
PROGRAM NAME: splitfasta

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LICENSE: GNU General Public License (GNU-GPL)

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DESCRIPTION: This program breaks large fasta files into smaller fasta sequences,
given a certain subsequence length and a fixed overlap.

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< Id: deploy.nw,v 1.7 2001/09/03 18:23:46 jabril Exp >

1 Introduction

1.1 Program description

1.2 Input

1.3 Output

1.4 To Do

- This is a first draft of the splitfasta. [Section 2.1, page 2]

2 Implementation

2.1 Program outline

```

2a  <splitfasta 2a>≡
    <PERL shebang 6a>
    #
    # MODULES
    #
    <Use Modules 2b>
    #
    # VARIABLES
    #
    <Global Vars 2c>
    #
    # MAIN LOOP
    #
    <Main Loop 2d>
    #
    # FUNCTIONS
    #
    <Functions 2e>
    #
    #
    <OLD IMPLEMENTATION 2f>

2b  <Use Modules 2b>≡

2c  <Global Vars 2c>≡

2d  <Main Loop 2d>≡

    exit(0);

2e  <Functions 2e>≡
    sub {
    } #

    TO DO
    • This is a first draft of the splitfasta.

2f  <OLD IMPLEMENTATION 2f>≡
    #
    # splitfastaseq.pl \
    #     seqlength overlap < fastafile > output
    #
    #     Breaking large fasta sequences to build
    #     databases for running tblastx faster
    #
    use lib qw( /usr/lib/perl5/site_perl/5.005/ );
    use Bio::Seq;
    use Bio::SeqIO;
    use Benchmark;
    my ($T,$F) = (1,0);
    my @Timer = (new Benchmark);
    my $PROGRAM = 'splitfastaseq.pl';
    my $DATE = localtime;
    my $USER = defined($ENV{USER}) ? $ENV{USER} : '???????';
    my $host = 'hostname';
  
```

```

chomp($host);
my $line = ('#' x 80)."\n";
my $s = '### ';
#
my ($id,$ln,$sq) = ("",0,"");
my ($total_time,$seq);
my ($maxlen,$overlap) = @ARGV;

print STDERR « "+++EOR+++";
$line$s\n$s Running $PROGRAM\n$s
$s HOST: $host
$s USER: $USER
$s DATE: $DATE\n$s\n$line$s
+++EOR+++

&getseq();
&splitseq();

$total_time = &timing($T);
print STDERR « "+++EOR+++";
$s\n$line$s\n$s $PROGRAM FINISHED\n$s
$s TOTAL TIME: $total_time\n$line
+++EOR+++

exit(0);

sub getseq() { # assuming here single sequence input fasta files
    print STDERR "$s Processing fasta file.\n";
    my $seqin = Bio::SeqIO->new(-format => 'FASTA', -fh => \*STDIN);
    while (my $iseq = $seqin->next_seq()) {
        $id = $iseq->display_id();
        $ln = $iseq->length();
        $sq = $iseq->seq();
        last; # to make sure that we only catch a single fasta sequence
    }; # while next_seq
    $seq = Bio::Seq->new( -seq => $sq , -id => $id );
    print STDERR "$s Processing DONE: " .(&timing($F))."\n$s\n";
} # getseq
#
sub splitseq() {
    my ($e,$sid,$ssq,$nseq,$wseq);
    my ($t,$sqen) = (1,($maxlen + $overlap - 1));
    print STDERR "$s Creating splitted-sequence fasta file ($ln nt).\n";
    my $seqout = Bio::SeqIO->new(-format => 'FASTA', -fh => \*STDOUT);
    while ($t < $ln) {
        $e = $t + $sqen;
        ($e > $ln) && ($e = $ln);
        $sid = "$id\_t\_e";
        print STDERR "$s -> $id : from $t to $e (" .($e - $t + 1). " nt)\n";
        $ssq = $seq->subseq($t,$e);
        $t += $maxlen;
        #
        $wseq = Bio::Seq->new( -seq => $ssq , -id => $sid );
        $seqout->write_seq($wseq);
    }; # while
    print STDERR "$s Splitting DONE: " .(&timing($F))."\n$s\n";
} # splitseq
#
sub timing() {
    push @Timer, (new Benchmark);

```

```
# partial time
_${0} ||
    (return timestr(timediff($Timer[$#Timer],$Timer[($#Timer - 1)]));)
# total time
return timestr(timediff($Timer[$#Timer],$Timer[0]));
} # timing
```

A empty appendix section

A.1 empty appendix subsection

B Common code blocks

B.1 PERL scripts

```
6a <PERL shebang 6a>≡
    #!/usr/bin/perl -w
    # This is perl, version 5.005_03 built for i386-linux
    <GNU License 8d>
    <Version Control Id Tag 8c>
    #
    use strict;
```

```
6b <Global Constants - Boolean 6b>≡
    my ($T,$F) = (1,0); # for 'T'rue and 'F'alse
```

We also set here the date when the script is running and who is the user running it.

```
6c <Global Vars - User and Date 6c>≡
    my $DATE = localtime;
    my $USER = $ENV{USER};
```

B.1.1 Timing our scripts

The 'Benchmark' module encapsulates a number of routines to help to figure out how long it takes to execute a piece of code and the whole script.

```
6d <Use Modules - Benchmark 6d>≡
    use Benchmark;
    <Timer ON 6e>
```

See 'man Benchmark' for further info about this package. We set an array to keep record of timing for each section.

```
6e <Timer ON 6e>≡
    my @Timer = (new Benchmark);
```

```
6f <Common PERL subs - Benchmark 6f>≡
    sub timing() {
        push @Timer, (new Benchmark);
        # partial time
        $_[0] ||
            (return timestr(timediff($Timer[$#Timer],$Timer[( $#Timer - 1)])));
        # total time
        return timestr(timediff($Timer[$#Timer],$Timer[0]));
    } # timing
```

B.1.2 Printing complex Data Structures

With 'Data::Dumper' we are able to pretty print complex data structures for debugging them.

```
6g <Use Modules - Dumper 6g>≡
    use Data::Dumper;
    local $Data::Dumper::Purity = 0;
    local $Data::Dumper::Deepcopy = 1;
```

B.1.3 Common functions

```
6h <Skip comments and empty records 6h>≡
    next if /^#\s/;
    next if /\s*$/;
    chomp;
```


7a *<Common PERL subs - Min Max 7a>≡*

```
#
sub max() {
    my $z = shift @_;
    foreach my $l (@_) { $z = $l if $l > $z };
    return $z;
} # max
sub min() {
    my $z = shift @_;
    foreach my $l (@_) { $z = $l if $l < $z };
    return $z;
} # min
```

7b *<Common PERL subs - Text fill 7b>≡*

```
#
sub fill_right() { $_[0].($_[2] x ($_[1] - length($_[0]))) }
sub fill_left() { ($_[2] x ($_[1] - length($_[0]))).$_[0] }
sub fill_mid() {
    my $l = length($_[0]);
    my $k = int(($_[1] - $l)/2);
    ($_[2] x $k).$_[0].($_[2] x ($_[1] - ($l+$k)));
} # fill_mid
```

These functions are used to report to STDERR a single char for each record processed (useful for reporting parsed records).

7c *<Common PERL subs - Counter 7c>≡*

```
#
sub counter { # $_[0]~current_pos++ $_[1]~char
    print STDERR "$_[1]";
    (($_[0] % 50) == 0) && (print STDERR "[".&fill_left($_[0],6,"0")."]\n");
} # counter
#
sub counter_end { # $_[0]~current_pos $_[1]~char
    (($_[0] % 50) != 0) && (print STDERR "[".&fill_left($_[0],6,"0")."]\n");
} # counter_end
```

7d *<Global Vars - Counter 7d>≡*

```
my ($n,$c); # counter and char (for &counter function)
```

B.1.4 Common functions for reporting program processes

Function 'report' requires that a hash variable '%MessageList' has been set, such hash contains the strings for each report message we will need. The first parameter for 'report' is a key for that hash, in order to retrieve the message string, the other parameters passed are processed by the sprintf function on that string.

7e *<Common PERL subs - STDERR 7e>≡*

```
sub report() { print STDERR sprintf($MessageList{ shift @_ },@_) }
```

The same happens to 'warn' function which also requires a hash variable '%ErrorList' containing the error messages.

7f *<Common PERL subs - STDERR 7e>+≡*

```
sub warn() { print STDERR sprintf($ErrorList{ shift @_ }, @_) }
```

B.2 BASH scripts

```

8a  <BASH shebang 8a>≡
    #!/usr/bin/bash
    # GNU bash, version 2.03.6(1)-release (i386-redhat-linux-gnu)
    <Version Control Id Tag 8c>
    #
    SECONDS=0 # Reset Timing
    # Which script are we running...
    L="#####"
    { echo "$L$L$L$L";
      echo "### RUNNING [$0]";
      echo "### Current date:`date`";
      echo "###"; } 1>&2;

8b  <BASH script end 8b>≡
    { echo "###"; echo "### Execution time for [$0] : $SECONDS secs";
      echo "$L$L$L$L";
      echo ""; } 1>&2;
    #
    exit 0

```

B.3 Version control tags

This document is under Revision Control System (RCS). The version you are currently reading is the following:

```

8c  <Version Control Id Tag 8c>≡
    # $Id: deploy.nw,v 1.7 2001/09/03 18:23:46 jabril Exp $

```

B.4 GNU General Public License

```

8d  <GNU License 8d>≡
    # #-----#
    # #                               splitfasta                               #
    # #-----#
    #
    # Remember to put a short description of your script here...
    #
    # Copyright (C) 2001 - Josep Francesc ABRIL FERRANDO
    #
    # This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
    # it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
    # the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
    # (at your option) any later version.
    #
    # This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
    # but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
    # MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
    # GNU General Public License for more details.
    #
    # You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
    # along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
    # Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
    #
    # #-----#

```

C Extracting code blocks from this document

From this file we can obtain both the code and the documentation. The following instructions are needed:

C.1 Extracts Script code chunks from the NOWEB file

Remember when tangling that '-L' option allows you to include program line-numbering relative to original NOWEB file. Then the first line of the executable files is a comment, not a shebang, and must be removed to make scripts runnable.

```
9a <tangling 9a>≡
  # showing line numbering comments in program
  notangle -L -R"splitfasta" $WORK/$nwfile.nw | \
    perl -ne '$.>1 && print' | cpif $BIN/splitfasta.pl ;
  chmod a+x $BIN/splitfasta.pl ;

9b <tangling 9a>+≡
  # reformatting program with perltidy
  notangle -R"splitfasta" $WORK/$nwfile.nw | \
    perltidy - | cpif $BIN/splitfasta.pl ;
  # html pretty-printing program with perltidy
  notangle -R"splitfasta" $WORK/$nwfile.nw | \
    perltidy -html - | cpif $DOCS/html/splitfasta.html ;
  #
```

C.2 Extracting different Config Files

```
9c <tangling 9a>+≡
  notangle -R"root" $WORK/$nwfile.nw | \
    cpif $DATA/root_config ;
```

C.3 Extracting documentation and L^AT_EX'ing it

```
9d <tangling 9a>+≡
  notangle -Rweaving $WORK/$nwfile.nw | cpif $WORK/nw2tex ;
  notangle -RLaTeXing $WORK/$nwfile.nw | cpif $WORK/ltx ;
  chmod a+x $WORK/nw2tex $WORK/ltx;

9e <tangling complementary LaTeX files 9e>≡
  notangle -R"HIDE: LaTeX new definitions" $WORK/$nwfile.nw | cpif $DOCS/defs.tex ;
  notangle -R"HIDE: TODO" $WORK/$nwfile.nw | cpif $DOCS/todo.tex ;

9f <weaving 9f>≡
  <BASH shebang 8a>
  # weaving and LaTeXing
  <BASH Environment Variables 10b>
  <tangling complementary LaTeX files 9e>
  noweave -v -t4 -delay -x -filter 'elide "HIDE: *"' \
    $WORK/$nwfile.nw | cpif $DOCS/$nwfile.tex ;
  # noweave -t4 -delay -index $WORK/$nwfile.nw > $DOCS/$nwfile.tex
  pushd $DOCS/ ;
  #
  latex $nwfile.tex ;
  dvips $nwfile.dvi -o $nwfile.ps -t a4 ;
  #
  popd ;
  <BASH script end 8b>
```

```

10a  <LaTeXing 10a>≡
      <BASH shebang 8a>
      # only LaTeXing
      <BASH Environment Variables 10b>
      pushd $DOCS/ ;
      #
      echo "### RUNNING LaTeX on $nwfile.tex" 1>&2 ;
      latex $nwfile.tex ;
      latex $nwfile.tex ;
      latex $nwfile.tex ;
      dvips $nwfile.dvi -o $nwfile.ps -t a4 ;
      #
      # pdflatex $nwfile.tex ;
      echo "### CONVERTING PS to PDF: $nwfile" 1>&2 ;
      ps2pdf $nwfile.ps $nwfile.pdf ;
      #
      popd ;
      <BASH script end 8b>

```

C.4 Defining working shell variables for the current project

```

10b  <BASH Environment Variables 10b>≡
      #
      # Setting Global Variables
      WORK="/home/ug/jabril/development/softjabril/splitfasta" ;
      BIN="$WORK/bin" ;
      PARAM="$BIN/param" ;
      DOCS="$WORK/docs" ;
      DATA="$WORK/data" ;
      nwfile="splitfasta" ;
      export WORK BIN PARAM DOCS DATA nwfile ;
      #

10c  <tangling 9a>+≡
      #
      # BASH Environment Variables
      notangle -R'BASH Environment Variables' $WORK/$nwfile.nw | \
          cpif $WORK/.bash_VARS ;
      source $WORK/.bash_VARS ;
      #

```