Artifact Evaluation for Bottom-up Synthesis of Recursive Functional Programs using Angelic Execution

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1 INTRODUCTION

In this paper, we:

- Describe the steps for installation of the artifact (§2).
- Describe the steps for the "kick-the-tires" phase (§3).
- Describe the file structure of the artifact repository (§4).
- Describe how to run the program (§5).
- Describe how to validate the experiments (§6).

2 INSTALLATION

There are two methods of artifact installation, via virtual machine and via manual installation. Virtual machine installation is the recommended method. The username for this virtual machine is burst and the password is also burst.

2.1 Virtual Machine

We have provided a virtual machine via google drive here. We tested our virtual machine using VirtualBox, though we expect other virtual machine managers would work fine.

2.2 Manual Installation

The other method for installation (not recommended for artifact evaluation) is to manually install the code. Table 1 provides a description of the install step, the command we performed for that step (if applicable), and the relevant version (if applicable).

3 KICK-THE-TIRES

For the kick-the-tires phase, we ask that the committee first follow the installation instructions in Section 2.

After, please run the command make kick-the-tires in the BurstArtifactEvaluation directory. If this command finishes, outputting Tires kicked successfully! as the last line, then the basic functionality of the artifact is ensured.

4 FILE STRUCTURE

The file structure of important files and folders is described in Table 2.

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Description of Step	Command (if applicable)	Version (if applicable)
Download OS		Ubuntu 20.04.3
Download opam	sudo apt install opam	2.0.5
Initialize opam	opam init	
Switch opam version	opam switch create 4.10.0+flambda	4.10.0+flambda
Set up opam env	eval \$(opam env)	
Install dune	opam install dune	2.9.1
Install core	opam install core	v0.14.1
Install ppx_deriving	opam install ppx_deriving	5.2.1
Install menhir	opam install menhir	20210419
Install bark	opam install bark	0.1.4
Install pip	sudo apt install python3-pip	20.0.2
Install easyprocess	pip3 install easyprocess	0.3
Install pandas	pip3 install pandas	1.3.3
Install curl	sudo apt install curl	7.68.0
Install stack	curl -sSL https://get.haskellstack.org/ sh	2.7.3
Install libz3-dev	sudo apt install libz3-dev	4.8.7
Install sdkman	curl -s "https://get.sdkman.io" bash	5.12.4
Install java jdk	sdk install java \$(sdk list java grep	8.0.292
	-o "8\.[0-9]*\.[0-9]*\.hs-adpt" head -1)	
Install sbt	sdk install sbt	1.5.5
Download codebase	git clone https://github.com	
	/amiltner/BurstArtifactEvaluation.git	

Table 1. Manual installation steps.

5 RUNNING

One can run individual benchmarks with ./BurstCmdLine.exe [filename].

6 VALIDATION

The only data to validate is present in Section 8, Evaluation.

To generate all the generated data, one should run make generate-all from the root of the directory. This will create csv files summarizing the runs in the \$/burst/generated-data/, \$/leon/generated-data/, and \$/synquid/generated-data/ directories. This will also create .out files in the \$/burst/benchmarks/, \$/leon/benchmarks/, and \$/synquid/benchmarks/ directories. This command can be stopped and restarted, and it will pick up where it left off. If one wants to remove the generated files and restart, they can run make hyper-clean from the root of the directory.

The .out files can be manually inspected to ensure that they are the desired function. If they are, then Correct column should be labelled with \correct in the manual data CSVs. If they are not, then Correct column should be labelled with \incorrect in the manual data CSVs. If the program times out, then the Correct column should be labelled with \na in the manual data CSVs. Furthermore, Leon will sometimes generate code that does not satisfy the specification (the other tools will generate programs that are not desired, but do satisfy the specification). If this is the

Location in Directory	Description		
\$/README.pdf	This document.		
\$/burst/	This folder contains the Burst and Smyth tools.		
\$/burst/Makefile	This Makefile contains a number of commands for building		
	and testing Burst.		
<pre>\$/burst/code_description.txt</pre>	This file describes the layout of the Burst codebase.		
\$/burst/benchmarks/	This folder contains the Burst benchmark suite.		
<pre>\$/burst/benchmarks/logical/</pre>	This folder contains the Burst Logical benchmark speci-		
	fications.		
<pre>\$/burst/benchmarks/io/</pre>	This folder contains the Burst IO benchmark specifica-		
	tions.		
<pre>\$/burst/benchmarks/ref/</pre>	This folder contains the Burst Ref benchmark specifica-		
	tions.		
\$/burst/manual-data/	Contains manual data describing whether or not a synthe-		
	sized program is correct.		
<pre>\$/burst/BurstCmdLine.exe</pre>	(generated) Executable for running BURST.		
\$/burst/generated-data/	(generated) Contains data generated from experiments.		
\$/leon/	This folder contains the Leon tool.		
\$/leon/Makefile	This Makefile contains a number of commands for building		
	and testing Leon.		
\$/leon/benchmarks/	This folder contains the Burst Logical benchmark suite,		
	written in a form compatible with Leon		
\$/leon/manual-data/	Contains manual data describing whether or not a synthe-		
	sized program is correct, and whether or not it satisfies the		
	postcondition.		
\$/leon/generated-data/	(generated) Contains data generated from experiments.		
\$/synquid/	This folder contains the Synquid tool.		
\$/synquid/Makefile	This Makefile contains a number of commands for building		
	and testing Synouid.		
\$/synquid/benchmarks/	This folder contains the Burst Logical benchmark suite,		
	written in a form compatible with Synquid		
\$/synquid/manual-data/	Contains manual data describing whether or not a synthe-		
	sized program is correct, and whether or not it satisfies the		
	postcondition.		
\$/synquid/generated-data/	(generated) Contains data generated from experiments.		

Table 2. File structure description. In the location column, \$ refers to the repository root. In other words, in the VM, \$ means /BurstArtifactEvaluation/.

case, then the LeonSatisfies column should be labelled n, otherwise it should be labelled y. The manual data from our paper run is provided by default in these files.

After the command make generate-all has been run, and the manual-data files have been updated, running python3 aggregate-data will create tables in the \$/generated-data/ folder. There is two types of files here, CSV files and _pretty.txt files. The CSV files are more useful if viewing data through a CSV viewer like Excel. The _pretty.txt files are more useful if viewing data through a text editor like vim, or through the command line via cat. The io files correspond

to Figure 11. The ref files correspond to Figure 12. The logical files correspond to Figure 13. The ablation files correspond to Figure 16.

6.1 Possible Inconsistencies with the Paper Findings

Both Burst and Leon have nondeterminism present, so there is expected to be some minor variability in runtimes. Additionally, Burst is relatively memory intensive, and we found during our preparation of the VM that list-compress does not terminate during the 2 minute window when running VM. Furthermore, if the computer is running other tasks, sometimes tree-inorder does not terminate during the two minute window.

Furthermore, we found that we incorrectly computed the percent correct in the ablation Figure 16. Note that in Figure 13, we found that Burst completed 41/45 logical benchmarks. However, the ablation table incorrectly shows that Burst completed 42/45.