## Actividad 1

Análisis de biología computacional BT1013.525 Víctor Manuel Puga Ruiz A01568636

1

```
x \leftarrow c(10, 11, 13, -1, 6, 3)
print(x)
## [1] 10 11 13 -1 6 3
\mathbf{2}
est.x <- c(
  mean(x), # mean
  sd(x), # standard deviation
  var(x) # variance
print(est.x)
## [1] 7.000000 5.329165 28.400000
3
my.seq < - seq(20, 50)
print(my.seq)
## [1] 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44
## [26] 45 46 47 48 49 50
my.mean \leftarrow mean(c(20:60))
print(my.mean)
## [1] 40
my.sum \leftarrow sum(c(51:91))
print(my.sum)
## [1] 2911
4
pool <- c(-100:50)
my.sample <- sample(pool, 10)</pre>
print(my.sample)
```

```
## [1] 18 -57 30 -14 -86 -70 -20 28 -71 -27
5
fb <- numeric(10)</pre>
fb[1] \leftarrow fb[2] \leftarrow 1
for (i in 3:10) {
 fb[i] \leftarrow fb[i-2] + fb[i-1]
print(fb)
## [1] 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55
6
vec <- c(10, 20, 30, 4, 50, -60)
cat("min", min(vec), "\n")
## min -60
cat("max", max(vec), "\n")
## max 50
7
multiplica <- function(a, b) {</pre>
if (length(a) == length(b)) {
    a * b
 }
}
print(multiplica(c(10, 20), c(3, 4)))
## [1] 30 80
8
cuenta <- function(vec, search) {</pre>
 total <- 0
 for (el in vec) {
   if (el == search) {
      total <- total + 1
    }
 }
 total
```

```
print(cuenta(c(10, 20, 10, 7, 24, 7, 5), 7))

## [1] 2

9
enesimo <- function(vec, n) {
    res <- c(vec[1])
    for (i in seq(n+1, length(vec), by = n)) {
        res <- append(res, vec[i])
    }
    res
}

v <- 1:100
print(enesimo(v, 5))

## [1] 1 6 11 16 21 26 31 36 41 46 51 56 61 66 71 76 81 86 91 96</pre>
```