University of Cape Town Department of Computer Science

Computer Science CSC1010H

Class Test 2

Wednesday, 20 August 2014

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Time: 40 r	ninutes				use of calcu		mitted
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NAME:	MULP	7 <i>P0</i>				1	m.b.m
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This paper	consists	of 6 questic	ons and 6 pa	nges (includi	ing this cove	er page).	
			Mark	Allocation			
Question	Marks	Internal	External	Question	Marks	Internal	External
1	5			5	4		
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Question 1. [5 marks]

Consider the following problem. Answer it appropriately.

The Petersens have recently moved to a new town and are arranging a surprise birthday party for their <u>son Andre</u>, and have invited <u>three-families from</u> the neighbourhood, the <u>Smiths</u>, the Januarys and the Hectors. They plan to make up party packets for the kids to take home after the party, blue for boys and pink for girls.

Being super organised, Mrs Petersen with the help of Mr Petersen wants to determine how many of each colour party packet she needs to buy, and also how many of each colour she needs to put aside for each family.

They sit down and come up with the following information. Mrs Petersen remembers that the Hectors have a "pigeon pair", i.e. a boy and a girl. Mr Petersen recalls that the Januarys only have a set of identical twin boys. Mrs Petersen notes that she's only ever noticed two girls from these local families to come over to play. Mr Petersen notes that the Smiths have three children, since the family fits nicely into their family sedan when they go out.

You happen to be visiting the Petersens at this point, and want to impress them with the problem solving skills you've learnt at university. Using the information they've provided, determine how many of each colour party packet they need to buy and how many of each colour they need to allocate to each family and what the total number of party packets are.

Use a diagram to show how you solve the problem.

Similar

Similar

Januarys

A

Hectors

They should buy 5 blue packets and 2 pink packets

They then should allocate 3 packets to the Smiths

2 blue packets to the Samuarys

And I pink and I pink to the Hectors

Question 2. [7 marks]

Answer the following questions:

a) When using debugging features in an IDE, what should the user typically do o execution has reached the breakpoint?	nce
If no error has been de te ited, the user showle	<u></u>
set a break point again and debing so as	to pind
If no error has been detected, the user showly set a break point again and debing so as and fix an error if they find one.	[2]
b) When a new module has been defined, how do you ensure that it is accessible a imported into a program with no problems, i.e. "import newmodule" works?	
	_ [1]
c) Explain what happens in memory when Python makes successive recursive fundamental for a test in finitely	
Indicate whether the following statements are True or False.	. [1]
d) The accepted Python coding convention for module names is long descriptive nuppercase.	ames in
False	[1]
e) Curly brackets {} are used to enclose parameters to a function.	
False	[1]
f) The print() function can be used to write to a file.	
True	[1]
	- 4

Question 3. [6 marks]

Write a Python function called draw_line() which draws a horizontal line of characters. The draw_line() function should take two parameters, with the first being the size of the line (i.e. the number of characters) and the second parameter being the character with which to draw the line. This character parameter should have a default value of an asterisk ('*').

Calling the draw_line() function with the following parameters should produce the corresponding output:

draw_line(produces	****	
draw_line(6,'\$')		\$\$\$\$\$	
def olva:	w-line (a	, b= (x')		
pr	int lax	b)		
del may	n ().			
1	1. (.	1		
- Mar.	- MAR 65)		
main ()	une (6, 4)			
,				
				[6]
				[O
Question 4.	[7 marks]			
	-			
Consider the following	grecursive function	on definition:		
def do_this				
	stuff) == 0: urn ""			
else:				
ret	urn str(stuff	[[0] * 2) + do_t	nis(stuff[1:])	
a) What datatype can	the parameter to	this function be?		
ski	2 List S	Line		
	7 701 0	ring		
		*		[2]
b) What is the base ca	se for this function	on?		
	stuff) = = 0			[1]

Error	
<pre>ii. print (do_this("123"))</pre>	
1132	
Question 5. [4 marks]	
Consider the following Python program and answer the questions below:	
<pre>def main(): f = open('to_do_list.txt','a')</pre>	
while True: thing to do = input('Enter thing to do:')	
<pre>if thing_to_do == 'done': break else:</pre>	
<pre>f.write(thing_to_do + '\n') f.close()</pre>	
main()	
a) What is the name of the file created?	
to_do_list.txt	
b) What mode is the file created in?	
append mode	
c) Looking at the code, how does the user terminate the program?	
f. closeis	
H) How will the information that the user enters be written in the file?	
ing f. write (thing to - do + 'h') function.	
How will the information that the user enters be written in the file? The first the writer writes will be written en the new line.	
a new line	

Question 6. [6 marks]

classifies weight in kgs

Consider the following definition of the *classify_weight()* function. Specify test cases which thoroughly test the function, using equivalence classes and boundary value. For each test case specify whether it is an equivalence class value or a boundary value.

<pre>def classify_weight(w): if 0 < w <= 60: return "light" elif 60 < w <= 120: return "heavy"</pre>
else: return "error"
if o < w <=60 (equiverlence class)
return light" -> egui valence class
return 'heavy) -> equivalence class return 'heavy) -> equivalence class.
, v
return error -> boundary value