alpha, const_cast<float*>(&vals[0]),
00114
                 c, 1, const_cast<float*>( x.data() ),
00115
00116
                 x.colsize(), 1, &beta, &y.vals[0], x.colsize(), 1);
00117 }
00118
00119 // matrix transpose x self => y
00120 void VectorBatch::v2mtp(const Matrix &m, VectorBatch &y) const {
00121 const int
         xr = item_size(), xc = batch_size(), // column
mr = m.rowsize(), mc = m.colsize(), // row sto
yr = y.item_size(), yc = y.batch_size(); // column
                                                   // column storage
// row storage
00122
00123
00124
00125
00126
       if (trace_scalars())
00127
         cout « "matrix transpose vector product "
00128
          « mr « "x" « mc
« " & "
00129
          « xr « "x" « xc
00130
          « " => " « yr « "x" « yc
00131
00132
           « endl;
00133
00134
       assert ( xc==yc );
00135
       assert( yr==mc );
       assert ( mr==xr );
00136
00137
```

```
const auto& mmat = m.values().data();
         const auto& xvals = vals_vector().data();
00139
00140
                        yvals = y.vals_vector().data();
00141
00142
         float alpha = 1.0;
         float beta = 0.0;
00143
         bli_sgemm( BLIS_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE,
00145
                  yr,yc,mr,
00146
                   &alpha,
                  const_cast<float*>(mmat), /* rsa,csa */ mc,1,
const_cast<float*>(xvals), /* rsb,csb */ 1,xr,
00147
00148
00149
                  &beta.
00150
                  vvals,
                                                    /* rsc,csc */ 1,vr
00151
                  );
00152
         if (trace_progress()) {
         assert( this->notinf() ); assert( this->notnan() ); assert( this->normf()!=0.f );
00153
           assert( m.notinf() ); assert( m.notnan() ); assert( m.normf()!=0.f );
assert( y.notinf() ); assert( y.notnan() ); assert( y.normf()!=0.f );
00154
00155
00156
00157
00158 }
00159
00160 /*
00161 * x times self => m 00162 */
00163 void VectorBatch::outer2(const VectorBatch &x, Matrix &m) const {
00164
        const int
         yr = item_size(),    yc = batch_size(),    // column storage
mr = m.rowsize(),    mc = m.colsize(),    // row storage
xr = x.item_size(),    xc = x.batch_size();    // column
00165
00166
00167
00168
00169
         if (trace scalars())
00170
          cout « "outer product "
            « xr « "x" « xc

« " & "

« yr « "x" « yc

« " => " « mr « "x" « mc
00171
00172
00173
00174
00175
             « endl;
00176
00177
         assert( yc==xc );
00178
         assert ( xr==mr );
00179
         assert( yr==mc );
         const auto& xvals = x.vals_vector().data();
const auto& yvals = vals_vector().data();
00180
00181
                     mmat = m.values().data();
00182
00183
00184
         float alpha = 1.0;
00185
         float beta = 0.0;
        bli_sgemm( BLIS_NO_TRANSPOSE, BLIS_TRANSPOSE,
00186
                mr,mc,yc,
00187
00188
                  &alpha,
                 const_cast<float*>(xvals), /* rsa,csa */ 1,xr,
const_cast<float*>(yvals), /* rsb,csb */ 1,yr,
00189
00190
                  %beta,
00191
00192
                  mmat.
                                                   /* rsc.csc */ mc.1
00193
                  );
00195 }
```

5.30 vectorbatch_impl_reference.cpp

```
00001 /****************************
00002 *******************
00004 **** This text file is part of the source of
00005 **** 'Introduction to High-Performance Scientific Computing'
00006 **** by Victor Eijkhout, copyright 2012-2021
00007 ****
00008 **** Deep Learning Network code
00009 **** copyright 2021 Ilknur Mustafazade
00013
00014 #include "trace.h"
00015 #include "vector2.h"
00016 #include <iostream>
00017 using std::cout;
00018 using std::endl;
00019 #include <vector>
00020 using std::vector;
00021 #include <algorithm>
```

```
00023 #ifdef DEBUG
00024 #define ELEMENTC(X,I,J,M,N) X.at(INDEXc(I,J,M,N))
00025 #define ELEMENTr(X,I,J,M,N) X.at(INDEXr(I,J,M,N))
00026 #else
00027 #define ELEMENTc(X,I,J,M,N) X[ INDEXc(I,J,M,N) ] 00028 #define ELEMENTr(X,I,J,M,N) X[ INDEXr(I,J,M,N) ]
00029 #endif
00030
00031 VectorBatch::VectorBatch(int batchsize, int itemsize, bool random) {
00032
        allocate(batchsize, itemsize);
00033
00034
        int i, j;
if (not random) {
00035
00036
           std::fill(vals.begin(), vals.end(), 0);
00037
        }else if (random) {
00038
        for (i=0; i<batchsize * itemsize;i++) {</pre>
             vals[i] = -0.1 + static\_cast < float> (rand()) / (static\_cast < float> (RAND\_MAX/(0.1-(-0.1))));
00039
00040
          }
00041 }
00042 }
00043
00044 // VectorBatch VectorBatch::transpose() const {
00045 //
              const int c = batch_size(), r = item_size();
00046 //
                // Initialize a new matrix with inverted dimension values
00047 //
               VectorBatch result(item_size(),batch_size(), 0);
00048 //
               int i1, i2; // Old and new index
00049 //
               for (int i = 0; i < r; i++)
                 for (int j = 0; j < c; j++) {
    i1 = i * c + j; // Old indexing
    i2 = j * r + i; // New indexing
00050 //
00051 //
00052 //
00053
00054 //
                        result.vals[i2] = vals[i1]; // Move transposed values to new array
00055 //
00056 //
00057 //
               return result;
00058 // }
00059
00060 void VectorBatch::show() const {
00061
          const int c = batch_size(), r = item_size();
           for (i = 0; i < r; i++) {
    for (j = 0; j < c; j++) {
        std::cout « vals[i * c + j] « ' ';
}</pre>
00062
00063
00064
00065
00066
00067
               std::cout « std::endl;
00068
00069
           std::cout « std::endl;
00070 }
00071
00072
00074 void VectorBatch::v2mp(const Matrix &m, VectorBatch &y) const {
00075
        const int
         xr = item_size(),
          xr = item_size(),    xc = batch_size(),
mr = m.rowsize(),    mc = m.colsize(),
00076
                                                         // column storage
00077
                                                          // row storage
00078
         yr = y.item_size(), yc = y.batch_size(); // column
08000
        if (trace_scalars())
00081
         cout « "matrix vector product "
           « mr « "x" « mc
« " & "
00082
00083
           « xr « "x" « xc
00084
00085
           « " => " « yr « "x" « yc
00086
00087
00088
        assert( xc==yc );
00089
        assert( yr==mr );
00090
        assert ( mc==xr );
00091
00092
         const auto& mmat = m.values();
00093
         const auto& xvals = vals_vector();
00094
         auto& yvals = y.vals_vector();
         int xi{0},yi{0},mi{0};
00095
         for (int i = 0; i < yr; i++) { // Matrix multiplication subroutine for (int j = 0; j < yc; j++) {
00096
00097
00098
            float sum = 0.0;
00099
              for (int k = 0; k < mc; k++) {
00100
            \text{sum += ELEMENTr( mmat,i,k,mr,mc)} * ELEMENTc( xvals,k,j,xr,xc) ; \\
           mi = INDEXr( i,k,mr,mc ); xi = INDEXc( k,j,xr,xc ) ;
//sum += mmat.at( INDEXr(i,k,mr,mc) ) * xvals.at( INDEXc(k,j,xr,xc) ) ;
00101
00102
00103
00104
              //yvals.at( INDEXc(i,j,yr,yc) ) = sum;
00105
              ELEMENTc( yvals,i,j,yr,yc ) = sum;
00106
             yi = INDEXc(i,j,yr,yc);
00107
          }
00108
00109
        assert(xi==xvals.size()-1);
```

```
assert( yi==yvals.size()-1 );
00111 assert( mi==mmat.size()-1 );
00112 }
00113
00114
00115 // matrix transpose x self => y
00116 void VectorBatch::v2mtp(const Matrix &m, VectorBatch &y) const {
00117
       const int
       00118
00119
00120
00121
00122
       if (trace scalars())
00123
        cout « "matrix transpose vector product "
          « mr « "x" « mc
« " & "
00124
00125
          « xr « "x" « xc
00126
          « " => " « yr « "x" « yc
00127
00128
          « endl:
00129
00130
       assert( xc==yc ); assert( yr==mc ); assert( mr==xr );
00131
       const auto& mmat = m.values();
const auto& xvals = vals_vector();
00132
00133
00134
                  yvals = y.vals_vector();
       auto&
       for (int i = 0; i < yr; i++) { // Matrix multiplication subroutine
00135
00136
         for (int j = 0; j < yc; j++) {
00137
          float sum = 0.0;
00138
            for (int k = 0; k < mr; k++) {
         //sum += mmat[ INDEXr(k,i,mc,mr) ] * xvals[ INDEXc(k,j,xr,xc) ];
00139
00140
         // matrix is by rows, so transpose by columns!
00141
         sum += ELEMENTc( mmat,i,k,mc,mr ) * ELEMENTc( xvals,k,j,xr,xc );
00142
00143
           yvals.at( INDEXc(i,j,yr,yc) ) = sum;
00144
         }
00145
00146
       if (trace progress()) {
        assert( this->notinf() ); assert( this->notnan() ); assert( this->normf()!=0.f );
00148
         assert( m.notinf() ); assert( m.notnan() ); assert( m.normf()!=0.f );
00149
         assert( y.notinf() ); assert( y.notnan() ); assert( y.normf()!=0.f );
00150
       if (trace_scalars()) {
  cout « "v2mtp (computes dl): "
00151
00152
              00153
00154
00155 }
00156
00157 /*
00158 \star x times self => m 00159 \star/
00160 void VectorBatch::outer2(const VectorBatch &x, Matrix &m ) const {
00161 const int
        yr = item_size(),    yc = batch_size(),
mr = m.rowsize(),    mc = m.colsize(),
00162
                                                 // column storage
00163
                                                 // row storage
         xr = x.item_size(), xc = x.batch_size(); // column
00164
00165
00166
       if (trace_scalars())
       cout « "outer product "
00167
         « xr « "x" « xc
« " & "
00168
00169
         « yr « "x" « yc
« " => " « mr « "x" « mc
00170
00171
00172
          « endl;
00173
       assert( yc==xc );
00174
00175
       assert( xr==mr );
00176
       assert ( yr==mc );
00177
       const auto& xvals = x.vals vector();
00178
       const auto& yvals = vals_vector();
       auto& mmat = m.values();
00179
00180
        for (int i = 0; i < mr; i++) { // Matrix multiplication subroutine</pre>
00181
           for (int j = 0; j < mc; j++) {
             float sum = 0.0;
00182
                 for (int k = 0; k < yc; k++) {
00183
               /*
00184
00185
               * index (k,j) in Y transpose => (j,k) in Y
00186
00187
               //sum += yvals[ INDEXc(i,k,yr,yc) ] * xvals[ INDEXc(j,k,xr,xc) ];
00188
               00189
                 //mmat[ INDEX(i,j,mr,mc) ] = sum;
00190
00191
                 mmat.at( INDEXr(i,j,mr,mc) ) = sum;
00192
00193
         }
00194
       if (trace_progress()) {
        assert( this->notinf() ); assert( this->notnan() ); assert( this->normf()!=0.f );
00195
00196
         assert(x.notinf()); assert(x.notnan()); assert(x.normf()!=0.f);
```

Index

accuracy	colsize
Net, 38	Matrix, 29
activation_name	copy_from
Layer, 27	Vector, 54
add	VectorBatch, 65
Vector, 53	create_output_batch
add_vector	Net, 43
VectorBatch, 63	
addh	data
VectorBatch, 64	dataItem, 12
addLayer	Dataset, 14
Net, 39	Matrix, 29
addvh	Vector, 54
Matrix, 28	VectorBatch, 66
allocate	data_size
VectorBatch, 64	dataltem, 11
allocate_batch_specific_temporaries	Dataset, 14
Layer, 22	data_vals
Net, 39	Dataset, 15
at	data_values
Net, 39, 40	dataItem, 11
VectorBatch, 65	dataItem, 10
ахру	data, 12
Matrix, 29	data_size, 11
	data_values, 11
backlayer	dataltem, 10, 11
Net, 40	label, 12
backPropagate	label_size, 11
Net, 40	label_values, 11
backward	Dataset, 12
Layer, 22	batch, 14
batch	data, 14
Dataset, 14	data_size, 14
batch_size	data_vals, 15
VectorBatch, 65	Dataset, 13, 14
_	inputs, 15
C Variante FO	item, 15
Vector, 59	label_size, 16
calculate_initial_delta	label_vals, 16
Net, 41	labels, 16
calculateLoss	path, 20
Net, 42	push_back, 17
Categorization, 7	readTest, 17
Categorization, 7, 8	set_lowerbound, 18
close_enough, 8	set_number, 18
normalize, 9	shuffle, 18
probabilities, 9	size, 18
size, 9	split, 19
close_enough	stack, 19
Categorization, 8	stacked data vals, 19

stacked_label_vals, 20	input_size, 24
decay	intermediate, 24
Net, 43	Layer, 22
display	Net, 26
VectorBatch, 66	output_size, 24
	set_activation, 24, 25
extract_vector	set number, 25
VectorBatch, 67	set_topdelta, 25
	set_uniform_biases, 25
feedForward	set_uniform_weights, 26
Net, 43, 44	update_dw, 26
forward	layer
Layer, 23	Net, 45
get_col	learning_rate
VectorBatch, 67	Net, 45
get_row	loadModel
VectorBatch, 68	Net, 45
get_vector	Matrix 07
VectorBatch, 68	Matrix, 27
get_vectorObj	addvh, 28
VectorBatch, 68	axpy, 29
	colsize, 29
hadamard	data, 29
VectorBatch, 68	Matrix, 28
	meanv, 30
info	mmp, 30
Net, 45	mvp, 30
input	mvpt, 31
Layer, 23, 24	nelements, 31
input_size	normf, 31
Layer, 24	notinf, 32
inputs	notnan, 32
Dataset, 15	operator*, 32, 36
inputsize	operator+, 32
Net, 45	operator-, 33
intermediate	operator/, 33, 36
Layer, 24	operator=, 33
item	outerProduct, 34
	rowsize, 34
Dataset, 15	show, 34
item_size	square, 34
VectorBatch, 69	transpose, 35
label	values, 35
dataItem, 12	
label size	Vector, 58
-	VectorBatch, 78
dataItem, 11	zeros, 35
Dataset, 16	meanh
label_vals	VectorBatch, 69
Dataset, 16	meanv
label_values	Matrix, 30
dataltem, 11	mmp
labels	Matrix, 30
Dataset, 16	momentum
Layer, 21	Net, 46
activation_name, 27	mvp
allocate_batch_specific_temporaries, 22	Matrix, 30
backward, 22	mvpt
forward, 23	Matrix, 31
input, 23, 24	•
• • •	

nelements	Matrix, 33
Matrix, 31	Vector, 55, 58
VectorBatch, 69	VectorBatch, 71
Net, 36	operator/
accuracy, 38	Matrix, 33, 36
addLayer, 39	Vector, 55
allocate_batch_specific_temporaries, 39	VectorBatch, 71, 78
at, 39, 40	operator/=
backlayer, 40	Vector, 55
backPropagate, 40	operator=
calculate_initial_delta, 41	Matrix, 33
calculateLoss, 42	Vector, 56
create_output_batch, 43	VectorBatch, 72
decay, 43	operator[]
feedForward, 43, 44	Vector, 56
info, 45	optimize
inputsize, 45	Net, 51
Layer, 26	optimizer
layer, 45	Net, 46
learning_rate, 45	outer2
loadModel, 45	VectorBatch, 72
momentum, 46	outerProduct
Net, 37, 38	Matrix, 34
optimize, 51	output_size
optimizer, 46	Layer, 24
outputsize, 46	outputsize
push_layer, 46	Net, 46
RMSprop, 47	path
saveModel, 47	Dataset, 20
set_decay, 48	positive
set_learning_rate, 48	Vector, 56
set_lossfunction, 48	VectorBatch, 72
set_momentum, 49	probabilities
set_optimizer, 49	Categorization, 9
set_uniform_biases, 49	push_back
set_uniform_weights, 49	Dataset, 17
SGD, 50	push_layer
show, 50	Net, 46
train, 50	1461, 40
normalize	r
Categorization, 9	Vector, 59
normf	readTest
Matrix, 31	Dataset, 17
VectorBatch, 70	resize
notinf	VectorBatch, 73
Matrix, 32	RMSprop
VectorBatch, 70	Net, 47
notnan	rowsize
Matrix, 32	Matrix, 34
VectorBatch, 70	, ,
operator*	saveModel
Matrix, 32, 36	Net, 47
Vector, 54, 58	scaleby
VectorBatch, 71, 78	VectorBatch, 73
operator+	set_activation
Matrix, 32	Layer, 24, 25
Vector, 54	set_ax
operator-	Vector, 56
	•

set_batch_size	train
VectorBatch, 73	Net, 50
set_col	transpose
VectorBatch, 74	Matrix, 35
set_decay	
Net, 48	update_dw
set_item_size	Layer, 26
VectorBatch, 74	
set_learning_rate	v2mp
Net, 48	VectorBatch, 76
set lossfunction	v2mtp
Net, 48	VectorBatch, 76
set lowerbound	v2tmp
Dataset, 18	VectorBatch, 77
set momentum	vals_vector
Net, 49	VectorBatch, 77, 78
set number	values
_	Matrix, 35
Dataset, 18	Vector, 57
Layer, 25	Vector, 52
set_optimizer	add, 53
Net, 49	c, 59
set_row	copy from, 54
VectorBatch, 75	• • •
set_topdelta	data, 54
Layer, 25	Matrix, 58
set_uniform_biases	operator*, 54, 58
Layer, 25	operator+, 54
Net, 49	operator-, 55, 58
set_uniform_weights	operator/, 55
Layer, 26	operator/=, 55
Net, 49	operator=, 56
set vector	operator[], 56
VectorBatch, 75	positive, 56
SGD	r, 59
Net, 50	set_ax, 56
show	show, 57
Matrix, 34	size, <u>57</u>
Net, 50	square, 57
	values, 57
Vector, 57	Vector, 52, 53
VectorBatch, 75	VectorBatch, 59, 79
shuffle	zeros, 58
Dataset, 18	VectorBatch, 60
size	add_vector, 63
Categorization, 9	addh, 64
Dataset, 18	allocate, 64
Vector, 57	at, 65
VectorBatch, 76	•
split	batch_size, 65
Dataset, 19	copy_from, 65
square	data, 66
Matrix, 34	display, 66
Vector, 57	extract_vector, 67
stack	get_col, 67
Dataset, 19	get_row, 68
stacked_data_vals	get_vector, 68
Dataset, 19	get_vectorObj, 68
stacked_label_vals	hadamard, 68
Dataset, 20	item_size, 69
- a	Matrix, 78

```
meanh, 69
    nelements, 69
    normf, 70
    notinf, 70
    notnan, 70
    operator*, 71, 78
    operator-, 71
    operator/, 71, 78
    operator=, 72
    outer2, 72
    positive, 72
    resize, 73
    scaleby, 73
    set_batch_size, 73
    set_col, 74
    set_item_size, 74
    set_row, 75
    set_vector, 75
    show, 75
    size, 76
    v2mp, 76
    v2mtp, 76
    v2tmp, 77
    vals_vector, 77, 78
     Vector, 59, 79
    VectorBatch, 61, 62
zeros
    Matrix, 35
    Vector, 58
```