## **Graphical Representation of the Two-Market Model Solution**

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More from behavial AD curve to pure 40 curve J=yd - 0(2) [ ys, + 1/4] l y = ys L, y - 6(n/ Ly + p/p) (1-6(2)) y - 6 (n) N  $y = \frac{\sigma(\pi)}{1 - \sigma(\pi)} \cdot \frac{\gamma}{\rho} \quad \text{where} \quad \frac{\sigma(\pi)}{\sigma(\pi)} = \frac{\chi^2(1 + \overline{\sigma}(\pi))}{1 + \chi^2(1 + \overline{\sigma}(\pi))}$ 7- x < P  $\gamma^{\lambda}(x) = x^{\xi}$ (1 + c(x)) 2 - \ P Pure AD  $\left(\gamma^{d}(n) = \gamma^{s}(z, \theta)\right)$ Midel solution:  $\begin{cases} y = yd(n) \\ \ell^{d}(x,0) = \ell^{s}(0) \end{cases}$ l = l 5 (7)

