

Similarity Dimension

Motivation: A line segment has dimension 1, a square has dimension 2, and a cube has dimension 3.



$$d = 1$$



$$d = 2$$

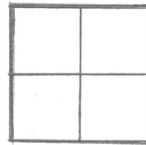


$$d = 3$$

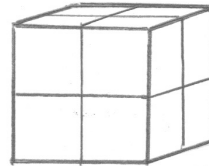
Scale by a factor of 2. How many copies are needed to build the larger copy?



$$2^1 = 2$$



$$2^2 = 4$$

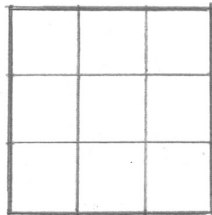


$$2^3 = 8$$

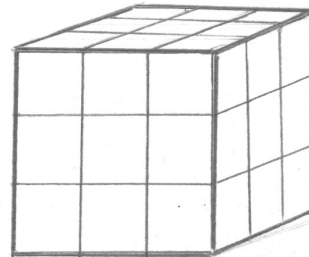
Scale by a factor of 3.



$$3^1 = 3$$



$$3^2 = 9$$



$$3^3 = 27$$

Definition:

If N copies of an object are needed to build its copy scaled by a factor of S , that is, if an object is built of N copies of itself scaled by a factor of $1/S$, then its **dimension** is the number d such that $S^d = N$, that is, $d = \frac{\ln N}{\ln S}$.

Note: this definition applies only to a narrow class of objects.