#### **Applied Machine Learning**

### Imputation and Feature Selection

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# Dealing with missing values

- Missing values can be encoded in many ways
- Numpy has no standard format for it (often np.NaN) pandas does
- Sometimes: 999, ???, ?, np.inf, "N/A", "Unknown" ...
- Not discussing "missing output" that's semi-supervised learning.
- Often missingness is informative!

```
array([[ nan, 3.2, 5.7, 2.3],
                                                    array([[ 5.1, 3.5, 1.4, 0.2],
       nan, 2.8, 4.9, 2.1,
                                                           nan, nan, 1.4, 0.2],
       nan, 2.8, 6.7, 2.],
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       nan, 2.7, 4.9, 1.8],
                                                          [ 4.6, 3.1, 1.5, 0.2],
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                                                          [ nan. nan. nan. nan].
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       nan, 3., 4.9, 1.8],
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       nan, 2.8, 5.6, 2.1],
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       nan, 3., 5.8, 1.6],
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      [7.4, 2.8, 6.1, 1.9],
                                                          [5.4, 3.7, 1.5, 0.2],
       nan, 3.8, 6.4, 2.],
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       6.4, 2.8, 5.6, 2.2],
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                                                          [ 4.3, 3., 1.1, 0.1],
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                                                          [ nan, nan, nan, nan],
       nan, 3., 6.1, 2.3],
                                                          [5.7, 4.4, 1.5, 0.4],
       nan, 3.4, 5.6, 2.4],
                                                          [5.4, 3.9, 1.3, 0.4],
       nan, 3.1, 5.5, 1.8],
                                                          [5.1, 3.5, 1.4, 0.3],
       nan, 3., 4.8, 1.8],
                                                          [5.7, 3.8, 1.7, 0.3],
       6.9, 3.1, 5.4, 2.1],
                                                          [5.1, 3.8, 1.5, 0.3],
       6.7, 3.1, 5.6, 2.4],
                                                          [5.4, 3.4, 1.7, 0.2],
       nan, 3.1, 5.1, 2.3],
                                                          [5.1, 3.7, 1.5, 0.4],
       nan, 2.7, 5.1, 1.9],
                                                          [ 4.6, 3.6, 1., 0.2],
       nan, 3.2, 5.9, 2.3],
                                                          [ 5.1, nan, nan, nan],
       nan, 3.3, 5.7, 2.5],
                                                          [ 4.8, 3.4, 1.9, 0.2],
       nan, 3., 5.2, 2.3],
                                                          [5., 3., 1.6, 0.2],
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                                                          [ nan, nan, nan, 0.4],
       nan, 3., 5.2, 2.],
                                                          [5.2, 3.5, 1.5, 0.2],
       6.2, 3.4, 5.4, 2.3],
                                                          [5.2, 3.4, 1.4, 0.2],
      [ nan, 3., 5.1, 1.8]])
                                                          [ 4.7, 3.2, 1.6, 0.2]])
```

```
array([[ 6. , 3.4, 4.5, 1.6],
array([[ 6. , 3.4, 4.5, nan],
                                                                             6.9, 3.1, 5.1, 2.3],
       6.9, 3.1, 5.1, 2.3],
                                                                             4.6, 3.2, 1.4, 0.2],
       4.6, 3.2, 1.4, nan],
                                                                             5.1, 3.8, 1.5, 0.3],
       5.1, 3.8, 1.5, nan],
                                                                             4.4, 2.9, 1.4, 0.2],
       4.4, 2.9, nan, nan],
                                                                             6.6, 2.9, 4.6, 1.3],
       6.6, 2.9, 4.6, 1.3],
                                                                             6.7, 3., 5.2, 2.3],
       6.7, 3., 5.2, 2.3],
                                                                             6.3, 3.3, 6., 2.5],
       6.3, 3.3, 6., 2.5],
                                                                             7.2, 3., 5.8, 1.6],
       7.2, 3., 5.8, 1.6],
                                                                             4.6, 3.4, 1.4, 0.3],
       4.6, 3.4, 1.4, nan],
                                                                             5.2, 3.5, 1.5, 0.2],
       5.2, 3.5, 1.5, nan],
                                                                             5.4, 3.4, 1.5, 0.4],
       5.4, 3.4, nan, nan],
                                         Imputation
                                                                             5.9, 3.2, 4.8, 1.8],
       5.9, 3.2, 4.8, 1.8],
                                                                             4.9, 3.1, 1.5, 0.1],
       4.9, 3.1, nan, nan],
                                                                             6.9, 3.2, 5.7, 2.3],
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                                                                             5.7, 3.8, 1.7, 0.3],
       5.7, 3.8, nan, 0.3],
                                                                             5.3, 3.7, 1.5, 0.2],
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                                                                             4.5, 2.3, 1.3, 0.3],
       4.5, 2.3, 1.3, nan],
                                                                             6.5, 3., 5.5, 1.8],
       6.5, 3., 5.5, 1.8],
                                                                             6.2, 2.9, 4.3, 1.3],
       6.2, 2.9, 4.3, 1.3],
                                                                             6.4, 2.8, 5.6, 2.2],
       6.4, 2.8, 5.6, 2.2],
                                                                             6.1, 3., 4.6, 1.4],
       6.1, 3., 4.6, 1.4],
                                                                             6.2, 2.8, 4.8, 1.8],
       6.2, 2.8, 4.8, 1.8],
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       6., 2.7, 5.1, nan],
                                                                             6.8, 3.2, 5.9, 2.3],
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                                                                             6., 2.9, 4.5, 1.5],
       6., 2.9, 4.5, 1.5],
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       4.9, 2.4, 3.3, 1.],
                                                                             5.8, 2.7, 5.1, 1.9],
       5.8, 2.7, 5.1, nan],
                                                                           [5.5, 2.4, 3.8, 1.1]])
      [5.5, 2.4, 3.8, nan]])
```

# Imputation Methods

- Mean / Median
- kNN
- Regression models
- Probabilistic models

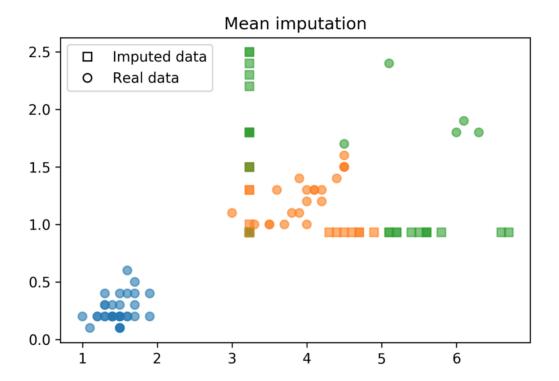
### Baseline: Dropping Columns

```
from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

nan_columns = np.any(np.isnan(X_train), axis=0)
X_drop_columns = X_train[:, ~nan_columns]
logreg = make_pipeline(StandardScaler(), LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs',multi_clscores = cross_val_score(logreg, X_drop_columns, y_train, cv=10)
np.mean(scores)
```

#### Mean and Median

```
[[ 6. 2.9 4.5 1.5]
                                                                   array([[ 6.
                                                                              , 2.9 , 4.5 , 1.5 ],
[ 5.9 3. 5.1 1.8]
                                                                          5.9 , 3. , 5.1 , 1.8 ],
          1.3
 [ 4.4 3.
                                                                          4.4 , 3. , 1.3 , 0.2 ],
 [ 5.1 3.3 nan
                                                                          5.1 , 3.3 , 4.116, 1.462],
  5. 3.5 1.6
                                                                              , 3.5
                                                                                    , 1.6 ,
                                                                                             0.6 1.
 5.4 3.4
          nan
                                                                          5.4
                                                                                3.4
                                                                                    , 4.116, 1.462],
 [ 5.7 3.8 nan
                                                                          5.7
                                                                              , 3.8
                                                                                      4.116, 0.3
 [ 5.6 2.5 3.9
             nan]
                                                                                    , 3.9 , 1.462],
                                                                          5.6
                                                                                2.5
                     from sklearn.preprocessing import Imputer
 [7.7 2.6 6.9 2.3]
                                                                          7.7
                                                                                    , 6.9
                                                                                          , 2.3
                                                                                2.6
 [ 5.8 2.7 5.1 1.9]
                                                                              , 2.7
                                                                                    , 5.1
                     imp = Imputer(strategy="mean").fit(X train)
                                                                          5.8
                                                                                          , 1.9
 [ 6.7 3.1 5.6 2.4]
                                                                          6.7
                                                                              , 3.1 , 5.6 , 2.4 ],
                     imp.transform(X train)[-30:]
 4.8 3.4 1.9 nan
                                                                          4.8
                                                                             , 3.4 , 1.9 , 1.462],
 7.2 3.2 6.
                                                                          7.2
                                                                             , 3.2 , 6. , 1.8
  4.4 2.9 nan
                                                                                2.9 , 4.116, 1.462],
                                                                          4.4
  6.9 3.2 5.7
              2.3
                                                                          6.9
                                                                                3.2 , 5.7 , 2.3 ],
                                       Imputation
 5.5 4.2 1.4
                                                                          5.5
                                                                              , 4.2 , 1.4 , 1.462],
  6.3 2.3 4.4
                                                                          6.3
                                                                             , 2.3 , 4.4 , 1.3 ],
 [7. 3.2 4.7
                                                                          7.
                                                                              , 3.2 , 4.7 , 1.4 ],
 [ 5.8 2.7
          nan
              nan]
                                                                             , 2.7 , 4.116, 1.462],
                                                                          5.8
  6.8 2.8 4.8
                                                                             , 2.8 , 4.8 , 1.4 ],
 [5.4 3.9 1.7
                                                                          5.4
                                                                             , 3.9 , 1.7
                                                                                           , 1.462],
 7.6 3.
          6.6
                                                                         7.6
                                                                              , 3.
                                                                                      6.6
                                                                                           , 2.1
 [7.7 2.8 6.7 2.]
                                                                          7.7
                                                                              , 2.8
                                                                                    , 6.7
     3.3 nan 0.21
                                                                          5.
                                                                                3.3 , 4.116, 0.2
 [5.9 3.
          4.2 1.5]
                                                                              , 3.
                                                                          5.9
                                                                                    , 4.2 , 1.5
 [ 6.1 2.8 4.
              1.3]
                                                                          6.1
                                                                             , 2.8 , 4.
                                                                                           , 1.3
 [5. 3.6 1.4 0.2]
                                                                          5. , 3.6 , 1.4 , 0.2
 [7.4 2.8 6.1 1.9]
                                                                        [7.4, 2.8, 6.1, 1.9]
 6.3 2.5 5. 1.9]
                                                                        [ 6.3 , 2.5 , 5. , 1.9
 [ 6.7 3.3 5.7 2.5]]
                                                                        [6.7, 3.3, 5.7, 2.5]])
```



```
from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScalar

nan_columns = np.any(np.isnan(X_train), axis = 0)
X_drop_columns = X_train[:,~nan_columns]
logreg = make_pipeline(StandardScalar(), LogisticRegression())
scores = cross_val_score(logreg, X_drop_columns, y_train, cv = 10)
np.mean(scores)
```

#### 0.794

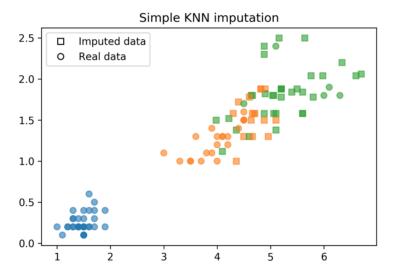
# KNN Imputation

- Find k nearest neighbors that have non-missing values.
- Fill in all missing values using the average of the neighbors.

### KNN Imputation

```
# Very inefficient didactic implementation
distances = np.zeros((X train.shape[0], X train.shape[0]))
for i, x1 in enumerate(X train):
    for j, x2 in enumerate(X train):
        dist = (x1 - x2) ** 2
        nan mask = np.isnan(dist)
        distances[i, j] = dist[~nan mask].mean() * X train.shape[1]
neighbors = np.argsort(distances, axis=1)[:, 1:]
n neighbors = 3
X train knn = X train.copy()
for feature in range(X_train.shape[1]):
    has missing value = np.isnan(X train[:, feature])
    for row in np.where(has missing value)[0]:
        neighbor_features = X_train[neighbors[row], feature]
        non_nan_neighbors = neighbor_features[~np.isnan(neighbor features)]
        X_train_knn[row, feature] = non_nan_neighbors[:n_neighbors].mean()
```

```
scores = cross_val_score(logreg, X_train_knn, y_train, cv=10)
np.mean(scores)
```

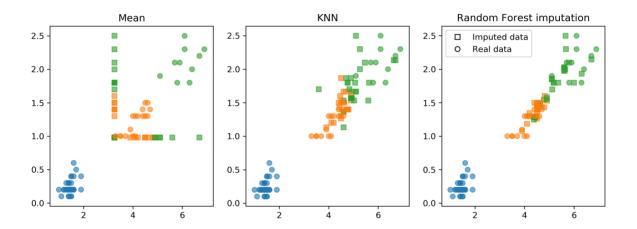


# Model-Driven Imputation

- Train regression model for missing values
- Possibly iterate: retrain after filling in
- Very flexible!

### Model-driven Imputation w RF

# Comparision of Imputation Methods



### Feature Selection

# Why Select Features?

- Faster prediction and training
- Less storage for model and dataset
- More interpretable model

# Types of Feature Selection

- Unsupervised vs Supervised
- Univariate vs Multivariate
- Model based or not

### Unsupervised Feature Selection

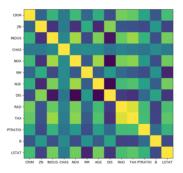
- May discard important information
- Variance-based: 0 variance or few unique values
- Covariance-based: remove correlated features
- PCA: remove linear subspaces

#### Covariance

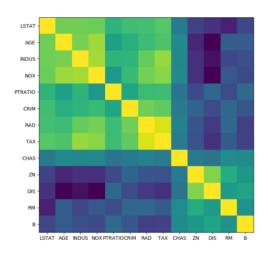
```
from sklearn.preprocessing import scale

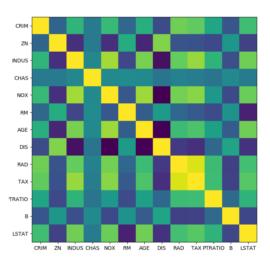
boston = load_boston()
X, y = boston.data, boston.target
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, random_state=0)
X_train_scaled = scale(X_train)

cov = np.cov(X_train_scaled, rowvar=False)
```



```
from scipy.cluster import hierarchy
order = np.array(hierarchy.dendrogram(
    hierarchy.ward(cov),no_plot=True)['ivl'], dtype="int")
```



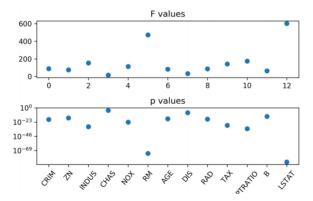


# Supervised Feature Selection

### Univariate Statistics

- Pick statistic, check p-values!
- f\_regression, f\_classsif, chi2 in scikit-learn

```
from sklearn.feature_selection import f_regression
f_values, p_values = f_regression(X, y)
```



```
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest, SelectPercentile, SelectFpr
from sklearn.linear_model import RidgeCV

select = SelectKBest(k=2, score_func=f_regression)
select.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(X_train.shape)
print(select.transform(X_train).shape)
(379, 13)
```

(379, 2)

```
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest, SelectPercentile, SelectFpr
from sklearn.linear_model import RidgeCV

select = SelectKBest(k=2, score_func=f_regression)
select.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(X_train.shape)
print(select.transform(X_train).shape)

(379, 13)
(379, 2)

all_features = make_pipeline(StandardScaler(), RidgeCV())
np.mean(cross_val_score(all_features, X_train, y_train, cv=10))
```

```
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest, SelectPercentile, SelectFpr
from sklearn.linear_model import RidgeCV

select = SelectKBest(k=2, score_func=f_regression)
select.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(X_train.shape)
print(select.transform(X_train).shape)

(379, 13)
(379, 2)

all_features = make_pipeline(StandardScaler(), RidgeCV())
np.mean(cross_val_score(all_features, X_train, y_train, cv=10))

0.718
```

SelectKBest(k=2, score\_func=f\_regression), RidgeCV())

0.624

select\_2 = make\_pipeline(StandardScaler(),

np.mean(cross\_val\_score(select\_2, X\_train, y\_train, cv=10))

#### Model-Based Feature Selection

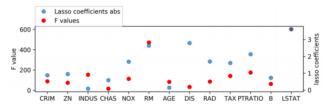
- Get best fit for a particular model
- Ideally: exhaustive search over all possible combinations
- Exhaustive is infeasible (and has multiple testing issues)
- Use heuristics in practice.

# Model based (single fit)

- Build a model, select features important to model
- Lasso, other linear models, tree-based Models
- Multivariate linear models assume linear relation

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LassoCV
X_train_scaled = scale(X_train)
lasso = LassoCV().fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
print(lasso.coef_)
```

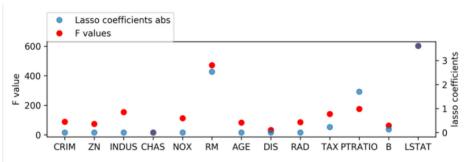
[-0.881 0.951 -0.082 0.59 -1.69 2.639 -0.146 -2.796 1.695 -1.614 -2.133 0.729 -3.615]



## Changing Lasso alpha

```
from sklearn.linear_model import Lasso
X_train_scaled = scale(X_train)
lasso = Lasso().fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
print(lasso.coef_)
```

[-0. 0. -0. 0. -0. 2.529 -0. -0. -0. -0.228 -1.701 0.132 -3.606]



#### SelectFromModel

```
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectFromModel
select_lassocv = SelectFromModel(LassoCV(), threshold=1e-5)
select_lassocv.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(select_lassocv.transform(X_train).shape)
```

(379,11)

#### SelectFromModel

```
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectFromModel
select_lassocv = SelectFromModel(LassoCV(), threshold=1e-5)
select_lassocv.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(select_lassocv.transform(X_train).shape)

(379,11)

pipe_lassocv = make_pipeline(StandardScaler(), select_lassocv, RidgeCV())
np.mean(cross_val_score(pipe_lassocv, X_train, y_train, cv=10))
np.mean(cross_val_score(all_features, X_train, y_train, cv=10))

0.717
```

#### SelectFromModel

```
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectFromModel
select_lassocv = SelectFromModel(LassoCV(), threshold=1e-5)
select_lassocv.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(select_lassocv.transform(X_train).shape)

(379,11)

pipe_lassocv = make_pipeline(StandardScaler(), select_lassocv, RidgeCV())
np.mean(cross_val_score(pipe_lassocv, X_train, y_train, cv=10))
np.mean(cross_val_score(all_features, X_train, y_train, cv=10))

0.717
0.718

# could grid-search alpha in lasso
select_lasso = SelectFromModel(Lasso())
pipe_lasso = make_pipeline(StandardScaler(), select_lasso, RidgeCV())
np.mean(cross_val_score(pipe_lasso, X_train, y_train, cv=10))
```

### Iterative Model-Based Selection

- Fit model, find least important feature, remove, iterate.
- Or: Start with single feature, find most important feature, add, iterate.

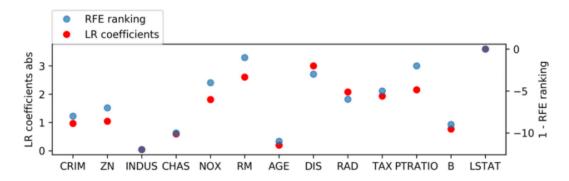
#### Recursive Feature Elimination

- Uses feature importances / coefficients, similar to "SelectFromModel"
- Iteratively removes features (one by one or in groups)
- Runtime: (n\_features n\_feature\_to\_keep) / stepsize

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.feature_selection import RFE

# create ranking among all features by selecting only one
rfe = RFE(LinearRegression(), n_features_to_select=1)
rfe.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
rfe.ranking_
```

array([ 9, 8, 13, 11, 5, 2, 12, 4, 7, 6, 3, 10, 1])



#### **RFECV**

0.710

### Wrapper Methods

- Can be applied for ANY model!
- Shrink / grow feature set by greedy search
- Called Forward or Backward selection
- Run CV / train-val split per feature
- Complexity: n\_features \* (n\_features + 1) / 2
- Implemented in mlxtend

### SequentialFeatureSelector

```
from mlxtend.feature_selection import SequentialFeatureSelector
sfs = SequentialFeatureSelector(LinearRegression(), forward=False, k_features=7)
sfs.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

Features: 7/7

print(sfs.k_feature_idx_)
print(boston.feature_names[np.array(sfs.k_feature_idx_)])

(1, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12)
['ZN' 'NOX' 'RM' 'DIS' 'TAX' 'PTRATIO' 'LSTAT']

sfs.k_score_
```

# Questions?