

Machine Learning Engineering - Phase 1

Amazon Bestsellers REST API & Data Analytics

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Abstract

This document details the architecture, API endpoints, and analytical capabilities of the Amazon Bestsellers REST API. The project fulfills the requirements for the Machine Learning Engineering Phase 1 challenge, providing a complete data pipeline from web scraping to statistical analysis.

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1 Project Links

- **GitHub Repository:** <https://github.com/VictorFilizola/Tech-Challenge-FIAP>
- **Live API URL:** <https://your-api-url.onrender.com/docs>
- **Architecture & Demo Video:** <https://youtube.com/your-video-link>

2 Architecture Design

The system is built on a decoupled architecture, separating the heavy data ingestion process from the fast data serving and analytical layers.

2.1 Data Pipeline Flow

1. **Ingestion Layer (Selenium & Edge):** A headless browser navigates to the Amazon Bestsellers page, executes JavaScript to bypass lazy-loading, and extracts up to 100 book records (Title, Author, Rating, Review Count, Price).
2. **Storage Layer (Local JSON):** The scraped data is serialized and cached locally in a `data/bestsellers.json` file. This prevents IP blocking from Amazon and ensures millisecond response times for end users.
3. **Processing & Analytics Layer (Pandas):** The API reads the cached JSON, cleans the string data into numeric formats, and computes statistical metrics on the fly.
4. **Serving Layer (FastAPI):** Exposes the raw data and analytical views via a modern, self-documenting REST API.

3 API Documentation

The API is built using FastAPI, which automatically generates interactive Swagger UI documentation at the `/docs` endpoint. Below is the specification of the available routes.

3.1 System Routes

- **GET `/health`:** Returns the operational status of the API.
- **GET `/info`:** Returns metadata about the locally cached data, including the timestamp of the last successful scrape.

3.2 Data Ingestion

- **POST `/api/scrape`:** Triggers the Selenium web scraper. It navigates through multiple pages, collects the top 100 books, and overwrites the local JSON cache. *Note: This request takes several seconds to resolve due to browser execution.*
- **GET `/api/books`:** Instantly retrieves the raw list of books from the local cache.

4 Analytical Views

To provide a comprehensive descriptive analysis of the book sales, the monolithic analytics requirement was split into domain-specific endpoints.

4.1 GET /api/analysis/general

Provides high-level descriptive statistics of the scraped dataset.

- Total books analyzed.
- Average rating across the board.
- Total cumulative reviews across all best-selling books.

4.2 GET /api/analysis/pricing

Analyzes the financial distribution of the bestsellers.

- Average and Median prices (identifying right-skewed pricing).
- Minimum and Maximum price boundaries (identifying outliers like box sets).
- 25th and 75th percentiles to establish standard market rates.

4.3 GET /api/analysis/authors

Evaluates market share and author dominance within the top 100 list.

- Number of unique authors.
- The top 5 authors by sheer volume of books on the list.
- The combined market share percentage of those top 5 authors.

4.4 GET /api/analysis/engagement

Assesses the "Hype vs. Quality" matrix.

- Identifies the top 5 most heavily reviewed books.
- Identifies the highest-rated books (4.8 stars or higher) sorted by the highest volume of reviews, showcasing universally acclaimed titles.